

# PQ05RF1 Series

1A Output Low Power-Loss Voltage Regulators

## ■ Features

- Compact resin full-mold package
- Low power-loss (Dropout voltage:MAX.0.5V)
- Built-in ON/OFF control terminal (PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11 series)
- Built-in output voltage minute adjustment terminal (Critical rate of ripple rejection is improved.)  
(PQ05RF1V series)
- Lead forming type (PQ05RF1A/1B series) is also available.

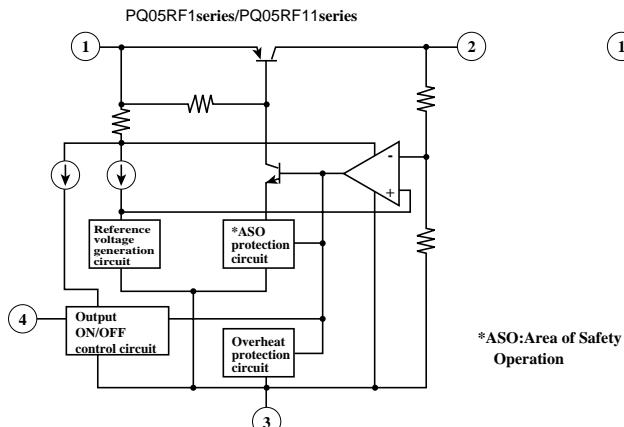
## ■ Model Line-ups

Output voltage	5Voutput	9Voutput	12Voutput
Output voltage precision: $\pm 5\%$	PQ05RF1	PQ09RF1	PQ12RF1
Output voltage precision: $\pm 2.5\%$	PQ05RF11	PQ09RF11	PQ12RF11
Minute adjustment (Output voltage adjustment range: $\pm 10\%$ )	PQ05RF1V	PQ09RF1V	PQ12RF1V

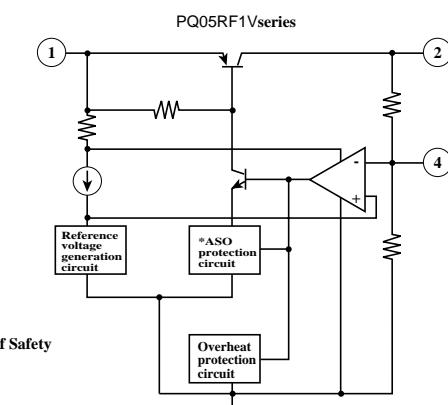
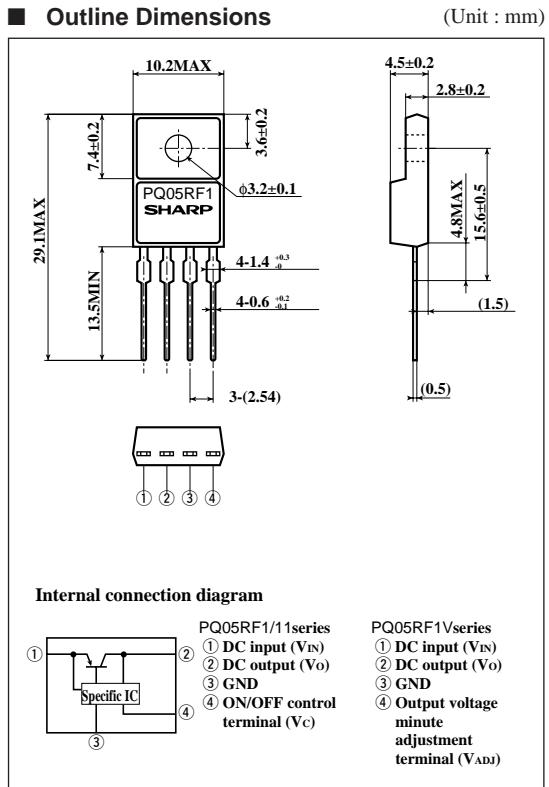
## ■ Applications

- Seris power supply for various electronic equipment such as VCRs and musical instruments

## ■ Equivalent Circuit Diagram



## ■ Outline Dimensions



## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
*1 Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	35	V
*1 ON/OFF control terminal voltage	V <sub>C</sub>	35	V
Output current	I <sub>O</sub>	1	A
Power dissipation (No heat sink)	P <sub>D1</sub>	1.5	W
Power dissipation (With infinite heat sink)	P <sub>D2</sub>	15	W
*2 Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 to +80	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +150	°C
Soldering temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	260 (For 10s)	°C

\*1 All are open except GND and applicable terminals.

\*2 Overheat protection may operate at 125<=T<sub>j</sub><=150°C

## ■ Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, condition shall be I<sub>O</sub>=0.5A, Ta=25°C, \*3)

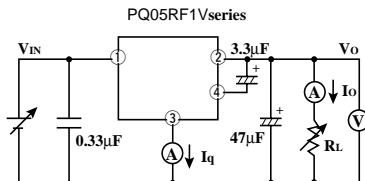
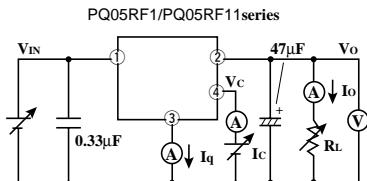
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	-	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
			8.55	9.0	9.45	
			11.4	12.0	12.6	
			4.88	5.0	5.12	
			8.78	9.0	9.22	
			11.7	12.0	12.3	
Load regulation	R <sub>EGL</sub>	I <sub>O</sub> =5mA to 1A	-	0.1	2.0	%
Line regulation	R <sub>EGI</sub>	*4	-	0.5	2.5	%
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	T <sub>c</sub> V <sub>O</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> =0 to 125°C	-	±0.02	-	%/°C
Ripple rejection	RR	Refer to Fig. 2.	45	55	-	dB
			55	-	-	
Dropout voltage	V <sub>i-O</sub>	*5	-	-	0.5	V
ON-state voltage for control	V <sub>C</sub> (ON)	-	2.0 *6	-	-	V
ON-state current for control	I <sub>C</sub> (ON)	V <sub>C</sub> =2.7V	-	-	20	μA
OFF-state voltage for control	V <sub>C</sub> (OFF)	-	-	-	0.8	V
OFF-state current for control	I <sub>C</sub> (OFF)	V <sub>C</sub> =0.4V	-	-	-0.4	mA
Quiescent current	I <sub>Q</sub>	I <sub>O</sub> =0	-	-	10	mA
Output voltage minute adjustment characteristics	V <sub>O</sub> (ADJ)	-	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
			8.1	9.0	9.9	
			10.8	12.0	13.2	

\*3 PQ05RF1 series: V<sub>IN</sub>=7V, PQ09RF1 series: V<sub>IN</sub>=15V, PQ12RF1 series: V<sub>IN</sub>=18V\*4 PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11/PQ05RF1V: V<sub>IN</sub>=6 to 12VPQ09RF1/PQ09RF11/PQ09RF1V: V<sub>IN</sub>=10 to 25VPQ12RF1/PQ12RF11/PQ12RF1V: V<sub>IN</sub>=13 to 29V

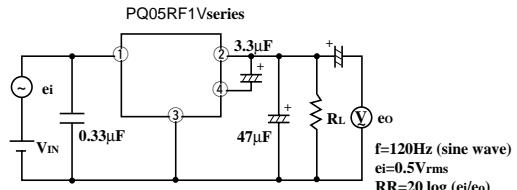
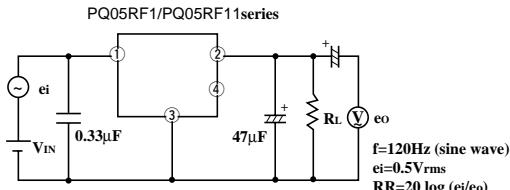
\*5 Input voltage shall be the value when output voltage is 95% in comparison with the initial value.

\*6 In case of opening control terminal ④, output voltage turns on. (PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11 series)

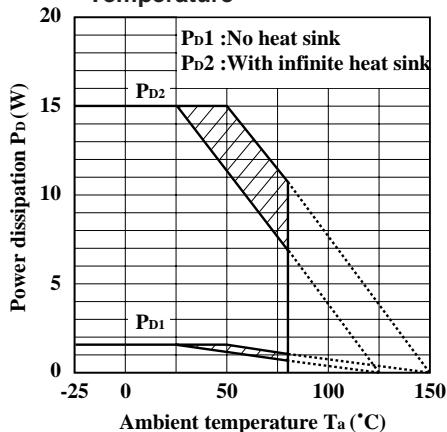
**Fig.1 Test Circuit**



**Fig.2 Test Circuit of Ripple Rejection**

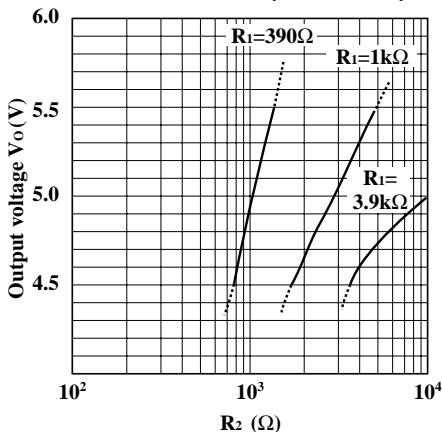


**Fig.3 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**

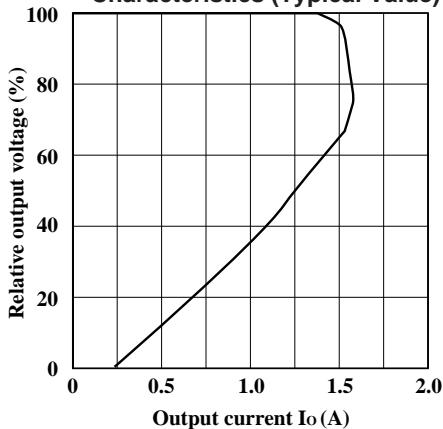


Note) Oblique line portion:Overheat protection may operate in this area.

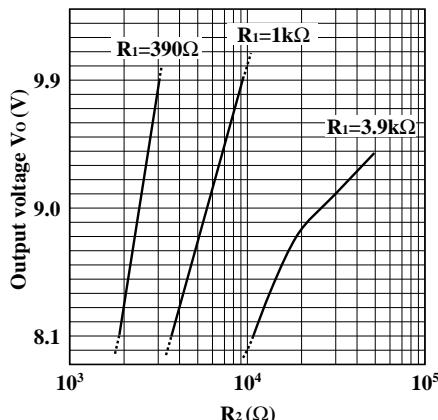
**Fig.5 Output Voltage Minute Adjustment Characteristics (PQ05RF1V)**



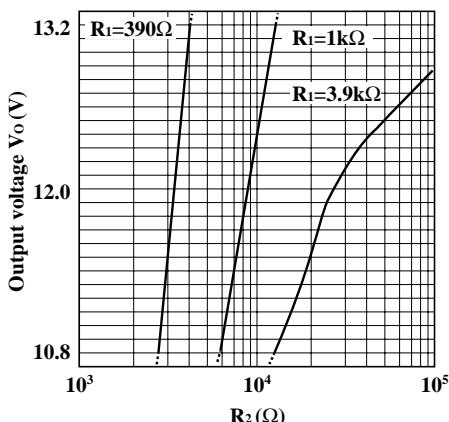
**Fig.4 Overcurrent Protection Characteristics (Typical Value)**



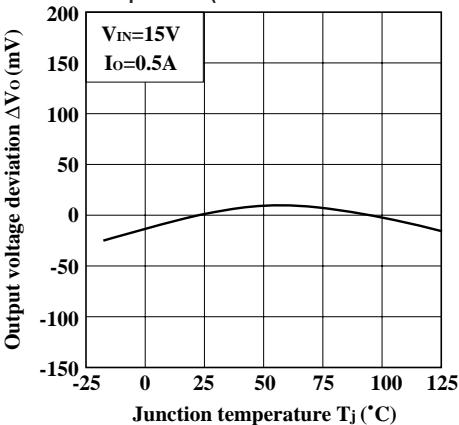
**Fig.6 Output Voltage Minute Adjustment Characteristics (PQ09RF1V)**



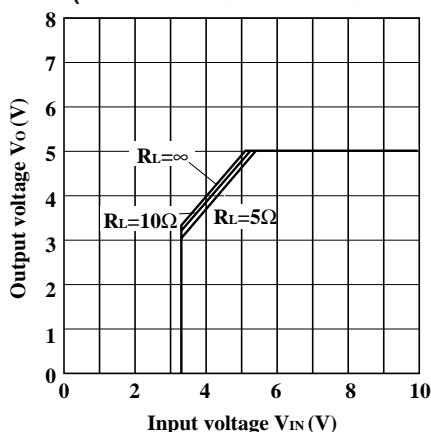
**Fig.7 Output Voltage Minute Adjustment Characteristics (PQ12RF1V)**



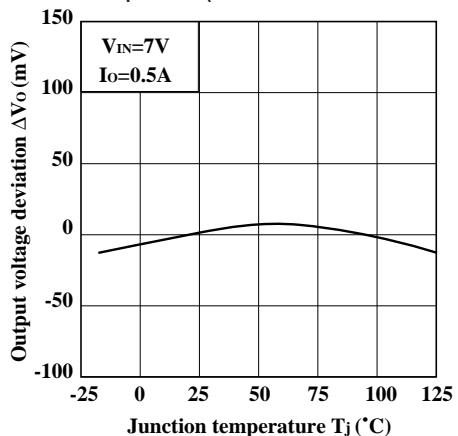
**Fig.9 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature (PQ09RF1/PQ09RF11/PQ09RF1V)**



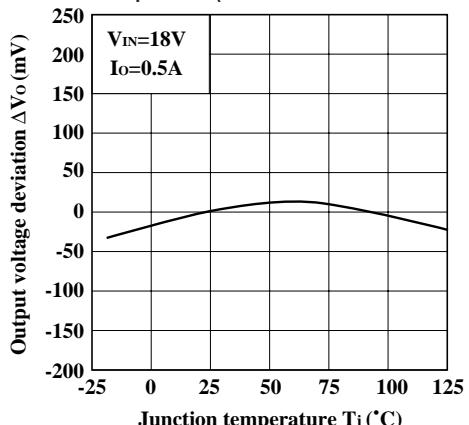
**Fig.11 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11/PQ05RF1V)**



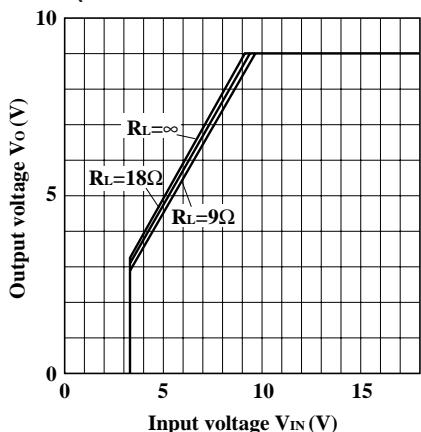
**Fig.8 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature (PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11/PQ05RF1V)**



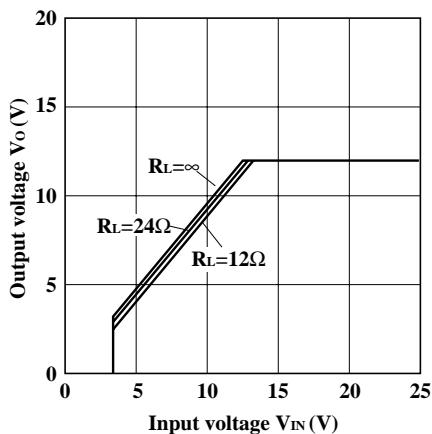
**Fig.10 Output Voltage Deviation vs. Junction Temperature (PQ12RF1/PQ12RF11/PQ12RF1V)**



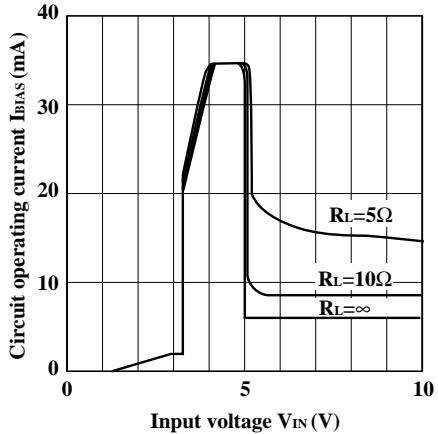
**Fig.12 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (PQ09RF1/PQ09RF11/PQ09RF1V)**



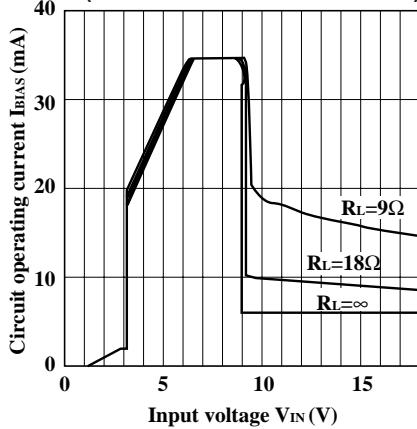
**Fig.13 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage  
(PQ12RF1/PQ12RF11/PQ12RF1V)**



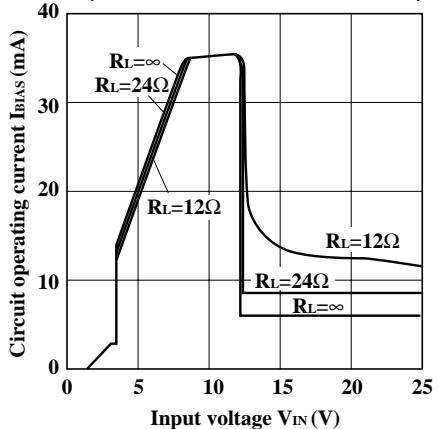
**Fig.14 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage  
(PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11/PQ05RF1V)**



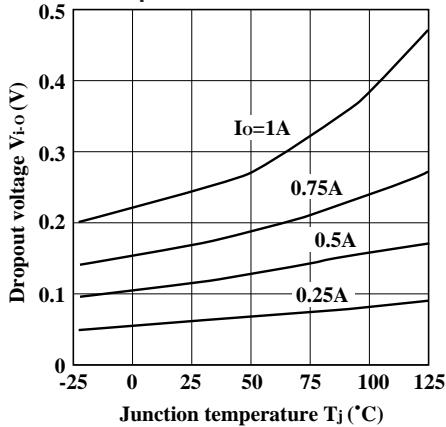
**Fig.15 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage  
(PQ09RF1/PQ09RF11/PQ09RF1V)**



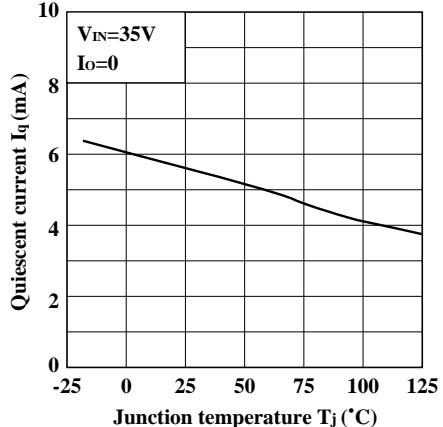
**Fig.16 Circuit Operating Current vs. Input Voltage  
(PQ12RF1/PQ12RF11/PQ12RF1V)**



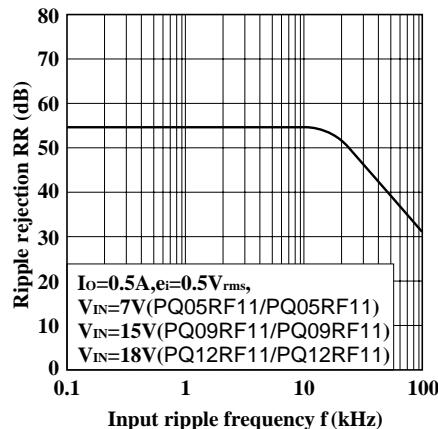
**Fig.17 Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature**



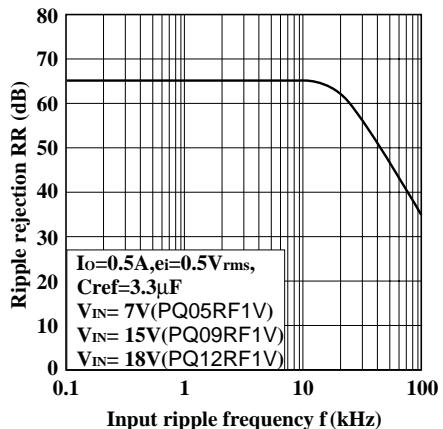
**Fig.18 Quiescent Current vs. Junction Temperature**



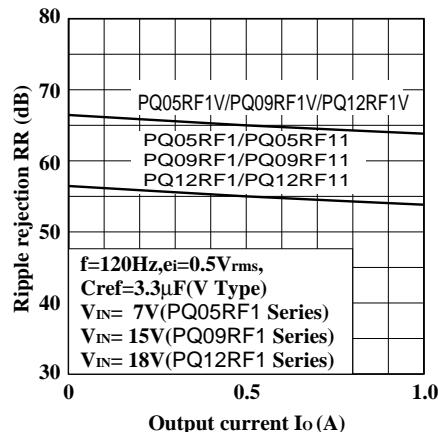
**Fig.19 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency  
(PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11/PQ09RF1/PQ09RF11/PQ12RF1/PQ12RF11)**



**Fig.20 Ripple Rejection vs. Input Ripple Frequency  
(PQ05RF1V/PQ09RF1V/PQ12RF1V)**

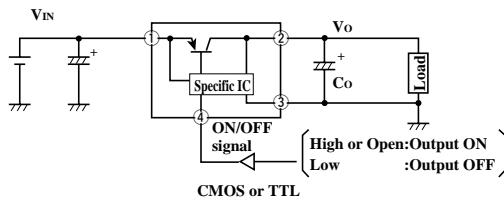


**Fig.21 Ripple Rejection vs. Output Current**

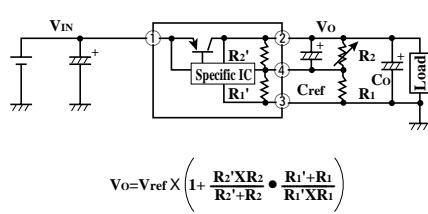


## ■ Typical Application

PQ05RF1/PQ05RF11 Series



PQ05RF1V Series



$$V_{O'} = V_{ref} \times \left( 1 + \frac{R_2' \times R_2}{R_2' + R_2} \cdot \frac{R_1' + R_1}{R_1' \times R_1} \right)$$

$V_{ref} \approx 1.26V, R_1' \approx 390\Omega$

PQ05RF1V :  $R_2' \approx 1.16k\Omega$

PQ09RF1V :  $R_2' \approx 2.40k\Omega$

PQ12RF1V :  $R_2' \approx 3.32k\Omega$

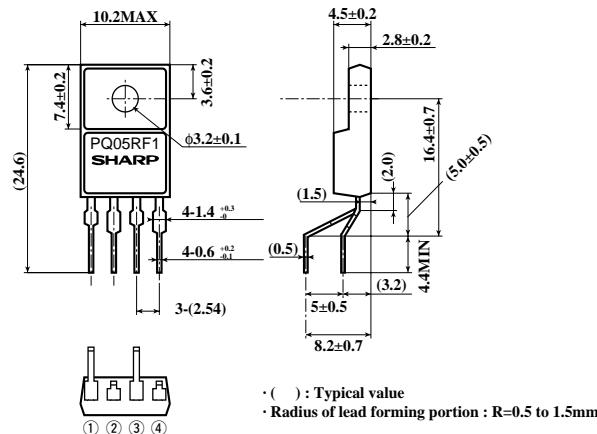
(Note) R<sub>1'</sub> and R<sub>2'</sub> are built in a specific IC.

## ■ Model Line-ups for Lead Forming Type

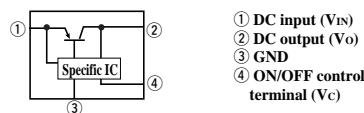
Output voltage	5V output	9V output	12V output
Output voltage precision: $\pm 5\%$	PQ05RF1A	PQ09RF1A	PQ12RF1A
Output voltage precision: $\pm 2.5\%$	PQ05RF1B	PQ09RF1B	PQ12RF1B

## ■ Outline Dimensions (PQ05RF1A/PQ05RF1B series)

(Unit : mm)



Internal connection diagram



Note) The value absolute maximum ratings and electrical characteristics is same as ones of PQ05RF1/11 series.

## ■ Precautions for Use

(1) Minute adjustment of output voltage (PQ05RF1V series)

If the external resistor is attached to the terminals ②, ③ and ④, minute adjustment of output voltage is possible.  
(Refer to the example of basic circuit (PQ05RF1V series) and Fig.5 to 7.)

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