

## CMOS 8-bit Single Chip Microcomputer

### Description

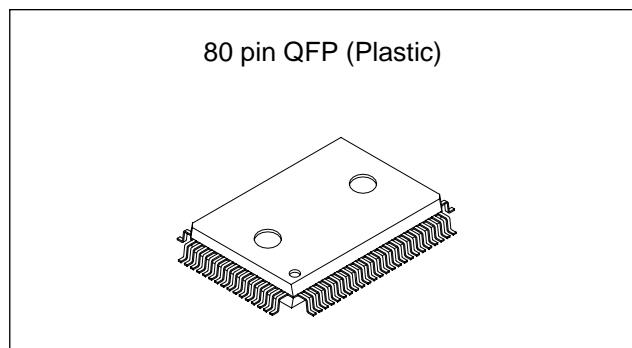
The CXP829P60 is a CMOS 8-bit single chip microcomputer integrating on a single chip an A/D converter, serial interface, timer/counter, time base timer, fluorescent display panel controller/driver, I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface, remote control transmission circuit, remote control reception circuit, and 32kHz timer/counter besides the basic configurations of 8-bit CPU, PROM, RAM, and I/O port.

This LSI also provides sleep/stop functions which enable to lower power consumption.

The CXP829P60 is the PROM-incorporated version of the CXP82960 with built-in mask ROM, and it is able to write directly into the program. Thus, it is most suitable for evaluation use during system development and for small-quantity production.

### Features

- Wide-range instruction system (213 instructions) to cover various types of data
  - 16-bit arithmetic/multiplication and division/boolean bit operation instructions
- Minimum instruction cycle
  - 250ns at 16MHz operation  
(122μs at 32kHz operation)
- Incorporated PROM capacity
  - 60K bytes
- Incorporated RAM capacity
  - 2048 bytes (including fluorescent display area)
- Peripheral functions
  - A/D converter
    - 8 bits, 8 channels, successive approximation method  
(Conversion time of 20μs/16MHz)
  - Serial interface
    - Buffer RAM incorporated (Auto transfer for 1 to 32 bytes), 1 channel
    - 8-bit, 8-stage FIFO incorporated  
(Auto transfer for 1 to 8 bytes), 1 channel
  - Timers
    - 8-bit timer, 8-bit timer/counter, 19-bit time base timer
    - 32kHz timer/counter
  - Fluorescent display panel controller/driver
    - High voltage drive output port of 28 pins (40V)
    - Maximum of 196 segments display possible
    - 1 to 16-digit dynamic display
    - Dimmer function
    - On-chip incorporated pull-down resistor
    - Hardware key scan function
    - Maximum of 12 × 8 key matrix supportable
  - I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface
  - Remote control transmission circuit
    - Auto transmission for 1 to 32 bytes,  
restart function, carrier output function
  - Remote control reception circuit
    - 8-bit pulse measurement counter, 6-stage FIFO
- Interruption
- Standby mode
- Package
  - 80-pin plastic QFP



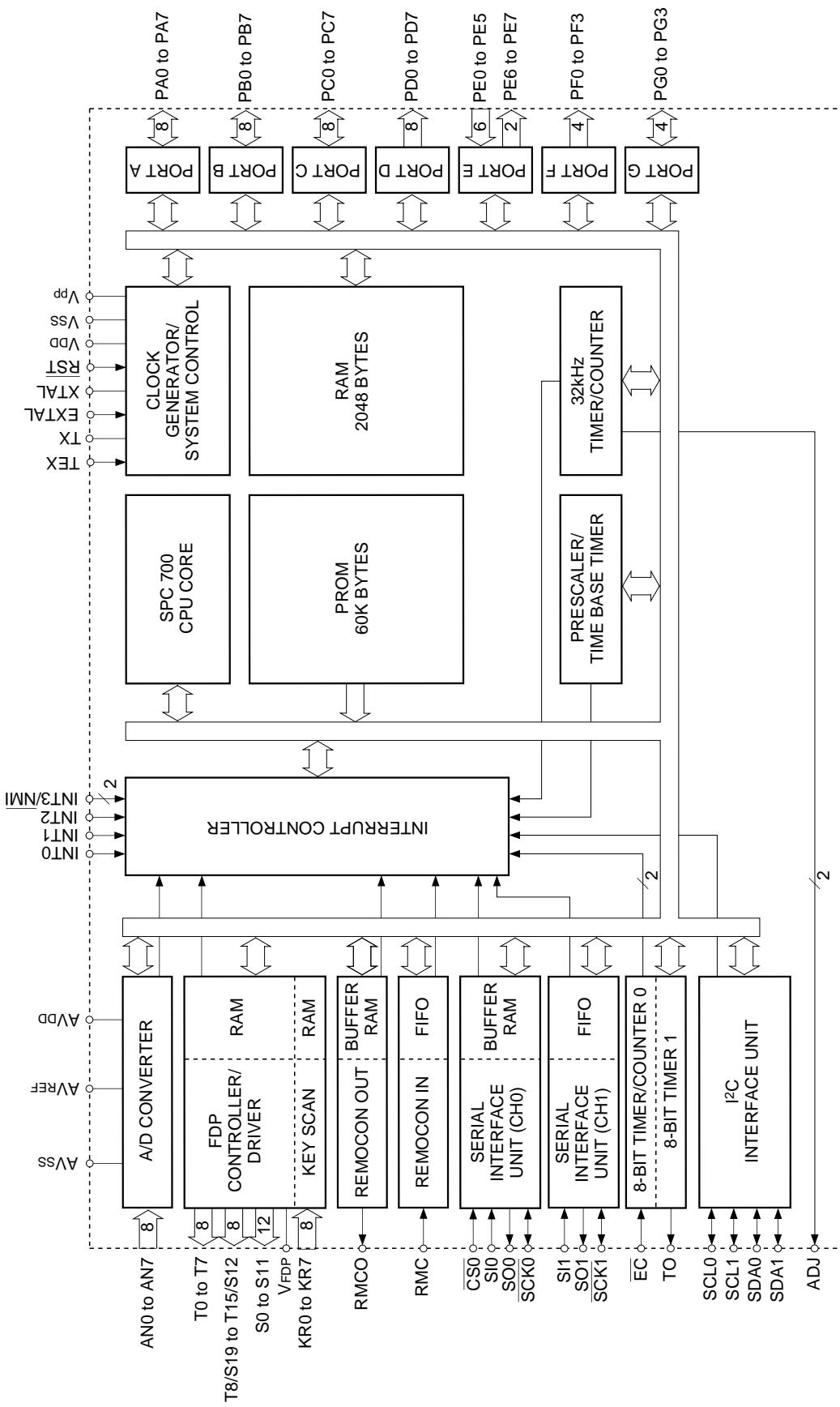
### Structure

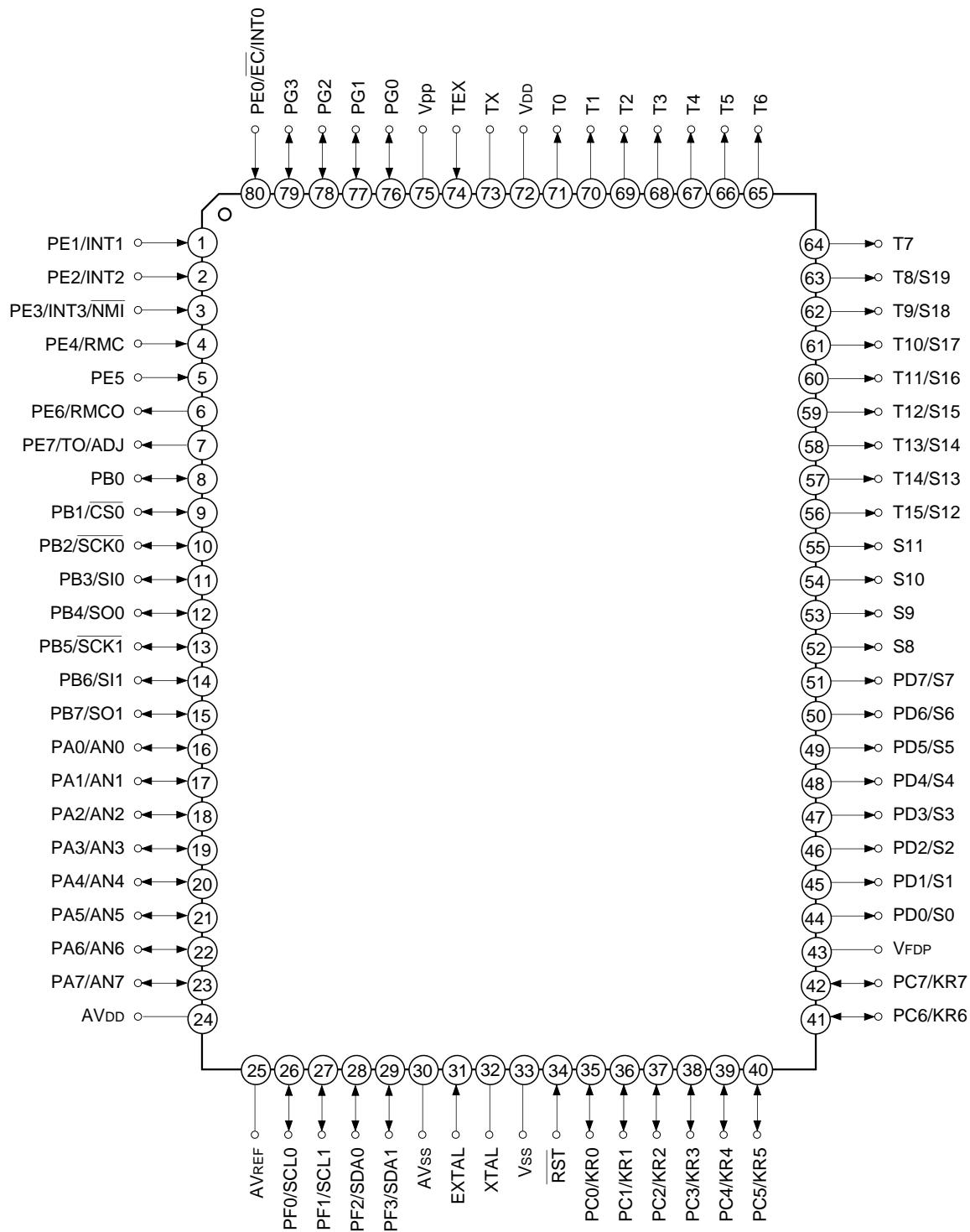
Silicon gate CMOS IC

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## Block Diagram



**Pin Assignment (Top View)**

**Note)** V<sub>pp</sub> (Pin 75) must be connected to V<sub>DD</sub>.

**Pin Description**

Pin code	I/O	Functions		
PA0/AN0 to PA7/AN7	I/O/ Analog input	(Port A) 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 4 bits. (8 pins)	Analog inputs to A/D converter. (8 pins)	
PB0	I/O	(Port B) 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 4 bits. (8 pins)		
PB1/ <u>CS0</u>	I/O/Input		Chip select input for serial interface (CH0).	
PB2/ <u>SCK0</u>	I/O/I/O		Serial clock I/O (CH0).	
PB3/SI0	I/O/Input		Serial data input (CH0).	
PB4/SO0	I/O/Output		Serial data output (CH0).	
PB5/ <u>SCK1</u>	I/O/I/O		Serial clock I/O (CH1).	
PB6/SI1	I/O/Input		Serial data input (CH1).	
PB7/SO1	I/O/Output		Serial data output (CH1).	
PC0/KR0 to PC7/KR7	I/O/Input	(Port C) 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. Capable of driving 12mA sync current. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 4 bits. (8 pins)	Serves as key return inputs when operating key scan with fluorescent display panel (FDP) segment signal (8 pins).	
PE0/INT0/ <u>EC</u>	Input/Input/Input	(Port E) 8-bit port. Lower 6 bits are for inputs; upper 2 bits are for outputs. (8 pins)	Inputs for external interruption request. (4 pins)	External event inputs for timer/counter.
PE1/INT1	Input/Input			Non-maskable interruption request input.
PE2/INT2	Input/Input			Remote control reception circuit input.
PE3/INT3/ NMI	Input/Input/Input			
PE4/RMC	Input/Input			
PE5	Input			
PE6/RMCO	Output/Output			Carrier output of remote control transmission circuit.
PE7/TO/ADJ	Output/Output/ Output			Output for the timer/counter rectangular waves, and 32kHz oscillation dividing frequency.

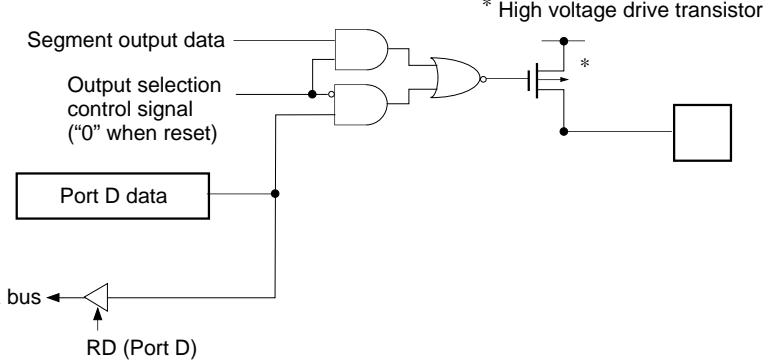
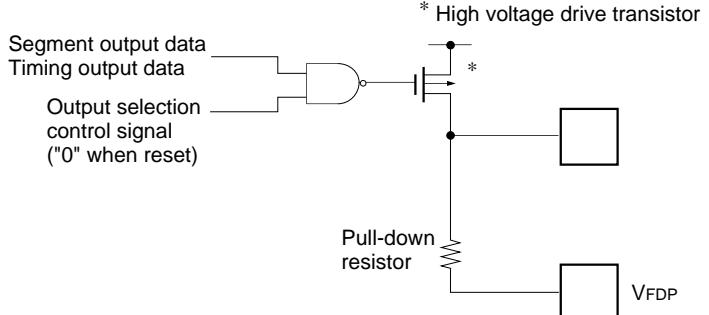
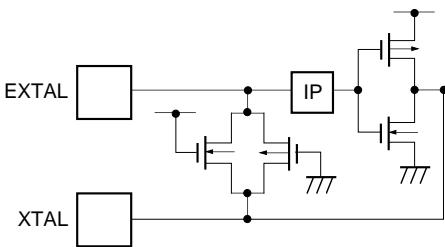
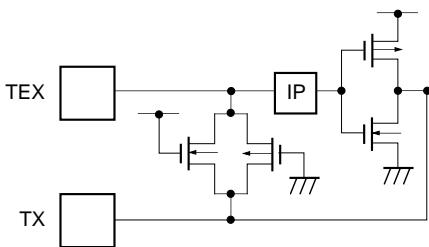
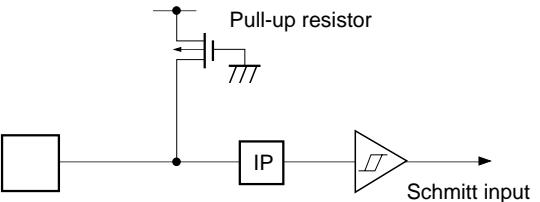
Pin code	I/O	Functions	
PF0/SCL0 PF1/SCL1	Output/I/O	(Port F) 4-bit output port, operating as N-ch open drain output for large current (12mA). (4 pins)	Transfer clock I/Os for I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface. (2 pins)
PF2/SDA0 PF3/SDA1	Output/I/O		Transfer data I/Os for I <sup>2</sup> C bus interface. (2 pins)
PG0 to PG3	I/O	(Port G) 8-bit I/O port. I/O can be set in a unit of single bits. Incorporation of pull-up resistor can be set through the software in a unit of 4 bits. (4 pins)	
PD0/S0 to PD7/S7	Output/Output	(Port D) 8-bit output ports. (8 pins)	FDP segment signal outputs. (8 pins)
S8 to S11	Output	FDP segment signal outputs. (4 pins)	
T8/S12 to T15/S19	Output/Output	Outputs for FDP timing signals/segment signals. (8 pins)	
T0 to T7	Output	FDP timing signal outputs.	
V <sub>FDP</sub>		FDP voltage supply.	
EXTAL	Input	Crystal connectors for system clock oscillation. When the clock is supplied externally, input to EXTAL; opposite phase clock should be input to XTAL.	
XTAL	Output		
TEX	Input	Crystal connectors for 32kHz timer/counter clock oscillation. For usage as event counter, attach clock source to TEX, and open TX.	
TX	Output		
RST	Input	Low-level active, system reset.	
NC		NC. Under normal operation, connect to V <sub>DD</sub> .	
AV <sub>DD</sub>		Positive power supply for A/D converter.	
AV <sub>REF</sub>	Input	Reference voltage input for A/D converter.	
AV <sub>ss</sub>		A/D converter GND.	
V <sub>pp</sub>		Positive power supply for built-in PROM writing. Connect to V <sub>DD</sub> for normal operation.	
V <sub>ss</sub>		GND.	

## I/O Circuit Format for Pins

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
PA0/AN0 to PA7/AN7  8 pins	<p>Port A</p> <p>Pull-up resistor "0" when reset</p> <p>Port A data</p> <p>Port A direction "0" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port A)</p> <p>Port A input selection "0" when reset</p> <p>Input multiplexer</p> <p>A/D converter</p> <p>IP Input protection circuit</p> <p>* Pull-up transistor approx. 100kΩ</p>	Hi-Z
PB1/CS0 PB3/SI0 PB6/SI1  3 pins	<p>Port B</p> <p>Pull-up resistor "0" when reset</p> <p>Port B data</p> <p>Port B direction "0" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port B)</p> <p>CS0 SI0 SI1</p> <p>Schmitt input</p> <p>* Pull-up transistor approx. 100kΩ</p> <p>Not Schmitt input for SI0 and SI1.</p>	Hi-Z
PB2/SCK0 PB5/SCK1  2 pins	<p>Port B</p> <p>Pull-up resistor "0" when reset</p> <p>SCK OUT</p> <p>Serial clock output enable</p> <p>Port B output selection "0" when reset</p> <p>Port B data</p> <p>Port B direction "0" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port B)</p> <p>SCK in</p> <p>Schmitt input</p> <p>* Pull-up transistor approx. 100kΩ</p>	Hi-Z

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
PB4/SO0 PB7/SO1 2 pins	<p>Port B</p> <p>Serial data output enable Port B output selection Port B data Port B direction RD (Port B)</p> <p>* Pull-up transistor approx. 100kΩ</p>	Hi-Z
PC0/KR0 to PC7/KR7 8 pins	<p>Port C</p> <p>Port C data Port C direction RD (Port C) Key input signal</p> <p>*1 Large current 12mA *2 Pull-up transistor approx. 100kΩ</p>	Hi-Z
PE0/EC/INT0 PE1/INT1 PE2/INT2 PE3/INT3/NMI PE4/RMC 5 pins	<p>Port E</p> <p>Schmitt input RD (Port E)</p>	Hi-Z
PE5 1 pin	<p>Port E</p> <p>RD (Port E)</p>	Hi-Z
PE6/RMCO 1 pin	<p>Port E</p> <p>Remote control transmission circuit Port E output selection Port E data Output enable RD (Port E)</p>	High level

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
PE7/TO/ADJ 1 pin	<p>Port E</p> <p>Internal reset signal</p> <p>MPX</p> <p>Port E data 00 01 10 11</p> <p>"1" when reset TO ADJ16K*1 ADJ2K*1</p> <p>Port E output selection (upper) Port E output selection (lower)</p> <p>"00" when reset</p> <p>TO output enable</p> <p>*1 ADJ signal is a frequency dividing output for 32kHz oscillation frequency adjustment. ADJ2 can be used for buzzer output.</p> <p>*2 Pull-up transistor approx. 150kΩ.</p>	High level (with approx. 150kΩ resistor when reset)
PF0/SCL0 PF1/SCL1 PF2/SDA0 PF3/SDA1 4 pins	<p>Port F</p> <p>SCL, SDA</p> <p>I2C output enable ("0" when reset)</p> <p>Port F data "1" when reset</p> <p>Schmitt input</p> <p>SCL, SDA (I2C circuit)</p> <p>Large current 12mA</p> <p>BUS SW</p> <p>To internal I2C pin (to SCL1 for SCL0)</p>	Hi-Z
PB0 PG0 to PG3 5 pins	<p>Port B</p> <p>Port G</p> <p>Pull-up resistor "0" when reset</p> <p>Port B, G data</p> <p>Port B, G direction "0" when reset</p> <p>Data bus</p> <p>RD (Port B or Port G)</p> <p>* Pull-up transistor approx. 100kΩ</p>	Hi-Z

Pin	Circuit format	When reset
<b>PD0/S0 to PD7/S7</b>  8 pins		Hi-Z
<b>S8 to S11 T15/S12 to T8/S19 T0 to T7</b>  20 pins		Low level
<b>EXTAL XTAL</b>  2 pins	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diagram shows circuit composition during oscillation.</li> <li>Feedback resistor is removed during stop, and XTAL becomes High.</li> </ul>	Oscillation
<b>TEX TX</b>  2 pins	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Diagram shows circuit composition during oscillation.</li> <li>When the operation of the oscillation circuit is stopped by the software, the feedback resistor is removed, and TEX becomes Low level and TX becomes High level.</li> </ul>	Oscillation
<b>RST</b>  1 pin		Low level

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	−0.3 to +7.0	V	
	V <sub>pp</sub>	−0.3 to +13.0	V	Incorporated PROM
	AV <sub>DD</sub>	AV <sub>ss</sub> to +7.0* <sup>1</sup>	V	
	AV <sub>ss</sub>	−0.3 to +0.3	V	
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	−0.3 to +7.0* <sup>2</sup>	V	
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	−0.3 to +7.0* <sup>2</sup>	V	
Display output voltage	V <sub>OD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> − 40 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V	As P channel transistor is open drain, V <sub>DD</sub> is reference.
High level output current	I <sub>OH</sub>	−5	mA	All pins excluding outputs* <sup>3</sup> (value per pin)
	I <sub>ODH1</sub>	−15	mA	Display outputs S0 to S11 (value per pin)
	I <sub>ODH2</sub>	−35	mA	Display outputs T0 to T7, and T8/S19 to T15/S12 (value per pin)
High level total output current	ΣI <sub>OH</sub>	−40	mA	Total for all pins excluding display outputs
	ΣI <sub>ODH</sub>	−100	mA	Total for all display outputs
Low level output current	I <sub>OL</sub>	15	mA	Port (value per pin)
	I <sub>OLC</sub>	20	mA	Large current Port (value per pin)* <sup>4</sup>
Low level total output current	ΣI <sub>OL</sub>	100	mA	Total for all output pins
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	−10 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	−55 to +150	°C	
Allowable power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	600	mW	

\*1) AV<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>DD</sub> should be set to the same voltage.\*2) V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub> must not exceed V<sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V.

\*3) Specifies output current of general-purpose I/O ports.

\*4) The large current drive transistor is the N-CH transistor of Port C (PC) and Port F (PF).

**Note)** Usage exceeding absolute maximum ratings may permanently impair the LSI. Normal operation should be conducted under the recommended operating conditions. Exceeding these conditions may adversely affect the reliability of the LSI.

**Recommended Operating Conditions** (Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	$V_{DD}$	4.5	5.5	V	Guaranteed operation range for high-speed mode (1/2, 1/4 frequency dividing clock)
		3.5	5.5	V	Guaranteed operation range for low-speed mode (1/16 frequency dividing clock) or SLEEP mode
		2.7	5.5	V	Guaranteed operation range with TEX clock
		2.5	5.5	V	Guaranteed data hold range during STOP
	$V_{PP}$	$V_{PP} = V_{DD}$		V	*4
Analog power supply	$AV_{DD}$	4.5	5.5	V	*5
High level input voltage	$V_{IH}$	$0.7V_{DD}$	$V_{DD}$	V	*1
	$V_{IHS}$	$0.8V_{DD}$	$V_{DD}$	V	Hysteresis input*2
	$V_{IHEX}$	$V_{DD} - 0.4$	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	EXTAL*3
Low level input voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	$0.3V_{DD}$	V	*1
	$V_{ILS}$	0	$0.2V_{DD}$	V	Hysteresis input*2
	$V_{ILEX}$	-0.3	0.4	°C	EXTAL*3
Operating temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-10	+75		

\*1) Value for each pin of normal input port (PA, PB0, PB3, PB4, PB6, PB7, PC, PE5, PG).

\*2) Value of the following pins: RST, CS0, SCK0, SCK1, EC/INT0, INT1, INT2, INT3/NMI, RMC, SCL0, SCL1, SDA0, SDA1.

\*3) Specifies only during external clock input.

\*4)  $V_{PP}$  and  $V_{DD}$  should be set to the same voltage.

\*5)  $AV_{DD}$  and  $V_{DD}$  should be set to the same voltage.

**Electrical Characteristics****DC Characteristics**

(Ta = -10 to +75°C, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
High level output current	VOH	PA, PB, PC, PE6, PE7, PG	VDD = 4.5V, IOH = -0.5mA	4.0			V
			VDD = 4.5V, IOH = -1.2mA	3.5			V
Low level output current	VOL	PC, PF	VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 1.8mA			0.4	V
			VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 3.6mA			0.6	V
		PF (SCL0, SCL1, SDA0, SDA1)	VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 12.0mA			1.5	V
			VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 3.0mA			0.4	V
			VDD = 4.5V, IOL = 4.0mA			0.6	V
Input current	I <sub>IHE</sub>	EXTAL	VDD = 5.5V, VIH = 5.5V	0.5		40	µA
	I <sub>ILE</sub>		VDD = 5.5V, Vil = 0.4V	-0.5		-40	µA
	I <sub>IHT</sub>	TEX	VDD = 5.5V, Vil = 5.5V	0.1		10	µA
	I <sub>ILT</sub>		VDD = 5.5V, Vil = 0.4V	-0.1		-10	µA
	I <sub>ILR</sub>	PA to PC <sup>*1</sup> , PG <sup>*1</sup>	VDD = 5.5V, Vil = 0.4V	-1.5		-400	µA
	I <sub>IL</sub>					-50	µA
			VDD = 4.5V, Vil = 4.0V	-3.3			µA
Display output current	IOH	S0 to S11		-8			mA
		S12/T15 to S19/T8, T0 to T7	VDD = 4.5V VOH = VDD - 2.5V	-20			mA
Open drain output leakage current (P-CH Tr off state)	I <sub>LOL</sub>	S0 to S11, S12/T15 to S19/T8, T0 to T7	VDD = 5.5V VOL = VDD - 35V VFDP = VDD - 35V			-20	µA
Pull-down resistance	R <sub>L</sub>	S8 to S11, S12/T15 to S19/T8, T0 to T7	VDD = 5V VOD - VFDP = 30V	60	100	270	kΩ
I/O leakage current	I <sub>Iz</sub>	PA to PC <sup>*1</sup> , PG <sup>*1</sup>	VDD = 5.5V VI = 0, 5.5V			±10	µA
Open drain output leakage current (N-ch Tr off state)	I <sub>LOH</sub>	PF	VDD = 5.5V, VOH = 5.5V			10	µA
I <sup>2</sup> C bus switch connection impedance (Output Tr off state)	R <sub>BS</sub>	SCL0: SCL1 SDA0: SDA1	VDD = 4.5V Vscl0 = Vscl1 = 2.25V Vsdal0 = Vsdal1 = 2.25V			120	Ω

Item	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply current* <sup>2</sup>	IDD1	V <sub>DD</sub>	High speed mode operation (1/2 frequency dividing clock)		36	55	mA
	IDD2		V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V, 10MHz crystal oscillation (C <sub>1</sub> = C <sub>2</sub> = 15pF)				
	IDDS1		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3V, 32kHz crystal oscillation (C <sub>1</sub> = C <sub>2</sub> = 47pF)		46	120	µA
	IDDS2		SLEEP mode V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V, 16MHz crystal oscillation (C <sub>1</sub> = C <sub>2</sub> = 15pF)		2.6	10	mA
	IDDS3		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3V, 32kHz crystal oscillation (C <sub>1</sub> = C <sub>2</sub> = 47pF)				
STOP mode V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V, termination of 16MHz and 32kHz crystal oscillation						30	µA
Input capacity	C <sub>IN</sub>	PA to PC, PE0 to PE5, PG, PF, EXTAL, XTAL, TX, TEX, <u>RST</u>	Clock 1MHz 0V for all pins excluding measured pins		10	20	pF

\*1) PA to PC and PG specify the input current when pull-up resistance has been selected, leakage current when no resistance has been selected.

\*2) When all pins are open.

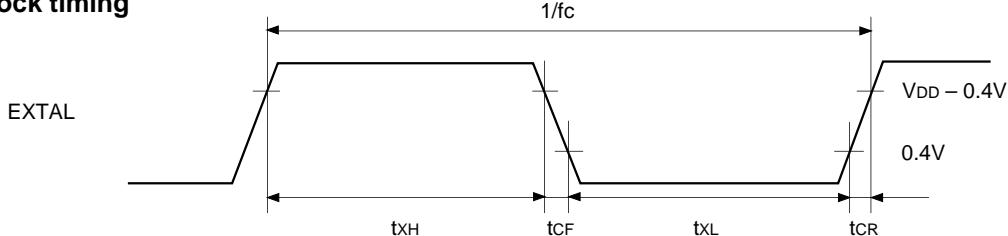
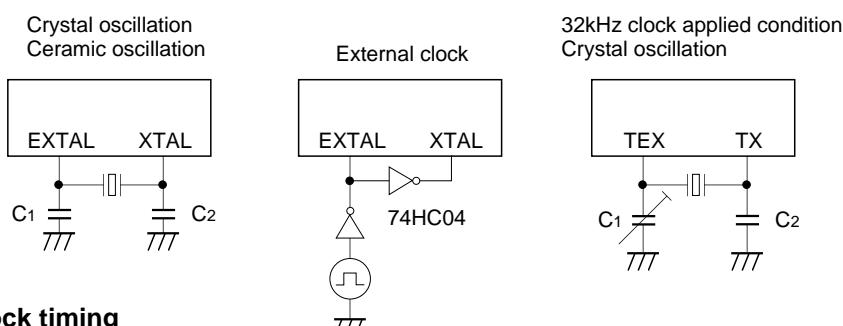
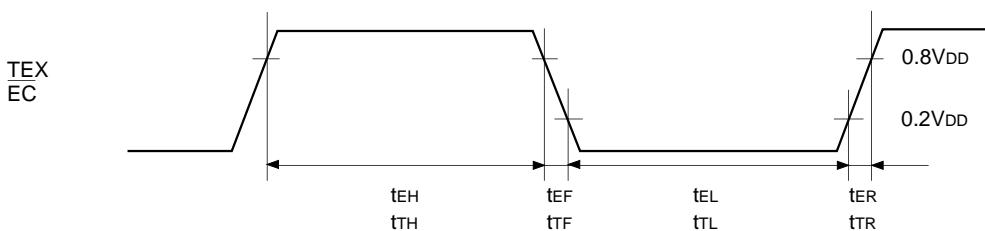
**AC Characteristics****(1) Clock timing**

(Ta = -10 to +75°C, VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
System clock frequency	fc	XTAL EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2	1		16	MHz
System clock input pulse width	t <sub>xL</sub> t <sub>xH</sub>	EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2 External clock drive	28			ns
System clock input rise time, fall time	t <sub>CR</sub> t <sub>CF</sub>	EXTAL	Fig. 1, Fig. 2 External clock drive			200	ns
Event count input clock pulse width	t <sub>EH</sub> t <sub>EL</sub>	EC	Fig. 3	4t <sub>sys</sub> *1			ns
Event count input clock rise time, fall time	t <sub>ER</sub> t <sub>EF</sub>	EC	Fig. 3			20	ms
System clock frequency	fc	TEX TX	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 to 5.5V Fig. 2 (32kHz clock applied condition)		32.768		kHz
Event count input pulse width	t <sub>TL</sub> t <sub>TH</sub>	TEX	Fig. 3	10			μs
Event count input rise time, fall time	t <sub>TR</sub> t <sub>TF</sub>	TEX	Fig. 3			20	ms

\*1) t<sub>sys</sub> indicates the three values below according to the upper two bits (CPU clock selected) of the control clock register (address: 00FEH).

t<sub>sys</sub> (ns) = 2000/fc (upper two bits = "00"), 4000/fc (upper two bits = "01"), 16000/fc (upper two bits = "11")

**Fig. 1. Clock timing****Fig. 2. Clock applied conditions****Fig. 3. Event count clock timing**

## (2) Serial transfer (CH0)

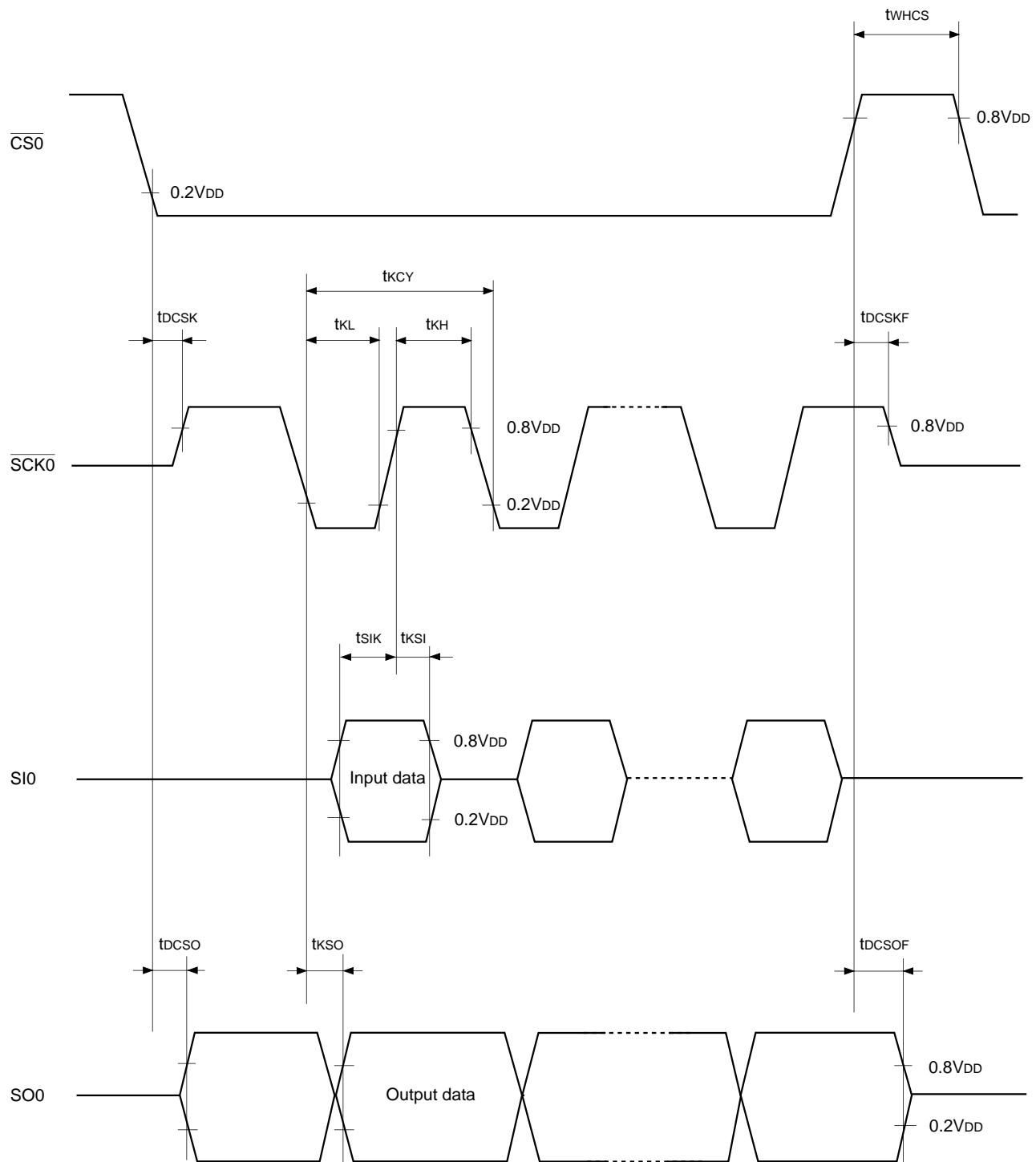
(Ta = -10 to +75°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5V, V<sub>ss</sub> = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
CS0↓ → SCK0 delay time	t <sub>DCSK</sub>	SCK0	Chip select transfer mode (SCK = output mode)		1.5t <sub>sys</sub> + 200	ns
CS0↑ → SCK0 float delay time	t <sub>DCSKF</sub>	SCK0	Chip select transfer mode (SCK = output mode)		1.5t <sub>sys</sub> + 200	ns
CS0↓ → SO0 delay time	t <sub>DCSO</sub>	SO0	Chip select transfer mode		1.5t <sub>sys</sub> + 200	ns
CS0↑ → SO0 float delay time	t <sub>DCSOF</sub>	SO0	Chip select transfer mode		1.5t <sub>sys</sub> + 200	ns
CS0 High level width	t <sub>WHCS</sub>	CS0	Chip select transfer mode	t <sub>sys</sub> + 200		ns
SCK0 cycle time	t <sub>KCY</sub>	SCK0	Input mode	2t <sub>sys</sub> + 200		ns
			Output mode	8000/fc		ns
SCK0 High, Low level width	t <sub>KH</sub> t <sub>KL</sub>	SCK0	Input mode	t <sub>sys</sub> + 100		ns
			Output mode	8000/fc - 100		ns
SI0 input setup time (for SCK0↑)	t <sub>SIK</sub>	SI0	SCK input mode	-t <sub>sys</sub> + 100		ns
			SCK output mode	200		ns
SI0 input hold time (for SCK0↑)	t <sub>KSI</sub>	SI0	SCK input mode	2t <sub>sys</sub> + 100		ns
			SCK output mode	100		ns
SCK0↓ → SO0 delay time	t <sub>KSO</sub>	SO0	SCK input mode		2t <sub>sys</sub> + 200	ns
			SCK output mode		100	ns

**Note 1)** t<sub>sys</sub> indicates the three values below according to the upper two bits (CPU clock selected) of the control clock register (CLC: 00FEH).

t<sub>sys</sub> (ns) = 2000/fc (upper two bits = "00"), 4000/fc (upper two bits = "01"), 16000/fc (upper two bits = "11")

**Note 2)** The load condition for the SCK0 output mode, SO0 output delay time is 50pF + 1TTL.

**Fig. 4. Serial transfer CH0 timing (CH0)**

**Serial transfer (CH1) (SIO mode)**(Ta = -10 to +75°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0V reference)

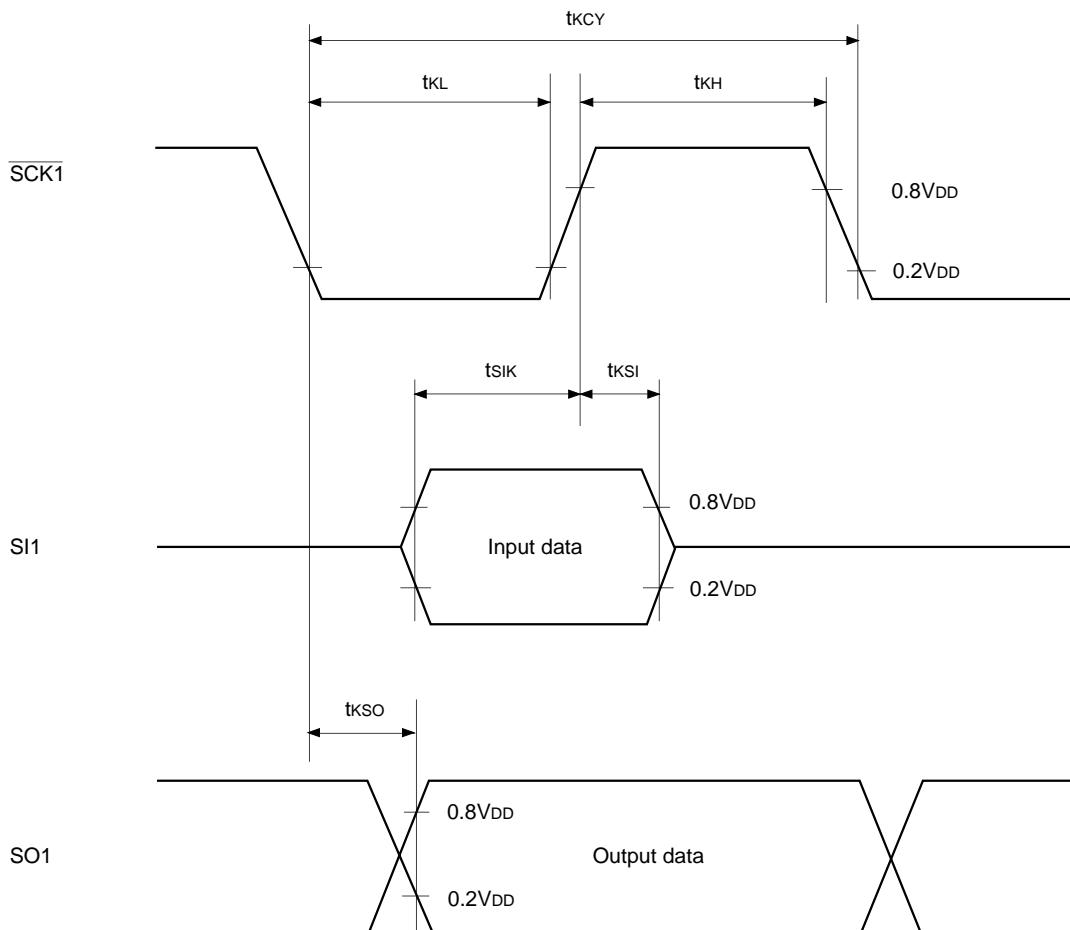
Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
SCK1 cycle time	t <sub>KCY</sub>	SCK1	Input mode	2t <sub>sys</sub> + 200		ns
			Ouput mode	16000/fc		ns
SCK1 High, Low level width	t <sub>KL</sub> t <sub>KH</sub>	SCK1	Input mode	t <sub>sys</sub> + 100		ns
			Ouput mode	8000/fc - 50		ns
SI1 input setup time (for SCK1 ↑)	t <sub>SIK</sub>	SI1	SCK1 input mode	100		ns
			SCK1 ouput mode	200		ns
SI1 input hold time (for SCK1 ↑)	t <sub>ksi</sub>	SI1	SCK1 input mode	t <sub>sys</sub> + 200		ns
			SCK1 ouput mode	100		ns
SCK1 ↓ → SO1 delay time	t <sub>kso</sub>	SO1	SCK1 input mode		t <sub>sys</sub> + 200	ns
			SCK1 ouput mode		100	ns

**Note 1)** t<sub>sys</sub> indicates the three values below according to the upper two bits (CPU clock selected) of the control clock register (CLC: 00FEH).

t<sub>sys</sub> (ns) = 2000/fc (upper two bits = "00"), 4000/fc (upper two bits = "01"), 16000/fc (upper two bits = "11")

**Note 2)** The load condition for the SCK1output mode, SO1 output delay time is 50pF + 1TTL.

**Fig. 5. Serial transfer CH1 timing (SIO mode)**



**Serial transfer (CH1) (Special mode)**

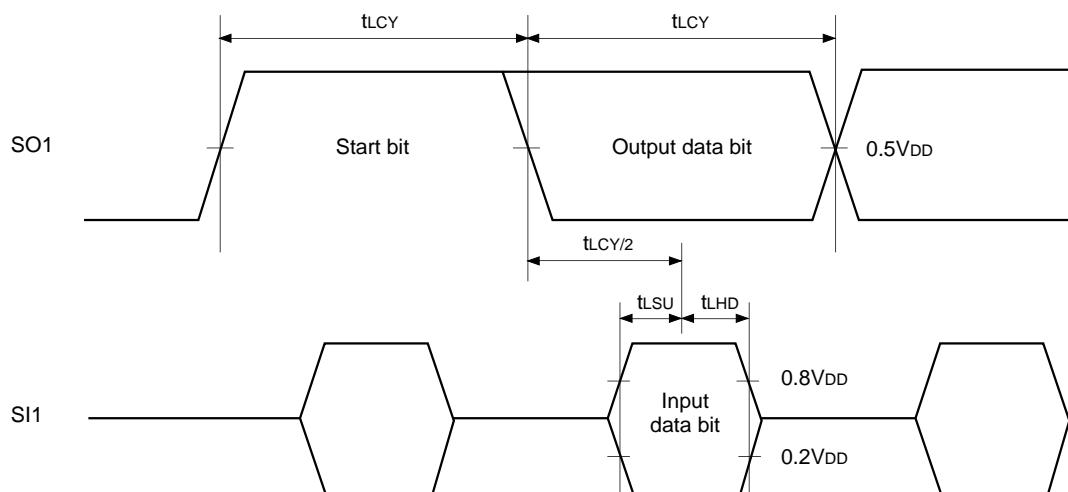
(Ta = -10 to +75°C, VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
SO1 cycle time	tLCY	SO1 SI1	*1		104		μs
SI1 data setup time	tLSU	SI1		2			μs
SI1 data hold time	tLHD	SI1		2			μs

\*1) tLCY is specified only when the lower two bits (SO1 clock selected) of the serial mode register (CH1) (SIOM1: 01E2H) is set to 104μs.

**Note)** The load condition for SO1 is 50pF + 1TTL.

**Fig. 6. Serial transfer CH1 timing (Special mode)**

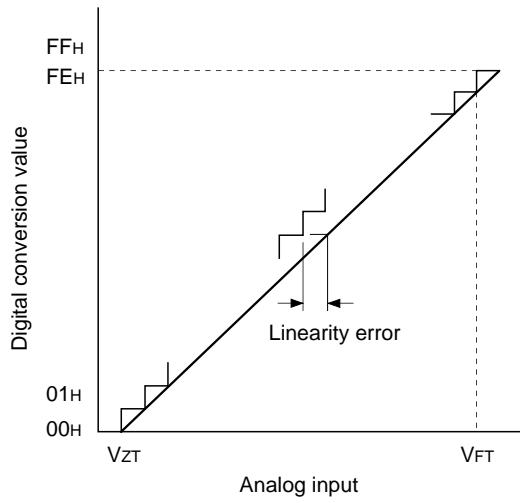


## (3) A/D converter characteristics

(Ta = -10 to +75°C, VDD = AVDD = 4.5 to 5.5V, AVREF = 4.0 to AVDD, Vss = AVss = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Resolution						8	Bits
Linearity error						$\pm 3$	LSB
Zero transition voltage	VZT <sup>*1</sup>		Ta = 25°C VDD = AVDD = AVREF = 5.0V Vss = AVss = 0V	-10	10	70	mV
Full-scale transition voltage	VFT <sup>*2</sup>			4910	4970	5030	mV
Conversion time	tCONV			160/fADC <sup>*3</sup>			μs
Sampling time	tsAMP			12/fADC <sup>*3</sup>			μs
Reference input voltage	VREF	AVREF	VDD = AVDD = 4.5 to 5.5V	AVDD - 0.5		AVDD	V
Analog input voltage	VIAN	AN0 to AN7		0		AVREF	V
AVREF current	IREF	AVREF	Operation mode		0.6	1.0	mA
	IREFS		SLEEP mode STOP mode 32kHz operation mode			10	μA

Fig. 7. Definition of A/D converter terms



\*1) VZT: Value at which the digital conversion value changes from 00H to 01H and vice versa.

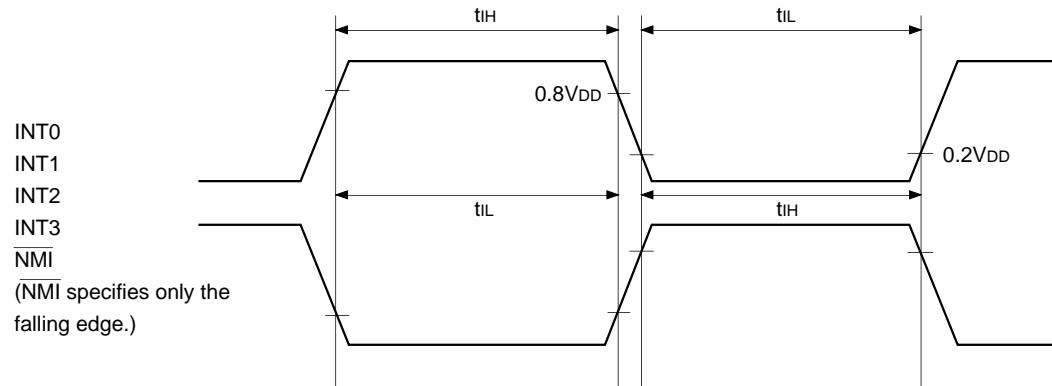
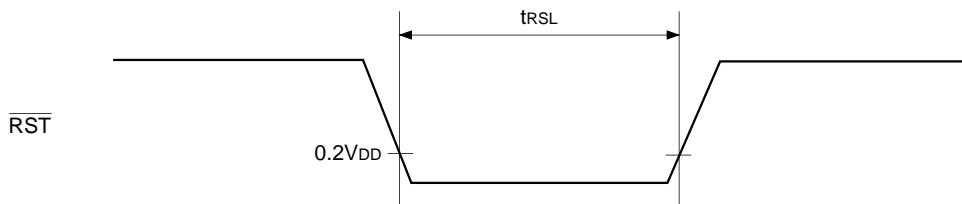
\*2) VFT: Value at which the digital conversion value changes from FEH to FFH and vice versa.

\*3) fADC indicates the below values due to the contents of bit 6 (CKS) of the A/D control register (ADC: 00F9H) and bits 7 (PCK1) and 6 (PCK0) of the clock control register (CLC: 00FEH).

CKS PCK1, PCK0	0 (ϕ/2 selection)	1 (ϕ selection)
00 (ϕ = fEx/2)	fADC = fc/2	fADC = fc
01 (ϕ = fEx/4)	fADC = fc/4	fADC = fc/2
11 (ϕ = fEx/16)	fADC = fc/16	fADC = fc/8

## (4) Interruption, reset input (Ta = -10 to +75°C, VDD = 4.5 to 5.5V, Vss = 0V reference)

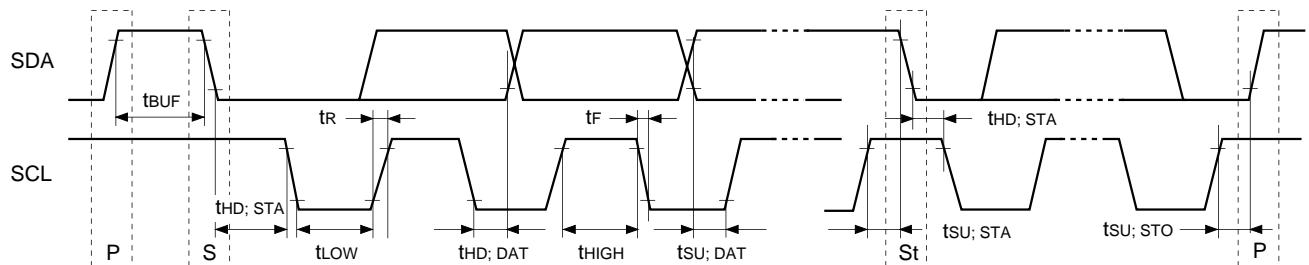
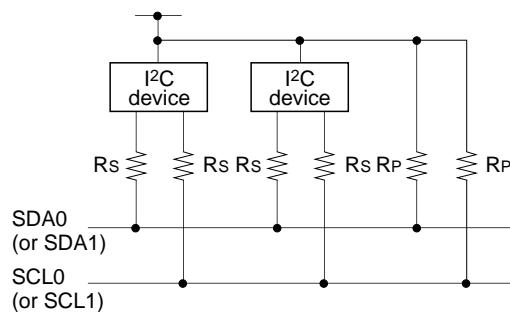
Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
External interruption High, Low level width	$t_{IH}$ $t_{IL}$	INT0 INT1 INT2 INT3 <u>NMI</u>		1		μs
Reset input Low level width	$t_{RSL}$	$\overline{RST}$		32/fc		μs

**Fig. 8. Interruption input timing****Fig. 9.  $\overline{RST}$  input timing**

(5) I<sup>2</sup>C bus timing(Ta = -10 to +75°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5V, V<sub>ss</sub> = 0V reference)

Item	Symbol	Pin	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
SCL clock frequency	f <sub>SLC</sub>	SCL		0	100	kHz
Bus-free time before starting transfer	t <sub>BUF</sub>	SDA, SCL		4.7		μs
Hold time for starting transfer	t <sub>HD; STA</sub>	SDA, SCL		4.0		μs
Clock Low level width	t <sub>LOW</sub>	SCL		4.7		μs
Clock High level width	t <sub>HIGH</sub>	SCL		4.0		μs
Setup time for repetitive transfers	t <sub>SU; STA</sub>	SDA, SCL		4.7		μs
Data hold time	t <sub>HD; DAT</sub>	SDA, SCL		0*1		μs
Data setup time	t <sub>SU; DAT</sub>	SDA, SCL		250		ns
SDA, SCL rise time	t <sub>R</sub>	SDA, SCL			1	μs
SDA, SCL fall time	t <sub>F</sub>	SDA, SCL			300	ns
Setup time for transfer completion	t <sub>su; STO</sub>	SDA, SCL		4.7		μs

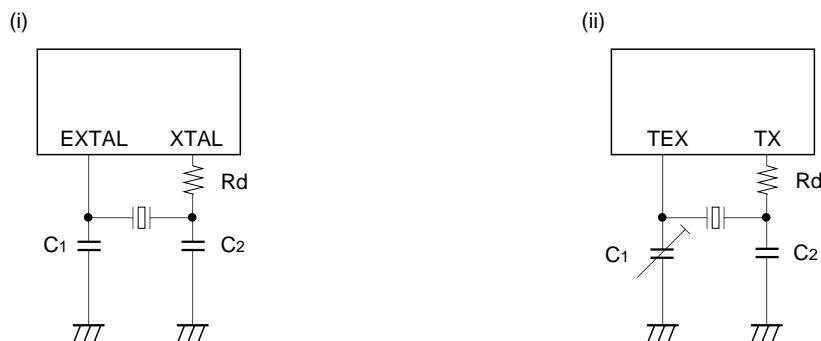
\*1) The data hold time must exceed 300ns because the SCL rise time (300ns max.) is not taken into consideration.

**Fig.10. I<sup>2</sup>C bus transfer timing****Fig.11. Recommended circuit example for I<sup>2</sup>C device**

- Pull-up resistors (R<sub>P</sub>) must be connected to SDA0 (or SDA1) and SCL0 (or SCL1).
- Serial resistance (Rs = 300Ω or less) of SDA0 (or SDA1) and SCL0 (or SCL1) reduces spike noise caused by CRT flash-over.

## Appendix

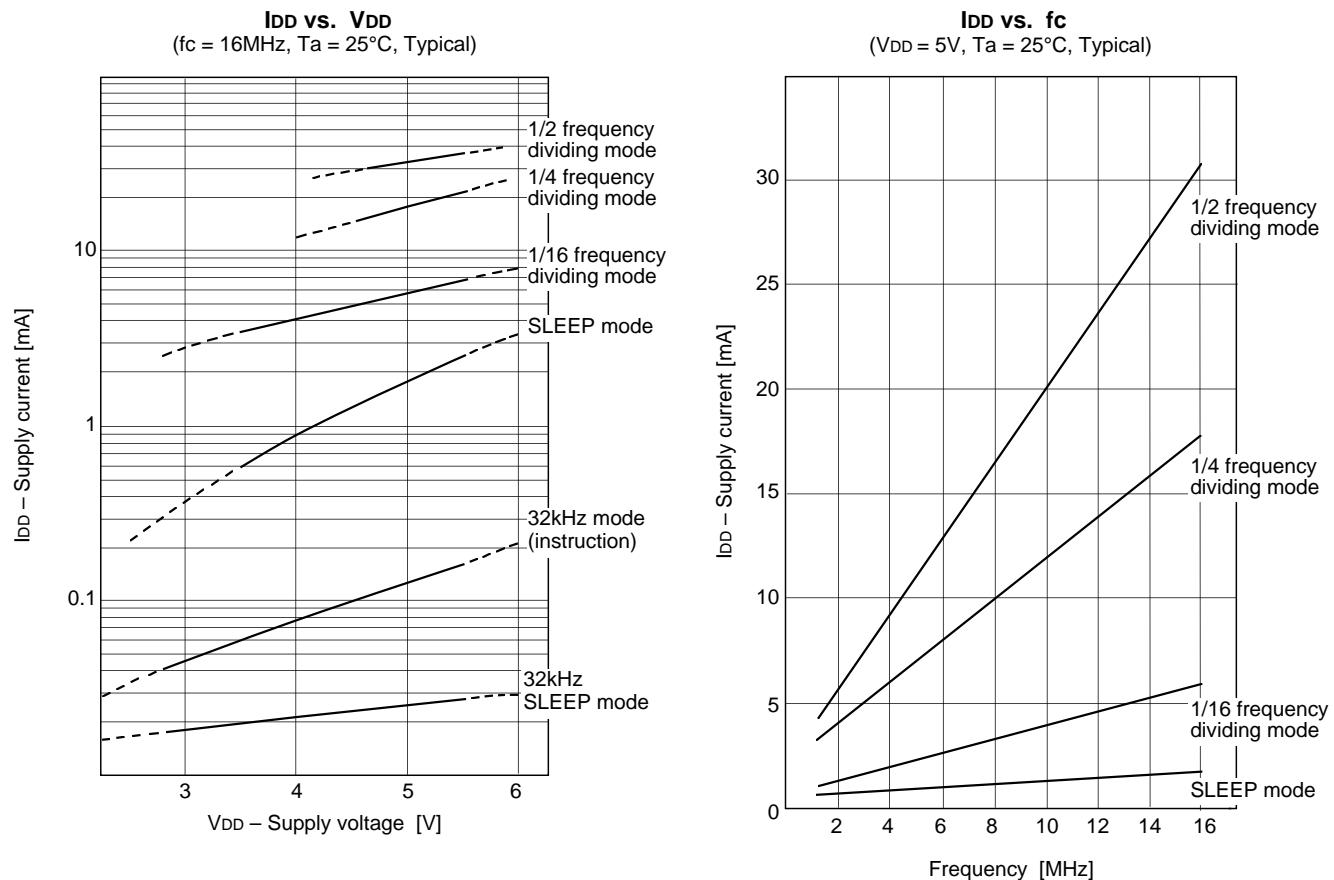
**Fig. 12. Recommended oscillation circuit**



Manufacturer	Model	fc (MHz)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)	Rd ( $\Omega$ )	Circuit example
RIVER ELETEC CO., LTD.	HC-49/U03	8.00	10	10	0	(i)
		10.00				
		12.00	5	5		
		16.00				
KINSEKI LTD.	HC-49/U (-S)	8.00	16 (12)	16 (12)	0	(i)
		10.00	16 (12)	16 (12)		
		12.00	12	12	0	
		16.00	12	12	0	
	P3	32.768kHz	30	18	470k	(ii)

## Product List

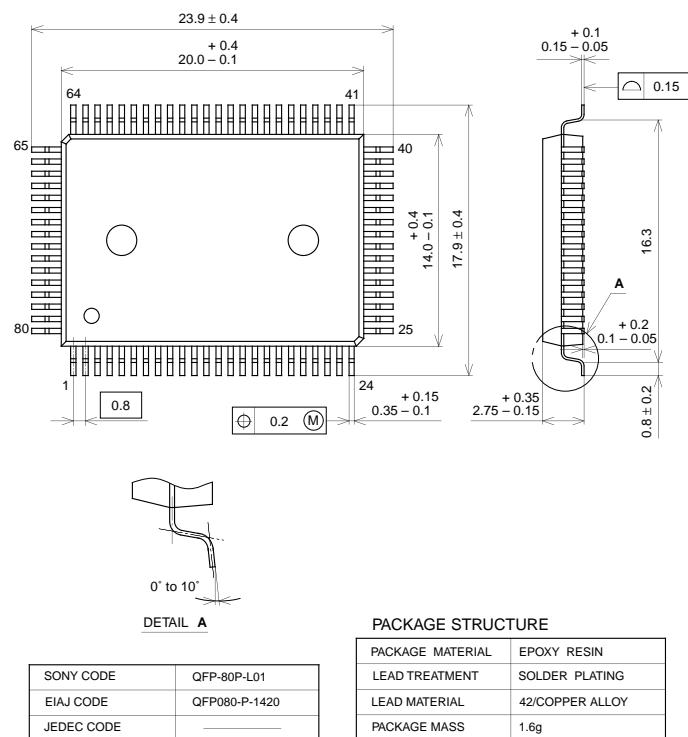
Option item	Mask product				PROM version
	CXP82940	CXP82948	CXP82952	CXP82960	CXP829P60Q-1-□□□
Package	80-pin plastic QFP				80-pin plastic QFP
ROM capacitance	40K bytes	48K bytes	52K bytes	60K bytes	PROM 60K bytes
Reset pull-up resistance	Existence/Non-existent				Existence
High voltage drive pin pull-down resistance	Existence/Non-existent				Non-existent (PD0/S0 to PD7/S7) Existence (T0 to T15, S8 to S11)

**Characteristics Curve**

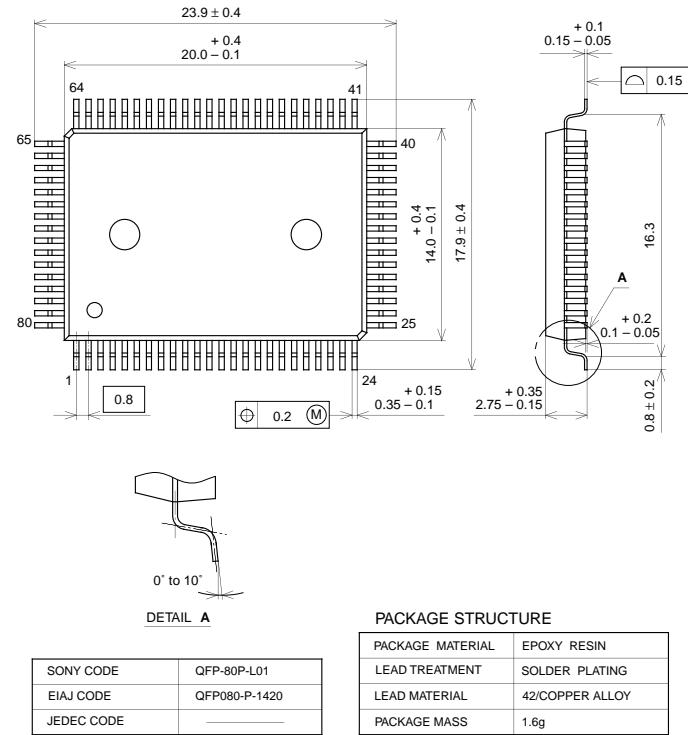
## Package Outline

Unit : mm

80PIN QFP (PLASTIC)



80PIN QFP (PLASTIC)



LEAD PLATING SPECIFICATIONS

LEAD PLATING SPECIFICATIONS	
ITEM	SPEC.
LEAD MATERIAL	42 ALLOY
SOLDER COMPOSITION	Sn-Bi:1-4wt%
PLATING THICKNESS	5-18μm