## WHITE LED STEP-UP CONVERTER

## - DESCRIPTION

The UTC L5101 is a fixed frequency step-up PWM DC/DC converter and designed for white LEDS driving with a constant current to provide backlight in handheld devices. The device switches at a high frequency 1.2 MHz by an internal N -channel MOSFET switch to be capable of minimum external components using.
The UTC L5101 can drive up to 5 LEDs in series by a Li-lon cell. Series connection of LEDS provides identical LED currents resulting in uniform brightness without ballast resistors. The low 95 mV feedback voltage minimizes power loss in the current setting resistor can have better efficiency.

*Pb-free plating product number: L5101L

- FEATURES
* Built-In Open Circuit Protection
* Built-In Over Voltage Protection
* High Efficiency(Up to $84 \%$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=4.2 \mathrm{~V}$, 3 LEDs, $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LED }}=20 \mathrm{~mA}$ )
* 1.2 MHz fixed switching frequency
* Low supply current: 70 A A
* Matches LED current
* Requires tiny inductor and capacitors

■ ORDERING INFORMATION

| Order Number |  | Package | Packing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal | Lead Free Plating |  |  |
| L5101-AG6-R | L5101L-AG6-R | SOT-26 | Tape Reel |

- PIN CONFIGURATION


PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| PIN NO. | PIN NAME | SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Shutdown | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ | Tie to higher than 1.5 V to enable device, 0.3 V or less to disable device. |
| 2 | Ground | GND |  |
| 3 | Feedback | FB | Reference voltage is 95 mV . Connect cathode of lowest LED and <br> resistor here. Calculation formula: $R_{\text {FB }}=95 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{L}_{\text {LED }}$ |
| 4 | Switch | SW | Connect inductor/diode here. Minimize trace area at this pin to reduce <br> EMI. |
| 5 | Power input | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | Bypass $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ to GND with a capacitor sitting as close to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ as possible. |
| 6 | Overvoltage protection | OVP | The internal MOSFET will turn off when $V_{O U T}>27 \mathrm{~V}$. |

- BLOCK DIAGRAM

- ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | RATINGS | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | 6 | V |
| SW Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SW}}$ | 33 | V |
| FB Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}$ | 6 | V |
| $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\overline{S H D N}}$ | 6 | V |
| OVP Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OVP}}$ | 34 | V |
| Junction Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ | +125 | $\mathrm{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{OPR}}$ | $0 \sim+70$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{STG}}$ | $-40 \sim+150$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note 1. Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.
2. The device is guaranteed to meet performance specification within $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operating temperature range and assured by design from $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

- ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{V}_{S H O N}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathbb{N}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{a}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified.)

| PARAMETER |  | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Voltage |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ |  | 2.5 |  | 5.5 | V |
| Supply Current |  | 1 N | Switching |  | 1 | 5 | mA |
|  |  | Non switching |  | 70 | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}^{\text {SHDN }}$ $=0 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.1 | 1.0 |  |
| ERROR AMPLIFIER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feedback Voltage |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {FB }}$ |  | 85 | 95 | 105 | mV |
| FB Input Bias Current |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {FB }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{FB}}=95 \mathrm{mV}$ |  | 1 |  | nA |
| OSCILLATOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switching Frequency |  | $\mathrm{f}_{\text {Sw }}$ |  | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.6 | MHz |
| Maximum Duty Cycle |  | DC |  | 85 | 90 |  | \% |
| POWER SWITCH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SW ON Resistance |  | $\mathrm{R}_{\text {ON(SW) }}$ |  |  | 1.4 | 5 | $\Omega$ |
| Switch Leakage Current |  | LEEAK (SW)) | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{sw}}=33 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 0.1 | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| CONTROL INPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shutdown Voltage | High | $\mathrm{V}_{1 \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{SHDN})}$ | ON | 1.5 |  |  | V |
|  | Low | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL(SHDN }}$ | OFF |  |  | 0.3 | V |
| OVER VOLTAGE PROTECTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OVP Input Resistance |  | Rin(ovp) |  | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.8 | M ת |
| OVP Threshold |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {THR(OVP) }}$ | 1V Hysteresis typical | 22 | 27 | 32 | V |

- TEST CIRCUIT



## APPLICATION INFORMATION

## Recommended Component Selection

- Inductor Selection: A $10 \mu \mathrm{H}$ inductor is recommended for most applications.
- Capacitor Selection: The small size of ceramic capacitors ( $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ input with $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ output ) are sufficient, X5R and X7R types are recommended
- Diode Selection: An Schottky diode rated at $100 \mathrm{~mA} \sim 200 \mathrm{~mA}$ is sufficient for most applications.


## LED Current Control

A feedback resistor (precision 1\% recommended) as feedback resistor control the LED current.( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{FB}}$ in Figure 1)

- Feedback reference voltage : 95 mV .
- LED current is $95 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{R}_{\text {FB }}$.
- The formula for $R_{F B}$ selection : $R_{F B}=95 \mathrm{mV} / /_{\mathrm{LED}}$


Fig. 1 Dimming Control with a PWM Signal

## Open-Circuit Protection

When a high output voltage exceeds maximum 33V, the built-in OVP (Over Voltage Protection) will be triggered to prevent the damage resulting from an open circuit condition.

## Dimming Control

There are three different ways of dimming control circuits as follows:

1. Using a PWM signal


Fig. 2 Dimming Control Using a PWM Signal

## L5101

- APPLICATION INFORMATION(Cont.)

2. Using a DC Voltage


Fig. 3 Dimming Control Using a DC Voltage
3. Using a Filtered PWM Signal


Fig. 4 Dimming Control Using a Filter PWM Signal

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS







TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS(cont.)


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