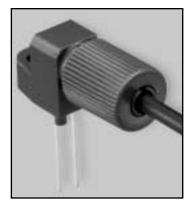
Plastic Fiber Optic Phototransistor

IF-D92



APPLICATIONS

- ► Low-Speed Digital Data Links
- ► Motor Controller Triggering
- ► Audio Links
- ► Medical Instruments
- ► Automotive Electronics
- Robotics Communications
- ► EMC/EMI Signal Isolation
- ➤ Electronic Games
- ➤ Process Control

DESCRIPTION

The IF-D92 is a high-sensitivity phototransistor detector housed in a "connector-less" style plastic fiber optic package. Optical response of the IF-D92 extends from 400 to 1100 nm, making it compatible with a wide range of visible and near-infrared LEDs and laser diode sources. This includes 650 nm visible red LEDs used for optimum transmission in PMMA plastic optic fiber. The detector package features an internal micro-lens and a precision-molded PBT housing to ensure efficient optical coupling into standard 1000 μm core plastic fiber cable.

APPLICATION HIGHLIGHTS

The IF-D92 is suitable for digital data links at rates up to 25 kbps. Analog bandwidths greater than 15 kHz are possible making the IF-D92 usable for high frequency audio transmission. Phototransistor operation provides high internal gain – reducing the amount of post amplification required in many circuits. The integrated design of the IF-D92 makes it a simple, cost-effective solution in a variety of analog and digital applications.

FEATURES

- ♦ High Optical Sensitivity
- ◆ Mates with Standard 1000 um Core Jacketed Plastic Fiber Optic Cable
- ◆ No Optical Design Required
- ◆ Inexpensive but Rugged Plastic Connector Housing
- ◆ Internal Micro-Lens for Efficient Optical Coupling
- ◆ Connector-Less Fiber Termination
- ◆ Light-Tight Housing provides Interference Free Transmission

MAXIMUM RATINGS

 $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

CHARACTERISTICS (T_A=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Wavelength for Maximum Photosensitivity	λ_{PEAK}	-	870	-	nm
Spectral Bandwidth (S=10% of S _{MAX})	Δλ	400	-	1100	nm
Switching Times (10% to 90% and 90% to 10%) (R_L =1 k Ω , I_C =1.0 mA, V_{CE} =5 V, λ =950 nm)		-	20	-	μs
Responsivity min. @ 880 nm @ 632 nm	R	-	100 50	-	μΑ/μW μΑ/μW
Collector Dark Current (V _{CE} =15 volts)	I _{CEO}	-	-	100	nA
Breakdown Voltage (I _C =100 µA)	BV _{CEO}	30	-	-	V
Breakdown Voltage (I _C =100 µA)	BV _{ECO}	5	-	-	V
Saturation Voltage (I _C =250 μ A, H=100 μ W)	V _{CE sat}	-	0.15	-	V

IF-D92

Plastic Fiber Optic Phototransistor

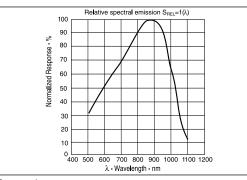


FIGURE 1. Typical detector response versus wavelength.

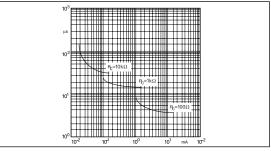


FIGURE 2. Rise and fall times of phototransistor.

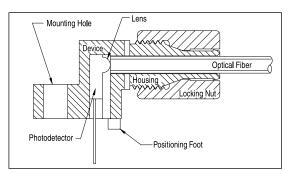


FIGURE 3. Cross-section of fiber optic device.

FIBER TERMINATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Cut off the ends of the optical fiber with a singleedge razor blade or sharp knife. Try to obtain a precise 90-degree angle (square).
- 2. Insert the fiber through the locking nut and into the connector until the core tip seats against the internal micro-lens.
- 3. Screw the connector locking nut down to a snug fit, locking the fiber in place.

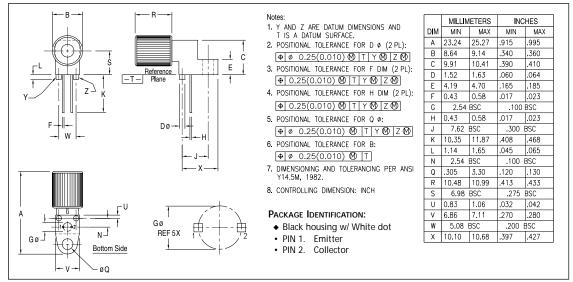


FIGURE 4. Case outline.