

SILICON DIFFUSED POWER TRANSISTORS

High-voltage, high-speed, glass-passivated npn power transistors in a TO-220 envelope intended for use in power supplies and deflection circuits for colour receivers and monitors.

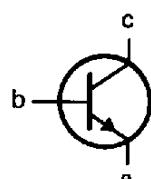
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-emitter voltage peak value; $V_{BE} = 0$ open base	V_{CESM}	max.	1350 V
	V_{CEO}	max.	550 V
Saturation voltages	V_{CEsat}	max.	2.0 V
	V_{BEsat}	max.	1.5 V
Collector current saturation	$I_{C_{sat}}$	max.	2.0 A
DC	I_C	max.	5.0 A
peak value	I_{CM}	max.	8.0 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	100 W
DC current gain $I_C = 2.0 \text{ A}; V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	6.0
Switching times; resistive load fall time	t_f	max.	0.7 μs

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig. 1 TO-220AB.

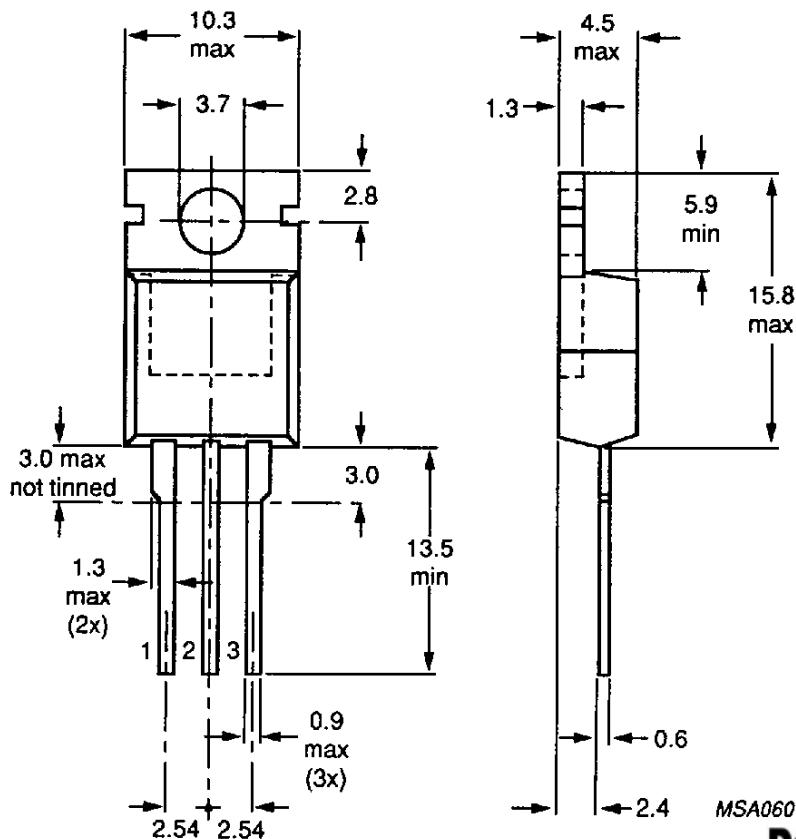
Dimensions in mm



Pinning:

- 1 = base
- 2 = collector
- 3 = emitter

Collector connected to
mounting base.



RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage peak value; $V_{BE} = 0$ open base	V_{CESM}	max.	1350 V
	V_{CEO}	max.	550 V
Emitter-base voltage	V_{EBO}	min.	6.0 V
Collector current DC peak value	I_C	max.	5.0 A
	I_{CM}	max.	8.0 A
Base current DC peak value	I_B	max.	2.0 A
	I_{BM}	max.	4.0 A
Emitter current DC peak value	I_E	max.	7.0 A
	I_{EM}	max.	12 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{mb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	100 W
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}		-65 to + 150 °C
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 °C
From junction to mounting base	$R_{th \ j\text{-}mb}$	max.	1.25 K/W

THERMAL RESISTANCE

CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified**Collector cut-off current**

$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = V_{CES\max}$	I_{CES}	max.	1.0 mA
$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = V_{CES\max}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CES}	max.	2.0 mA

Emitter cut-off current

$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 6\text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	max.	1.0 mA
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Collector-emitter breakdown voltage

$I_C = 100\text{ mA}; I_B = 0$	V_{CEO}	min.	550 V
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Saturation voltage

$I_C = 2.0\text{ A}; I_B = 0.33\text{ A}$	V_{CEsat}	max.	2.0 V
$I_C = 4.0\text{ A}; I_B = 1.33\text{ A}$	V_{CEsat}	max.	3.0 V

DC current gain

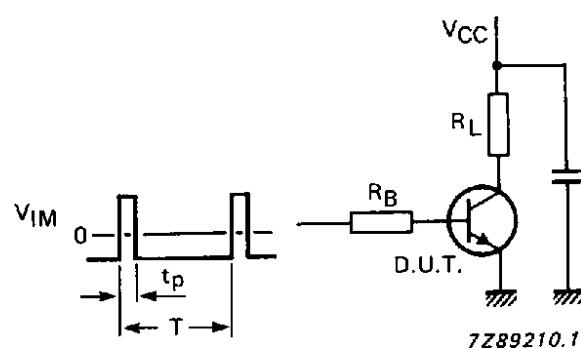
$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	6.0
$I_C = 1.0\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	8.0
$I_C = 2.0\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	6.0
$I_C = 4.0\text{ A}; V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	min.	3.0

Switching times; resistive load (Figs 2 and 3)

$I_{C\text{ on}} = 2.0\text{ A}; I_{B\text{ on}} = -I_{B\text{ off}} = 0.33\text{ A}$			
turn-on	t_{on}	max.	0.5 μs
turn-off; storage time	t_s	max.	6.0 μs
fall time	t_f	max.	0.7 μs

Switching times; inductive load (Figs 4 and 5)

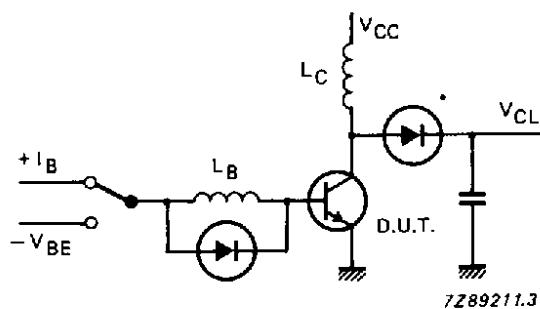
$I_{C\text{ on}} = 2.0\text{ A}; I_{B\text{ on}} = 0.33\text{ A}$			
turn-off; storage time	t_s	max.	2.5 μs
fall time	t_f	max.	0.8 μs



$$t_p = 0.01$$

$$\frac{T}{t_p} = 20 \mu\text{s}$$

Fig. 2 Test circuit resistive load;
 $V_{CC} = 250 \text{ V}$; $V_{IM} = -6 \text{ to } +8 \text{ V}$.



$$V_{CL} = 300 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$$

$$-V_{BE} = -5 \text{ V}$$

$$L_B = 2.5 \mu\text{H}$$

$$L_C = 200 \mu\text{H}$$

Fig. 4 Test circuit inductive load.

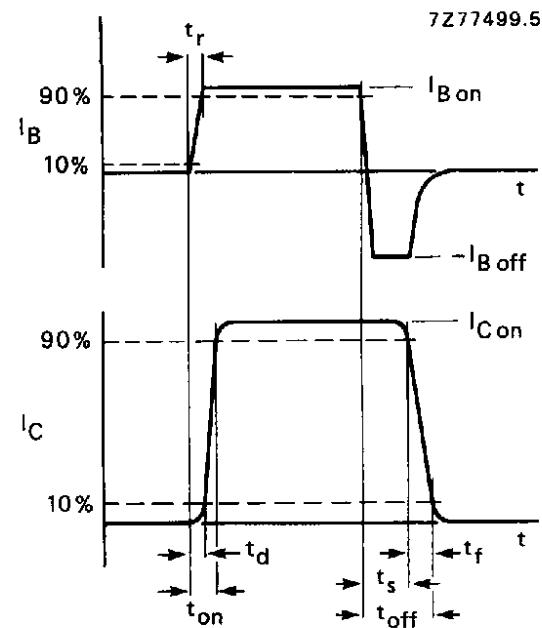


Fig. 3 Switching times waveforms with resistive load; $t_r < 50 \text{ ns}$.

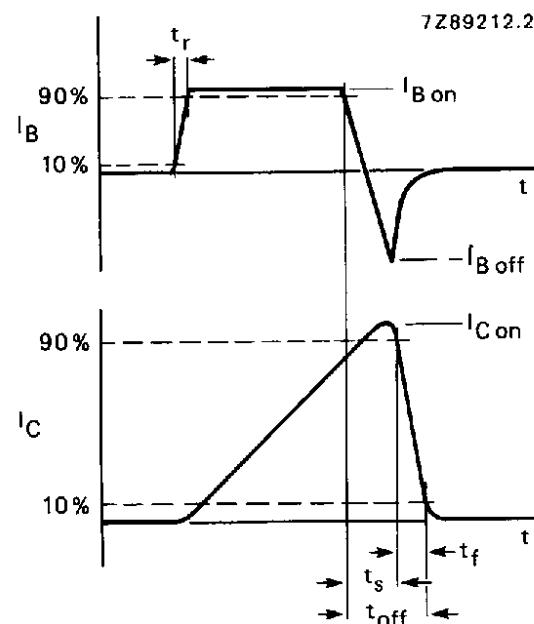


Fig. 5 Switching times waveforms with inductive load.