

LA5677M

Dual Switching Regulator Control IC

Overview

The LA5677M supports single-input control of the outputs of two converters of arbitrary types, including step up, step down and inverting. Since the LA5677M supports low voltage (3.6 to 18 V) and high frequency (1 to 500 kHz) operation, it is ideal for use in power supplies in battery powered portable equipment.

Features

- Operates at low voltages (3.6 to 18 V)
- Can be used with high frequency oscillators (1 to 500 kHz)
- Built-in low input malfunction prevention circuit
- Built-in timer-latch short circuit protection circuit

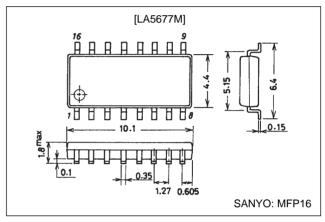
Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

3035A-MFP16



Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{CC} max		20	V
Error amplifier input voltage	VI		20	V
Collector output voltage	Vo		20	V
Collector output current	Ι _Ο		21	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max		330	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-20 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C

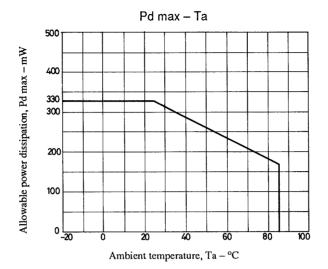
Operating Conditions at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter		Symbol Conditions		Ratings			
	Symbol		min	typ	max	Unit	
Recommended supply voltage	V _{CC}		3.6		18	V	
Error amplifier input voltage	VI		1.05		1.45	V	
Collector output voltage	Vo		-0.3		+18	V	
Collector output current	IO				20	mA	
Feedback pin current	I _{FT}				45	μA	
Feedback resistance	R _{NF}		100			kΩ	
Timing capacitance	CT		150		15000	pF	
Timing resistance	R _T		5.1		100	kΩ	
Oscillator frequency	fosc		1		500	kHz	

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Parameter		Ourseland	O and it is a s	Ratings			Unit
		Symbol Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit	
	Output voltage	Vref	I _{OR} = 1 mA	2.40	2.50	2.60	V
	Line regulation	V _{line}	V _{CC} = 3.6 to 18 V		2	10	mV
	Load regulation	V _{load}	I _{OR} = 0.1 to 1 mA		1	7.5	mV
Reference voltage block	Output voltage temperature variation				±0.2		%
	Short circuit output current	I _{OSC}	Vref = 0 V	3	10	30	mA
	High level threshold voltage	V _{tH}	I _{OR} = 0.1 mA		2.70		V
Low input malfunction prevention block	Low level threshold voltage	V _{tL}	I _{OR} = 0.1 mA		2.58		V
	Hysteresis	Vhys	I _{OR} = 0.1 mA	80	120		mV
	Reset voltage	Vr	I _{OR} = 0.1 mA	1.5	1.9		V
	Input threshold voltage	Vtpc		1.02	1.16	1.30	V
Protection circuit	Input standby voltage	Vstby	No pull-up		0.78		V
block	Input latch voltage	V ₁	No pull-up		0.74		V
	Input source current	Ibpc	When VS.C.P is 1.0 V	12	18	27	μA
	Comparator threshold voltage	Vtc	Pins 5, 12		1.2		V
	Oscillator frequency	fosc	Ct = 330 pF, Rt = 10 kΩ		200		kHz
	fosc standard deviation	Δf_A	All values agree		10		%
Oscillator block	Frequency variation 1 (V _{CC})	Δf_V	V _{CC} = 3.6 to 18 V		1		%
	Frequency variation 2 (Ta)	Δft			±0.4		%
	Input bias current	Ibdt				1	μA
	Latch mode source current	ldt			230		μA
Idle period adjustment circuit	Latch input voltage	Vdt	lodt = 40 µA	2.3			V
adjustment circuit block	Input threshold	Vt0	With a duty cycle of 0%		2.05	2.25	V
		Vt100	fosc = 10 kHz, With a duty cycle of 100%	1.20	1.45		V

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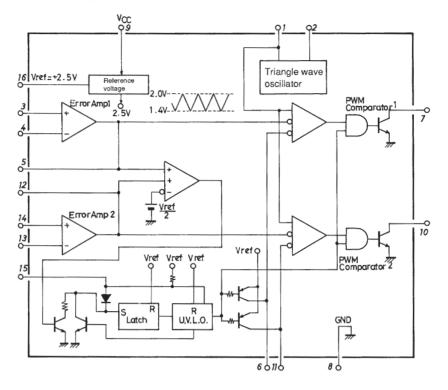
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Parameter				Ratings			
		Symbol Conditions		min	typ	max	Unit
	Input offset voltage	V _{IO}	With V (pins 5, 12) = 1.25 V	-6		+6	mV
	Input offset current	I _{IO}	With V (pins 5, 12) = 1.25 V	-100		+100	nA
	Input bias current	۱ _B	With V (pins 5, 12) = 1.25 V		160	500	nA
	Common mode input voltage range	V _{ICR}	V _{CC} = 3.6 to 18 V	1.05		1.45	v
	Open loop gain	A _V	$R_{NF} = 200 \text{ k}\Omega$		80		dB
	Unity gain bandwidth	G _B			1.5		MHz
Error amplifier block	Common mode rejection ratio	CMRR			80		dB
	Maximum output voltage amplitude (1)	V _O + m		Vref – 0.1			V
	Maximum output voltage amplitude (2)	V _O – m				1.0	V
	Output sink current (pins 5, 12)	I _O +m	V _{ID} = -0.1 V, V _O = 1.25 V		1.6		mA
	Output source current (pins 5, 12)	I _O – m	V _{ID} = 0.1 V, V _O = 1.25 V		-70		μA
	Output leakage current	I _{leak}	V _O = 18 V			10	μΑ
Output block	Output saturation voltage	Vsat	I _O = 10 mA		1.0	2	V
	Short circuit output current	I _{OS}	V _O = 6 V		60		mA
	voltage	Vt0	With a duty cycle of 0%		2.05	2.25	V
PWM comparator block		Vt100	fosc = 10 kHz, With a duty cycle of 100%	1.20	1.45		V
	Input sink current (pins 5, 12)		With V (pins 5, 12) = 1.25 V		1.6		mA
	Input source current (pins 5, 12)		With V (pins 5, 12) = 1.25 V		-70		μA
	Standby current	I _{CC} 1	Output off state		1.6	2.2	mA
Whole device	Average supply current	I _{CC} 2	R _T = 10 kΩ		1.9	2.6	mA

Pin Functions

No.	Pin	Function		Pin	Function
1	C _T	Triangle wave oscillator capacitor connection		V _{CC}	Power supply input
2	R _T	Triangle wave oscillator resistor connection		OUT2	Output 2
3	OP1+	Error amplifier 1 + input	11	DEAD TIME2	Dead time 2 control
4	OP1-	Error amplifier 1 – input	12	OP2 _{OUT}	Error amplifier 2 output
5	OP1 _{OUT}	Error amplifier 1 output	13	OP2-	Error amplifier 2 – input
6	DEAD TIME1	Dead time 1 control	14	OP2+	Error amplifier 2 + input
7	OUT1	Output 1	15	S. C. P	Short circuit protection circuit connection
8	GND	Ground connection	16	Vref	Reference voltage (2.5 V)

Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram



Operation Overview

1. Reference Voltage Block

The reference voltage block uses a 2.5 V reference voltage. This voltage is made available to external circuits from pin 16, and at the same time is used as the reference power supply by internal circuits.

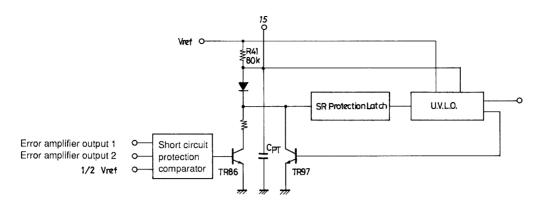
2. Low Input Malfunction Prevention Circuit Block

The low input malfunction prevention circuit prevents incorrect operation when the power supply is brought up or during brief voltage drops. After power is applied and the reference voltage reaches Vbe, the output transistors are held off until the power supply voltage becomes 2.72 V (typical). The dead time control pin voltage is held at the high level (Vref) and the short circuit protection pin is held low (the initial state). Since this circuit has a hysteresis of 120 mV (typical) chattering due to power supply ripple can be prevented to a certain extent.

3. Timer-Latch Short Circuit Protection Circuit

During output overload, the timer-latch short circuit protection circuit's short circuit protection comparator turns off Q86 when the error amplifier inputs a low level signal (a voltage less than Vref/2) to one or both of the short circuit protection comparator's two non-inverting inputs. At this time the pin 15 voltage increases from about 0.75 V (steady state) towards Vref as the external capacitor is charged from Vref through resistor R41 (80 k Ω). When the capacitor is charged to about 1.2 V, the protection latch is set, the output transistors are turned off, and the idle time becomes 100%. This also turns on Q97 which resets the protection enable state. The latch circuit reset voltage is under 1.9 V (typical).

$$\begin{split} &V_{PE}1 = Vref \left\{1 - exp \left(-t1/R41 \bullet C_{PT}\right)\right\} \\ &V_{PE}2 = Vref \left\{1 - exp \left(-t2/R41 \bullet C_{PT}\right)\right\} \\ &0.75 = 2.5 \left\{1 - exp \left(-t1/80 \ k \bullet C_{PT}\right)\right\} \\ &1.20 = 2.5 \left\{1 - exp \left(-t2/80 \ k \bullet C_{PT}\right)\right\} \\ &t1 = 28.56 \ k \bullet C_{PT} \\ &t2 = 52.31 \ k \bullet C_{PT} \\ &t_{PT} = t2 - t1 = 23.75 \ k \bullet C_{PT} \\ &C_{PT} = 42.1 \times t_{PT} \ [\mu F] \end{split}$$





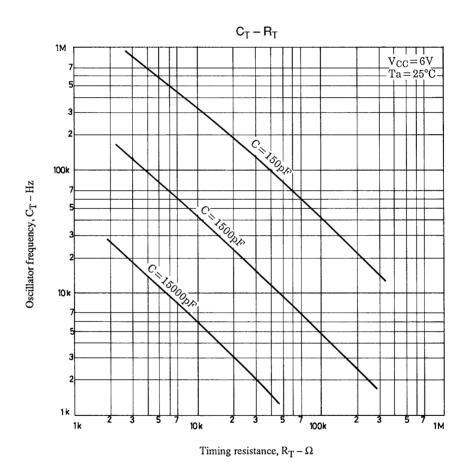


Figure 2 Timing Resistance/Oscillator Frequency Characteristics

4. Triangle Wave Oscillator Block

The triangle wave oscillator generates an essentially symmetric triangle wave using a timing capacitor and resistor attached to the C_T pin (pin 1) and the R_T pin (pin 2), respectively. The voltage amplitude is between 1.4 and 2.0 V with pin 2 stabilized at 1 V. The oscillator frequency is determined by the external capacitor and resistor.

5. Idle Period Adjustment Circuit Block

The idle period adjustment circuit consists of PWM comparators 1 and 2, each of which has one non-inverting and two inverting inputs. The output pulse width (on time) is controlled according to the input voltage. Pins 6 and 11 are dead time control pins, and are used to limit the maximum value of the pulse width. A pin voltage of 2.05 V (Typical) or over results in the output being off for the whole period, and a pin voltage of 1.45 V (Typical) or lower results in the output being on for the whole period.

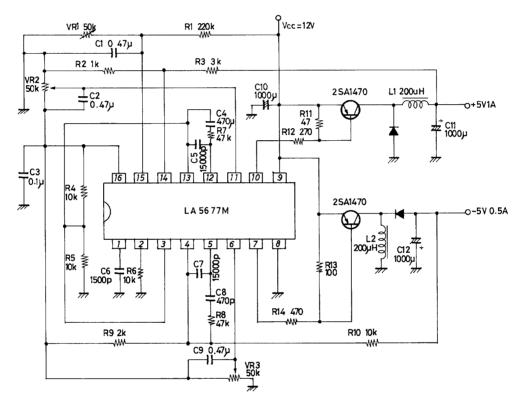
6. Error Amplifier Block

Error amplifiers 1 and 2 are amplifiers for detecting the output voltages, i.e., the LA5677M application system output voltages. Since the common mode input voltage range is 1.05 to 1.45 V, we recommend setting their input voltages to Vref/2. Pins 5 and 12 are the output pins, and the gain is set and the frequency characteristics adjusted with a resistor and a capacitor connected between the outputs and the non-inverting inputs of each amplifier. The outputs are also connected to the short circuit protection circuit detection circuit.

7. Output Block

The outputs are single end open collector outputs with an NPN Darlington pair structure.

Sample Application Circuit: +5 V, 1 A step-down converter and -5 V, 0.5 A polarity inverting converter using a 12 V input



Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)

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