FEATURES

- **1.8-V Phase Lock Loop Clock Driver for Double Data Rate (DDR II) Applications**
- **Spread Spectrum Clock Compatible**
- **Operating Frequency: 10 MHz to 340 MHz**
- **Low Current Consumption: <115 mA**
- **Low Jitter (Cycle-Cycle): ±30 ps**
- **Low Output Skew: 25 ps**
- **Low Period Jitter: ±20 ps**
- **Low Dynamic Phase Offset: ±15 ps**
- **Low Static Phase Offset: ±50 ps**
- **Distributes One Differential Clock Input to Ten Differential Outputs**
- **52-Ball µBGA (MicroStar™ Junior BGA, 0,65-mm pitch)**
- **External Feedback Pins (FBIN, $\overline{\text{FBIN}}$) are Used to Synchronize the Outputs to the Input Clocks**
- **Fail-Safe Inputs**

DESCRIPTION

The CDCU877B is a high-performance, low-jitter, low-skew, zero-delay buffer that distributes a differential clock input pair (CK, $\overline{\text{CK}}$) to ten differential pairs of clock outputs (Yn, $\overline{\text{Yn}}$) and to one differential pair of feedback clock outputs (FBOUT, $\overline{\text{FBOUT}}$). The clock outputs are controlled by the input clocks (CK, $\overline{\text{CK}}$), the feedback clocks (FBIN, $\overline{\text{FBIN}}$), the LVCMOS control pins (OE, OS), and the analog power input (AV_{DD}). When OE is low, the clock outputs, except FBOUT/$\overline{\text{FBOUT}}$, are disabled while the internal PLL continues to maintain its locked-in frequency. OS (output select) is a program pin that must be tied to GND or V_{DD}. When OS is high, OE functions as previously described. When OS and OE are both low, OE has no affect on Y7/$\overline{\text{Y7}}$, they are free running. When AV_{DD} is grounded, the PLL is turned off and bypassed for test purposes.

When both clock inputs (CK, $\overline{\text{CK}}$) are logic low, the device enters in a low power mode. An input logic detection circuit on the differential inputs, independent from input buffers, detects the logic low level and performs in a low power state where all outputs, the feedback, and the PLL are off. When the clock inputs transition from being logic low to being differential signals, the PLL turns back on, the inputs and the outputs are enabled, and the PLL obtains phase lock between the feedback clock pair (FBIN, $\overline{\text{FBIN}}$) and the clock input pair (CK, $\overline{\text{CK}}$) within the specified stabilization time.

The CDCU877B is able to track spread spectrum clocking (SSC) for reduced EMI. This device operates from —40°C to 85°C.

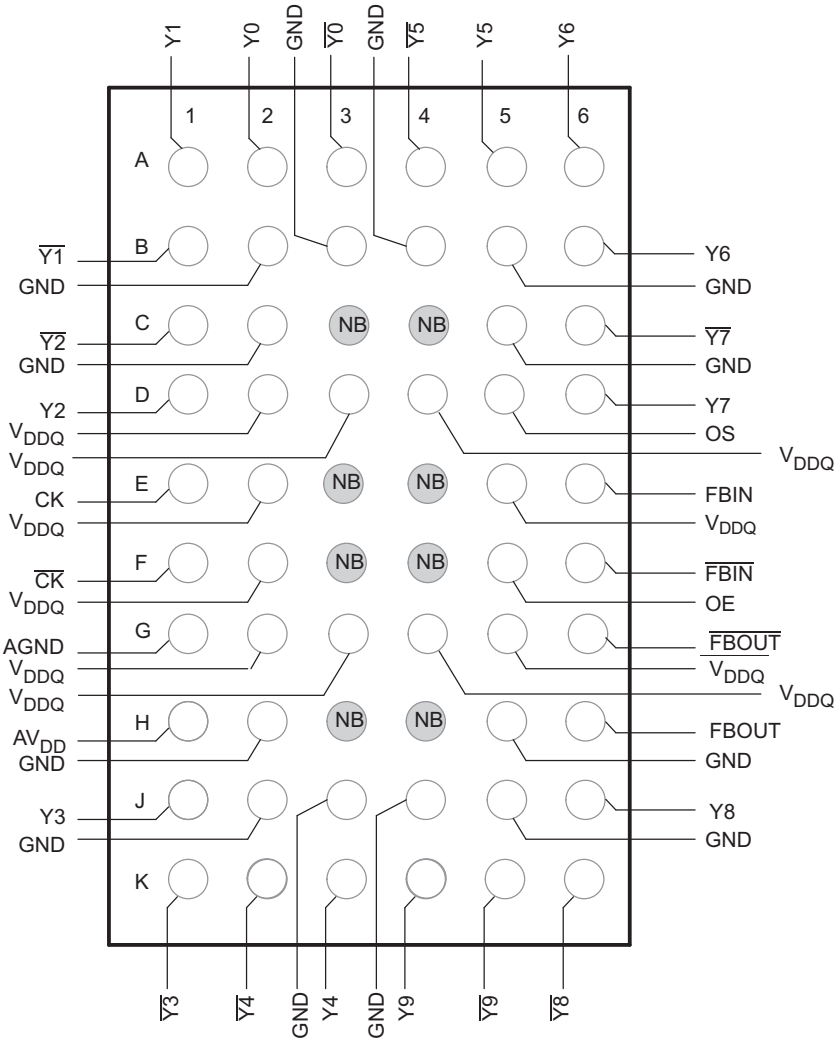
ORDERING INFORMATION

T_A	52-BALL BGA (1)
-40°C to 70°C	CDCU877BZQL

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

MicroStar Junior (ZQL) Package
(TOP VIEW)



A. NC = No Connection

B. NB = No Ball

TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

TERMINAL		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
AGND	G1		Analog ground
AV_{DD}	H1		Analog power
CK	E1	I	Clock input with a (10 kΩ to 100 kΩ) pulldown resistor
$\overline{CK}$	F1	I	Complementary clock input with a (10 kΩ to 100 kΩ) pulldown resistor
FBIN	E6	I	Feedback clock input
$\overline{FBIN}$	F6	I	Complementary feedback clock input
FBOUT	H6	O	Feedback clock output
$\overline{FBOUT}$	G6	O	Complementary feedback clock output
OE	F5	I	Output enable (asynchronous)
OS	D5	I	Output select (tied to GND or V_{DD})
GND	B2, B3, B4, B5, C2, C5, H2, H5, J2, J3, J4, J5		Ground
V_{DDQ}	D2, D3, D4, E2, E5, F2, G2, G3, G4, G5		Logic and output power
Y[0:9]	A2, A1, D1, J1, K3, A5, A6, D6, J6, K4	O	Clock outputs
$\overline{Y[0:9]}$	A3, B1, C1, K1, K2, A4, B6, C6, K6, K5	O	Complementary clock outputs

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS					OUTPUTS				
AVDD	OE	OS	CK	$\overline{CK}$	Y	$\overline{Y}$	FBOUT	$\overline{FBOUT}$	PLL
GND	H	X	L	H	L	H	L	H	Bypassed/Off
GND	H	X	H	L	H	L	H	L	Bypassed/Off
GND	L	H	L	H	L_Z	L_Z	L	H	Bypassed/Off
GND	L	L	H	L	L_Z Y7 Active	L_Z $\overline{Y7}$ Active	H	L	Bypassed/Off
1.8 V Nominal	L	H	L	H	L_Z	L_Z	L	H	On
1.8 V Nominal	L	L	H	L	L_Z Y7 Active	L_Z $\overline{Y7}$ Active	H	L	On
1.8 V Nominal	H	X	L	H	L	H	L	H	On
1.8 V Nominal	H	X	H	L	H	L	H	L	On
1.8 V Nominal	X	X	L	L	L_Z	L_Z	L_Z	L_Z	Off
X	X	X	H	H	Reserved				

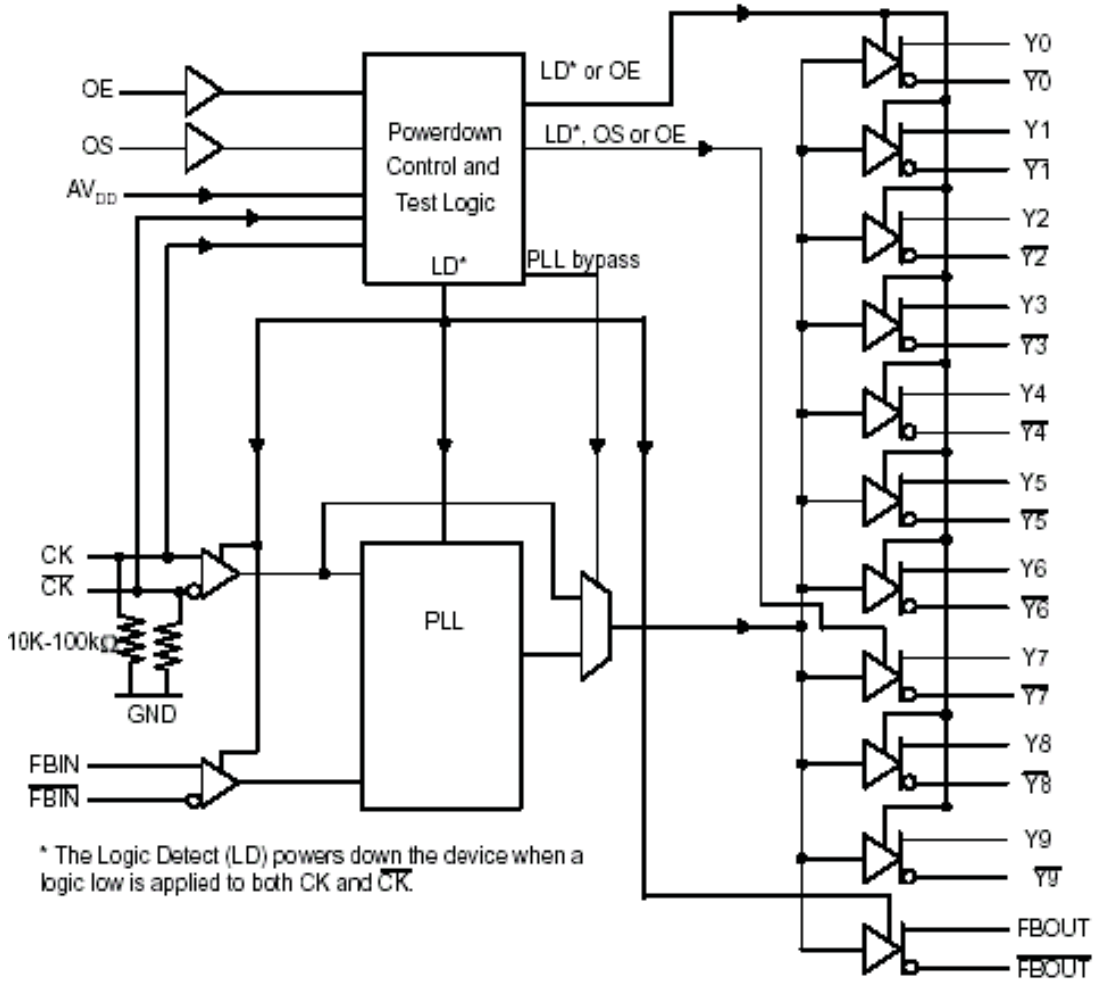


Figure 1. LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)

Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage range	V_{DDQ} or AV_{DD}	–0.5	2.5	V
V_I	Input voltage range(2)(3)	V_I	–0.5	2.5	V
V_O	Output voltage range(2)(3)	V_O	–0.5	V_{CC} + 0.5	V
I_{IK}	Input clamp current	$V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{DDQ}$		±50	mA
I_{OK}	Output clamp current	$V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{DDQ}$		±50	mA
I_O	Continuous output current	$V_O = 0$ to V_{DDQ}		±50	mA
	Continuous current through each V_{DDQ} or GND			±100	mA
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		–65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
(2) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(3) This value is limited to 2.5 V maximum.

Recommended Operating Conditions

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Output supply voltage, V_{DDQ}		1.7	1.8	1.9	V
	Supply Voltage, AV_{DD}			V_{DDQ}		V
V_I	Input voltage(1)				V_{CC}	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage(2)	OE, OS			0.35 x V_{DDQ}	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage(2)	CK, $\overline{CK}$	0.65 x V_{DDQ}			V
I_{OH}	High-level output current				-9	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current (see Figure 2)				9	mA
V_{IX}	Input differential-pair cross voltage (see Figure 2)		(V_{DDQ}/2) - 0.15		(V_{DDQ}/2) + 0.15	V
V_I	Input voltage level		-0.3		V_{DDQ} + 0.3	V
V_{ID}	Input differential voltage(2) (see Figure 9)	DC	0.3		V_{DDQ} + 0.4	V
		AC	0.63		V_{DDQ} + 0.4	V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature		-40		85	°C

(1) The PLL is turned off and bypassed for test purposes when AV_{DD} is grounded. During this test mode, V_{DDQ} remains within the recommended operating conditions and no timing parameters are specified.
(2) V_{ID} is the magnitude of the difference between the input level on CK and the input level on $\overline{CK}$, see Figure 9 for definition. The CK and $\overline{CK}$, V_{IH} and V_{IL} limits define the dc low and high levels for the logic detect state.

Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	AV_{DD}, V_{DDQ}	MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
V_{IK}	Input		I_I = 18 mA	1.7			-1.2	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage		I_{OH} = –100 µA	1.7 to 1.9	V_{DDQ} – 0.2			V
			I_{OH} = –9 mA	1.7	1.1			
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage		I_{OL} = 100 µA				0.1	V
			I_{OL} = 9 mA	1.7			0.6	
$I_{O(DL)}$	Low-level output current, dissabled		$V_{O(DL)}$ = 100 mV, OE = L	1.7	100			µA
V_{OD}	Differential output voltage(1)			1.7	0.5			V
I_I	Input current	CK, $\overline{CK}$		1.9			±250	µA
		OE, OS, FBIN, $\overline{FBIN}$		1.9			±10	
$I_{DD(LD)}$	Supply current, static (I_{DDQ} + I_{ADD})		CK and $\overline{CK}$ = L	1.9			500	µA
I_{DD}	Supply current, dynamic (I_{DDQ} + I_{ADD}) (see Note (2) for CPD calculation)		CK and $\overline{CK}$ = 270 MHz. All outputs are open (not connected to a PCB)	1.9			115	mA
			All outputs are loaded with 2 pF and 120-Ω termination resistor	1.9			215	
			All outputs are loaded with 10 pF and 120-Ω termination resistor	1.9			235	
C_I	Input capacitance	CK, $\overline{CK}$	V_I = V_{DD} or GND	1.8	2		3	pF
		FBIN, $\overline{FBIN}$		1.8	2		3	
$C_{I(\Delta)}$	Change in input current	CK, $\overline{CK}$	V_I = V_{DD} or GND	1.8			0.25	
		FBIN, $\overline{FBIN}$		1.8			0.25	

(1) V_{OD} is the magnitude of the difference between the true and complimentary outputs. See Figure 9 for a definition.
(2) Total I_{DD} = I_{DDQ} + I_{ADD} = $f_{CK} \times C_{PD} \times V_{DDQ}$, solving for C_{PD} = (I_{DDQ} + I_{ADD})/($f_{CK} \times V_{DDQ}$) where f_{CK} is the input frequency, V_{DDQ} is the power supply, and C_{PD} is the power dissipation capacitance.

Timing Requirements(1)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f_{CK}	Clock frequency (operating)(1)(2)	AV_{DD}, V_{DD} = 1.8 V ±0.1 V	10	340	MHz
	Clock frequency (application)(1)(3)		160	340	MHz
t_{DC}	Duty cycle, input clock		40%	60%	
t_L	Stabiliztion time (4)			12	µs

(1) The PLL must be able to handle spread spectrum induced skew.
(2) Operating clock frequency indicates a range over which the PLL must be able to lock, but in which it is not required to meet the other timing parameters (used for low speed system debug).
(3) Application clock frequency indicates a range over which the PLL must meet all timing parameters.
(4) Stabilization time is the time required for the integrated PLL circuit to obtain phase lock of its feedback signal to its reference signal after power up. During normal operation, the stabilization time is also the time required for the integrated PLL circuit to obtain phase lock of its feedback signal to its reference signal when CK and $\overline{CK}$ go to a logic low state, enter the power-down mode and later return to active operation. CK and $\overline{CK}$ may be left floating after they have been driven low for one complete clock cycle.

Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see (1)) AV_{DD}, V_{DD} = 1.8 V ± 0.1 V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{en}	Enable time, OE to any Y/$\overline{Y}$	See Figure 11			8	ns
t_{dis}	Disable time, OE to any Y/$\overline{Y}$	See Figure 11			8	ns
$t_{jit(cc+)}$ $t_{jit(cc-)}$	Cycle-to-cycle period jitter(2)	160 MHz to 200 MHz, see Figure 4	0		±40	ps
		200 MHz to 270 MHz, see Figure 4	0		±35	
		270 MHz to 340 MHz, see Figure 4	0		±30	
$t_{(\omega)}$	Static phase offset time(3)	See Figure 5	-50		50	ps
$t_{(\omega)dyn}$	Dynamic phase offset time	See Figure 10	-15		15	ps
$t_{sk(o)}$	Output clock skew	See Figure 6			25	ps
$t_{jit(per)}$	Period jitter (4)(2)	160 MHz to 200 MHz, see Figure 7	-30		30	ps
		201 MHz to 340 MHz, see Figure 7	-20		20	
$t_{jit(hper)}$	Half-period jitter(4)(2)	160 MHz to 190 MHz, see Figure 8		±90		ps
		190 MHz to 250 MHz, see Figure 8		±60		
		250 MHz to 340 MHz, see Figure 8		±40		
SR	Slew rate, OE	See Figure 9	0.5			V/ns
	Input clock slew rate	See Figure 9	1	2.5	4	
	Output clock slew rate(5)(6) (no load)	See Figure 9 and Figure 13	1.5	2.5	3	
V_{OX}	Output differential-pair cross voltage (7)	See Figure 2	(V_{DDQ}/2) - 0.1		(V_{DDQ}/2) + 0.1	V
	SSC modulation frequency		30		33	kHz
	SSC clock input frequency deviation		0%		-0.5%	
	PLL loop bandwidth		2			MHz

(1) There are two different terminations that are used with the following tests. The load/board in Figure 2 is used to measure the input and output differential-pair cross voltage only. The load/board in Figure 3 is used to measure all other tests. For consistency, equal length cables must be used.
(2) This parameter is specifieded by design and characterization.
(3) Phase static offset time does not include jitter.
(4) Period jitter, half-period jitter specifications are separate specifications that must be met independently of each other.
(5) The output slew rate is determined from the IBIS model with a 120-Ω load only.
(6) To eliminate the impact of input slew rates on static phase offset, the input slew rates of reference clock input CK and $\overline{CK}$ and feedback clock inputs FBIN and $\overline{FBIN}$ are recommended to be nearly equal. The 2.5-V/ns skew rates are shown as a recommended target. Compliance with these typical values is not mandatory if it can adequately shown that alternative characteristics meet the requirements of the registered DDR2 DIMM application.
(7) Output differential-pair cross voltage specified at the DRAM clock input or the test load.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

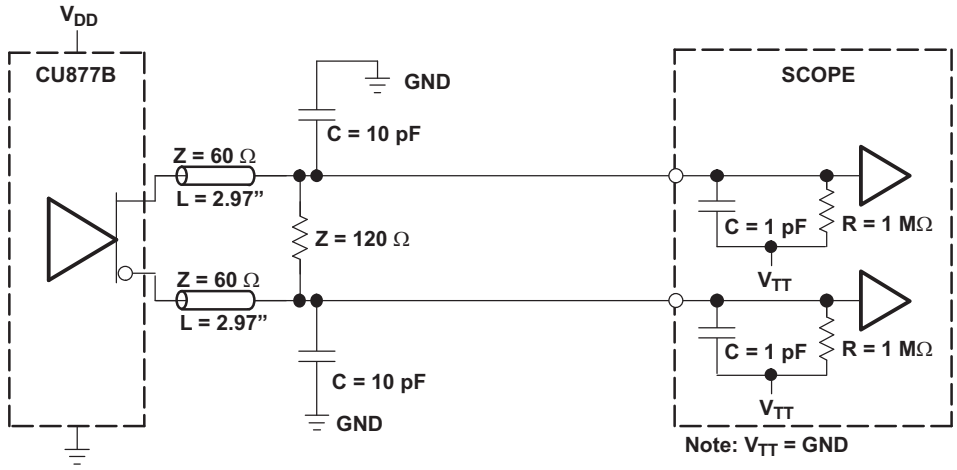


Figure 2. Output Load Test Circuit 1

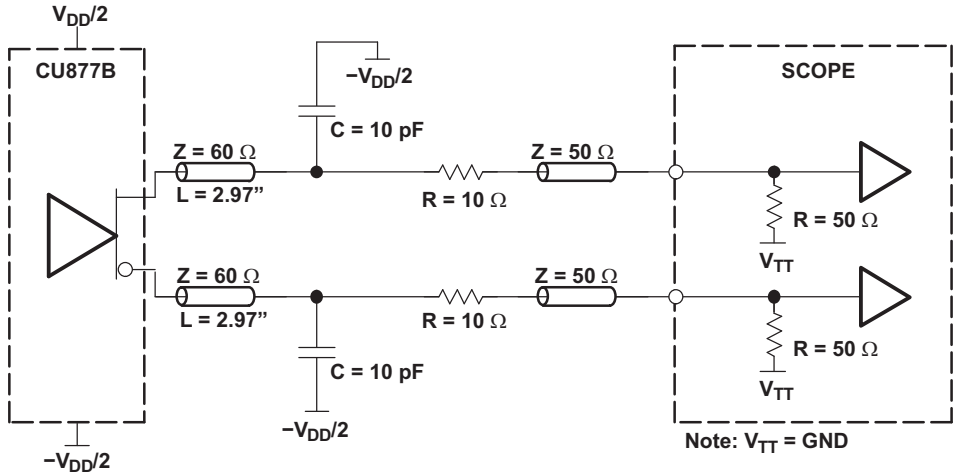


Figure 3. Output Load Test Circuit 2

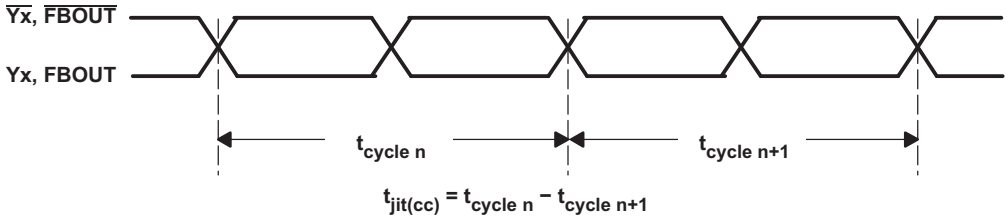


Figure 4. Cycle-To-Cycle Period Jitter

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

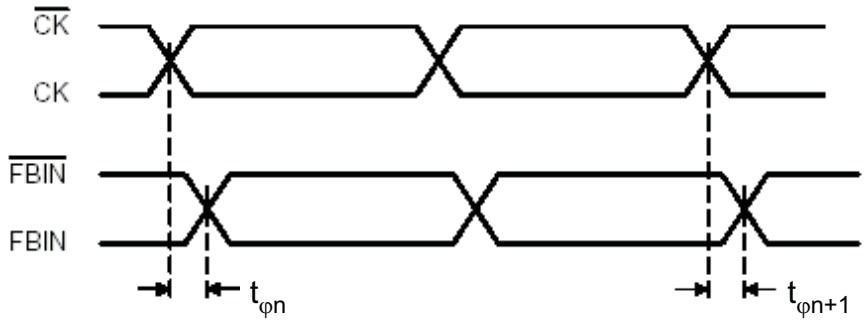


Figure 5. Static Phase Offset

$$t\varphi = \frac{\sum_{1}^{n=N} t\varphi n}{N} \quad (1)$$

(N is the large number of samples)

(N > 1000 samples)

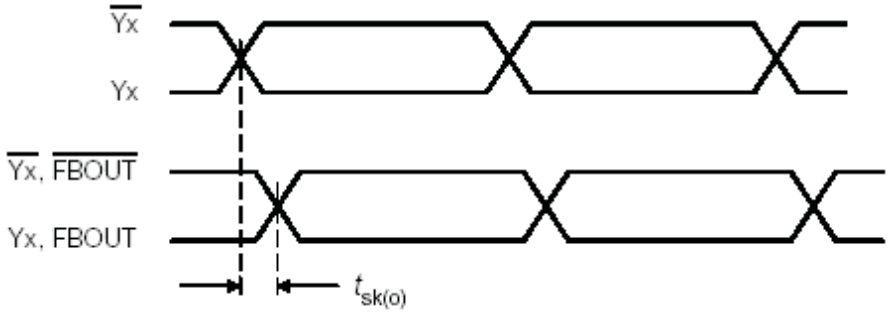


Figure 6. Output Skew

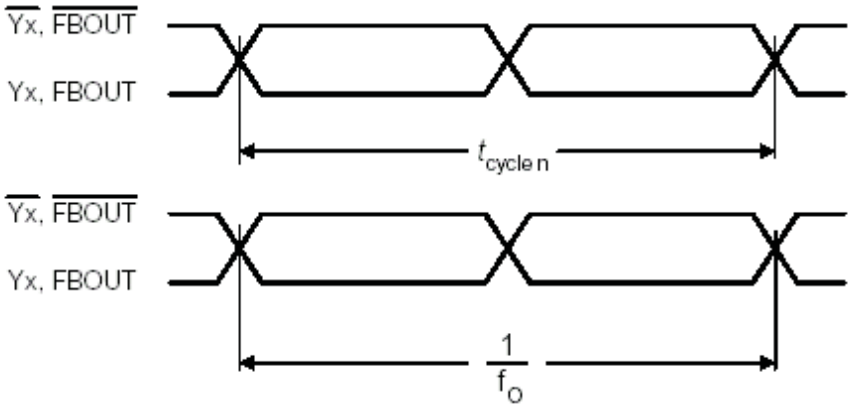


Figure 7. Period Jitter

$$t_{jit(per)} = t_{cycle\ n} - \frac{1}{f_O} \quad (2)$$

(f_o average input frequency measured at CK/$\overline{CK}$

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

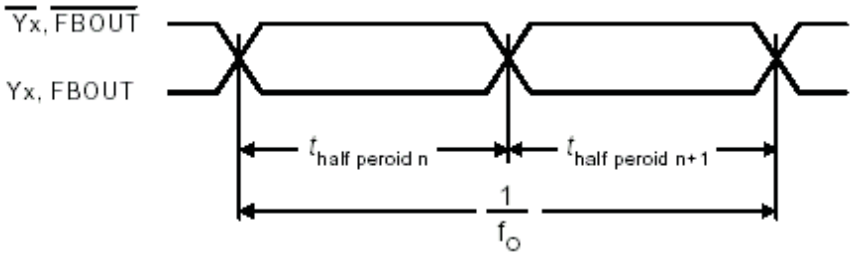


Figure 8. Half-Period Jitter

$$t_{jit(hper)} = t_{half\ period\ n} - \frac{1}{2 \times f_O} \quad (3)$$

n = any half cycle

(f_O average input frequency measured at CK/$\overline{CK}$

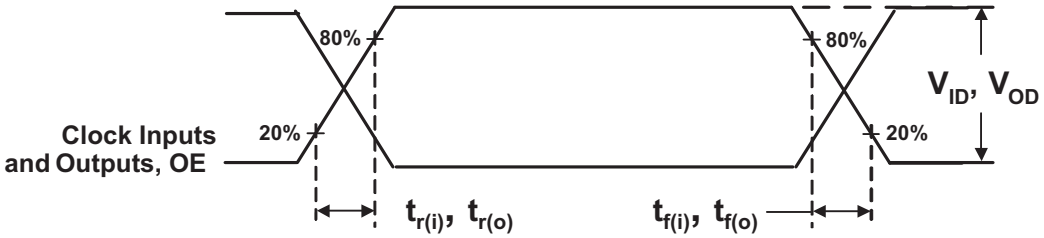


Figure 9. Input and Output Slew Rates

$$slrr_{(i/o)} = \frac{V_{80\%} - V_{20\%}}{t_{r(i/o)}} \qquad slrf_{(i/o)} = \frac{V_{80\%} - V_{20\%}}{t_{f(i/o)}} \quad (4)$$

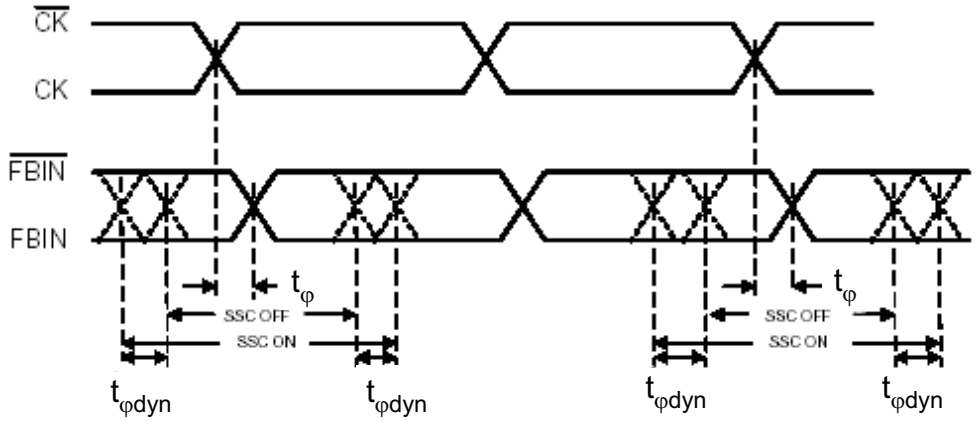


Figure 10. Dynamic Phase Offset

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

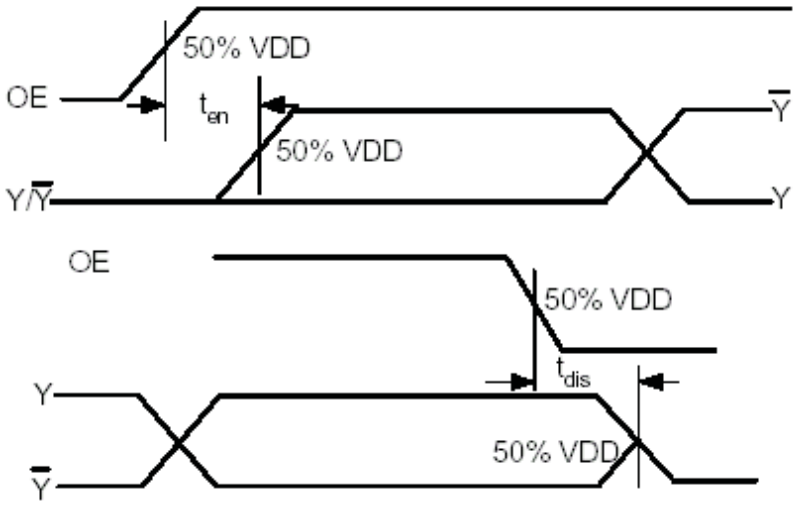
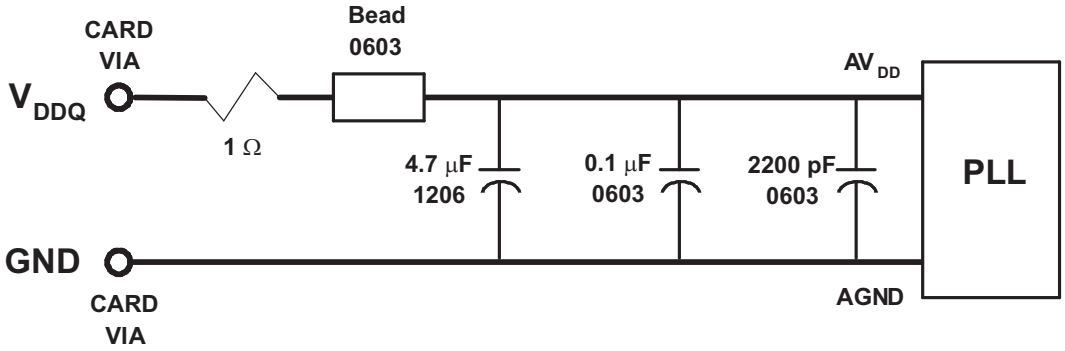


Figure 11. Time Delay Between OE and Clock Output (Y, $\overline{Y}$)

RECOMMENDED AV_{DD} FILTERING



A. Place the 2200-pF capacitor close to the PLL.

B. Use a wide trace for the PLL analog power and ground. Connect PLL and capacitors to AGND trace and connect trace to one GND via (farthest from the PLL).

C. Recommended bead: Fair-Rite PN 2506036017Y0 or equilvalent (0.8 Ω dc maximum, 600 Ω at 100 MHz).

Figure 12. Recommended AV_{DD} Filtering

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

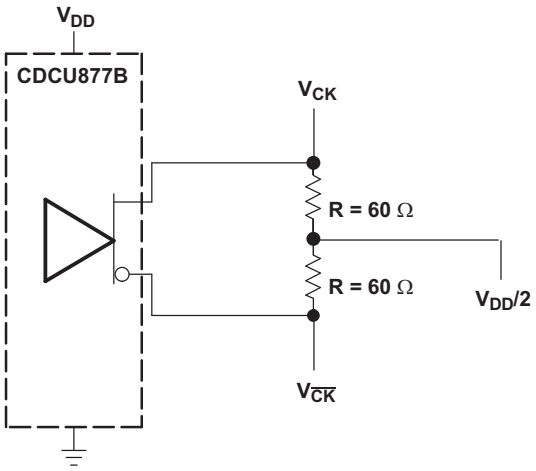


Figure 13.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
CDCU877BZQLR	ACTIVE	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZQL	52	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
CDCU877BZQLT	ACTIVE	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZQL	52	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

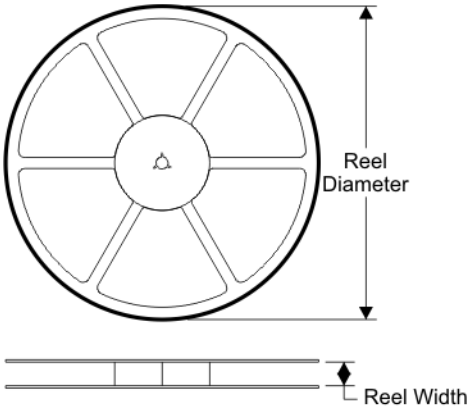
(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

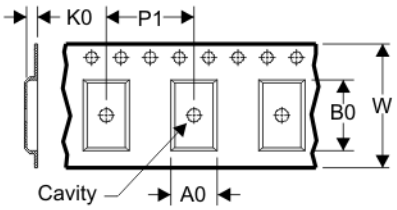
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

TAPE AND REEL BOX INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

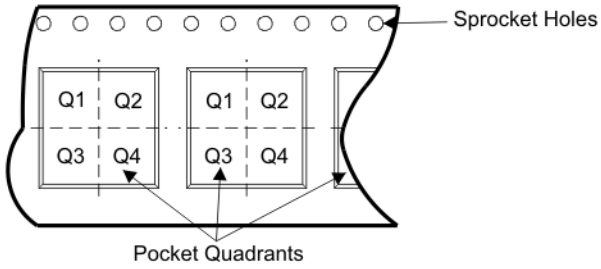


TAPE DIMENSIONS



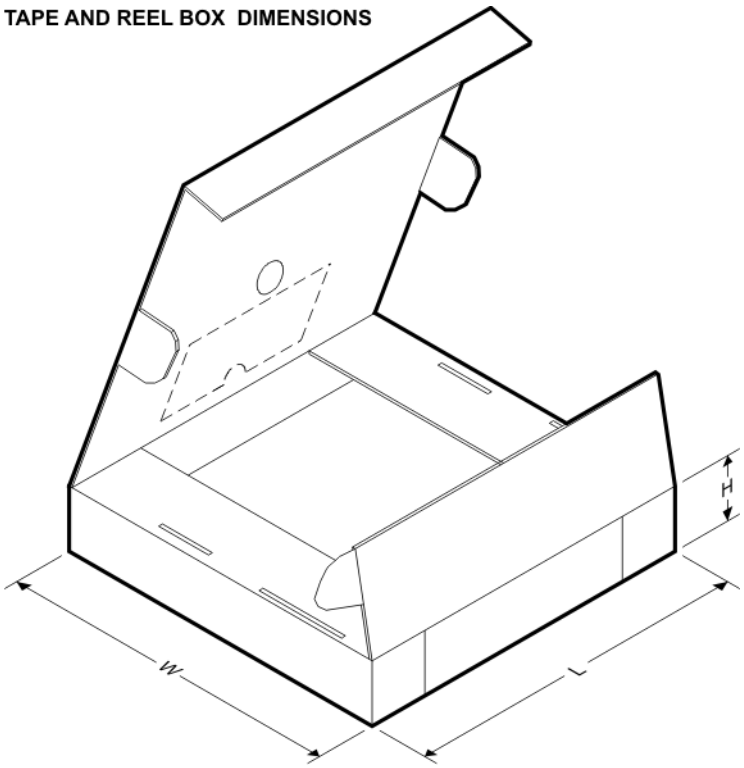
A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



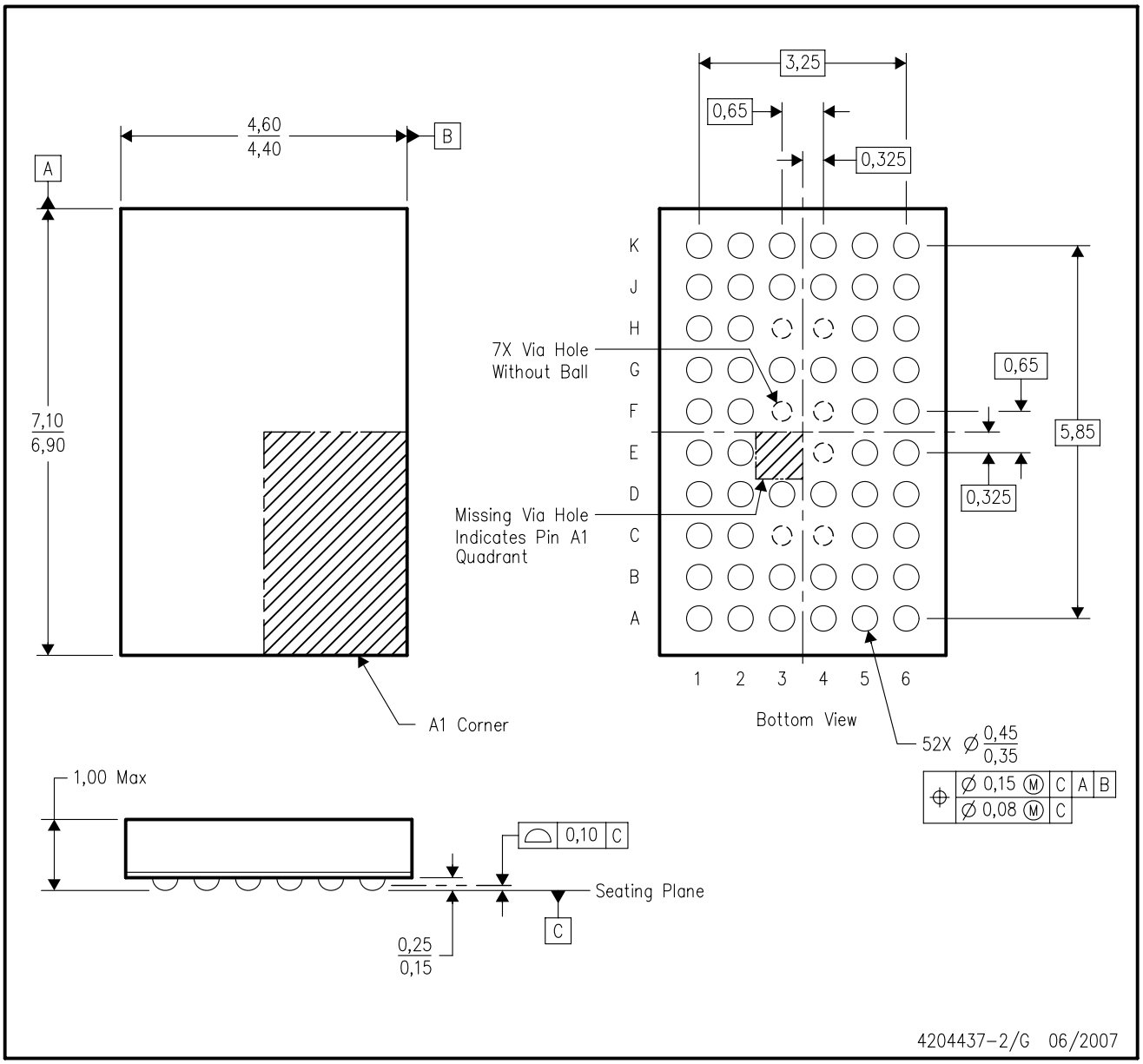
Device	Package	Pins	Site	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CDCU877BZQLR	ZQL	52	SITE 60	330	16	4.8	7.3	1.5	8	16	Q1
CDCU877BZQLT	ZQL	52	SITE 60	330	16	4.8	7.3	1.5	8	16	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



Device	Package	Pins	Site	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CDCU877BZQLR	ZQL	52	SITE 60	342.9	345.9	28.58
CDCU877BZQLT	ZQL	52	SITE 60	342.9	345.9	28.58

ZQL (R–PBGA–N52) PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M–1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Falls within JEDEC MO–285 variation BA–2.
D. This package is lead–free. Refer to the 52 GQL package (drawing 4200583) for tin–lead (SnPb).

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