## MC14467-1

#### **IONIZATION SMOKE DETECTOR**

The MC14467-1, when used with an ionization chamber and a small number of external components, will detect smoke. When smoke is sensed, an alarm is sounded via an external piezoelectric transducer and internal drivers. This circuit is designed to comply with the UL217 and UL268 specifications.

- Ionization Type with On-Chip FET Input Comparator
- Piezoelectric Horn Driver
- Guard Outputs on Both Sides of Detect Input
- Input-Production Diodes on the Detect Input
- Low-Battery Trip Point, Internally Set, Can Be Altered Via External Resistor
- Detect Threshold, Internally Set, Can Be Altered Via External Resistor
- Pulse Testing for Low Battery Uses LED for Battery Loading
- Comparator Outputs for Detect and Low Battery
- Internal Reverse Battery Protection

## **CMOS MSI**

(LOW-POWER COMPLEMENTARY MOS)

**IONIZATION SMOKE DETECTOR** 

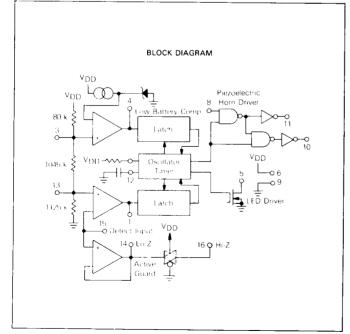


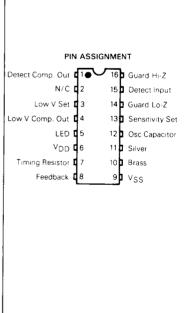
P SUFFIX PLASTIC DIP CASE 648

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

MC14467P1

Plastic DIP





## MAXIMUM RATINGS\* (Voltages referenced to VSS)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	- 0.5 to + 15	V
Input Voltage, All Inputs Except Pin 8	V <sub>in</sub>	-0.25 toV <sub>DD</sub> +0.25	V
DC Current Drain per Input Pin, Except Pin 15=1 mA		10	mA
DC Current Drain per Output Pin	1	30	mΑ
Operating Temperature Range	TA	- 10 to +60	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to + 125	°C
Reverse Battery Time	†RB	5.0	s

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Voltages referenced to VSS)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	9.0	V
Timing Capacitor	_	0.1	μF
Timing Resistor	-	8.2	МΩ
Battery Load (Resistor or LED)		10	mA

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages referenced to VSS, TA = 25°C)

Characteristic		Symbol	V <sub>DD</sub>	Min	Тур#	Max	Unit
Operating Voltage		VDD	-	6.0		12	V
Output Voltage		VОН	7.2	6.3			٧
Piezoelectric Horn Drivers ( $I_{OH} = -16 \text{ mA}$ ) Comparators ( $I_{OH} = -30 \mu\text{A}$ )			9.0	8.5	- 8.8	_	
Piezoelectric Horn Drivers ( $I_{OL} = + 16 \text{ mA}$ ) Comparators ( $I_{OL} = +30 \mu\text{A}$ )		VOL	7.2 9.0	-	0.1	0.9 0.5	V
Output Voltage - LED Driver, IOL = 10 mA		VOL	7.2	-	-	3.0	٧
o dipat imposoriety, letter = ====	Pin 14 Pin 16	Lo-Z Hi-Z	9.0 9.0		_	10 1000	kΩ
Operating Current ( $R_{bias} = 8.2 \text{ M}\Omega$ )		lDD	9.0 12.0	-	5.0 —	9.0 12.0	μА
Input Current - Detect (40% R.H.)		l <sub>in</sub>	9.0	-		±1.0	pΑ
Internal Set Voltage Low Battery Sensitivity		V <sub>low</sub> V <sub>set</sub>	9.0	7.2 47	- 50	7.8 53	∨ %∨ <sub>DD</sub>
Hysteresis		V <sub>hys</sub>	9.0	75	100	150	mV
Offset Voltage (measured at V <sub>In</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2) Active Guard Detect Comparator		Vos	9.0 9.0	_ _	-	± 100 ± 50	mV
Input Voltage Range, Pin 8		Vin	-	- 10	-	V <sub>DD</sub> + 10	V
Input Capacitance		C <sub>in</sub>		-	5.0	_	pF
Common Mode Voltage Range, Pin 15		V <sub>cm</sub>	Ī	0.6	-	V <sub>DD</sub> - 2	V

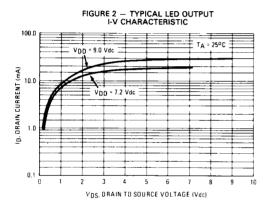
#Data labelled "Typ" is not to be used for design purposes but is intended as an indication of the IC's potential performance.

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit. For proper operation it is recommended that except for pin 8,  $V_{in}$  and  $V_{out}$  be constrained to the range  $V_{SS} \le (V_{in} \text{ or } V_{out}) \le V_{DD}$ . For pin 8, refer to the Electrical Characteristics

TIMING PARAMETERS (C = 0.1  $\mu$ F, R<sub>bias</sub> = 8.2 M $\Omega$ , V<sub>DD</sub> = 9.0 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, See Figure 5)

Characteristics		Symbol	Min	Typ#	Max	Units
Oscillator Period	No Smoke Smoke	<sup>†</sup> CI	1.34 32	1.67 40	2.0 48	s ms
Oscillator Rise Time		t <sub>r</sub>	8	10	12	ms
Horn Output	On Time	PW <sub>on</sub>	120	160	208	ms
(During Smoke)	Off Time	PW <sub>off</sub>	60	80	104	ms
LED Output	Between Pulses	tLED	32	40	48	s
	On Time	PW <sub>on</sub>	8	10	12	ms
Horn Output	On Time	t <sub>on</sub>	8	10	12	ms
(During Low Battery)	Between Pulses		32	40	48	s

#Data labelled "Typ" is not to be used for design purposes but is intended as an indication of the IC's potential performance.



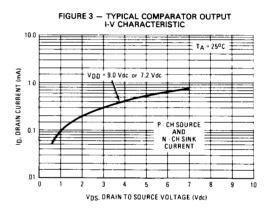
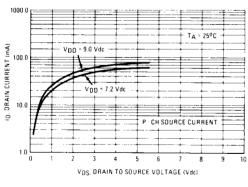
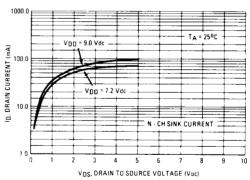


FIGURE 4 — TYPICAL P HORN DRIVER OUTPUT
I-V CHARACTERISTIC





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#### DEVICE OPERATION

#### TIMING

The internal oscillator of the MC14467-1 operates with a period of 1.67 seconds during no-smoke conditions. Each 1.67 seconds, internal power is applied to the entire IC and a check is made for smoke, except during LED pulse, Low Battery Alarm Chirp, or Horn Modulation (in smoke). Every 24 clock cycles a check is made for low battery by comparing  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}$  to an internal zener voltage. Since very small currents are used in the oscillator, the oscillator capacitor should be of a low leakage type.

#### DETECT CIRCUITRY

If smoke is detected, the oscillator period becomes 40 ms and the piezoelectric horn oscillator circuit is enabled. The horn output is modulated 160 ms on, 80 ms off. During the off time, smoke is again checked and will inhibit further horn output if no smoke is sensed. During smoke conditions the low battery alarm is inhibited, but the LED pulses at a 1.0 Hz rate.

An active guard is provided on both pins adjacent to the detect input. The voltage at these pins will be within 100 mV of the input signal. This will keep surface leakage currents to a minimum and provide a method of measuring the input voltage without loading the ionization chamber. The active guard op amp is not power strobed and thus gives constant protection from surface leakage currents. Pin 15 (the Detect input) has internal diode protection against static damage

#### SENSITIVITY/LOW BATTERY THRESHOLDS

Both the sensitivity threshold and the low battery voltage

levels are set internally by a common voltage divider connected between VDD and VSS. These voltages can be altered by external resistors connected from pins 3 or 13 to either VDD or VSS. There will be a slight interaction here due to the common voltage divider network. The sensitivity threshold can also be set by adjusting the smoke chamber ionization source.

#### **TEST MODE**

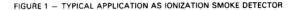
Since the internal op amps and comparators are power strobed, adjustments for sensitivity or low battery level could be difficult and/or time-consuming. By forcing Pin 12 to VSS, the power strobing is bypassed and the outputs, Pins 1 and 4, constantly show smoke/no smoke and good battery/low battery, respectively. Pin  $1 = V_{DD}$  for smoke and Pin  $4 = V_{DD}$  for low battery. In this mode and during the 10 ms power strobe, chip current rises to approximately  $50~\mu$ A.

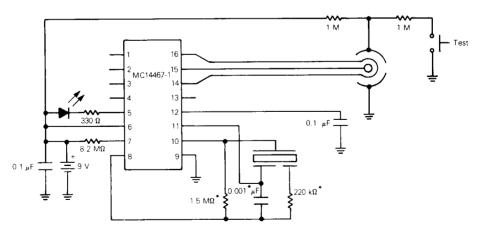
#### LED PULSE

The 9-volt battery level is checked every 40 seconds during the LED pulse. The battery is loaded via a 10 mA pulse for 10 ms. If the LED is not used, it should be replaced with an equivalent resistor such that the battery loading remains at 10 mA.

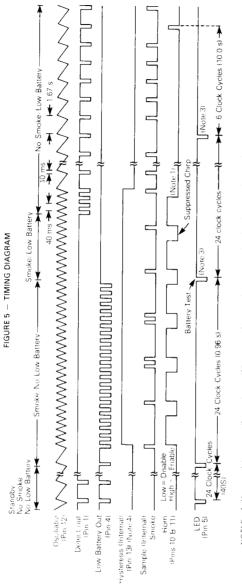
#### **HYSTERESIS**

When smoke is detected, the resistor/divider network that sets sensitivity is altered to increase sensitivity. This yields approximately 100 mV of hysteresis and reduces false triggering.





\*NOTE. Component values may change depending on type of piezoelectric horn used



NOTES 1. Horn modulation is self-completing. When going from smoke to no snoke, the alarm condition will terminate only when horn is off 2. Comparators are strobed on once per clock cycle (1.67 s for no smoke, 40 ms for smoke). 3. Low battery comparator information is latched only during LED pulse. ~ 100 mV p p swing.