

DATA SHEET

74HC1GU04

Inverter

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC06

1998 Nov 18

Inverter

74HC1GU04

FEATURES

- Wide operating voltage:
2.0 to 6.0 V
- Symmetrical output impedance
- Low power dissipation
- Balanced propagation delays
- Very small 5-pin package
- Output capability: standard.

DESCRIPTION

The 74HC1GU04 is a high-speed Si-gate CMOS device.

The 74HC1GU04 provides the inverting single stage function. The standard output currents are $\frac{1}{2}$ compared to the 74HCU04.

FUNCTION TABLE

See note 1.

INPUT inA	OUTPUT outY
L	H
H	L

Note

1. H = HIGH voltage level;
L = LOW voltage level.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0 V; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; $t_r = t_f = 6.0\text{ ns}$.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP.	UNIT
t_{PHL}/t_{PLH}	propagation delay inA to outY	$C_L = 15\text{ pF}$; $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	5	ns
C_I	input capacitance		5	pF
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	notes 1 and 2	14	pF

Notes

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

$\sum (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of outputs.

2. For HC1G the condition is $V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$.

PINNING

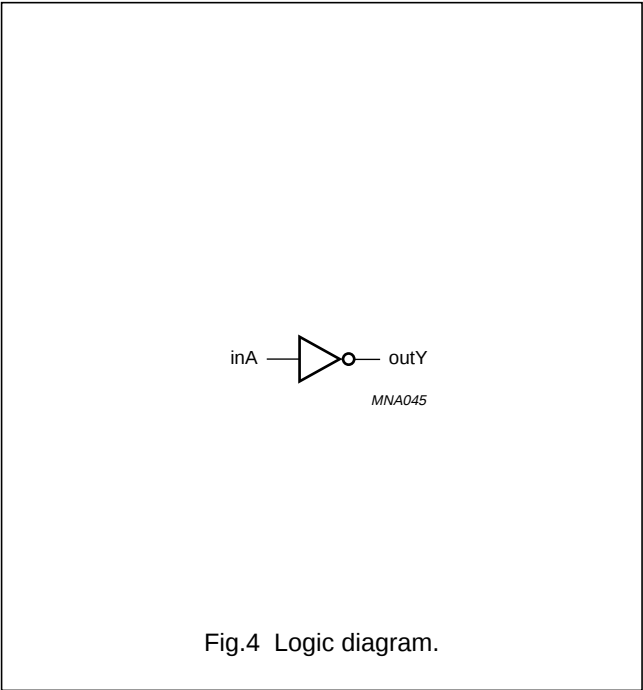
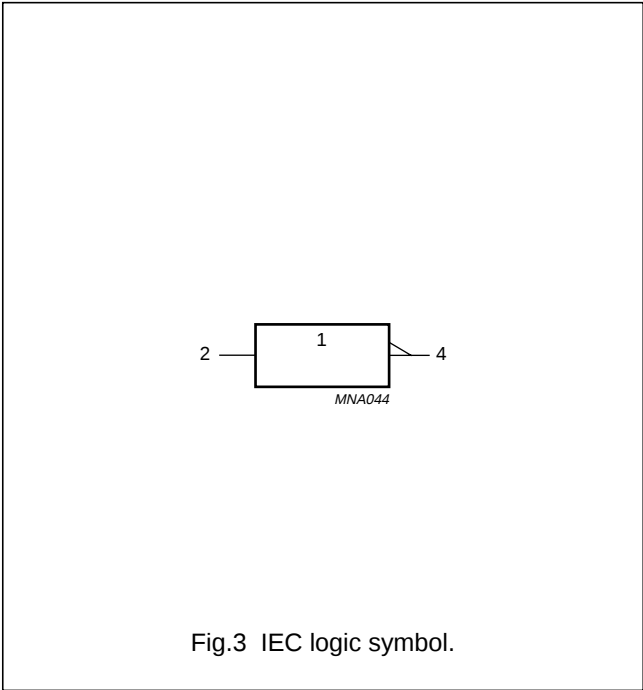
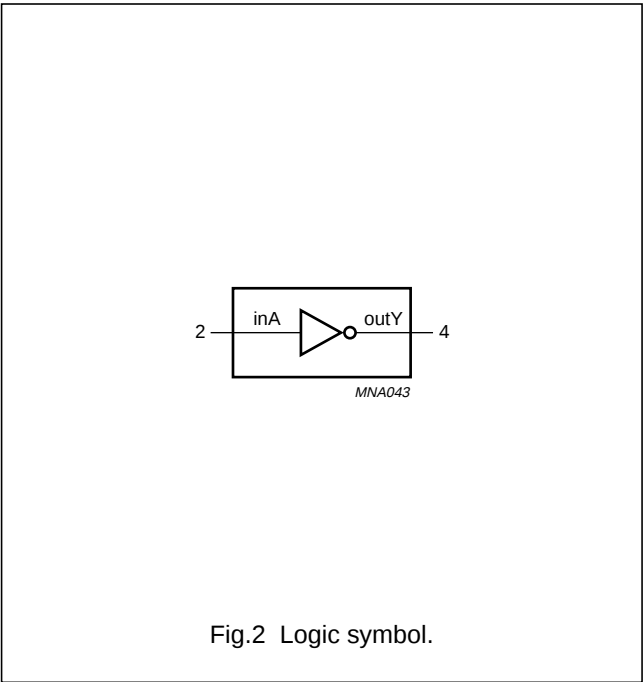
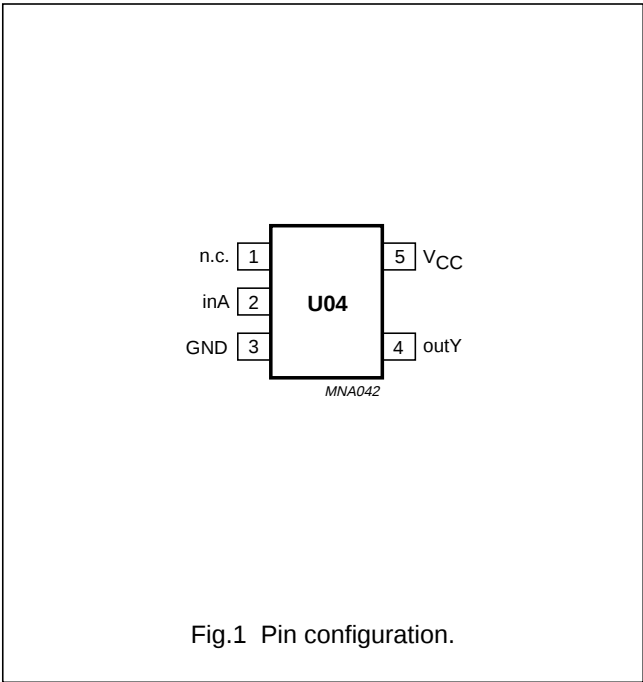
PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	n.c.	not connected
2	inA	data input
3	GND	ground (0 V)
4	outY	data output
5	V_{CC}	DC supply voltage

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ORDERING INFORMATION

OUTSIDE NORTH AMERICA	PACKAGES					
	TEMPERATURE RANGE	PINS	PACKAGE	MATERIAL	CODE	MARKING
74HC1GU04GW	−40 to +125 °C	5	SC-88A	plastic	SOT353	HD



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RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	74HC1G			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		2.0	5.0	6.0	V
V_I	input voltage		0	–	V_{CC}	V
V_O	output voltage		0	–	V_{CC}	V
T_{amb}	operating ambient temperature range	see DC and AC characteristics per device	–40	+25	+125	°C
t_r, t_f	input rise and fall times except for Schmitt-trigger inputs	$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	–	–	1000	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	–	–	500	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	–	–	400	ns

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		–0.5	+7.0	V
$\pm I_{IK}$	DC input diode current ⁽¹⁾	$V_I < -0.5$ or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$	–	20	mA
$\pm I_{OK}$	DC output diode current ⁽¹⁾	$V_O < -0.5$ or $V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$	–	20	mA
$\pm I_O$	DC output source or sink current standard outputs ⁽¹⁾	$-0.5\text{ V} < V_O < V_{CC} + 0.5\text{ V}$	–	12.5	mA
$\pm I_{CC}$	DC V_{CC} or GND current for types with standard outputs ⁽¹⁾		–	25	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature range		–65	+150	°C
P_D	power dissipation per package 5 pins plastic SC-88A	for temperature range: –40 to +125 °C; above +55 °C P_D derates linearly with 2.5 mW/K	–	200	mW

Note

1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

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DC CHARACTERISTICS FOR THE 74HC1GU04

Over recommended operating conditions. Voltage are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		T _{amb} (°C)					UNIT
		OTHER	V _{CC} (V)	–40 to +85			–40 to +125		
				MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage		2.0	1.7	1.4	–	1.7	–	V
			4.5	3.6	2.6	–	3.6	–	V
			6.0	4.8	3.4	–	4.8	–	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level input voltage		2.0	–	0.6	0.3	–	0.3	V
			4.5	–	1.9	0.9	–	0.9	V
			6.0	–	2.6	1.2	–	1.2	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage; all outputs	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , –I _O = 20 μA	2.0	1.8	2.0	–	1.8	–	V
			4.5	4.0	4.5	–	4.0	–	V
			6.0	5.5	6.0	–	5.5	–	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage; standard outputs	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , –I _O = 2.0 mA	4.5	4.13	4.32	–	3.7	–	V
		V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , –I _O = 2.6 mA	6.0	5.63	5.81	–	5.2	–	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage; all outputs	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , I _O = 20 μA	2.0	–	0	0.2	–	0.2	V
			4.5	–	0	0.5	–	0.5	V
			6.0	–	0	0.5	–	0.5	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage; standard outputs	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , I _O = 2.0 mA	4.5	–	0.15	0.33	–	0.4	V
		V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , I _O = 2.6 mA	6.0	–	0.16	0.33	–	0.4	V
I _I	input leakage current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	6.0	–	–	1.0	–	1.0	μA
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	6.0	–	–	10	–	20	μA

Note

1. All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

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AC CHARACTERISTICS

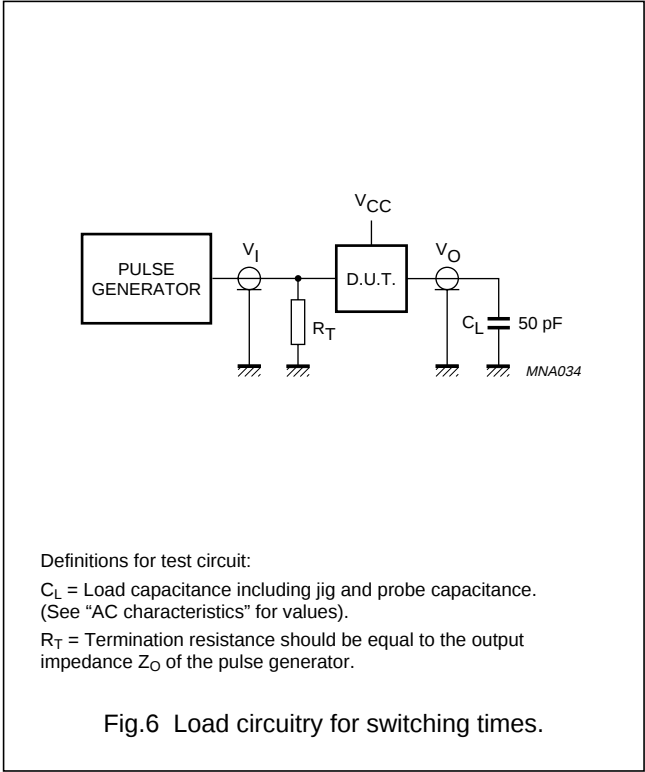
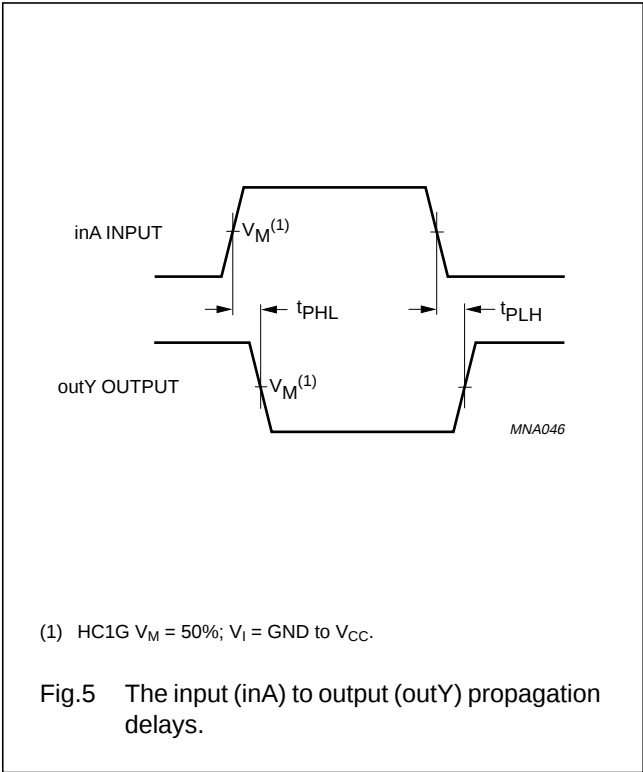
GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f = 6.0\text{ ns}$; $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		T _{amb} (°C)					UNIT
		WAVEFORMS	V _{CC} (V)	−40 to +85			−40 to +125		
				MIN.	TYP. ⁽¹⁾	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
t _{PHL} /t _{PLH}	propagation delay inA to outY	see Figs 5 and 6	2.0	–	10	90	–	105	ns
			4.5	–	7	18	–	21	ns
			6.0	–	6	15	–	18	ns

Note

1. All typical values are measured at T_{amb} = 25 °C.

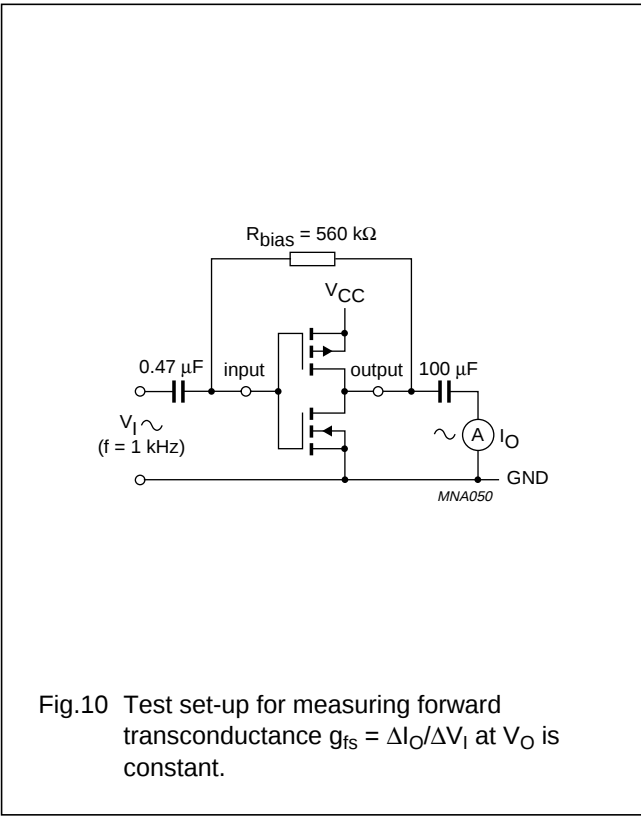
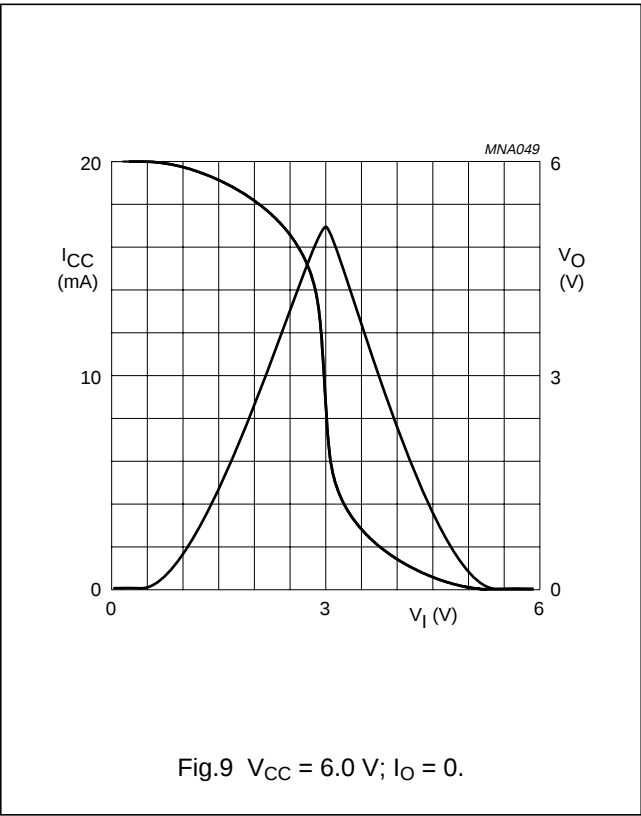
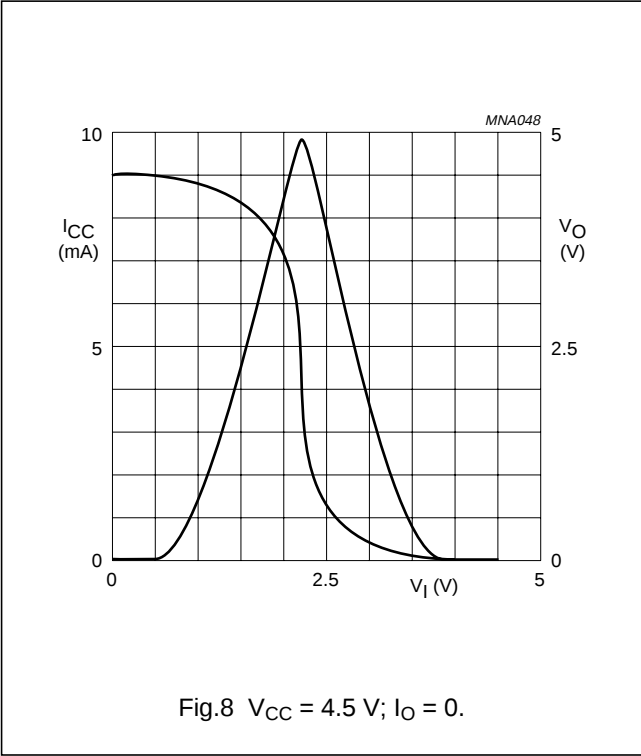
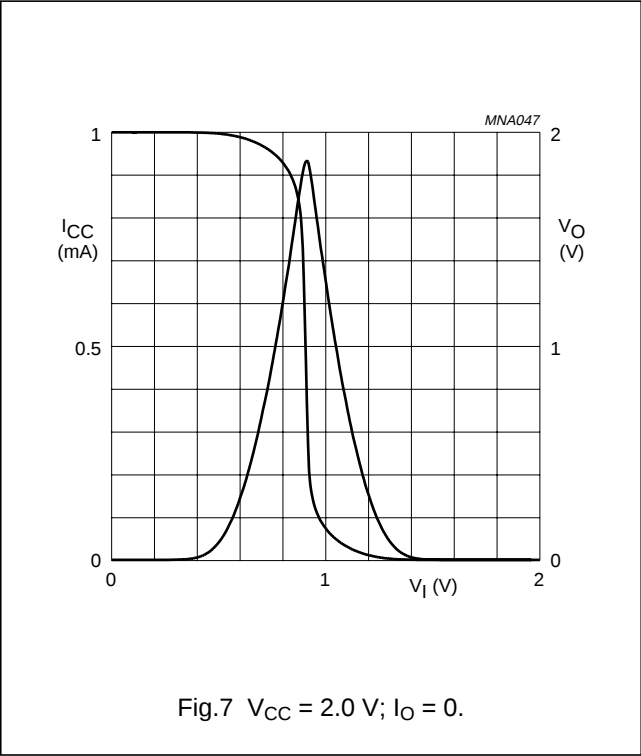
AC WAVEFORMS



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TYPICAL TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



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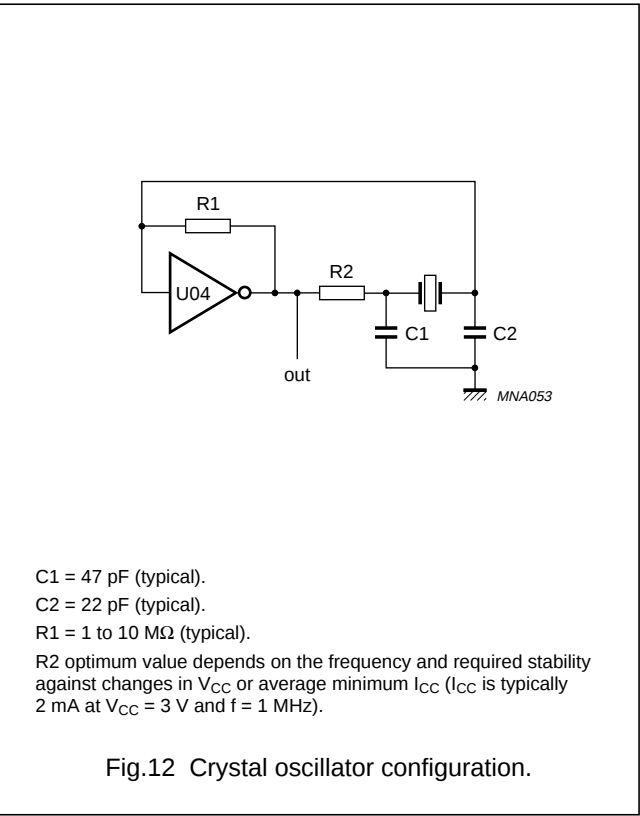
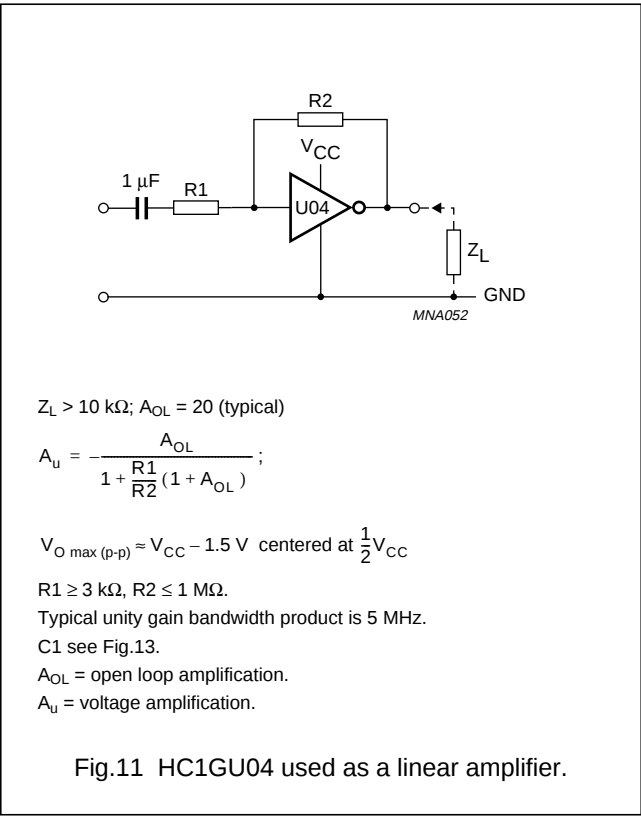
APPLICATION INFORMATION

Some applications for the HC1GU04 are:

- Linear amplifier (see Fig.11)
- In crystal oscillator design (see Fig.12).

Note to the application information.

All values given are typical unless otherwise specified.



External components for resonator (f < 1 MHz)

FREQUENCY (kHz)	R1 (MΩ)	R2 (kΩ)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)
10 to 15.9	2.2	220	56	20
16 to 24.9	2.2	220	56	10
25 to 54.9	2.2	100	56	10
55 to 129.9	2.2	100	47	5
130 to 199.9	2.2	47	47	5
200 to 349.9	2.2	47	47	5
350 to 600	2.2	47	47	5

Where:

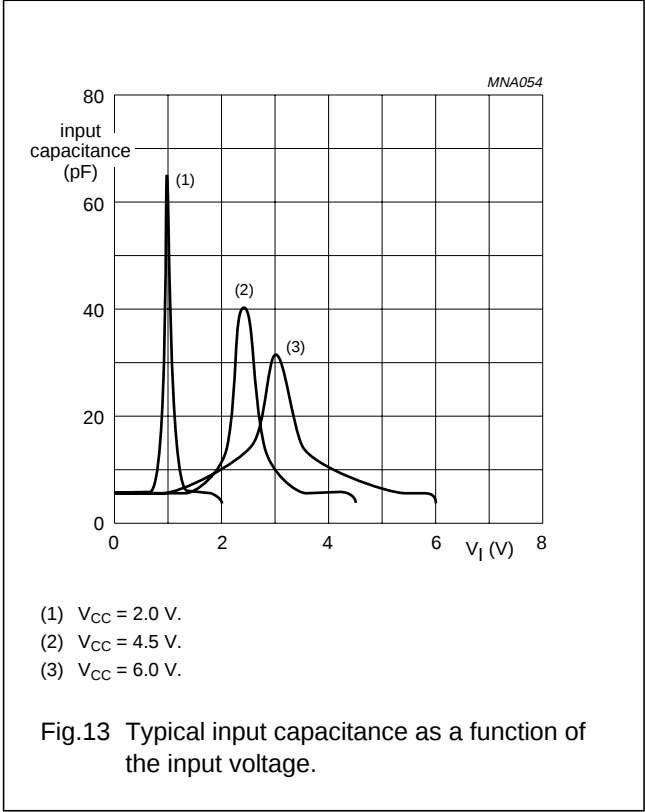
All values given are typical and must be used as an initial set-up.

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Optimum value for R2

FREQUENCY (kHz)	R2 (kΩ)	OPTIMUM FOR
3	2.0 8.0	minimum required I _{CC} minimum influence due to change in V _{CC}
6	1.0 4.7	minimum required I _{CC} minimum influence by V _{CC}
10	0.5 2.0	
14	0.5 1.0	
>14	replace R2 by C3 with a typical value of 35 pF	



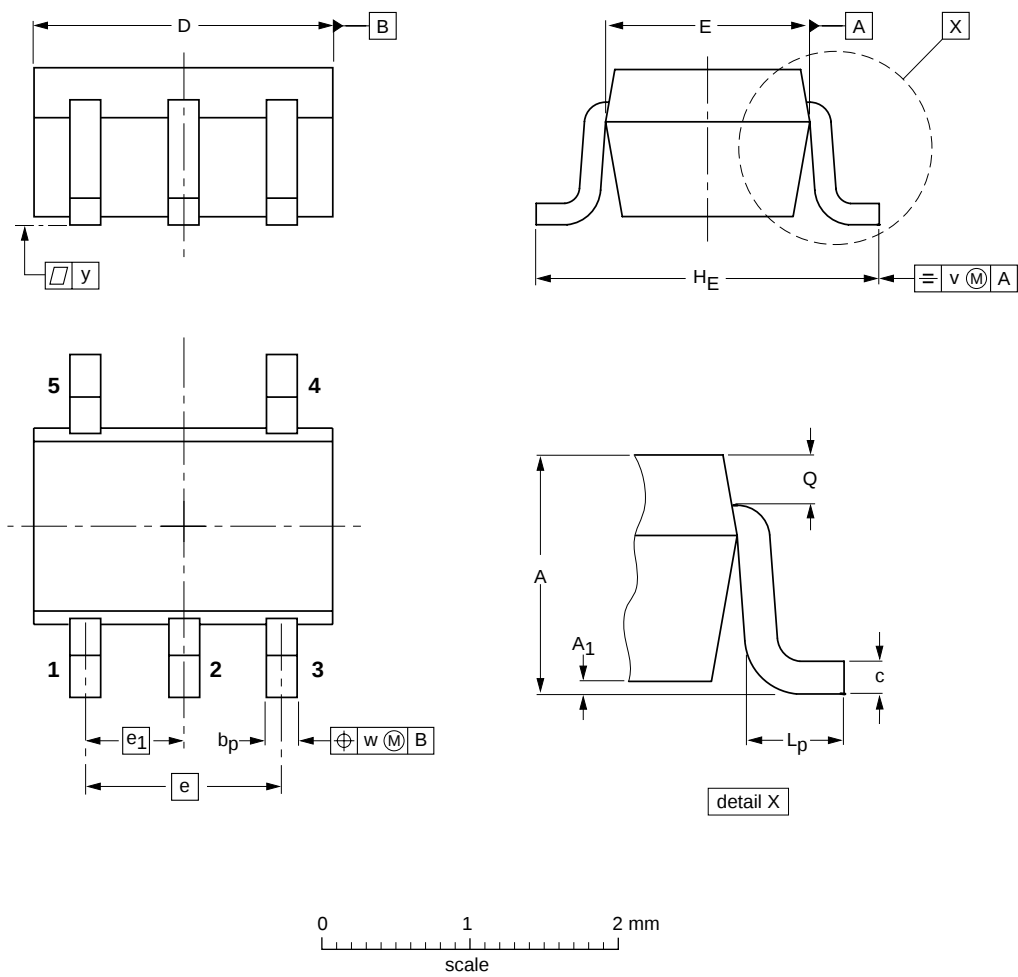
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PACKAGE OUTLINE

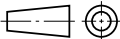
Plastic surface mounted package; 5 leads

SOT353



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	A ₁ max	b _p	c	D	E ⁽²⁾	e	e ₁	H _E	L _p	Q	v	w	y
mm	1.1 0.8	0.1	0.30 0.20	0.25 0.10	2.2 1.8	1.35 1.15	1.3	0.65	2.2 2.0	0.45 0.15	0.25 0.15	0.2	0.2	0.1

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT353			SC-88A			97-02-28

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SOLDERING

Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages"* (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mount ICs, or for printed-circuit boards with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, infrared/convection heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferably be kept below 230 °C.

Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is **preferred** to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
 - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis **must** be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

- For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

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Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

PACKAGE	SOLDERING METHOD	
	WAVE	REFLOW ⁽¹⁾
BGA, SQFP	not suitable	suitable
HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, SMS	not suitable ⁽²⁾	suitable
PLCC ⁽³⁾ , SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable
LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	suitable
SSOP, TSSOP, VSO	not recommended ⁽⁵⁾	suitable

Notes

1. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the “*Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods*”.
2. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering as a solder joint between the printed-circuit board and heatsink (at bottom version) can not be achieved, and as solder may stick to the heatsink (on top version).
3. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
4. Wave soldering is only suitable for LQFP, TQFP and QFP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
5. Wave soldering is only suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	

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