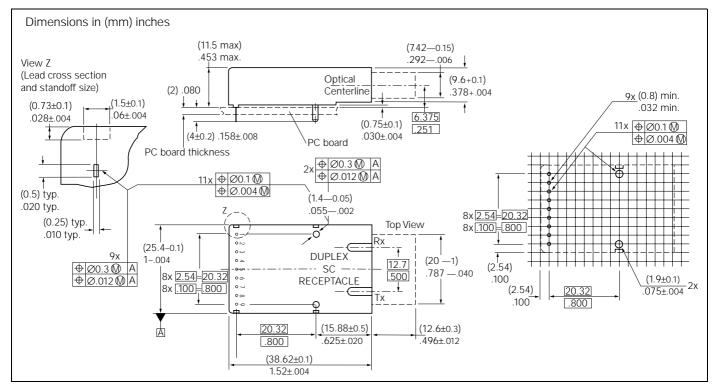


V23809-E11-C10

Single Mode 1300 nm ESCON® 1x9 Transceiver





FEATURES

- Compliant with IBM ESCON® single mode standard
- · Compact integrated transceiver unit with
 - MQW laser diode transmitter
 - InGaAs PIN photodiode receiver
 - Duplex SC receptacle
- FDA Class 1 laser safety compliant under normal operating conditions
- FDA Accession No. 9520890-7
- · IEC Class 1 laser safety compliant
- Single power supply (5 V)
- · Signal detect indicator
- · PECL differential inputs and outputs
- · Process plug included
- Wave solderable and washable with process plug inserted
- · Industry standard multisource 1x9 footprint

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

Package Power Dissipation ⁽¹⁾	1.5 W
Supply Voltage (V _{CC} –V _{EE})	6 V
Data Input Levels	V _{CC} +0.5 V
Differential Data Input Voltage	2.5 V
Operating Ambient Temperature	0°C to 70°C
Storage Ambient Temperature	40°C to 85°C
Soldering Conditions, Temp/Time	
(MIL-STD 883C, Method 2003)	250°C/5.5s

Note

1. For V_{CC}–V_{EE} (min., max.). 50% duty cycle. The supply current does not include the load drive current of the receiver output. Add max. 45 mA for the three outputs. Load is 50 Ω to V_{CC}–2 V.

ESCON® is a registered trademark of IBM.

Fiber Optics JANUARY 2000

DESCRIPTION

This data sheet describes the Infineon single mode ESCON transceiver.

The Infineon single mode ESCON transceiver is a single unit comprised of a transmitter, a receiver, and an SC duplex single mode receptacle. 1300 nm long wavelength technology is combined with the well-established 1x9 industry standard footprint. This design frees the customer from many alignment and PC board layout concerns.

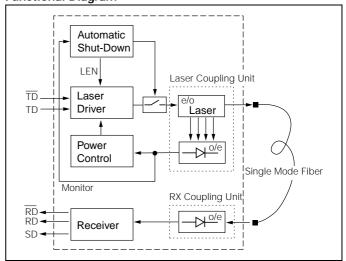
The system is compatible with the IBM single mode ESCON standard and the upcoming SBCON standard of ANSI. Based on laser technology and single mode fiber, the link can be extended up to 20 Km and beyond.

This transceiver operates at 200 Mbit/s from a single power supply (+5 Volt). The full differential data inputs and outputs are PECL compatible. It is designed to be encoded with 8B/10B signal layers.

Functional Description

This transceiver is designed to transmit serial data via single mode cable.

Functional Diagram



The receiver component converts the optical serial data into PECL compatible electrical data (RD and RDnot). The Signal Detect (SD, active high) shows whether optical data is present⁽¹⁾.

The transmitter converts PECL compatible electrical serial data (TD and TDnot) into optical serial data. It contains a laser driver circuit that drives the modulation and bias current of the laser diode. The currents are controlled by a power control circuit to guarantee a constant output power of the laser over temperature and aging.

The power control uses the output of the monitor PIN diode (mechanically built into the laser coupling unit) as a controlling signal, to prevent the laser power from exceeding the operating limits.

This module is a Class 1 laser product, due to an integrated automatic shutdown circuit that disables the laser when it detects transmitter failures.

The transceiver contains a supervisory circuit to monitor the power supply. This circuit makes an internal reset signal whenever the supply voltage drops below the reset threshold. It keeps the reset signal active for at least 140 milliseconds after the voltage has risen above the reset threshold. During this time the laser is inactive.

Note

 We recommend to switch off the transmitter supply (V_{CC}-Tx) if no transmitter input data is applied.

TECHNICAL DATA

The electro-optical characteristics described in the following tables are valid only for use under the recommended operating conditions.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Ambient Temperature	T _{AMB}	0		70	°C
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC} -V _{EE}	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Supply Current ⁽¹⁾	Icc		150	270	mA
Transmitter	•	•	•	•	
Data Input High Voltage	V _{IH} -V _{CC}	-1165		-880	mV
Data Input Low Voltage	V _{IL} -V _{CC}	-1810		-1475	
Input Data Rise/Fall Time, 10%–90%	t _R , t _F	0.4		1.3	ns
Receiver					
Output Current	IO			25	mA
Input Center Wavelength	λ _C	1260		1360	nm

Note

1. For V_{CC} – V_{EE} (min., max.). 50% duty cycle. The supply current does not include the load drive current of the receiver output. Add max. 45 mA for the three outputs. Load is 50 Ω to V_{CC} –2 V.

Transmitter Electro-Optical Characteristics

Transmitter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Power (Average)	PO	-8	-6	-3	dBm
Center Wavelength	IC	1261		1360	nm
Spectral Width (FWHM)	Δ_{l}		2.4	7.6	
Output Rise Time	t _R	0.6		2.2	ns
Output Fall Time	t _F				
Extinction Ratio (dynamic)	ER	8.2			dB
Eye Diagram ⁽¹⁾					

Note

 Transmitter meets ANSI T1E1.2, SONET OC-3, and ITU-T G.957 mask patterns.

Receiver Electro-Optical Characteristics

Receiver	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Sensitivity (Average Power) ⁽¹⁾	P _{IN}		-38	-35	dBm
Saturation (Average Power)	P _{SAT}	-3			
Signal Detect Assert Level ⁽²⁾	P _{SDA}		-40.5	-38	
Signal Detect Deassert Level ⁽³⁾	P _{SDD}	-45	-42		
Signal Detect Hysteresis	P _{SDA} - P _{SDD}	1	1.5	3	dB
Output Low Voltage ⁽⁴⁾	V _{OL} -V _{CC}	-1950		-1630	mV
Output High Voltage ⁽⁴⁾	V _{OH} -V _{CC}	-1025		-735	
Output Data Rise/Fall Time, 10%-90%	t _R , t _F			1.3	ns
Output SD Rise/Fall Time ⁽⁵⁾				40	

Notes

- Minimum average optical power at which the BER is less than 1 x 10⁻¹⁰ or lower. Measured with a 2²³–1 NRZ PRBS as recommended by ANSI T1E1.2, SONET OC-3, and ITU-T G.957.
- An increase in optical power of data signal above the specified level will cause the SIGNAL DETECT to switch from a Low state to a High state.
- A decrease in optical power of data signal below the specified level will cause the SIGNAL DETECT to switch from a High state to a Low state
- 4. PECL compatible. Load is 50 Ω into V_{CC}-2 V. Measured under DC conditions at 25°C. For dynamic measurements a tolerance of 50 mV should be added. V_{CC}=5 V.
- 5. PECL compatible. A high level on this output shows that optical data is applied to the optical input.

Pin Description

Pin Name		Level	Pin #	Description
RxV _{EE}	Rx Ground	Power Supply	1	Negative power supply, normally ground
RD	Rx Output Data	PECL Output	2	Receiver output data
RDn	Rx Output Data	PECL Output	3	Inverted receiver output data
SD	Rx Signal Detect	PECL Output active high	4	A high level on this output shows that optical data is applied to the optical input.
RxV _{CC}	Rx +5 V	Power Supply	5	Positive power supply, +5 V
TxV _{CC}	Tx +5 V	Power Supply	6	Positive power supply, +5 V
TDn	Tx Input Data	PECL Input	7	Inverted transmitter input data
TD	Tx Input Data	PECL Input	8	Transmitter input data
TxV _{EE}	Tx Ground	Power Supply	9	Negative power supply, normally ground
	Stud Pin	Mech. Support	S1/2	Stud connected to V _{EE}

Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Standard	Comments
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD 883C Method 3015.4	Class 1 (>1000 V)
Immunity: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Duplex SC Receptacle	EN 61000-4-2 IEC 61000-4-2	Discharges of ±15kV with an air discharge probe on the receptacle cause no damage.
Immunity: Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	EN 61000-4-3 IEC 61000-4-3	With a field strength of 10 V/m rms, noise frequency ranges from 10 MHz to 1 GHz. No effect on transceiver performance between the specification limits.
Emission: Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Class B EN 55022 Class B CISPR 22	Noise frequency range: 30 MHz to 1 GHz

EYE SAFETY

This laser based single mode transceiver is a Class 1 product. It complies with IEC 60825-1 and FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11.

To meet laser safety requirements the transceiver shall be operated within the Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Caution

All adjustments have been made at the factory prior to shipment of the devices. No maintenance or alteration to the device is required.

Tampering with or modifying the performance of the device will result in voided product warranty.

Do not view into the open optical port for more than 60 seconds.

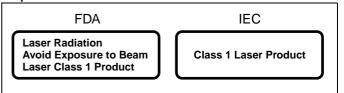
Note

Failure to adhere to the above restrictions could result in a modification that is considered an act of "manufacturing," and will require, under law, recertification of the modified product with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (ref. 21 CFR 1040.10 (i)).

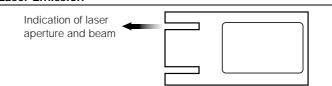
Laser Data

Wavelength	1300 nm
Total output power (as defined by IEC: 50 mm aperture at 10 cm distance)	5 mW
Total output power (as defined by FDA: 7 mm aperture at 20 cm distance)	325 μW
Beam divergence	4°

Required Labels

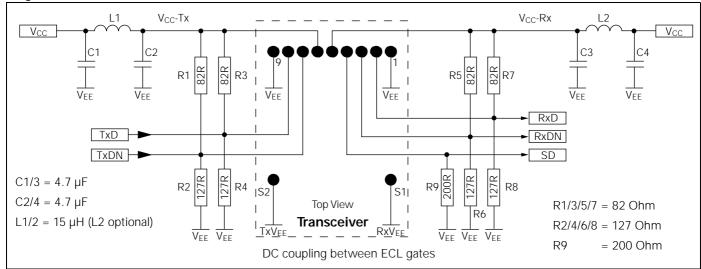


Laser Emission



APPLICATION NOTE

Single Mode ESCON® 1x9 Transceiver



^{*} Recommended choke is Siemens Matsushita B78108-S1153-K or B78148-S1153-K (Q_{min}=60, max. DC resistance=0.6 Ohm).

The power supply filtering is required for good EMI performance. Use short tracks from the inductor L1/L2 to the module V_{CC} -RX/ V_{CC} -TX. A V_{EE} plane under the module is required for good EMI and sensitivity performance. Studs should be connected to this V_{EE} plane.

The transceiver contains an automatic shutdown circuit. Reset is only possible if the power is turned off, and then on again. $V_{CC}TX$ switched below V_{TH} .

Further application notes for electrical interfacing are available upon request. Ask for Appnote 82.

Application board available on request.

Published by Infineon Technologies AG

© Infineon Technologies AG 1999 All Rights Reserved

Attention please!

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein. Infineon Technologies is an approved CECC manufacturer.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact the Infineon Technologies offices or our Infineon Technologies Representatives worldwide - see our webpage at

www.infineon.com/fiberoptics

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your Infineon Technologies offices

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.