

# 700 kPa High Pressure, Temperature Compensated & Calibrated Silicon Pressure Sensors

The MPX2700 series device is a silicon piezoresistive pressure sensor providing a highly accurate and linear voltage output — directly proportional to the applied pressure. The sensor is a single monolithic silicon diaphragm with the strain gauge and a thin–film resistor network integrated on–chip. The sensor is laser trimmed for precise span and offset calibration and temperature compensation.

#### **Features**

- · Unique Silicon Shear Stress Strain Gauge
- ±0.5% Linearity
- · Easy to Use Chip Carrier Package
- · Basic Element, Single and Dual Ported Devices Available
- Available in Absolute, Differential and Gauge configurations

## **Application Examples**

- Pump/Motor Controllers
- Pneumatic Control
- Tire Pressure Gauges
- Robotics
- Medical Diagnostics
- · Pressure Switching
- Hydraulics

Figure 1 shows a block diagram of the internal circuitry on the stand-alone pressure sensor chip.

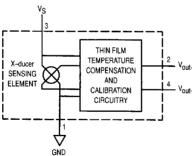


Figure 1. Temperature Compensated Pressure Sensor Schematic

# **VOLTAGE OUTPUT versus APPLIED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE**

The differential voltage output of the X-ducer is directly proportional to the differential pressure applied.

The output voltage of the differential or gauge sensor increases with increasing pressure applied to the pressure side (P1) relative to the vacuum side (P2). Similarly, output voltage increases as increasing vacuum is applied to the vacuum side (P2) relative to the pressure side (P1). This sensor is designed for applications where P1 is always greater than, or equal to P2.

# MPX2700 SERIES

0 to 700 kPa (0 to 100 psi) 40 mV FULL SCALE SPAN (TYPICAL)



BASIC CHIP CARRIER ELEMENT CASE 344-15, STYLE 1



DIFFERENTIAL PORT OPTION CASE 344C-01, STYLE 1

NOTE: Pin 1 is the notched pin.

	PIN NU	MBER				
1	Gnd	3	٧s			
2	+V <sub>out</sub>	4	-V <sub>out</sub>			

### **MPX2700 SERIES**

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Overpressure <sup>(8)</sup> (P2 ≤ 1 Atmosphere)	P1 <sub>max</sub>	2800	kPa	
Burst Pressure <sup>(8)</sup> (P2 ≤ 1 Atmosphere)	P1 <sub>burst</sub>	5000	kPa	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +125	<b>%C</b> 4.4 /4 4.4	
Operating Temperature	TA	-40 to +125	℃	

#### OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (V<sub>CC</sub> = 10 Vdc, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted. P1 ≥ P2; P2 ≤ 1 Atmosphere.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Pressure Range(1)	POP	, ,ò	-	700	kPa
Supply Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>S</sub>		10	16	Vdc
Supply Current	l <sub>o</sub>	_	6.0	_	mAdc
Full Scale Span <sup>(3)</sup>	V <sub>FSS</sub>	38.5	40	41.5	mV
Offset <sup>(4)</sup>	V <sub>off</sub>	-1.0	_	1.0	m∨
Sensitivity	ΔV/ΔΡ	_	0.057		mV/kPa
Linearity <sup>(5)</sup>		-0.5	. — ,	0.5	%VFSS
Pressure Hysteresis <sup>(5)</sup> (0 to 700 kPa)	<del>-</del>	_	±0.1	- :	%VFSS
Temperature Hysteresis <sup>(5)</sup> (-40°C to +125°C)			±0.5	_	%VFSS
Temperature Effect on Full Scale Span <sup>(5)</sup>	TCVFSS	-1.0	_	1.0	%VFSS
Temperature Effect on Offset <sup>(5)</sup>	TCV <sub>off</sub>	-1.0	_	1.0	mV
Input Impedance	Z <sub>in</sub>	1300	_	4000	Ω
Output Impedance	Z <sub>out</sub>	1400	_	3000	Ω
Response Time <sup>(6)</sup> (10% to 90%)	tR	_	1.0	_	ms
Warm-Up(7)		_	20	_	ms

#### **MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Weight (Basic Element Case 344-15)	_	_	2.0	_	Grams	

#### NOTES:

- 1. 1.0 kPa (kiloPascal) equals 0.145 psi.
- 2. Device is ratiometric within this specified excitation range. Operating the device above the specified excitation range may induce additional error due to device self—heating.
- 3. Full Scale Span (VFSS) is defined as the algebraic difference between the output voltage at full rated pressure and the output voltage at the minimum rated pressure.
- 4. Offset (Voff) is defined as the output voltage at the minimum rated pressure.
- 5. Accuracy (error budget) consists of the following:
  - Linearity: Output deviation from a straight line relationship with pressure, using end point method, over the specified
    - Temperature Hysteresis: Output deviation at any temperature within the operating temperature range, after the temperature is
  - cycled to and from the minimum or maximum operating temperature points, with zero differential pressure applied.
  - Pressure Hysteresis: Output deviation at any pressure within the specified range, when this pressure is cycled to and from the minimum or maximum rated pressure, at 25°C.
  - TcSpan: Output deviation at full rated pressure over the temperature range of 0 to 85°C, relative to 25°C.
  - TcOffset: Output deviation with minimum rated pressure applied, over the temperature range of 0 to 85°C, relative to 25°C.
- Response Time is defined as the time for the incremental change in the output to go from 10% to 90% of its final value when subjected to a specified step change in pressure.
- 7. Warm-up is defined as the time required for the device to meet the specified output voltage after the pressure has been stabilized.
- 8. Basic Element only, Case 344-15.
- 9. P2 max: 500 kPa.

#### LINEARITY

Linearity refers to how well a transducer's output follows the equation:  $V_{\text{out}} = V_{\text{off}} + \text{sensitivity x P}$  over the operating pressure range. There are two basic methods for calculating nonlinearity: (1) end point straight line fit or (2) a least squares best line fit (see Figure 3). While a least squares fit gives the "best case" linearity error (lower numerical value), the calculations required are burdensome.

Conversely, an end point fit will give the "worst case" error (often more desirable in error budget calculations) and the calculations are more straightforward for the user. Motorola's specified pressure sensor linearities are based on the end point straight line method measured at the midrange pressure.

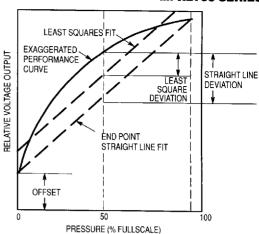


Figure 2. Linearity Specification Comparison

# ON-CHIP TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION and CALIBRATION

Figure 3 shows the output characteristics of the MPX2700 series at 25°C. The output is directly proportional to the differential pressure and is essentially a straight line.

The effects of temperature on Full-Scale Span and Offset are very small and are shown under Operating Characteristics.

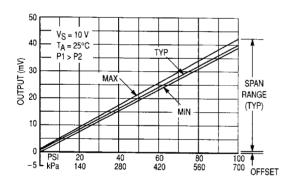


Figure 3. Output versus Pressure Differential

Figure 4 shows the cross section of the Motorola MPX pressure sensor die in the chip carrier package. A silicone gel isolates the die surface and wire bonds from the environment, while allowing the pressure signal to be transmitted to the silicon diaphragm. MPX2700 series pressure sensor operating characteristics and internal reli-

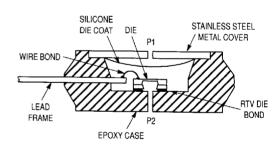


Figure 4. Cross-Section of Differential Pressure Sensor Die in Its Basic Package (Not to Scale)

ability and qualification tests are based on use of dry air as the pressure media. Media other than dry air may have adverse effects on sensor performance and long term reliability. Contact the factory for information regarding media compatibility in your application.

# MPX2700 SERIES

# PRESSURE (P1)/VACUUM (P2) SIDE IDENTIFICATION TABLE

Motorola designates the two sides of the pressure sensor as the Pressure (P1) side and the Vacuum (P2) side. The Pressure (P1) side is the side containing silicone gel which isolates the die from the environment. The Motorola MPX

pressure sensor is designed to operate with positive differential pressure applied, P1 > P2.

The Pressure (P1) side may be identified by using the table below:

Part Number		Case Type	Pressure (P1) Side Identifier	
MPX2700D	MPX2700A	344-15	Stainless Steel Cap	
MPX2700DP		344C-01	Side with Part Marking	
MPX2700GP	MPX2700AP	344B-01	Side with Port Attached	
MPX2700GVP		344D-01	Stainless Steel Cap	
MPX2700GS	MPX2700AS	344E-01	Side with Port Attached	
MPX2700GVS		344A-01	Stainless Steel Cap	
MPX2700GSX	MPX2700ASX	344F01	Side with Port Attached	
MPX2700GVSX		344G-01	Stainless Steel Cap	

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

MPX2700 series pressure sensors are available in differential and gauge configurations. Devices are available in the basic element package or with pressure port fittings which provide printed circuit board mounting ease and barbed hose pressure connections.

	Options		MPX Series		
Device Type		Case Type	Order Number	Device Marking	
Basic Element	Differential	Case 344-15	MPX2700D	MPX2700D	
Ported Elements	Differential	Case 344C-01	MPX2700DP	MPX2700DP	
	Gauge	Case 344B-01	MPX2700GP	MPX2700GP	
	Gauge Vacuum	Case 344D-01	MPX2700GVP	MPX2700GVP	
• •	Gauge Stove Pipe	Case 344E-01	MPX2700GS	MPX2700D	
**	Gauge Vacuum Stove Pipe	Case 344A-01	MPX2700GVS	MPX2700D	
	Gauge Axial	Case 344F-01	MPX2700GSX	MPX2700D	
	Gauge Vacuum Axial	Case 344G-01	MPX2700GVSX	MPX2700D	