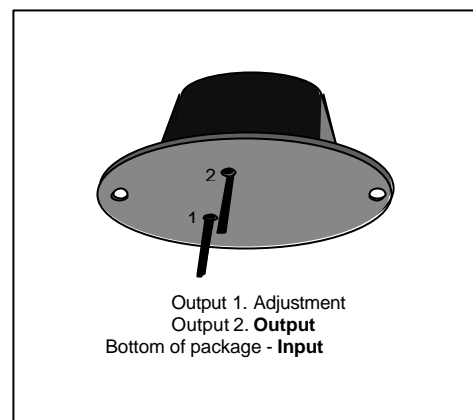


IL1083

IC of adjustable voltage regulator of positive polarity with low residual voltage and load current 7,5 A

IC IL1084 is a powerful adjustable voltage regulator of positive polarity with low residual voltage and load current 7,5 A.

IC of powerful adjustable voltage regulator with low residual voltage lower than 1,5A and reference voltage 1,25 V is purposed for producing constant temperature-stabilized voltage of positive polarity by means of the value set by external resistive divider and used in electronic equipment as a source of stabilized supply.



Properties:

- Reference voltage 1,25V
- Output current up to 7,5 A
- Input-output voltage difference, $U_{IN} - U_O$ up to 30 V
- Residual voltage lower than 1,5 V
- Overload protection
- Embedded temperature protection
- Operation range of chip temperature from 0 up to +125°C.

Table 1 – Description of regulator IC pins in 3-pin package KT-9

Pin No.	Description	Name
01	Adjustment	Adjust
Bottom of package	Output	Output
02	Input	Input



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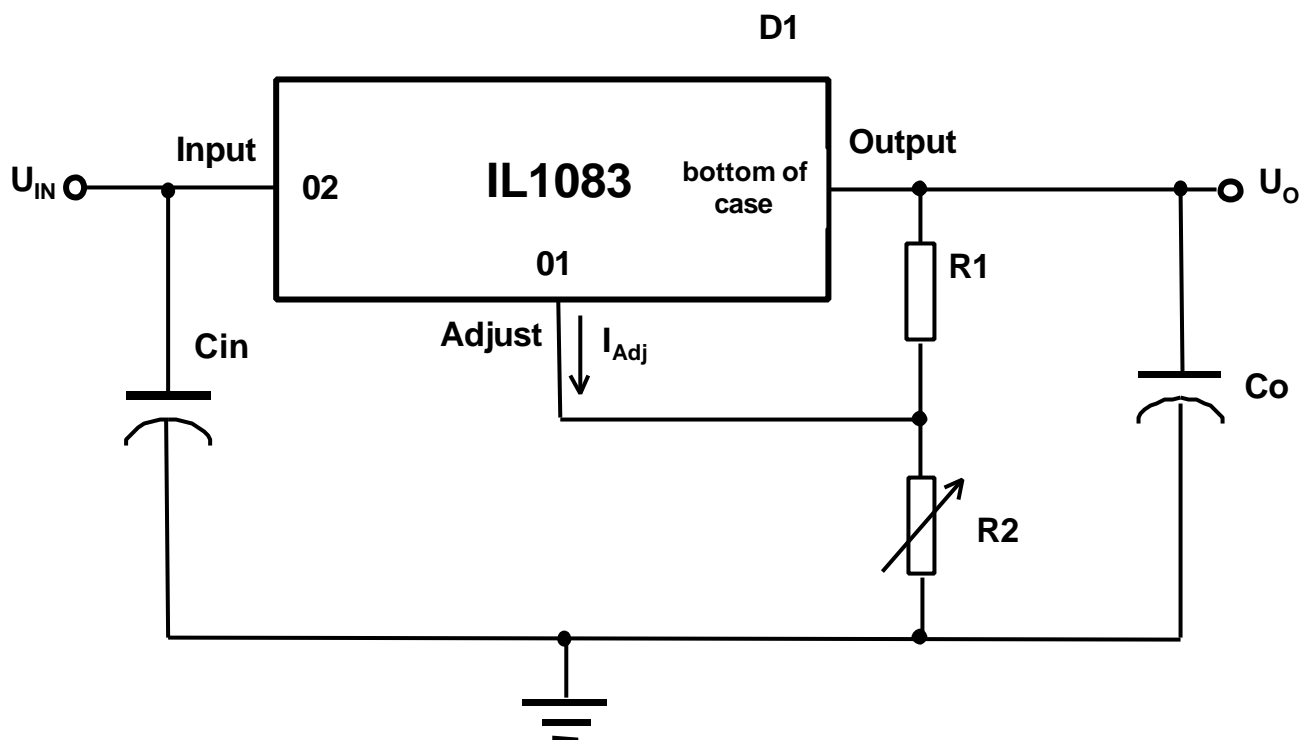
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$\tilde{N}1, \tilde{N}2$ – smoothing capacitors, $C1=10 \text{ mkF}$, $\tilde{N}2=100 \text{ mkF}$ (Ta),

D1 - IC,

R1, R2 - resistors, $R1=121 \hat{\Omega} \pm 1\%$, R2 – adjusted with accuracy 1%.

Output voltage U_o, V , is defined by formula:

$$U_o = U_{ref} \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right) + I_{Adj} R2,$$

Where U_{ref} - reference voltage, V,

I_{Adj} - adjustment current, mA.

Since I_{ADJ} has values not more than 120 mA, inaccuracy dependent on this value for U_o – is minor.

Figure 1 – Connection circuit of adjustable voltage regulator



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TABLE 2 - TABLE OF ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic, measurement unit	Symbol	Measurement mode	Standard		Temperature $T_J, ^\circ\text{C}$
			min	Max	
Reference voltage, V	U_{ref}	$I_o=10\text{mA}$ $(U_{IN} - U_o)=3\text{V}$	1,238	1,262	25 ± 10
		$10\text{mA} \leq I_o \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$	1,225	1,270	$0\div 125$
		$1,5\text{V} \leq (U_{IN} - U_o) \leq 25\text{V}$			
Reference voltage, V	U_{ref}	$I_o=10\text{mA}$ $(U_{IN} - U_o)=3\text{V}$	1,238	1,262	25 ± 10
		$10\text{mA} \leq I_o \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$	1,225	1,270	$0\div 125$
		$1,5\text{V} \leq (U_{IN} - U_o) \leq 25\text{V}$			
Change of output voltage when input voltage changes, %	Regline	$I_o=10\text{mA}$, $1,5\text{V} \leq (U_{IN} - U_o) \leq 15\text{V}$	-	0,2	$0\div 125$
		$I_o=10\text{mA}$, $15\text{V} \leq (U_{IN} - U_o) \leq 30\text{V}$	-	0,5	$0\div 125$
Change of output voltage when load current changes, %	Regload	$(U_{IN} - U_o) = 3\text{V}$ $10\text{mA} \leq I_o \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$	-	0,3	25 ± 10
			-	0,4	$0\div 125$
Residual voltage, V	U_{ds}	$\Delta U_{ref} = 1\%$, $I_o = I_{FULL\ LOAD}$	-	1,5	$0\div 125$
Maximum output current, A	$I_{o\ max}$	$(U_{IN} - U_o) = 5\text{V}$	8,0	-	$0\div 125$
		$(U_{IN} - U_o) = 25\text{V}$	0,4	-	$0\div 125$
Minimum output current, mA	$I_{o\ min}$	$(U_{IN} - U_o) = 25\text{V}$	-	10	$0\div 125$
Thermostabilization, %/W	Regterm	$t_{\text{st}} = 30\text{ms}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0,010	
Pulsation smoothing ratio, dB	RR	$f = 120\text{Hz}$, $\tilde{N}_{Adj} = 25\mu\text{F}$, $\tilde{N}_i = 25\mu\text{F}$ $I_o = I_{FULL\ LOAD}$, $(U_{IN} - U_o) = 3\text{V}$	60	-	$0\div 125$
Adjustment current, mA	I_{Adj}	$10\text{mA} \leq I_o \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$ $1,5\text{V} \leq (U_{IN} - U_o) \leq 25\text{V}$	-	120	$0\div 125$
Change of adjustment current, mA	ΔI_{Adj}	$10\text{mA} \leq I_o \leq I_{FULL\ LOAD}$ $1,5\text{V} \leq (U_{IN} - U_o) \leq 25\text{V}$	-	5	$0\div 125$
Ratio of output voltage temporary instability, %	S	$1000\div$; $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ (when testing)	-	1	25 ± 10

Notes:

1 Measurement of electrical characteristics is carried out when capacitance $\tilde{N}_{IN} = 10\text{mkF}$ is connected to the input and $\tilde{N}_i = 100\text{mkF}$ – to the output;

2 Reference voltage U_{ref} in adjustable regulator is measured between outputs Output and Adjust on resistance R1 (figure 1);

3 Parameters stipulated in table 1 are ensured for constant chip temperature T_J . Measurement of parameters should be performed using heatsink and pulse technique;

4 $I_{FULL\ LOAD}$ – value of maximum output current dependent on input-output voltage difference $(U_{IN} - U_o)$ with power dissipation in package $\dot{Q} = 28 - 30\text{W}$.



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Table 3 - Typical values of electrical characteristics

Characteristic, Measurement unit	Symbol	Measurement mode	Typical value
Adjustment current, mA	I_{Adj}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	55
Temperature ratio of output voltage instability, %	TS	$T_J = 0\div 125^\circ\text{C}$	0,5
Noise voltage on output, (%)	$U_{n\text{ rms}}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $10\ \text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\ \text{kHz}$	0,003

Table 4 - Table of maximum and absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Measure- ment unit	Maximum ratings		Absolute maxi- mum ratings	
		min	max	min	max
Input-output voltage difference, $U_{IN} - U_O$	V	2,77	30	0	31
Chip temperature, \dot{Q}_j	$^\circ\text{C}$	0	125	-65	150
Storage temperature, \dot{Q}_{stg}	$^\circ\text{C}$			-65	150



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