## RS-232 LINE DRIVER/RECEIVER AT 3.3 V/5 V

The $\mu$ PD4722 is a high-breakdown voltage silicon gate CMOS line driver/receiver based on the EIA/TIA-232-E standard. The internal DC/DC converter can switch between multiple voltages, allowing it to operate with a single +3.3 V or +5 V power supply. It also provides standby function.

This IC incorporates 4 driver circuits and 4 receiver circuits. An RS-232 interface circuit can be easily configured by connecting 5 capacitors externally.

## FEATURES

- Conforms to EIA/TIA-232-E (former name, RS-232C) standards
- Selectable $+3.3 \mathrm{~V} /+5 \mathrm{~V}$ single power supply (selected by Vсна pin)
- By setting the standby pin to a low level (standby mode), circuit current can be reduced. At such times, the driver output is in a high-impedance state.
- Even in the standby mode, 2 receiver circuits can operate as inverters without hysteresis width. The other 2 circuits are fixed at a high level.


## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part number | Package |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mu$ PD4722GS-GJG | 30-pin plastic SSOP $(300$ mil $)$ |

## BLOCK DIAGRAM/PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)



Note 1. VDD and VSs are output pins stepped up internally. These pins should not be loaded directly.
2. Capacitors $C_{1}$ to $C_{5}$ with a breakdown voltage of 20 V or higher are recommended. And it is recommended to insert the capacitor that is $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ to $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ between Vcc and GND.
3. If $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}$ is kept low level (in 5 V mode), capacitor $\mathrm{C}_{5}$ is not necessary.
4. The pull-up resistors at driver input are active resistors.

## Truth Table

## Driver

| $\overline{\text { STBY }}$ | Din | Dout | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| L | $\times$ | Z | Standby mode (DC/DC converter is stopped) |
| $H$ | L | $H$ | Space level output |
| $H$ | $H$ | L | Mark level output |

## Receiver

| $\overline{\text { STBY }}$ | EN | Rin |  | Rout |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ to $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ to $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ to $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ to $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ |  |
| L | L | $\times$ | $\times$ | H | H | Standby mode 1 (DC/DC converter is stopped) |
| L | H | L | $\times$ | H | H | Standby mode 2 (DC/DC converter is stopped, R3 and $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ are operated) |
| L | H | H | $\times$ | L | H | Standby mode 2 (DC/DC converter is stopped, $\mathrm{R}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{4}$ are operated) |
| H | $\times$ | L |  | H |  | Mark level input |
| H | $\times$ | H |  | L |  | Space level input |

$3 \mathrm{~V} \leftrightarrow 5 \mathrm{~V}$ switching Note 5

| VCHA | Operating mode |
| :---: | :---: |
| L | 5 V mode (double step-up) |
| $H$ | 3 V mode (3 times step-up) |

H: high-level, L: low-level, Z: high-impedance, $\times$ : H or L

Note 5. When switching $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}$, standby mode must be selected $(\overline{\mathrm{STBY}}=\mathrm{L})$.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | Ratings | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage ( $\left.\mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}=\mathrm{L}\right)$ | Vcc | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| Supply Voltage (VCHA $=\mathrm{H}$ ) | Vcc | -0.5 to +4.5 | V |
| Driver Input Voltage | Din | -0.5 to $\mathrm{Vcc}+0.5$ | V |
| Receiver Input Voltage | Rin | -30.0 to +30.0 | V |
| Control Input Voltage ( $\overline{\text { STBY }}$, Vсна, EN) | Vin | -0.5 to $\mathrm{Vcc}+0.5$ | V |
| Driver Output Voltage | Dout | -25.0 to $+25.0^{\text {Note }} 6$ | V |
| Receiver Output Voltage | Rout | -0.5 to $\mathrm{Vcc}+0.5$ | V |
| Input Current (Din, $\overline{\text { STBY, }}$, ${ }_{\text {cha }}$, EN) | lin | $\pm 20.0$ | mA |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | TA | -40 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -55 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Total Power Dissipation | PT | 0.5 | W |

Note 6. Pulse width $=1 \mathrm{~ms}$, duty $=10 \%$ MAX.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Parameter | Symbol | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}=\mathrm{L}, 5 \mathrm{~V}$ mode) | Vcc | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Supply Voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}=\mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{~V}$ mode) | Vcc | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| High-Level Input Voltage (Din) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | 2.0 |  | Vcc | V |
| Low-Level Input Voltage (Din) | VIL | 0 |  | 0.8 | V |
| High-Level Input Voltage ( $\overline{\text { STBY, }}$, снн $^{\text {, EN }}$ ) | VIH | 2.4 |  | Vcc | V |
| Low-Level Input Voltage ( $\overline{\mathrm{STBY}}$, Vсна, EN) | VIL | 0 |  | 0.6 | V |
| Receiver Input Voltage | Rin | -30 |  | +30 | V |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | TA | -40 |  | +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Capacitance of External Capacitor | Note 7 | 0.47 |  | 4.7 | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |

Note 7. In low temperature (below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), the capacitance of electrolytic capacitor becomes lower. Therefore, set higher values when using in low temperature.
Concerning the wiring length between the capacitor and the IC, the shorter the better.
Capacitors with good frequency characteristics such as tantalum capacitors, laminated ceramic capacitors, and aluminum electrolytic capacitors for switching power supply are recommended for the external capacitors.

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (TOTAL)

(UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{1}$ to $\mathrm{C}_{5}=1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circuit Current | Iccı | Vcc $=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Rin pin OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{H}$ |  |  | 16 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Rin pin OPEN, $\overline{\mathrm{STBY}}=\mathrm{H}$ |  |  | 12 | mA |
| Circuit Current | Icc2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \mathrm{cc}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { (Dout), Din }=\mathrm{GND} \text {, } \\ & \text { Rin, Rout pin OPEN, } \overline{\mathrm{STBY}}=\mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 47 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega \text { (Dout), } \mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{GND},$ <br> Rin, Rout pin OPEN, STBY $=\mathrm{H}$ |  |  | 38 | mA |
| Circuit Current at Standby (Standby Mode 1) | Іссз | $V_{c c}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{EN}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1 | 3 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=L, E N=L$ |  | 5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | Vcc $=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{EN}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 2 | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{EN}=\mathrm{L}$ |  | 10 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Circuit Current at Standby (Standby Mode 2) | Icc4 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}, E N=\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1 | 3 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $V_{c c}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}, E N=H$ |  | 5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=L, E N=H, T_{A}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 2 | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $V_{c c}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, No load, Din and Rin pins are OPEN, $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{EN}=\mathrm{H}$ |  | 10 |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| High-Level Input Voltage | VIH | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.0$ to +5.5 V , $\overline{\text { STBY }}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}$, EN pin | 2.4 |  |  | V |
| Low-Level Input Voltage | VIL | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.0$ to +5.5 V , $\overline{\text { STBY, }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}$, EN pin |  |  | 0.6 | V |
| High-Level Input Current | $\mathrm{IIH}^{\text {H }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{1}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \overline{\mathrm{STBY}}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}, \mathrm{EN}$ pin |  |  | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Low-Level Input Current | IIL | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{l}}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \overline{\text { STBY, }} \mathrm{V}$ снa, EN pin |  |  | -1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input Capacitance | Cin | Driver input and receiver input $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, for GND, $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |  | 10 | pF |
|  |  | Driver input and receiver input $\mathrm{Vcc}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, for GND, $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  |  | 10 | pF |
| $\overline{\text { STBY }}$ - V $\mathrm{V}_{\text {снa }}$ Time | tsch | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.0$ to 5.5 V , $\overline{\text { STBY }} \downarrow \rightarrow \mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}$, Note 8 | 1 |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $V_{\text {CHA }}$ - $\overline{\text { STBY }}$ Time | tchs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Cc}}=+3.0$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {cha }} \rightarrow \overline{\mathrm{STBY}} \uparrow$, Note 8 | 1 |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\overline{\text { STBY - Vcc Time }}$ | tsc | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.0$ to 5.5 V , $\overline{\text { STBY }} \downarrow \rightarrow \mathrm{Vcc}$, Note 8 | 1 |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ - $\overline{\text { STBY }}$ Time | tcs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.0$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{cc}} \rightarrow \overline{\mathrm{STBY}} \uparrow$, Note 8 | 1 |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |

* The TYP. values are for reference at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Note 8. Measuring point


## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (DRIVER)

(UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{1}$ to $\mathrm{C}_{5}=1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ )

3 V mode (unless otherwise specified, V сна $=\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Vcc}=3.0$ to 3.6 V )

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low-Level Input Voltage | VIL |  |  |  | 0.8 | V |
| High-Level Input Voltage | VIH |  | 2.0 |  |  | V |
| Low-Level Input Current | IIL | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{1}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | -25 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| High-Level Input Current | ІІ | $\mathrm{V} \mathrm{cc}=+3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}^{\prime}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Output Voltage | Voo | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RLL}^{\text {a }}$,, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\pm 9.5$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {opt }}$ | $\pm 5.0$ | $\pm 6.0$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V} \mathrm{cc}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 5.0$ |  |  | V |
| Output Short-Circuit Current | Isc | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.3 \mathrm{~V}$, for GND |  |  | $\pm 40$ | mA |
| Slew-Rate ${ }^{\text {Note } 9}$ | SR | $\mathrm{CL}=10 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{RL}=3$ to $7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 3.0 |  | 30 | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{CL}=2500 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{RL}=3$ to $7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 3.0 |  | 30 | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Propagation Delay Time ${ }^{\text {Note } 9}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tPHL } \\ & \text { tpLH } \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$ |  | 2.5 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Output Resistor | Ro | $\begin{aligned} & V_{C C}=V_{D D}=V_{S S}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { Vout }= \pm 2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 300 |  |  | $\Omega$ |
| Standby Output Transfer Time | tdaz | $R \mathrm{~L}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$, , ${ }^{\text {ate } 10}$ |  | 4 | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Standby Output Transfer Time | toza | $\mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$, , ${ }^{\text {ate }} 10$ |  | 1 | 3 | ms |
| Power-On Output Transfer Time | tpra | $\mathrm{RL}_{\mathrm{L}}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}_{\mathrm{L}}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$, ${ }^{\text {Note }} 11$ |  | 1 | 3 | ms |

* The TYP. values are for reference at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

5 V mode (unless otherwise specified, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CHA}}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low-Level Input Voltage | VIL |  |  |  | 0.8 | V |
| High-Level Input Voltage | VIH |  | 2.0 |  |  | V |
| Low-Level Input Current | 11. | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | -40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| High-Level Input Current | IH | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{I}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 1.0 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Output Voltage | Voo | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=\infty, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\pm 9.7$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {opt }}$ | $\pm 6.0$ |  |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+4.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=\mathrm{T}_{\text {opt }}$ | $\pm 5.0$ |  |  | V |
| Output Short-Circuit Current | Isc | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+5.0 \mathrm{~V}$, for GND |  |  | $\pm 40$ | mA |
| Slew-Rate ${ }^{\text {Note } 9}$ | SR | $\mathrm{CL}=10 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{RL}=3$ to $7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 4.0 |  | 30 | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{CL}=2500 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{RL}=3$ to $7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 4.0 |  | 30 | $\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Propagation Delay Time ${ }^{\text {Note } 9}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tphL } \\ & \text { tPLH } \end{aligned}$ | $R \mathrm{~L}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$ |  | 2 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Output Resistor | Ro | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}=0 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}= \pm 2 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 300 |  |  | $\Omega$ |
| Standby Output Transfer Time | toaz | $\mathrm{RL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}^{\prime}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$, ${ }^{\text {Note }} 10$ |  | 4 | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Standby Output Transfer Time | toza | $R \mathrm{LL}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}^{2}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$, Note 10 |  | 0.5 | 1 | ms |
| Power-On Output Transfer Time | tpra | $R \mathrm{~L}=3 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{CL}^{\prime}=2500 \mathrm{pF}$, Note 12 |  | 0.5 | 1 | ms |

* The TYP. values are for reference at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Note 9. Measuring point


Note 10. Measuring point


Driver outputs are indefinite during transition time (tdza).

Note 11. Measuring point


Driver outputs are indefinite during transition time (tPRA).

Note 12. Measuring point


Driver outputs are indefinite during transition time (tPRA).

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (RECEIVER)

(UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, $\mathrm{Vcc}=3.0$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}_{1}$ to $\mathrm{C}_{5}=1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ )

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Low-Level Output Voltage | Vol1 | lout $=4 \mathrm{~mA}, \overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{H}$ |  |  | 0.4 | V |
| High-Level Output Voltage | Vor1 | lout $=-4 \mathrm{~mA}, \overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{H}$ | Vcc - 0.4 |  |  | V |
| Low-Level Output Voltage | Vol2 | lout $=4 \mathrm{~mA}, \overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}$ |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| High-Level Output Voltage | Voh2 | lout $=-4 \mathrm{~mA}, \overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{L}$ | Vcc - 0.5 |  |  | V |
| Propagation Delay Time $(\overline{\mathrm{STBY}}=\mathrm{H})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tphL } \\ & \text { tpLH } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RIN } \rightarrow \text { Rout, } \mathrm{CL}=150 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \text { Note } 13 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.2 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Propagation Delay Time $(\widehat{\mathrm{STBY}}=\mathrm{L})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tpHL } \\ & \text { tPLH } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RIN } \rightarrow \text { Rout, } \mathrm{CL}=150 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{cC}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V} \text {, Note } 14 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.1 |  | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Propagation Delay Time $(\overline{\mathrm{STBY}}=\mathrm{L})$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tРНА } \\ & \text { tрАн } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{EN} \rightarrow \text { Rout, } \mathrm{CL}=150 \mathrm{pF} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{cc}=+3.0 \mathrm{~V}, \text { Note } 15 \end{aligned}$ |  | 100 | 300 | ns |
| Input Resistor | R1 |  | 3 | 5.5 | 7 | k $\Omega$ |
| Input Pin Open Voltage | $V_{10}$ |  |  |  | 0.5 | V |
| Input Threshold ( $\overline{\text { STBY }}=\mathrm{H}$ ) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.0$ to +5.5 V | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.7 | V |
|  | VIL | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.0$ to +5.5 V | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.7 | V |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | $\mathrm{Vcc}=+3.0$ to +5.5 V (Hysteresis width) | 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.8 | V |
| Input Threshold$(\overline{\mathrm{STBY}}=\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{EN}=\mathrm{H})$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}=+3.0$ to +5.5 V , Rin3, Rin4 | 2.7 | 1.5 |  | V |
|  | VIL | $\mathrm{V} \mathrm{cc}=+3.0$ to +5.5 V , Rins, Rin4 |  | 1.5 | 0.7 | V |
| Standby Output Transfer Time | tdat | Note 16 |  | 0.2 | 3 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Standby Output Transfer Time | toha | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CHA }}=\mathrm{H}(3 \mathrm{~V} \text { mode })^{\text {Note } 16}$ |  | 0.6 | 3 | ms |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}=\mathrm{L}\left(5 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ mode) ${ }^{\text {Note }} 16$ |  | 0.3 | 1 | ms |
| Power-On Reset Release Time | tpra | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CHA }}=\mathrm{H}\left(3 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ mode) ${ }^{\text {Note } 17}$ |  | 1 | 3 | ms |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cha }}=\mathrm{L}\left(5 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ mode) ${ }^{\text {Note }} 18$ |  | 0.5 | 1 | ms |

* The TYP. values are for reference at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Note 13. Measuring point


Note 14. Measuring point


Note 15. Measuring point


## Note 16. Measuring point



Receiver outputs are indefinite during transition time (tDha).

Note 17. Measuring point


Receiver outputs are indefinite during reset release time (tpra).

Note 18. Measuring point


Receiver outputs are indefinite during reset release time (tpra).

## REFERENCE MATERIAL

- IC PACKAGE MANUAL (C10943X)
- NEC SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE RELIABILITY/QUALITY (IEI-1212)


## RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

The following conditions (See table below) must be met when soldering this product.
Please consult with our sales offices in case other soldering process is used, or in case soldering is done under different conditions.

## TYPES OF SURFACE MOUNT DEVICE

For more details, refer to our document "SMT MANUAL" (C10535E).
$\mu$ PD4722 GS-GJG

| Soldering process | Soldering conditions | Symbol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Infrared ray reflow | Peak package's surface temperature: $230{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below, Reflow time: 30 seconds or below ( $210^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or higher), Number of reflow process: 2, Exposure limit*: None | IR30-00-2 |
| VPS | Peak package's surface temperature: $215{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below, Reflow time: 40 seconds or below ( $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or higher), Number of reflow process: 2, Exposure limit*: None | VP15-00-2 |
| Wave soldering | Solder temperature: $260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below, <br> Flow time: 10 seconds or below, <br> Number of flow process: 1, <br> Exposure limit*: None | WS60-00-1 |
| Partial heating method | Terminal temperature: $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below, Flow time: 10 seconds or below, Exposure limit*: None | $\bigcirc$ |

* Exposure limit before soldering after dry-pack package is opened.

Storage conditions: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and relative humidity at $65 \%$ or less.

Note Do not apply more than a single process at once, except for "Partial heating method"

## PACKAGE DRAWINGS

## 30 PIN PLASTIC SHRINK SOP (300 mil)



## NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.10 mm ( 0.004 inch) of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.
detail of lead end


P30GS-65-300B-1

| ITEM | MILLIMETERS | INCHES |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A | 10.11 MAX. | 0.398 MAX. |
| B | 0.51 MAX. | 0.020 MAX. |
| C | 0.65 (T.P.) | 0.026 (T.P.) |
| D | $0.30_{-0.05}^{+0.10}$ | $0.012_{-0.003}^{+0.004}$ |
| E | $0.125 \pm 0.075$ | $0.005 \pm 0.003$ |
| F | 2.0 MAX | 0.079 MAX. |
| G | $1.7 \pm 0.1$ | $0.067 \pm 0.004$ |
| H | $8.1 \pm 0.2$ | $0.319 \pm 0.008$ |
| I | $6.1 \pm 0.2$ | $0.240 \pm 0.008$ |
| J | $1.0 \pm 0.2$ | $0.039_{-0.008}^{+0.009}$ |
| K | $0.15_{-0.05}^{+0.10}$ | $0.006_{-0.002}^{+0.004}$ |
| L | $0.5 \pm 0.2$ | $0.020_{-0.009}^{+0.008}$ |
| M | 0.10 | 0.004 |
| N | 0.10 | 0.004 |

[MEMO]
[MEMO]

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"Standard", "Special", and "Specific". The Specific quality grade applies only to devices developed based on a customer designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of a device depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each device before using it in a particular application.

Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
Specific: Aircrafts, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems or medical equipment for life support, etc.
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