

Preliminary

# **High Voltage Analog Switches**

T-51-11

**Ordering Information** 

Function  Analog Signal Range  RDS <sub>(ON)</sub>			Dual SPST	Dual SPDT	Dual DPST	Dual SPST
			V <sub>NN</sub> to V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>NN</sub> to V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>NN</sub> to V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>NN</sub> to V <sub>PP</sub> 55 ohms
			110 ohms	110 ohms	110 ohms	
	Package Type	Temp Range				
Order No. and Part Type	16-lead CERDIP, Hi-Rei <sup>†</sup>	-55°C to +125°C	RBHV341D	RBHV343D	RBHV345D	RBHV348D
	16-lead CERDIP, Mil-Temp	-55°C to +125°C	HV341D	HV343D	HV345D	HV348D
	16-lead CERDIP	-20°C to + 85°C	HV341MD	HV343MD	HV345MD	HV348MD
	16-lead small outline*	-20°C to + 85°C	HV341MWG	HV343MWG	HV345MWG	HV348MWG
	16-lead small outline*	0°C to + 70°C	HV341WG	HV343WG	HV345WG	HV348WG
	16-lead plastic DIP	0°C to + 70°C	HV341P	HV343P	HV345P	HV348P
	Die in waffle pack	0°C to + 70°C	HV341X	HV343X	HV345X	HV348X

#### **Features**

- ±20V to ±50V single and dual supply operation
- R<sub>ON</sub> less than 55Ω (HV348)
- Signal switching from positive to negative rail
- -50db OFF isolation at 5MHz
- Withstand +80V to -100 spikes
- Withstand  $V_{\text{SIG}}$  with power supply off

## **Applications**

- Test Equipment and Instruments
- Diagnostic Systems
- 48 Volt Telecom Systems
- Military Electronics

# Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>1</sup>

Supply voltage, V <sub>PP</sub>		-0.3V to +65V
Supply voltage, V <sub>NN</sub>		+0.3V to -65V
Data input voltage		V <sub>NN</sub> to V <sub>PP</sub>
Input current	Switches	±200mA
	Logic inputs	±30mA
Continuous total	Plastic Packages	500mW
power dissipation <sup>2</sup>	Ceramic Packages	750mW
Storage temperature range	-65	5°C to +150°C

# **General Description**

These CMOS/DMOS high voltage analog switches are designed to handle high voltage analog signals. They may be used when analog voltages are low and high voltage immunity is desired. The signal handling capability extends from positive to negative supply voltage; i.e., 100V peak to peak with ±50V power supplies.

Inputs are compatible with CMOS logic, with a zero level turning the switches ON.

Operating supply voltage ranges from ±20V to ±50V with dual output power supplies, with the positive supply current below 300µA and negative supply not exceeding 100μA.

When a single output power supply is used, operating voltage ranges from +20V to +50V, with less than 20μA operating current when logic input signal equals the supply voltage.

With the addition of series diodes on the power supply and ground inputs, the HV341 series drivers will withstand +80V to -100V excursion on the inputs or switch pins without damage, or will withstand signal input with the power supplies OFF.

<sup>300</sup> mil wide SO package For Hi-Rel process flows, refer to page 5-3 of the Databook.

All voltages are referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>.

<sup>2.</sup> For operation above 25°C ambient, derate linearly to 85°C at 8mW/°C.

# Electrical Characteristics (over recommended operating conditions unless noted) DC Characteristics

T-51-11

Symbol	Parameter Analog signal range		Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions	
V <sub>SIG</sub>			V <sub>NN</sub>		V <sub>PP</sub>	V	331111113113	
	HV341/343/345	25°C		80	110	Ω		
R <sub>on</sub>		Over temp			160	$V_{SIG} = \pm 50$	V <sub>SIG</sub> = ±50V	
ON	HV348	25°C		35	55	Ω	I <sub>sig</sub> = 10mA	
		Over temp			80			
R <sub>ON</sub>	ON-Resistance matching			7		%	<del></del>	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low threshold				3.5			
VIH	Input high threshold		12			V		
I <sub>SOL</sub>	Switch OFF leakage	25°C		10	50	nA	V <sub>SIG</sub> = ±50V	
		Over temp		1	5	μА		
lpp	V <sub>PP</sub> quiescent current			200	600	μA		
I <sub>NN</sub>	V <sub>NN</sub> quiescent current			15	200	μА	<del> </del>	
I <sub>IN</sub>	Logic input current			0.1	10	μА	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 15V	
Ison	Switch ON leakage	25°C		10	60	nA		
	Over temp		-	1	5	μА	$V_{SIG} = \pm 50V$	

### AC Characteristics (@ $V_{DD} = 12V$ , $V_{PP} = 60V$ , $T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C$ )

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
ton	Turn-ON time	25°C		0.5	1.0	μѕ	
		Over temp			1.5	1 .	
toff	Turn-OFF time	25°C		0.4	0.75	μs	
·		Over temp			1.0		
Ko	OFF isolation			-70		dB	25°C, 1MHz
K <sub>CR</sub>	Switch crosstalk			-75		dB	25°C, 1MHz
C <sub>SW(OFF)</sub>	OFF capacitance across switch			1		pF	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_S = 0V$
C <sub>SG(OFF)</sub>	OFF capacitance SW to GND		T	17		pF	1A - 20 0, 18 - 01
C <sub>SG(ON)</sub>	ON capacitance SW to GND			38		pF	······································
	Charge injection				100	рС	V <sub>SIG</sub> = +50V
Q					240	pC	V <sub>SIG</sub> = 0V
			1 1		480	pC	V <sub>SIG</sub> = -50V

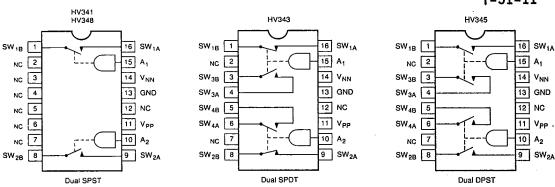
11

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

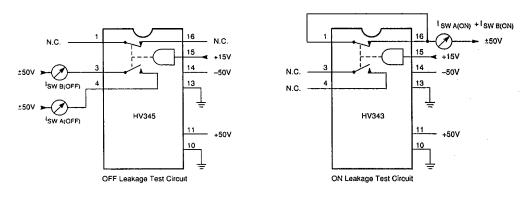
Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>NN</sub>	Negative high voltage supply		-50	<del></del>	0	V
V <sub>PP</sub>	High voltage supply		+20	<u> </u>	+50	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage		+12	<del> </del>	+50	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage		-50		+3.5	v
Operating temperature range		Commercial	0	-	+70	°C
		Military Hi-Rel (RB)	-55		+125	°C

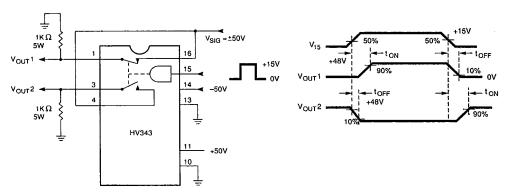
# **Functional Block Diagrams and Pin Configurations**

T-51-11



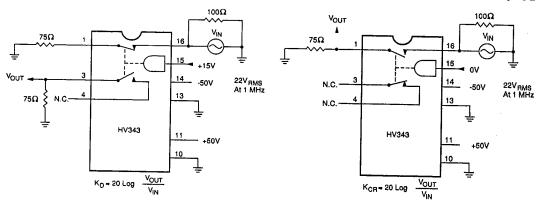
# **Test Circuits**





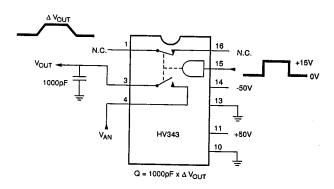
Switching Time Test Circuit

#### T-51-11



Channel-Channel Crosstalk Circuit

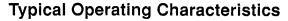
OFF Isolation Test Circuit

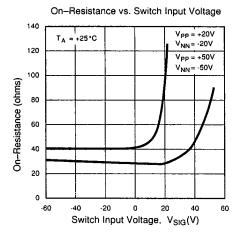


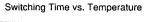
Charge Injection Test Circuit

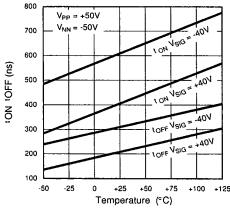
R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> (normalized)

T-51-11

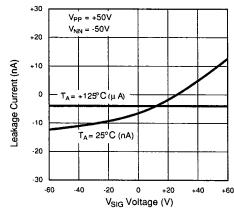




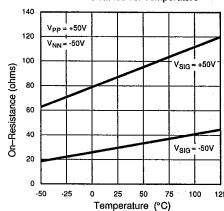




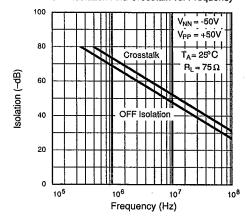
OFF Leakage vs. Switch Voltage



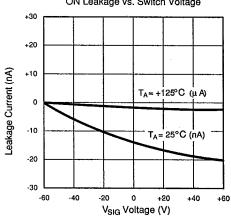
#### On-Resistance vs. Temperature



OFF Isolation And Crosstalk vs. Frequency



ON Leakage vs. Switch Voltage



# **Applications Information**

#### **Analog Signal Range**

The HV341 family's analog signal range is equal to the power supply value, up to  $\pm50$ V with split power supplies and  $\pm60$ V with a single power supply ( $V_{\rm NN}$  connected to GND). An ON switch is also capable of passing up to 0.5A on a peak current basis. Maximum continuous current is limited only by the package power dissipation (see Absolute Maximum Ratings).

#### **ON Resistance**

The ON resistance of the MAX341 series switches is typically  $40\Omega.$   $R_{\rm ON}$  does, however, increase as the switch voltage (VSIG) approaches  $V_{\rm pp}.$  For example, with  $\pm 50\rm V$  supplies and a  $\pm 50\rm V$  analog signal,  $R_{\rm ON}$  will be typically less than  $100\Omega$  (50 $\Omega$  for the HV348), and  $45\Omega$  (25 $\Omega$  for the HV348 for -50V signals. With  $\pm 50\rm V$  power supplies , and  $\pm 40\rm V$  switch voltages,  $R_{\rm ON}$  is about  $40\Omega$  for the  $\pm 40\rm V$  case and  $30\Omega$  for the -40V case. ON resistance can be reduced and current handling capacity can be increased by connecting switches in parallel. This is especially useful in power switching applications. Table 1 and the graph in the Typical Characteristics section further describe the relation between  $R_{\rm ON}$  and  $V_{\rm pp}.$ 

#### **Power Supply Current**

The maximum supply current for  $V_{pp}$  and  $V_{NN}$  at 25°C is 300 $\mu$ A and 100 $\mu$ A, respectively. However, the positive supply current (1+) is partly dependent on the input logic level and can be reduced if control signals of a larger amplitude than 0V and 15V are used. If the control inputs swing to within 4V of  $V_{pp}$  and  $V_{NN}$  then 1+ drops to a typical value of 200 $\mu$ A.

#### **Control Inputs**

T-51-11

15V logic level inputs are required to turn switches on or off, but the control inputs can also accept levels up to  $V_{pp}$  and  $V_{NN}.$  An input greater than 12V constitutes a "1" state (switch OFF), and an input less than 3.5V will constitute a "0" state (switch ON).

Standard TTL logic can be used with HV341 series switches if a level shifter such as the MC14504 is used to drive the control inputs as shown in Figure 1. Open collector drivers, with external pull-up resistors, can be used in a similar fashion as well.

**Table 1: ON Resistance** 

V <sub>pp</sub> /V <sub>NN</sub>	R <sub>ON</sub> at V <sub>SIG</sub> = V <sub>PP</sub>	R <sub>on</sub> at V <sub>sig</sub> = V <sub>NN</sub>		
+20V/-20V	127Ω	39Ω		
+30V/-30V	105Ω	36Ω		
+40V/-40V	92Ω	32Ω		
+50V/-50V	84Ω	30Ω		
+40V/GND	127Ω	39Ω		
+60V/GND	105Ω	36Ω		

Note: Typical R<sub>ON</sub> for the HV348 is approximately one half of the above values.

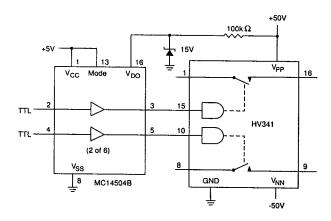


Figure 1. Using TTL Control Levels

11

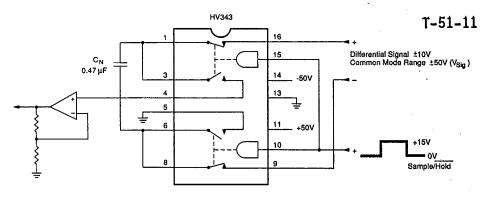


Figure 2. Flying Capacitor Differential to Single-Ended Converter With ±50V Common-Mode Range.

#### Flying Capacitor Input

A "flying capacitor" differential to single-ended converter takes advantage of the HV343's wide input voltage range, which allows large common mode inputs to be rejected. As shown in figure 2, a capacitor is alternately charged by the differential input signal and then is connected to an op-amp or A-to-D input. An instrumentation amplifier is not required since the output signal can be referenced to ground. Sample-hold operation is also built into the design and the HV343's break-before-make operation ensures that the output sees only the differential portion of the input signal. A similar approach can also be used for single-ended to differential signal conversion as well.

#### **Parallel Switches**

In designs where power switching ability is needed, any of the HV 341 series switches can be connected in parallel to increase current handling capability and reduce ON resistance. Applications such as ultrasonics, RF power, and DC motor drive are areas where this is often important. An HV348 is shown in a parallel configuration in Figure 3. The resulting SPST switch has a typical  $R_{\rm ON}$  of  $12\Omega$  (5 $\Omega$  for signals more than 10V below  $V_{\rm pp}$ ) and can handle pulsed loads of up to 0.5 Amps. With  $\pm 50$ V power supplies, the peak-to-peak signal range is still 100V, and 10MHz signals can be switched while maintaining typically -50dB of isolation.

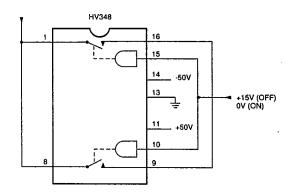


Figure 3. Minimum  ${\rm R}_{\rm ON}$  (5 to 10  $\!\Omega$  typ.) High Voltage Switch.