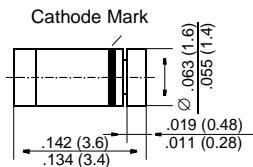


# BAV100 THRU BAV103

## Small Signal Diodes

### MiniMELF



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

### FEATURES

- ◆ Silicon Epitaxial Planar Diodes
- ◆ For general purpose
- ◆ These diodes are also available in other case styles including: the DO-35 case with the type designations BAV19 to BAV21, the SOD-123 case with the type designations BAV19W to BAV21W, and the SOT-23 case with the type designation BAS19 - BAS21.



### MECHANICAL DATA

**Case:** MiniMELF Glass Case (SOD-80)

**Weight:** approx. 0.05 g

### MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

		Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse Voltage	<b>BAV100</b> <b>BAV101</b> <b>BAV102</b> <b>BAV103</b>	$V_R$ $V_R$ $V_R$ $V_R$	60 120 200 250	V
Forward DC Current at $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		$I_F$	250 <sup>1)</sup>	mA
Rectified Current (Average) Half Wave Rectification with Resist. Load at $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $f \geq 50 \text{ Hz}$		$I_0$	200 <sup>1)</sup>	mA
Repetitive Peak Forward Current at $f \geq 50 \text{ Hz}$ , $\Theta = 180 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		$I_{FRM}$	625 <sup>1)</sup>	mA
Surge Forward Current at $t < 1 \text{ s}$ , $T_j = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		$I_{FSM}$	1	A
Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		$P_{tot}$	400 <sup>1)</sup>	mW
Junction Temperature		$T_j$	175	°C
Storage Temperature Range		$T_S$	-65 to +175	°C

<sup>1)</sup> Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.

# BAV100 THRU BAV103

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

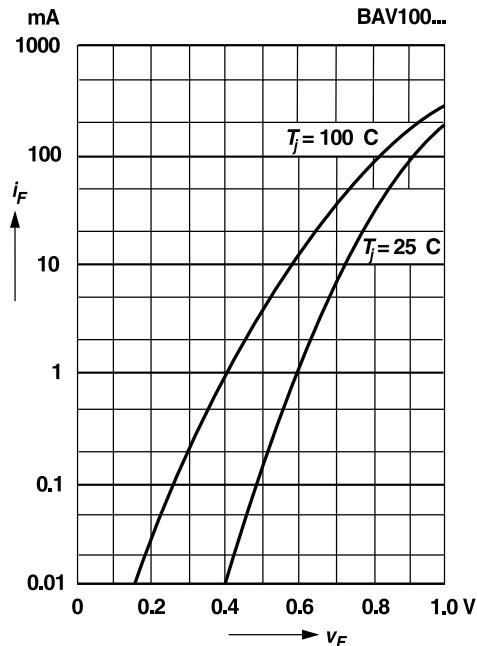
Ratings at 25 °C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified

	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage at $I_F = 100 \text{ mA}$	$V_F$	—	—	1	V
Leakage Current at $V_R = 50 \text{ V}$ BAV100	$I_R$	—	—	100	nA
at $V_R = 50 \text{ V}, T_j = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ BAV100	$I_R$	—	—	15	µA
at $V_R = 100 \text{ V}$ BAV101	$I_R$	—	—	100	nA
at $V_R = 100 \text{ V}, T_j = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ BAV101	$I_R$	—	—	15	µA
at $V_R = 150 \text{ V}$ BAV102	$I_R$	—	—	100	nA
at $V_R = 150 \text{ V}, T_j = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ BAV102	$I_R$	—	—	15	µA
at $V_R = 200 \text{ V}$ BAV103	$I_R$	—	—	100	nA
at $V_R = 200 \text{ V}, T_j = 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ BAV103	$I_R$	—	—	15	µA
Dynamic Forward Resistance at $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	$r_f$	—	5	—	Ω
Capacitance at $V_R = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_{tot}$	—	1.5	—	pF
Reverse Recovery Time from $I_F = 30 \text{ mA}$ through $I_R = 30 \text{ mA}$ to $I_R = 3 \text{ mA}; R_L = 100 \Omega$	$t_{rr}$	—	—	50	ns
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient Air	$R_{thJA}$	—	—	0.375 <sup>1)</sup>	K/mW

<sup>1)</sup> Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature.

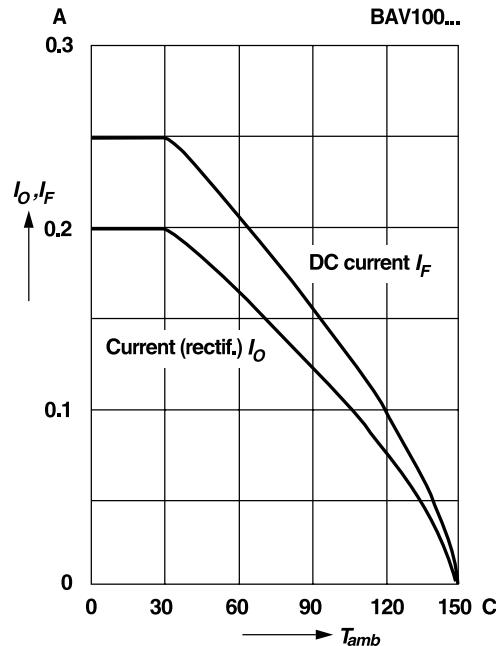
# RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES BAV100 THRU BAV103

**Forward characteristics**



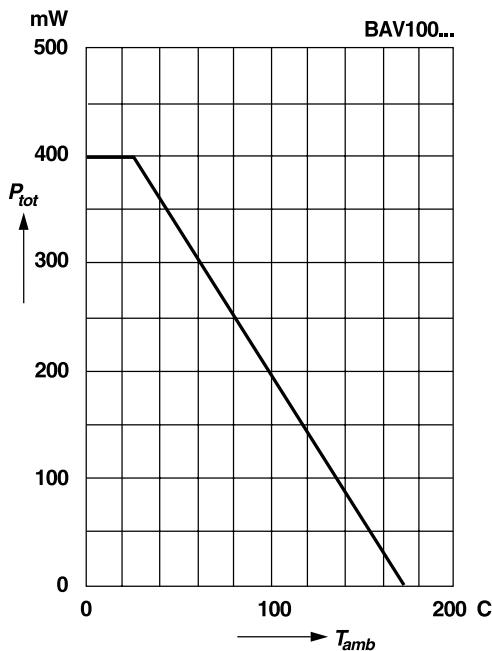
**Admissible forward current versus ambient temperature**

Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature

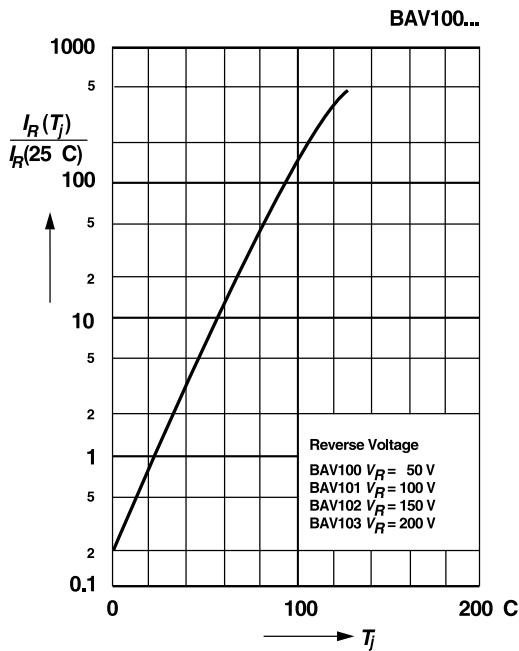


**Admissible power dissipation versus ambient temperature**

Valid provided that electrodes are kept at ambient temperature

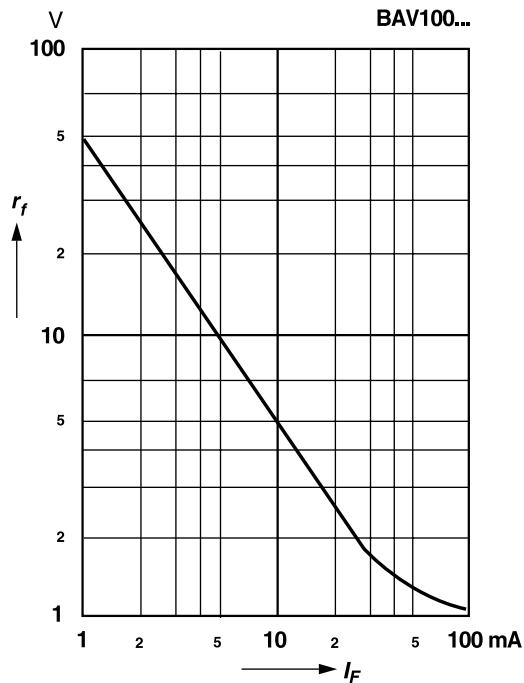


**Leakage current versus junction temperature**



## RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES BAV100 THRU BAV103

Dynamic forward resistance  
versus forward current



Capacitance  
versus reverse voltage

