# TENTATIVE 

DUTLINE - This IC is a 3 -phase inverter power hybrid IC containing power elements (IGBT and FRD). pre-driver. overcurrent protection circuit.
APPLICATION - 3-phase inverter motor drive
FEATURES - Integrates power elements (IGBT and FRD), pre-driver, and protective circuit.
-Protective circuits including overcurrent (bus line). and pre-drive low voltage protection are built in.

- Direct input of CMOS level control signals without an insulating circuit (photocoupler, etc) is possible.
- A single power supply drive is enabled through the use of bootstrap circuits for upper power supplies. (externally set)
- Built-in simultaneous upper/lower ON prevention circuit to prevent arm shorting through simultaneous ON input for the upper and lower side transistors.
(Dead time is required for preventing shorting due to switching delay.)
- \$IP (The single in-line package) of the transfer full mold structure.
absolute MAXIMUM RATINGS $/ \mathrm{Tc}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Item | Symbol | Rating | Unit | Conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply vol tage | VCC | 450 | V | Between +--, surge $<500 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Collector-emitter voltage | V CE | 600 | V |  |
| Output current | 10 | $\pm 5$ | A | +, - U, V, W terminal current |
| Output peak current | 10 P | $\pm 10$ | A | ,+- U, V,W terminal current $P$ 有 $=100 u \mathrm{Sec}$ |
| Pre-driver voltage | VD1, 2,3,4 | 20 | V | between VB1-U, VB2 V, VB3-W, VDD-VSS *1 |
| Input signal voltage | VIN | 0~7 | V | HINI, 2, 3, LINI, 2,3 terminal |
| FAULT terminal voltage | VFAULT | 20 | V | FAULT terminal |
| Maximum power loss | Pd | 13 | W | IGBT/1channel |
| Junction temperature | Tj | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | IGBT, FRD |
| Strage temperature | Tstg | $-40 \sim+125$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Operating temperature | TC | $-20 \sim+100$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | H-IC case temperature |
| Tightening torque | M T | 1.0 | N-m | A screw part |

In the case without the instruction, the voltage standard is - terminal $=\mathrm{V} S \mathrm{t}$ terminal voltage.
*1 $V D 1=$ between $V B 1-U, ~ V D 2=V B 2-V, ~ V D 3=V B 3-W, ~ V D 4=V D 0-V S S$, terminal voltage.

Specificasions and information herein are subject to change without notice.

Electric characteristics $/ \mathrm{Tc}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VD}=15 \mathrm{~V}$

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Circuit | min. | typ. | Max. | unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power output part |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collector-to-emitter cut off current | 1 CE | VCE $=600 \mathrm{~V}$ | Fig. 1 | - | - | 2 | mA |
| Collector-to-emitter saturation voltage | VCE (SAT) | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 10=5 \mathrm{~A} & \text { upper ch } \\ \hline 10=5 \mathrm{~A} & \text { lower ch } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Fig. 2 | - | 2.3 | 2.9 3.2 | V |
| Diode forward voltage | VF | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { lo }=-5 \mathrm{~A} \\ \hline 10=-5 \mathrm{~A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Fig. 3 | - | 1.5 | 2.1 | V |
| Junction to case | $\theta \mathrm{j}-\mathrm{c}(\mathrm{T})$ | IGBT | - | - | 8 | - | C/W |
| thermal resistanse | $\theta \mathrm{j}-\mathrm{c}(\mathrm{D})$ | FWID | - | - | 10 | - |  |
| Control (pre-driver) part |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Control power supply consumption electric current | 1D | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{VD1}, 2,3=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \mathrm{VD} 4=15 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Fig. 4 | - | 0.05 2 | 10 | mA |
| Input ON voltage | VIH | Output ON | - | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| Input OFF voltage | VIL | Output OFF | - | 3.0 | - | - | V |
| Protection part |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Over current | 1 SD | P. W. $100 \mu$ S | Fig. 5 | 5 | - | 10 | A |
| Low voltage protection | U VL0 |  | - | 10 | - | 12 | V |
| Input fault current | 1 oSD | VFAULT $=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 2 | - | mA |
| Fault clear time | FLTCLR |  | - | 6 | 9 | 12 | mS |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switching time | $t \mathrm{ON}$ |  | Fig. 6 | 0.5 | 1.0 | - | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
|  | t OFF | Inductive load |  | - | 1.2 | 2.0 |  |
| Current signal output | 1 so | $10=5 \mathrm{~A}$ | - | 0. 285 | 0. 300 | 0.315 | V |

Without instructions, the voltage standards is $-(=\mathrm{VSS})$ terminal.

* Notes

1. Input $0 N$ voltage indicates a value to turn on output stage IGBT.

Input OFF voltage indicates a value to turn off output stage IGBT.
At the time of output ON . set the input signal voltage OV to VIH (MAX).
At the time of output OFF, set the input signal voltage VIL (MIN) to 5 V .
2. When the internal protection circuit operates, there is FAULT signal ON (Then the FAULT terminal is low level. FAULT signal is ON state : output form is open DRAIN) but the FAULT signal doesn't latch. After protection operation ending. it returns automatically within a bout 9 ms and it becomes an operation beginning condition. So, after FAULT signal
detection, set OFF (HIGH) to all input signals at once.
But. the operation of pre-drive power supply low voltage protection (UVLO: it has a hysteresis about 0.3 V ) is as follows.
Upper side $\rightarrow$ There is not FAULT signal output but it does a corresponding gate signal OFF. Incidentally. it returns to the regular operation when recovering to the normal voltage but the latch continues among input signal ON (Low).

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* Notes

Lower side $\rightarrow$ It outputs FAULT signal with gate signal OFF.
However, it different from the protection operation of upper side, it is automatically reset about 9 ms later and becomes an operation beginning condition when recovering to the normal voltage. (The protection operation doesn't latch by the input signal.)
3. When assembling the hybrid IC on the heat sink, tightening torque range is $0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ to $1.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$.

## Circuit Block Diagram



## Test Circuit

Fig 1 : I CE

|  | $\mathrm{U}_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}+$ | W+ | U- | V- | W- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | 11 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| N | 9 | 6 | 3 | 13 | 13 | 13 |



Fig 2: VCE (SAT)

|  | $\mathrm{U}_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}+$ | $\mathrm{W}_{+}$ | $\mathrm{U}-$ | $\mathrm{V}-$ | $\mathrm{W}-$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | 11 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | 9 | 6 | 3 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| $\mathbf{m}$ | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |



Fig 3 : VF

|  | $\mathrm{U}_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}+$ | $\mathrm{W}+$ | $\mathrm{U}-$ | $\mathrm{V}-$ | $\mathrm{W}-$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | 11 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 3 |
| N | 9 | 6 | 3 | 13 | 13 | 13 |



Fig 4: ID

|  | VD1 | VD2 | VD3 | VD4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| m | 8 | 5 | 2 | 22 |
| n | 9 | 6 | 3 | 23 |



## Test Circuit

Fig 5: I SD (Ex. Lower U phase)


Fig6: Switching time (Ex. Lower U phase)



Recommended Operating Conditions

| Item | Symbol | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | V cc | Between + \& - | 0 | 280 | 400 | V |
| Pre-Driver | VD1, 2, 3 | Between VB \& VS | 12.5 | 15 | 17.5 | V |
| Supply Voltage | VD4 | Between VDD \& Vss | 13.5 | 15 | 16. 5 |  |
| ON-state Input Voltage | V IN (ON) | HIN1, HIN2, HIN3, LIN1, LIN2, LIN3 Terminal | 0 | - | 0.3 | V |
| OFF-state Input voltage | V IN (0FF) |  | 3.5 | - | 5 |  |
| PWM Frequency | f PWM |  | 1 | - | 20 | KHZ |
| Deadtime | D T | turn-off to turn-on | 2 | - | - | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| Tightening Torque | M T | 'M 3' Type Screw | 0.8 | - | 1.0 | $N \cdot m$ |

## Usage Precautions

1. By the addition of the diode for the bootstrap (DB : high speed type, withstand voltage equa I to or more than 600 V ) and of the capacitor (CB : about 1 to $47 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ), a single power supply drive is enabled. In this case, it makes a lower side IGBT ON (input signal of lower side makes LOW). Then it charges in CB. Incidentally, in case of start-up and so on, when the voltage of $C B$ is low, the big charging electric current flows and sometimes becomes the cause which exerts the bad influence of the noise and so on. Put limitation resistance RB (Several $\Omega$ to about tens of $\Omega$ ). (When not using bootstrap circuit, each upper side pre-drive power supply needs an independent power supply. Externally set.) Also, the upper side power supply voltage sometimes declines by the way of controlling. Confirm it
2. Because the jump voltage which is accompanied by the vibration in case of switching operation occurs by the influence of the floating inductance of the wiring of the outer power supply which is connected with of the + terminal and the - terminal, restrains and spares serge voltage being as the connection of the snubber circuit (Capacitor / CS / about $0.1-10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) for the voltage absorption with the neighborhood as possible between + and the - terminal, and so on, with making a wiring length (among the terminals each from CI) short and making a wiring inductance small.
3. Iso terminal (20pin) is for the electric current monitor. Be careful, because the overcurrent protection does not operate when short-circuiting in the Iso terminal and the Vss terminal.
4. Output form of the FAULT terminal is open DRAIN (it is operating as FAULT when becoming LOW). When the pull up with the resistance, use above $5.6 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$.
5. The overcurrent protection feature operates only when it is possible to do a circuit control normally. For the safety, put a fuse, and so on in the Vcc line.
6. Because the IC sometimes destroys and bursts when motor connection terminal (3pin, 6pin,9pin) becomes open while the motor turns, especially, be careful of the connection (the soldering condition ) of this terminal.

This data shows the example of the application circuit, does not guarantee a design as the mass.

## <TENTATIVE>



|  |  |  |  |  | PARTS NAME |  | MATERIAL |  | TREATMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (1) | CASE |  | EPOXY |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | (2) | SUBSTRATE |  | IMST SUBSTRATE |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | (3) | LEAD FRAME |  | Cu |  | COPPER/SOLDER PLATING |
| DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOLERANCE UNLESS } \\ & \text { OTHERN ISE SPECIFIED } \end{aligned} \pm 0.5$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DRAWN. |  | DATE | Nov. /01/2002 | NAME | STK621-017 |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { PART } \\ \text { NO. } \end{array}$ |  |
| CHECK. |  | APPRO. |  | OUTLINE |  |  |  |  |  |

