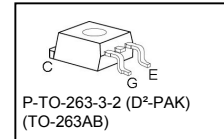
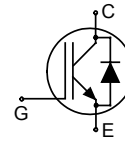


## High Speed IGBT in NPT-technology

- 30% lower  $E_{off}$  compared to previous generation
- Short circuit withstand time – 10  $\mu$ s
- Designed for operation above 30 kHz
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
  - parallel switching capability
  - moderate  $E_{off}$  increase with temperature
  - very tight parameter distribution
- High ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	$V_{CE}$	$I_C$	$E_{off}$	$T_j$	Package	Ordering Code
SKB06N60HS	600V	6A	80 $\mu$ J	150°C	TO-263AB	Q67040-S4544

### Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CE}$	600	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	12	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		6	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{Cpuls}$	24	
Turn off safe operating area	-	24	
$V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode forward current	$I_F$	12	
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		6	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Diode pulsed current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	$I_{Fpuls}$	24	
Gate-emitter voltage static	$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
transient ( $t_p < 1\mu\text{s}, D < 0.05$ )		$\pm 30$	
Short circuit withstand time <sup>1)</sup>	$t_{SC}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}, T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	68	W
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			
Operating junction and storage temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Time limited operating junction temperature for $t < 150\text{h}$	$T_{j(tl)}$	175	
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	-	260	

<sup>1)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

## Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
<b>Characteristic</b>				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJC}$		1.85	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	$R_{thJCD}$		4.5	
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	$R_{thJA}$	TO-263AB	62	
SMD version, device on PCB <sup>1)</sup>	$R_{thJA}$	TO-263AB	40	

## Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristic</b>						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=6A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		2.8 3.5	3.15 4.00	
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_F=6A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.5 1.55	2.05 2.05	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=200\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	- -	40 2000	$\mu A$
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=6A$	-	4		S

<sup>1)</sup> Device on 50mm\*50mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70μm thick) copper area for collector connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

### Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{CE}=25V,$	-	350		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{GE}=0V,$	-	50		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$f=1MHz$	-	23		
Gate charge	$Q_{Gate}$	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=6A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	33		nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	$L_E$	TO-263AB	-	7		nH
Short circuit collector current <sup>1)</sup>	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC} \leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC} \leq 400V,$ $T_j \leq 150^\circ C$	-	48		A

### Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

### IGBT Characteristic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^\circ C,$ $V_{CC}=400V, I_C=6A,$ $V_{GE}=0/15V,$ $R_G=50\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{2)} = 60nH,$ $C_{\sigma}^{2)} = 40pF$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	11		ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	11		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	196		
Fall time	$t_f$		-	41		mJ
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	0.10		
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.09		
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.19		

### Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=25^\circ C,$ $V_R=400V, I_F=6A,$ $di_F/dt=626A/\mu s$	-	100		ns
	$t_S$		-	24		
	$t_F$		-	76		
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	220		nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	7		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	315		A/ $\mu s$

<sup>1)</sup> Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

<sup>2)</sup> Leakage inductance  $L_\sigma$  and Stray capacity  $C_\sigma$  due to test circuit in Figure E.

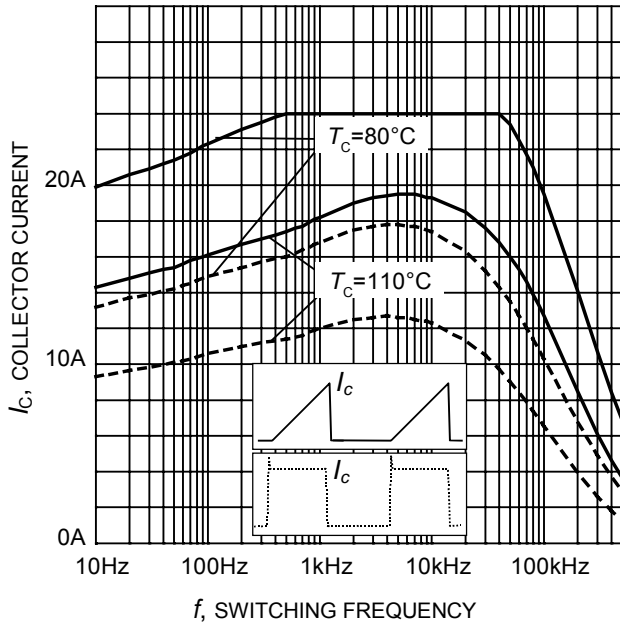
### Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
<b>IGBT Characteristic</b>						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=6\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ , $R_G=8\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 60nH, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 40pF Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	8		ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	3		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	63		
Fall time	$t_f$		-	59		mJ
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	0.11		
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.08		
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.19		
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$ , $I_C=6\text{A}$ , $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ , $R_G=50\Omega$ $L_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 60nH, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}$ = 40pF Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	10		ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	13		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	216		
Fall time	$t_f$		-	29		mJ
Turn-on energy	$E_{on}$		-	0.15		
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$		-	0.12		
Total switching energy	$E_{ts}$		-	0.27		

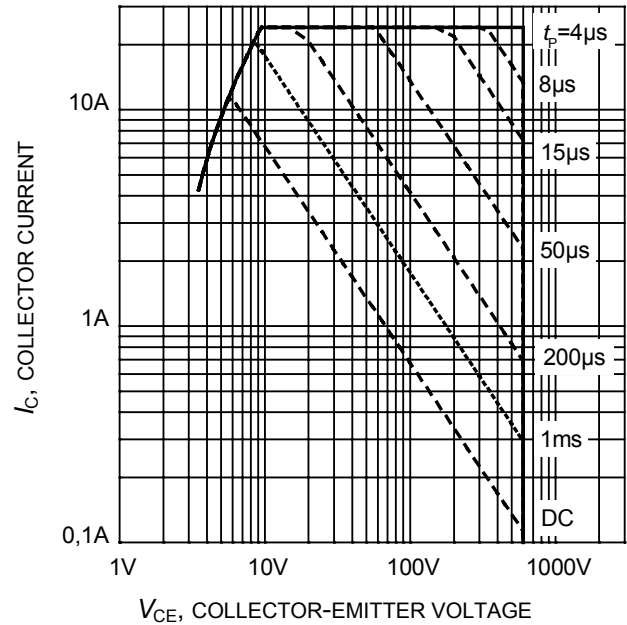
### Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic

Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R=400\text{V}$ , $I_F=6\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt=673\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	150		ns
	$t_S$		-	27		
	$t_F$		-	123		
Diode reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	500		nC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	$I_{rrm}$		-	8.8		A
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_b$	$di_{rr}/dt$		-	280		A/ $\mu\text{s}$

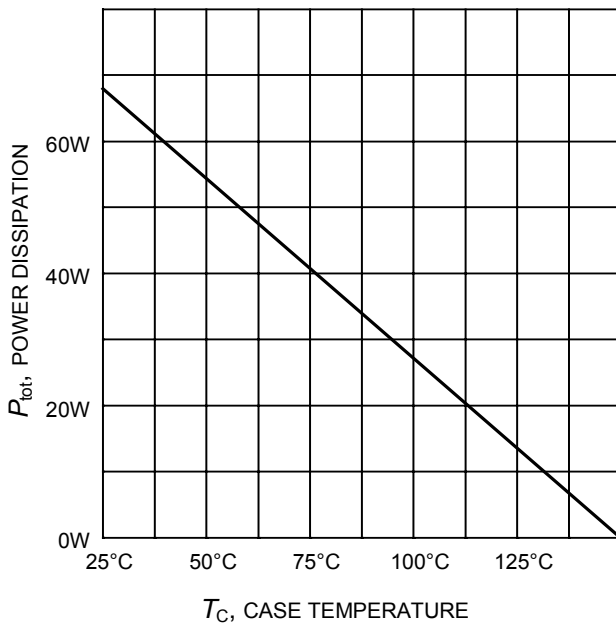
<sup>1)</sup> Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$  and Stray capacity  $C_{\sigma}$  due to test circuit in Figure E.



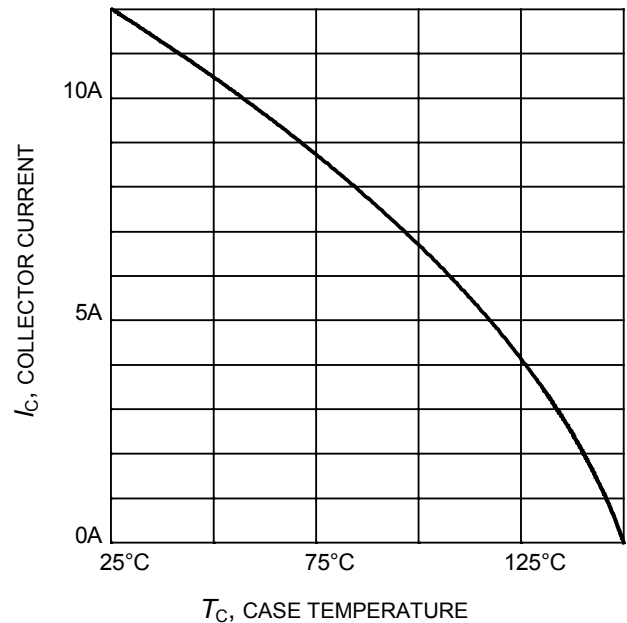
**Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency**  
 ( $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $D = 0.5$ ,  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 50\Omega$ )



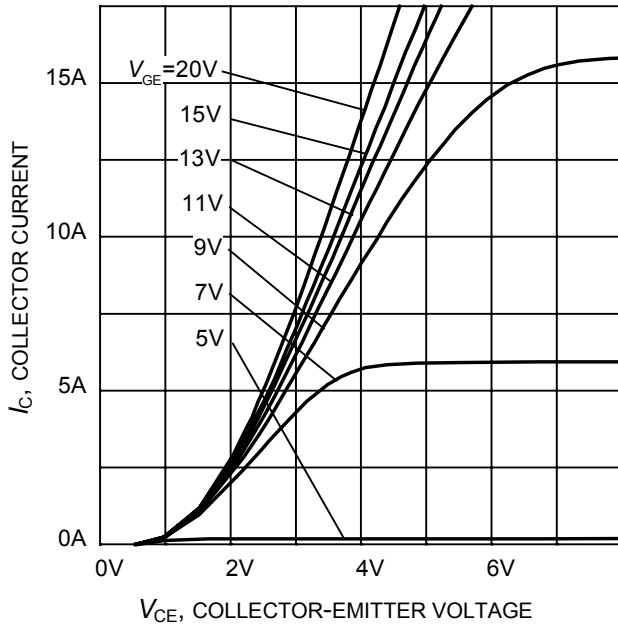
**Figure 2. Safe operating area**  
 ( $D = 0$ ,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ )



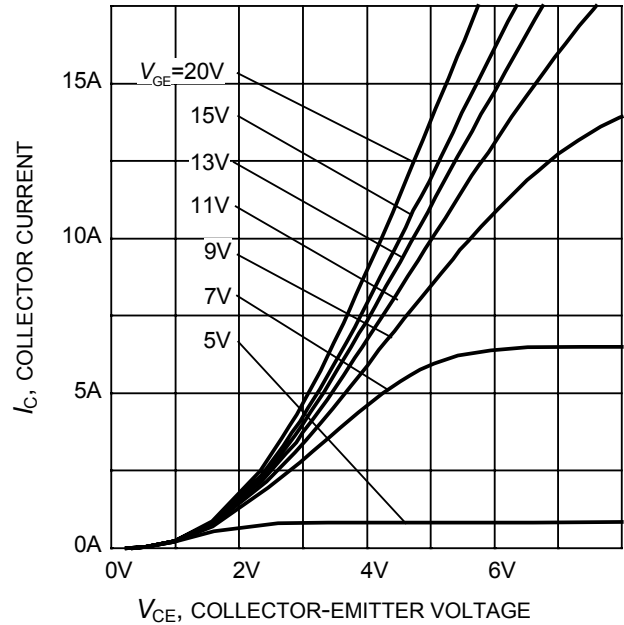
**Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )



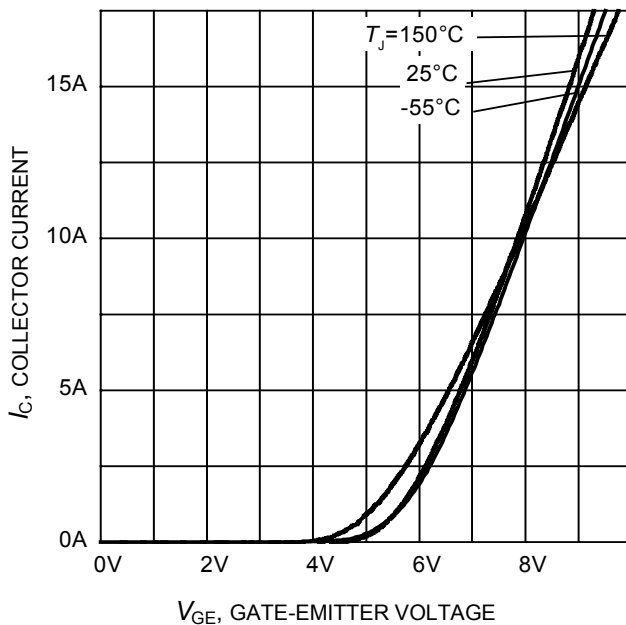
**Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature**  
 ( $V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}$ ,  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )



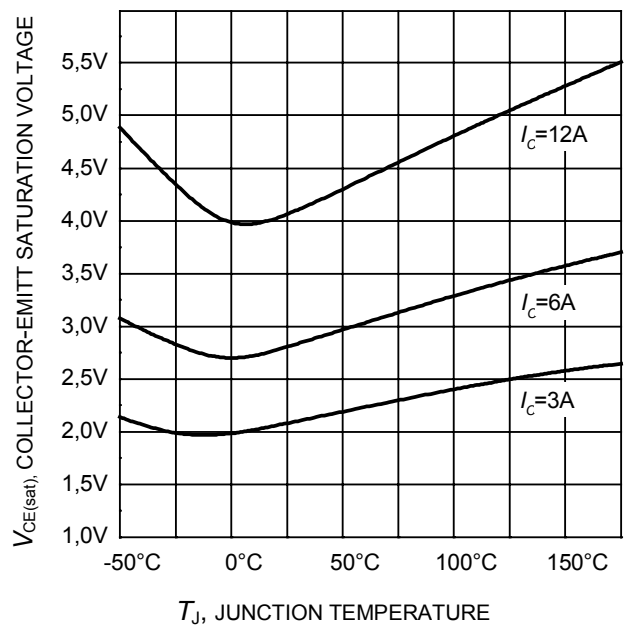
**Figure 5. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )



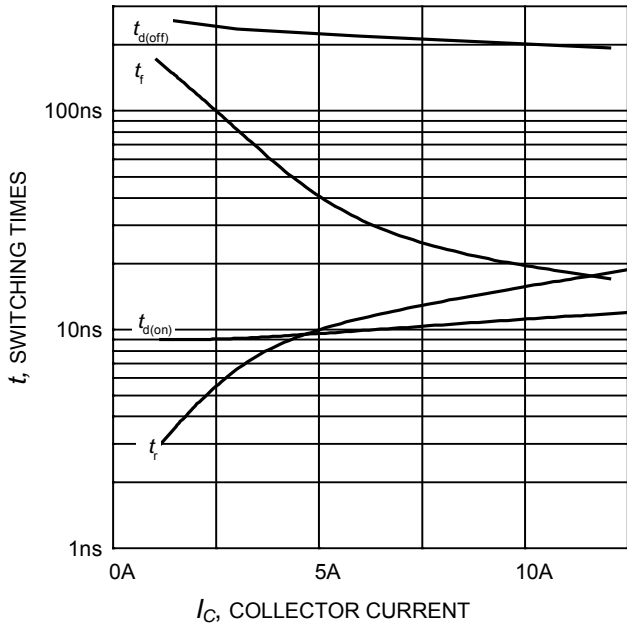
**Figure 6. Typical output characteristic**  
( $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )



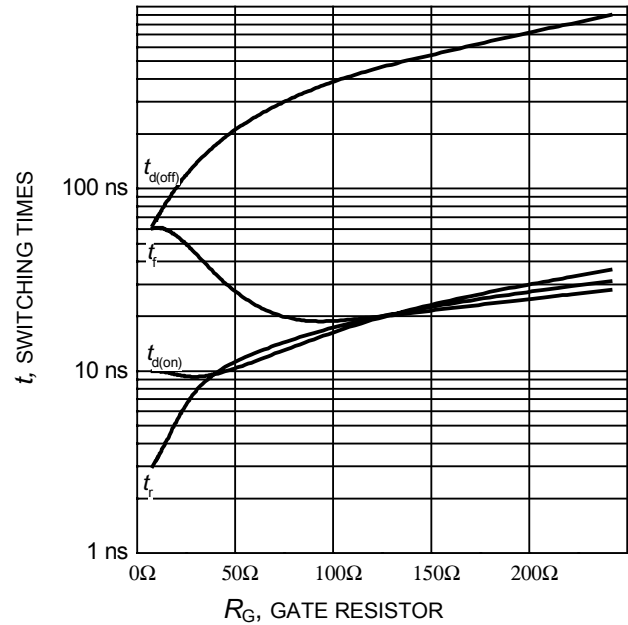
**Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic**  
( $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ )



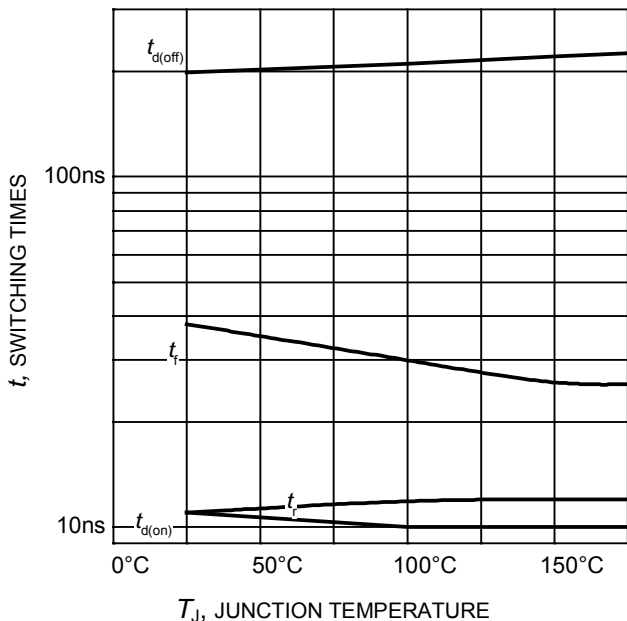
**Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ )



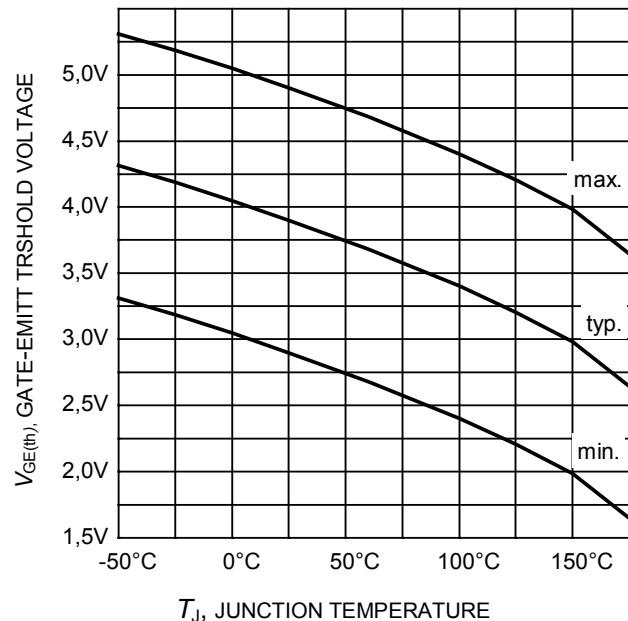
**Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=50\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



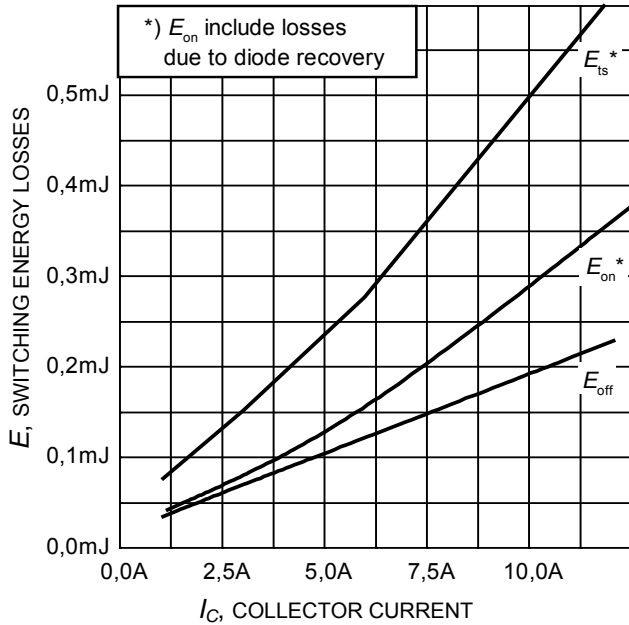
**Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=6\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



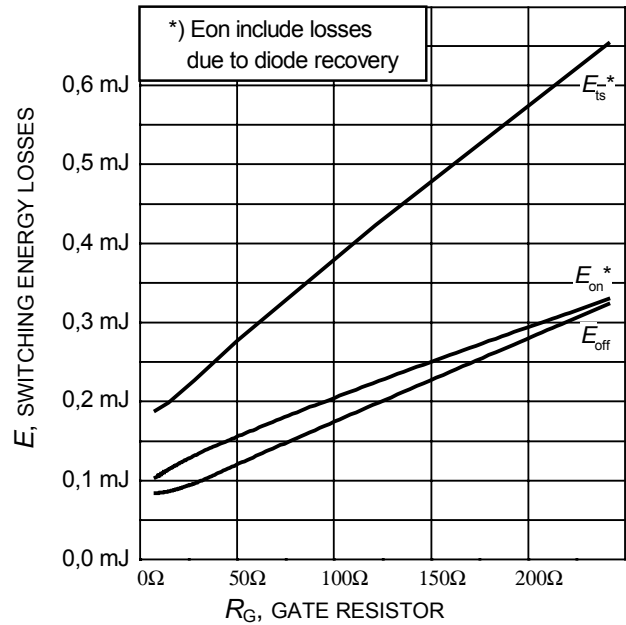
**Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=6\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=50\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



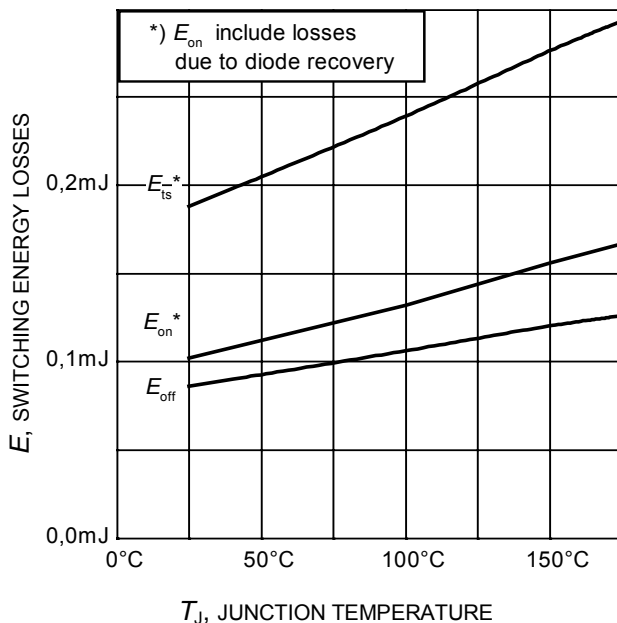
**Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**  
( $I_C = 0.5\text{mA}$ )



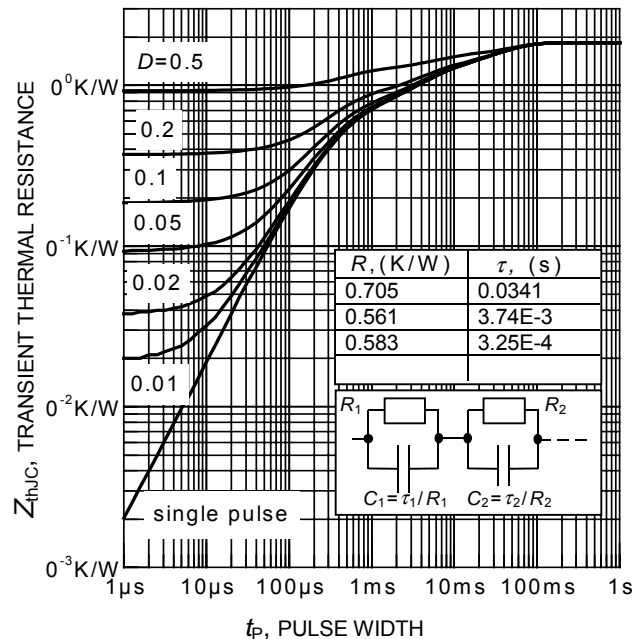
**Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $R_G=50\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



**Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
(inductive load,  $T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=6\text{A}$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

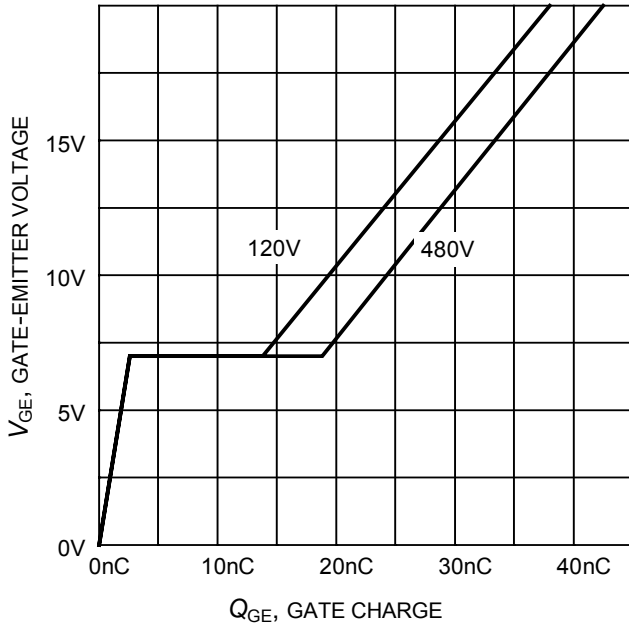


**Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**  
(inductive load,  $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$ ,  $I_C=6\text{A}$ ,  $R_G=50\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

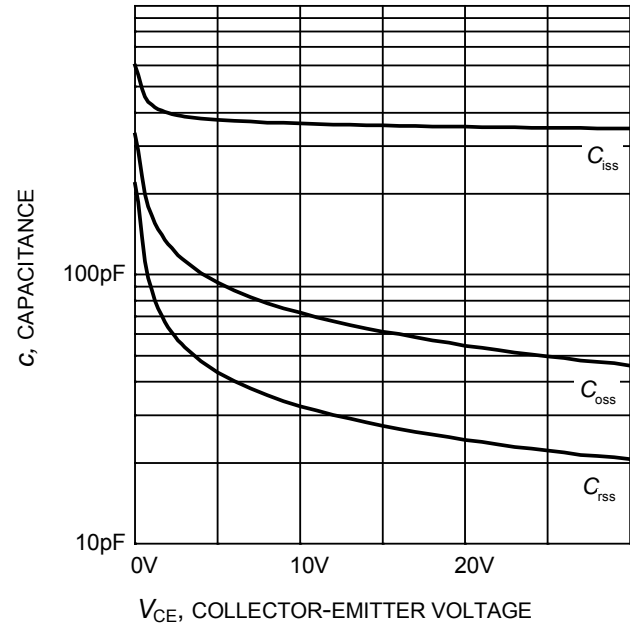


**Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal resistance**  
( $D = t_p / T$ )

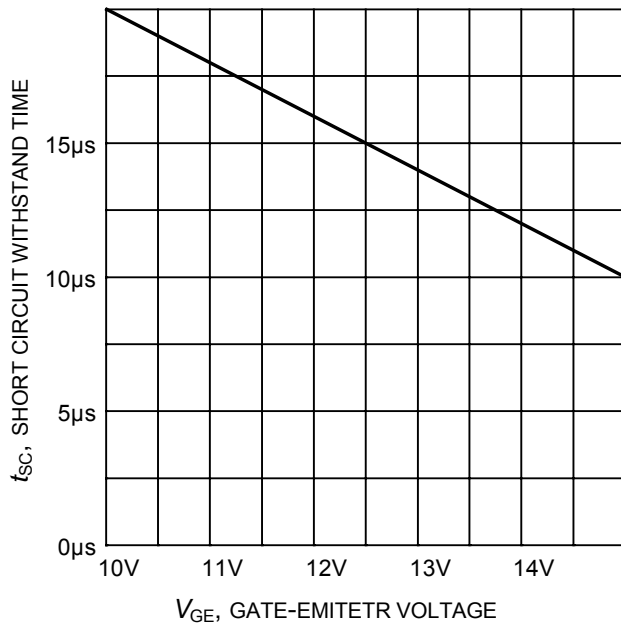




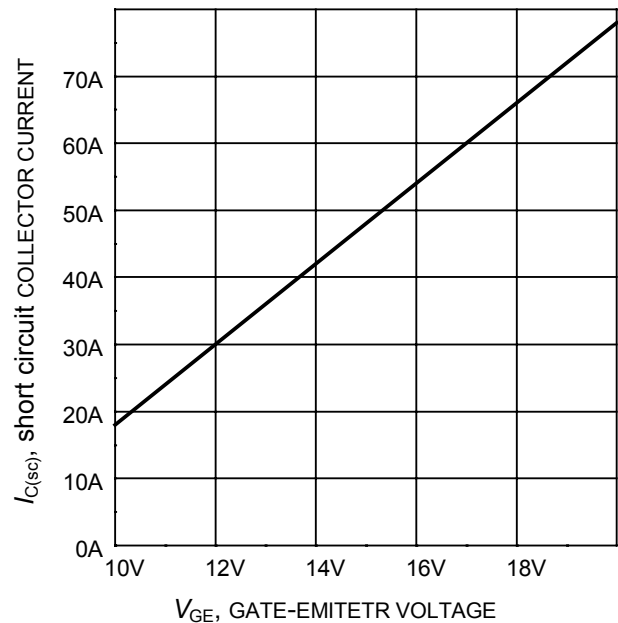
**Figure 17. Typical gate charge**  
( $I_C=6\text{ A}$ )



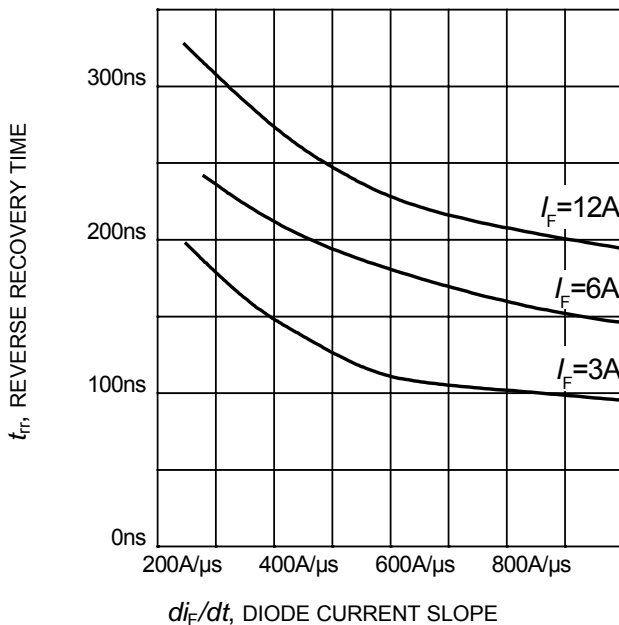
**Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{GE}=0\text{V}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ )



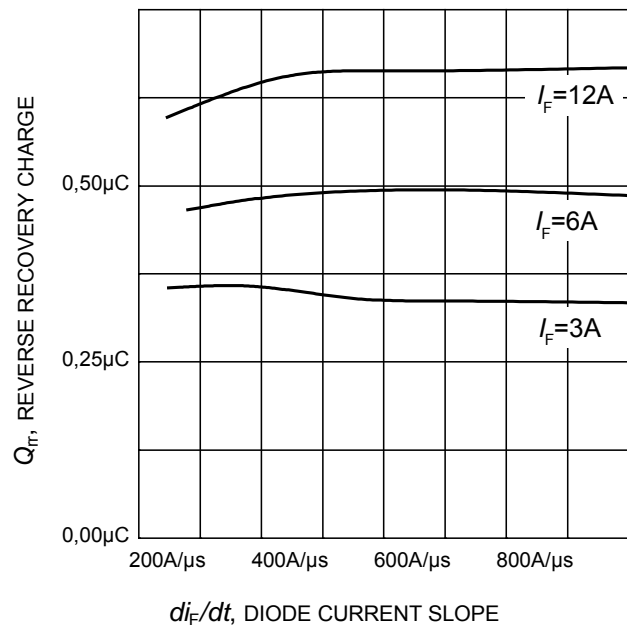
**Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$ , start at  $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )



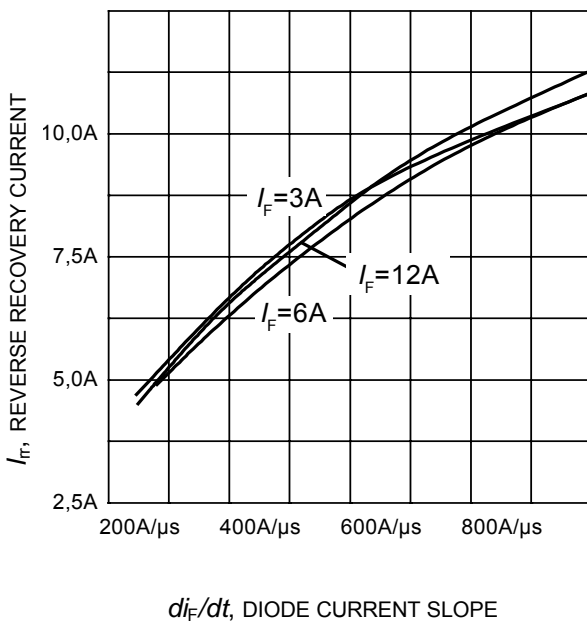
**Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**  
( $V_{CE} \leq 400\text{V}$ ,  $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ )



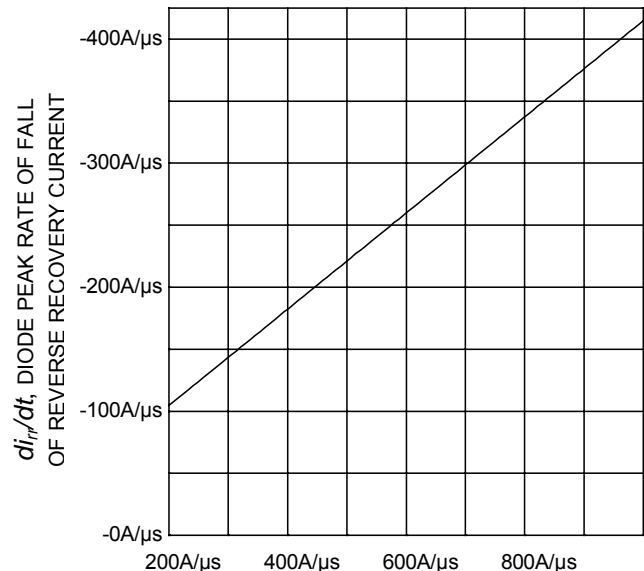
**Figure 21. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope**  
 ( $V_R=400V$ ,  $T_J=150^\circ C$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



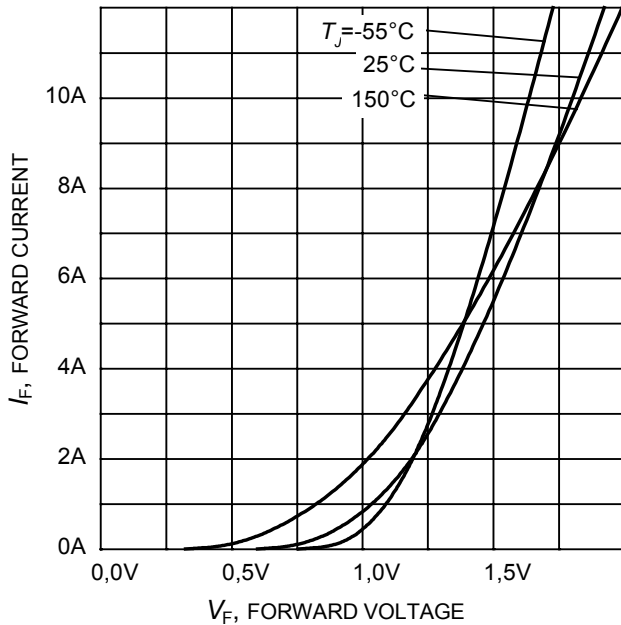
**Figure 22. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope**  
 ( $V_R=400V$ ,  $T_J=150^\circ C$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



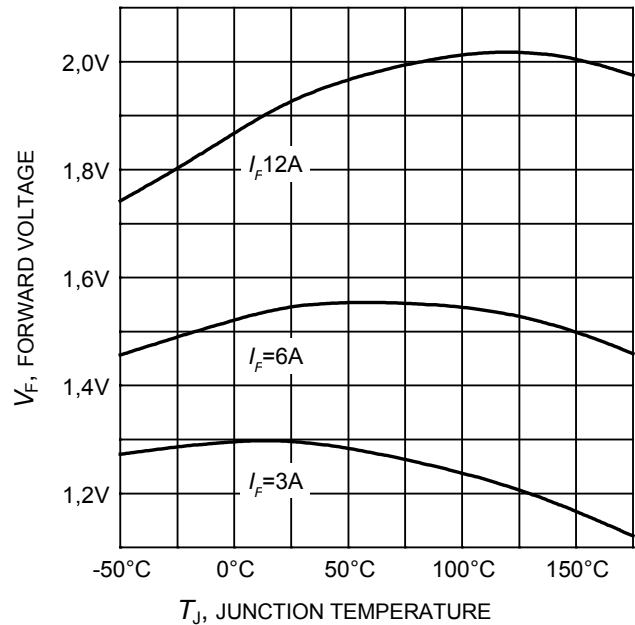
**Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**  
 ( $V_R=400V$ ,  $T_J=150^\circ C$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



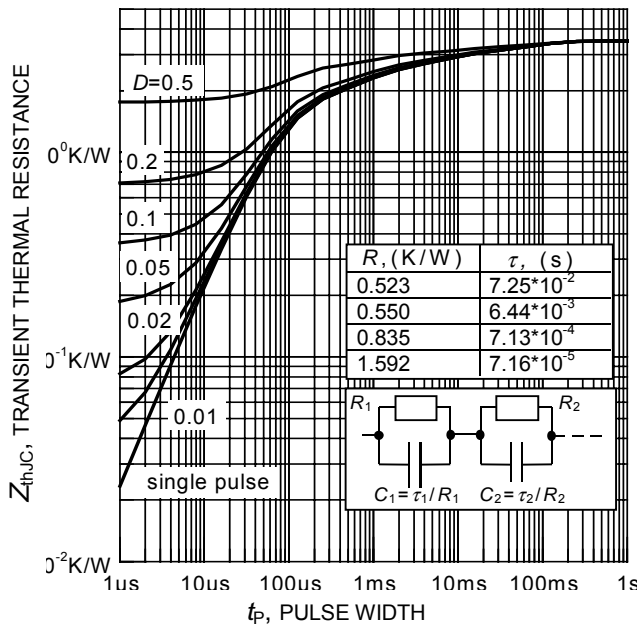
**Figure 24. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope**  
 ( $V_R=400V$ ,  $T_J=150^\circ C$ ,  
 Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



**Figure 25. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

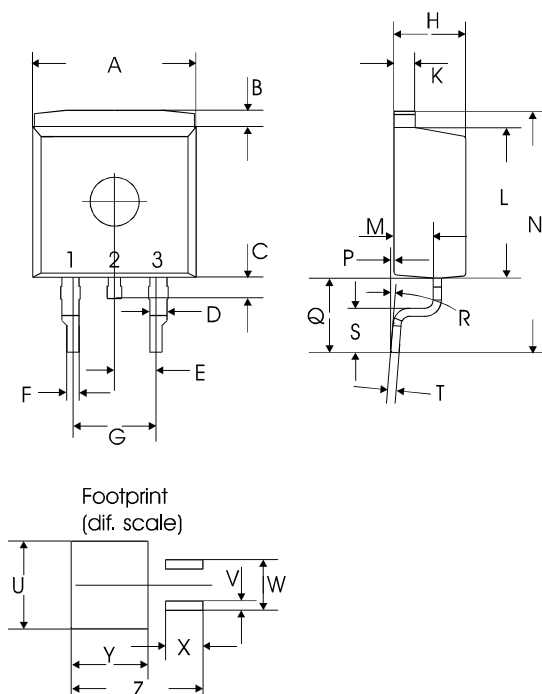


**Figure 26. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature**

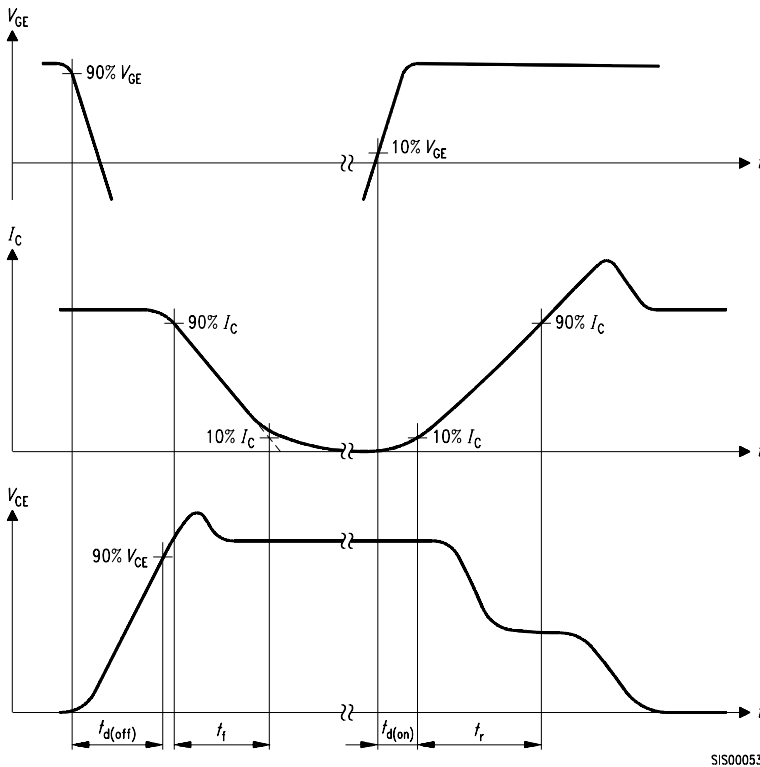


**Figure 27. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width ( $D = t_p / T$ )**

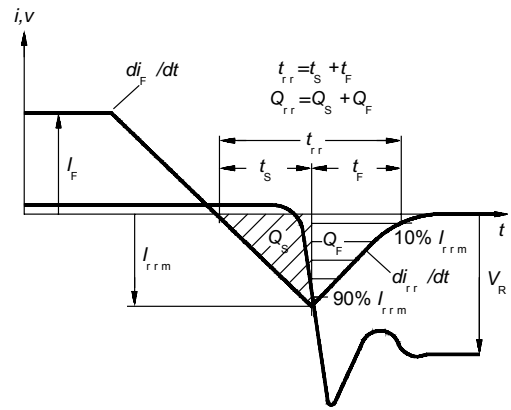
TO-263AB (D<sup>2</sup>Pak)



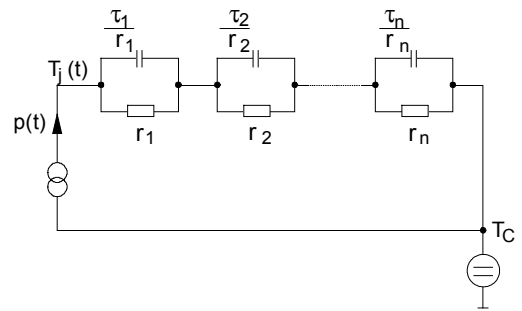
symbol	dimensions			
	[mm]		[inch]	
	min	max	min	max
A	9.80	10.20	0.3858	0.4016
B	0.70	1.30	0.0276	0.0512
C	1.00	1.60	0.0394	0.0630
D	1.03	1.07	0.0406	0.0421
E	2.54 typ.		0.1 typ.	
F	0.65	0.85	0.0256	0.0335
G	5.08 typ.		0.2 typ.	
H	4.30	4.50	0.1693	0.1772
K	1.17	1.37	0.0461	0.0539
L	9.05	9.45	0.3563	0.3720
M	2.30	2.50	0.0906	0.0984
N	15 typ.		0.5906 typ.	
P	0.00	0.20	0.0000	0.0079
Q	4.20	5.20	0.1654	0.2047
R	8° max		8° max	
S	2.40	3.00	0.0945	0.1181
T	0.40	0.60	0.0157	0.0236
U	10.80		0.4252	
V	1.15		0.0453	
W	6.23		0.2453	
X	4.60		0.1811	
Y	9.40		0.3701	
Z	16.15		0.6358	



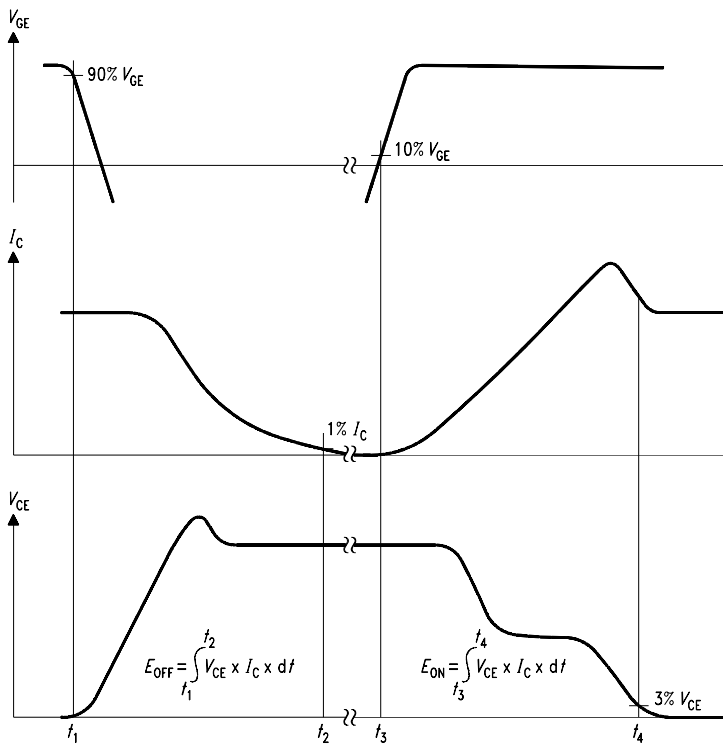
**Figure A. Definition of switching times**



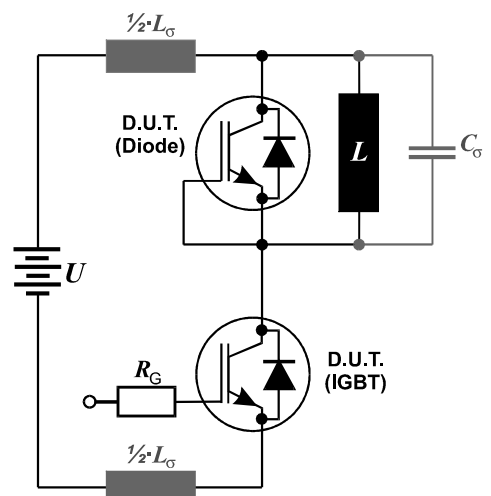
**Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics**



**Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit**



**Figure B. Definition of switching losses**



**Figure E. Dynamic test circuit**  
Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma} = 60\text{nH}$   
and Stray capacity  $C_{\sigma} = 40\text{pF}$ .

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