

74AUP2G14

Low-power dual Schmitt trigger inverter

Rev. 02 — 3 July 2009

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74AUP2G14 provides two inverting buffers with Schmitt trigger action which accept standard input signals. They are capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V_{CC} range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

The inputs switch at different points for positive and negative-going signals. The difference between the positive voltage V_{T+} and the negative voltage V_{T-} is defined as the input hysteresis voltage V_H .

2. Features

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
 - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114E Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
 - ◆ MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
 - ◆ CDM JESD22-C101C exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption; $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A$ (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

3. Applications

- Wave and pulse shaper
- Astable multivibrator
- Monostable multivibrator

4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package				Version
	Temperature range	Name	Description		
74AUP2G14GW	−40 °C to +125 °C	SC-88	plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads		SOT363
74AUP2G14GM	−40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1.45 × 0.5 mm		SOT886
74AUP2G14GF	−40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 × 1 × 0.5 mm		SOT891

5. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code ^[1]
74AUP2G14GW	pK
74AUP2G14GM	pK
74AUP2G14GF	pK

[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

6. Functional diagram

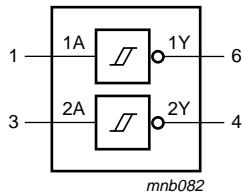


Fig 1. Logic symbol

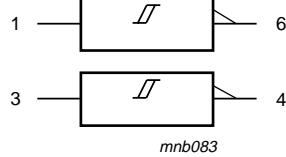


Fig 2. IEC logic symbol

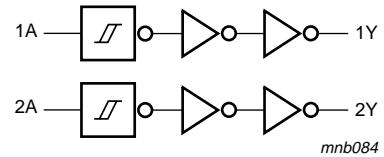


Fig 3. Logic diagram

7. Pinning information

7.1 Pinning

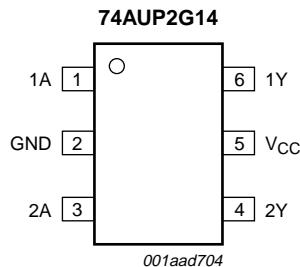


Fig 4. Pin configuration SOT363 (SC-88)

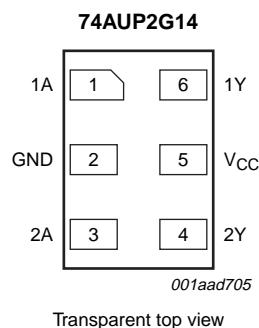


Fig 5. Pin configuration SOT886 (XSON6)

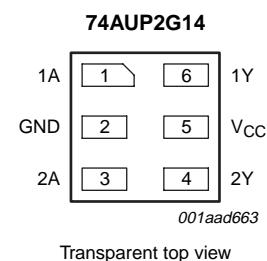


Fig 6. Pin configuration SOT891 (XSON6)

7.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
1A	1	data input
GND	2	ground (0 V)
2A	3	data input
2Y	4	data output
V _{CC}	5	supply voltage
1Y	6	data output

8. Functional description

Table 4. Function table^[1]

Input	Output
nA	nY
L	H
H	L

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;
L = LOW voltage level.

9. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V _I < 0 V	-50	-	mA
V _I	input voltage		[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
I _{OK}	output clamping current	V _O < 0 V	-50	-	mA
V _O	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	[1] -0.5	+4.6	V
I _O	output current	V _O = 0 V to V _{CC}	-	±20	mA
I _{CC}	supply current		-	50	mA
I _{GND}	ground current		-50	-	mA
T _{STG}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{TOT}	total power dissipation	T _{amb} = -40 °C to +125 °C	[2] -	250	mW

[1] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] For SC-88 packages: above 87.5 °C the value of P_{TOT} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K.

For XSON6 packages: above 118 °C the value of P_{TOT} derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

10. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
V _I	input voltage		0	3.6	V
V _O	output voltage	Active mode	0	V _{CC}	V
		Power-down mode; V _{CC} = 0 V	0	3.6	V
T _{AMB}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C

11. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{AMB} = 25 °C						
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{T+} or V _{T-}				
		I _O = -20 µA; V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} - 0.1	-	-	V
		I _O = -1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	0.75 × V _{CC}	-	-	V
		I _O = -1.7 mA; V _{CC} = 1.4 V	1.11	-	-	V
		I _O = -1.9 mA; V _{CC} = 1.65 V	1.32	-	-	V
		I _O = -2.3 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	2.05	-	-	V
		I _O = -3.1 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	1.9	-	-	V
		I _O = -2.7 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.72	-	-	V
		I _O = -4.0 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.6	-	-	V

Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{T+} or V _{T-}				
		I _O = 20 µA; V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V _{CC}	V
		I _O = 1.7 mA; V _{CC} = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I _O = 1.9 mA; V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I _O = 2.3 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I _O = 3.1 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	-	0.44	V
		I _O = 2.7 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.31	V
		I _O = 4.0 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V
I _I	input leakage current	V _I = GND to 3.6 V; V _{CC} = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	µA
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	V _I or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC} = 0 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
ΔI _{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	V _I or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC} = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	µA
I _{CC}	supply current	V _I = GND or V _{CC} ; I _O = 0 A; V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.5	µA
ΔI _{CC}	additional supply current	V _I = V _{CC} - 0.6 V; I _O = 0 A; V _{CC} = 3.3 V	-	-	40	µA
C _I	input capacitance	V _I = GND or V _{CC} ; V _{CC} = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	1.1	-	pF
C _O	output capacitance	V _O = GND; V _{CC} = 0 V	-	1.7	-	pF
T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C						
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V _I = V _{T+} or V _{T-}				
		I _O = -20 µA; V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} - 0.1	-	-	V
		I _O = -1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	0.7 × V _{CC}	-	-	V
		I _O = -1.7 mA; V _{CC} = 1.4 V	1.03	-	-	V
		I _O = -1.9 mA; V _{CC} = 1.65 V	1.30	-	-	V
		I _O = -2.3 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	1.97	-	-	V
		I _O = -3.1 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	1.85	-	-	V
		I _O = -2.7 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.67	-	-	V
		I _O = -4.0 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	2.55	-	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{T+} or V _{T-}				
		I _O = 20 µA; V _{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	-	-	0.3 × V _{CC}	V
		I _O = 1.7 mA; V _{CC} = 1.4 V	-	-	0.37	V
		I _O = 1.9 mA; V _{CC} = 1.65 V	-	-	0.35	V
		I _O = 2.3 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I _O = 3.1 mA; V _{CC} = 2.3 V	-	-	0.45	V
		I _O = 2.7 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.33	V
		I _O = 4.0 mA; V _{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.45	V
I _I	input leakage current	V _I = GND to 3.6 V; V _{CC} = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	µA
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	V _I or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC} = 0 V	-	-	±0.5	µA

Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	V_I or V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CC} = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	± 0.6	μA
I_{CC}	supply current	V_I = GND or V_{CC} ; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μA
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	V_I = V_{CC} – 0.6 V; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 3.3 V	-	-	50	μA
$T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$						
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	V_I = V_{T+} or V_{T-} I_O = -20 μA ; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V I_O = -1.1 mA; V_{CC} = 1.1 V I_O = -1.7 mA; V_{CC} = 1.4 V I_O = -1.9 mA; V_{CC} = 1.65 V I_O = -2.3 mA; V_{CC} = 2.3 V I_O = -3.1 mA; V_{CC} = 2.3 V I_O = -2.7 mA; V_{CC} = 3.0 V I_O = -4.0 mA; V_{CC} = 3.0 V	$V_{CC} - 0.11$	-	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V_I = V_{T+} or V_{T-} I_O = 20 μA ; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V I_O = 1.1 mA; V_{CC} = 1.1 V I_O = 1.7 mA; V_{CC} = 1.4 V I_O = 1.9 mA; V_{CC} = 1.65 V I_O = 2.3 mA; V_{CC} = 2.3 V I_O = 3.1 mA; V_{CC} = 2.3 V I_O = 2.7 mA; V_{CC} = 3.0 V I_O = 4.0 mA; V_{CC} = 3.0 V	-	-	0.11	V
I_I	input leakage current	V_I = GND to 3.6 V; V_{CC} = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	± 0.75	μA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	V_I or V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CC} = 0 V	-	-	± 0.75	μA
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	V_I or V_O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V_{CC} = 0 V to 0.2 V	-	-	± 0.75	μA
I_{CC}	supply current	V_I = GND or V_{CC} ; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μA
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	V_I = V_{CC} – 0.6 V; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 3.3 V	-	-	75	μA

12. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristicsVoltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			−40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C_L = 5 pF									
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]						
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V	-	19.9	-	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.7	5.9	11.0	2.4	11.1	11.2	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.6	4.3	6.6	2.4	7.1	7.4	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.1	3.7	5.4	2.0	6.0	6.2	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.0	3.0	4.1	1.7	4.5	4.7	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.9	2.8	3.6	1.5	3.9	4.0	ns
C_L = 10 pF									
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]						
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V	-	23.4	-	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.9	6.8	12.7	2.8	12.8	12.9	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.8	5.0	7.7	2.6	8.2	8.6	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.7	4.2	6.2	2.5	6.7	7.1	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.3	3.6	4.8	2.1	5.2	5.5	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.1	3.3	4.3	2.0	4.5	4.7	ns
C_L = 15 pF									
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]						
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V	-	26.9	-	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.3	7.6	14.3	3.0	14.5	14.7	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.3	5.5	8.6	2.9	9.4	9.8	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.8	4.7	7.0	2.8	7.7	8.1	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7	4.0	5.5	2.4	5.9	6.2	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.6	3.8	4.8	2.2	5.2	5.4	ns
C_L = 30 pF									
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]						
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V	-	37.3	-	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.0	9.8	18.7	3.9	19.6	20.0	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.7	7.1	11.2	3.8	12.3	12.9	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.6	6.0	9.1	3.6	10.0	10.6	ns
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.5	5.2	6.9	3.2	7.5	7.9	ns
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.3	4.8	6.1	3.1	7.1	7.4	ns

Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continuedVoltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			−40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ ^[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C_L = 5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF									
C _{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	f _i = 1 MHz; V _I = GND to V _{CC} [3][4]							
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V	-	2.6	-	-	-	-	pF
		V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	2.7	-	-	-	-	pF
		V _{CC} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	2.9	-	-	-	-	pF
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	3.1	-	-	-	-	pF
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	3.7	-	-	-	-	pF
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	4.3	-	-	-	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal V_{CC}.[2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}.

[3] All specified values are the average typical values over all stated loads.

[4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

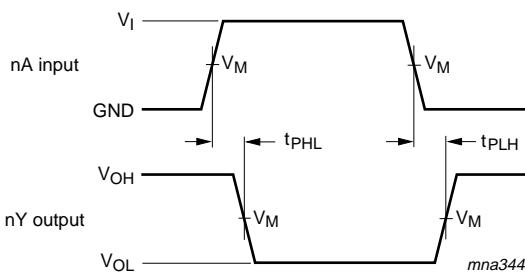
$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i = input frequency in MHz;f_o = output frequency in MHz;C_L = load capacitance in pF;V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

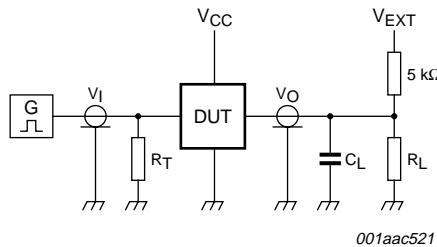
N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

13. Waveforms

Measurement points are given in [Table 9](#).Logic levels: V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.**Fig 7. The data input (nA) to output (nY) propagation delays****Table 9. Measurement points**

Supply voltage	Output	Input		
V _{CC} 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V _M 0.5 × V _{CC}	V _M 0.5 × V _{CC}	V _I V _{CC}	t _r = t _f ≤ 3.0 ns



Test data is given in [Table 10](#).

Definitions for test circuit:

R_L = Load resistance.

C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.

V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 8. Load circuitry for switching times

Table 10. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		V_{EXT}			
V_{CC}	C_L	R_L [1]	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}	
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 k Ω or 1 M Ω	open	GND	2 $\times V_{CC}$	

[1] For measuring enable and disable times $R_L = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$, for measuring propagation delays, set-up and hold times and pulse width $R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$.

14. Transfer characteristics

Table 11. Transfer characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			−40 °C to +125 °C			Unit	
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)		
V_{T+}	positive-going threshold voltage	see Figure 9 and Figure 10	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	0.30	-	0.60	0.30	0.60	0.62	V
			$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	0.53	-	0.90	0.53	0.90	0.92	V
			$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	0.74	-	1.11	0.74	1.11	1.13	V
			$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	0.91	-	1.29	0.91	1.29	1.31	V
			$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.37	-	1.77	1.37	1.77	1.80	V
			$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	1.88	-	2.29	1.88	2.29	2.32	V
V_{T-}	negative-going threshold voltage	see Figure 9 and Figure 10	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	0.10	-	0.60	0.10	0.60	0.60	V
			$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	0.26	-	0.65	0.26	0.65	0.65	V
			$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	0.39	-	0.75	0.39	0.75	0.75	V
			$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	0.47	-	0.84	0.47	0.84	0.84	V
			$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	0.69	-	1.04	0.69	1.04	1.04	V
			$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.88	-	1.24	0.88	1.24	1.24	V

Table 11. Transfer characteristics ...continuedVoltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C			−40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
V _H	hysteresis voltage	(V _{T+} − V _{T−}); see Figure 9 , Figure 10 , Figure 11 and Figure 12							
		V _{CC} = 0.8 V	0.07	-	0.50	0.07	0.50	0.50	V
		V _{CC} = 1.1 V	0.08	-	0.46	0.08	0.46	0.46	V
		V _{CC} = 1.4 V	0.18	-	0.56	0.18	0.56	0.56	V
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V	0.27	-	0.66	0.27	0.66	0.66	V
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V	0.53	-	0.92	0.53	0.92	0.92	V
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V	0.79	-	1.31	0.79	1.31	1.31	V

15. Waveforms transfer characteristics

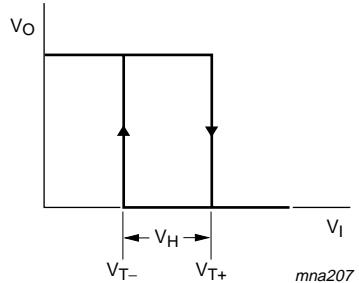
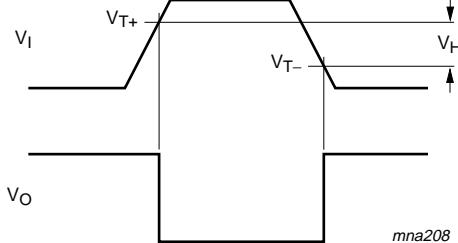
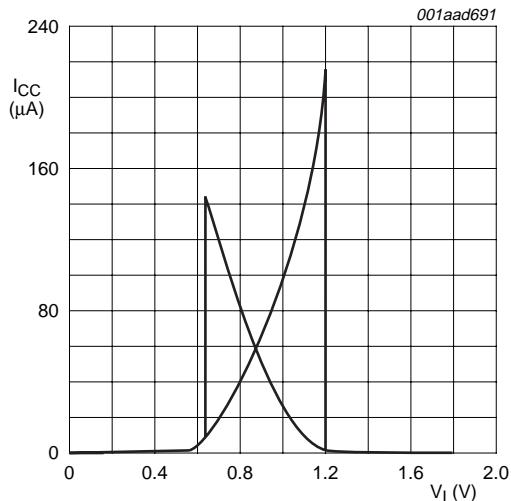


Fig 9. Transfer characteristic



VT+ and VT− limits at 70 % and 20 %.

Fig 10. Definition of VT+, VT− and VH

Fig 11. Typical transfer characteristics; V_{CC} = 1.8 V

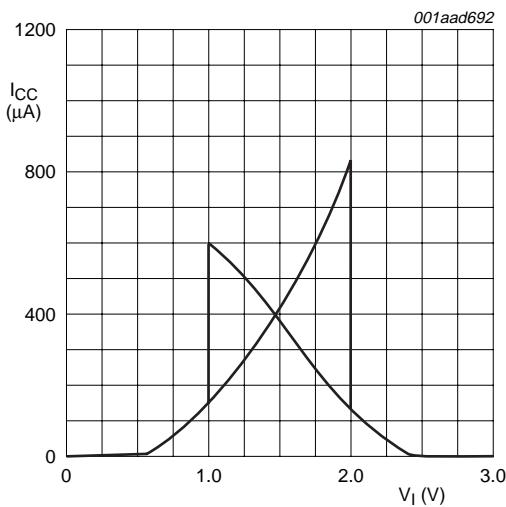


Fig 12. Typical transfer characteristics; $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V

16. Application information

The slow input rise and fall times cause additional power dissipation, this can be calculated using the following formula:

$$P_{add} = f_i \times (t_r \times \Delta I_{CC(AV)} + t_f \times \Delta I_{CC(AV)}) \times V_{CC} \text{ where:}$$

P_{add} = additional power dissipation (μW);

f_i = input frequency (MHz);

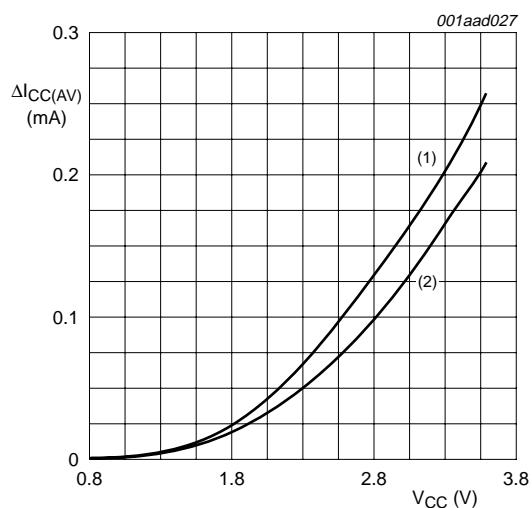
t_r = rise time (ns); 10 % to 90 %;

t_f = fall time (ns); 90 % to 10 %;

$\Delta I_{CC(AV)}$ = average additional supply current (μA).

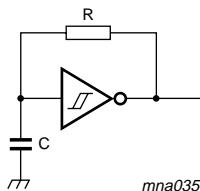
Average $\Delta I_{CC(AV)}$ differs with positive or negative input transitions, as shown in [Figure 13](#).

An example of a relaxation circuit using the 74AUP2G14 is shown in [Figure 14](#).



(1) Positive-going edge.

(2) Negative-going edge.

Fig 13. Average I_{CC} as a function of V_{CC} 

$$f = \frac{1}{T} \approx \frac{1}{a \times RC}$$

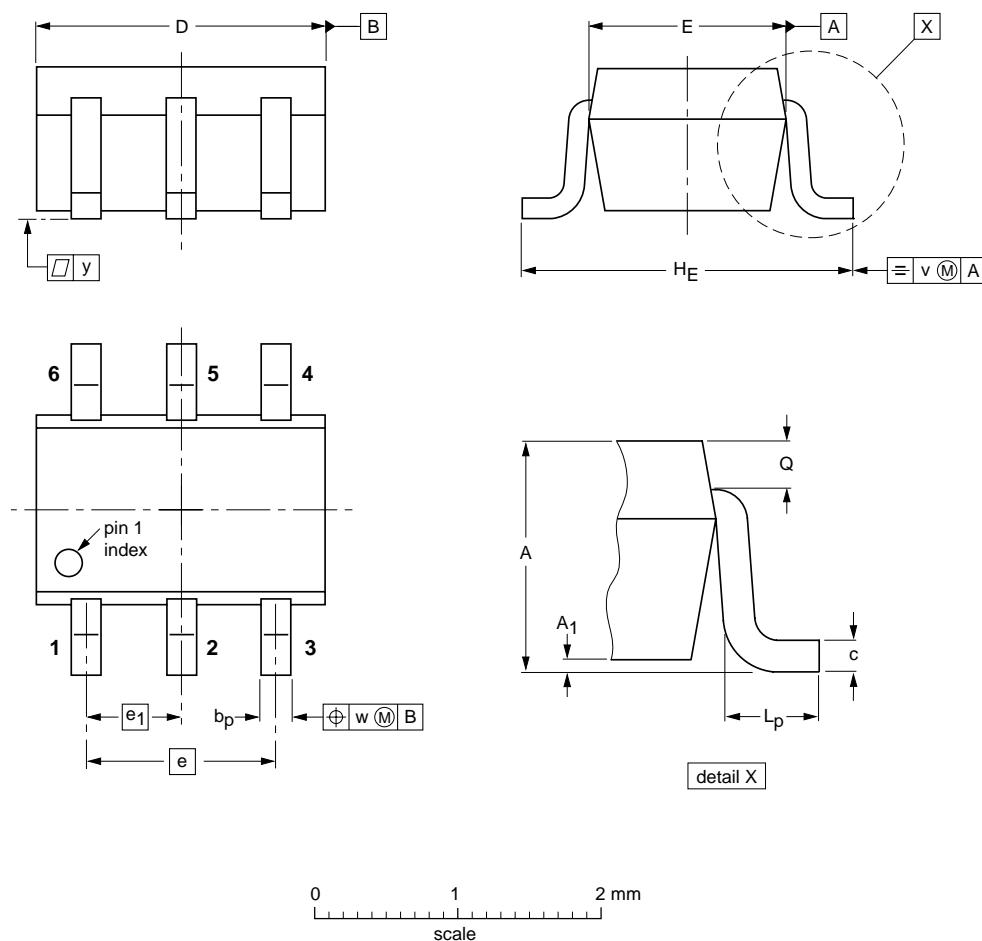
Average values for variable a are given in [Table 12](#).**Fig 14. Relaxation oscillator****Table 12. Variable values**

Supply voltage	Variable a
1.1 V	1.28
1.5 V	1.22
1.8 V	1.24
2.8 V	1.34
3.3 V	1.45

17. Package outline

Plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads

SOT363



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	A ₁ max	b _p	c	D	E	e	e ₁	H _E	L _p	Q	v	w	y
mm	1.1 0.8	0.1	0.30 0.20	0.25 0.10	2.2 1.8	1.35 1.15	1.3	0.65	2.2 2.0	0.45 0.15	0.25 0.15	0.2	0.2	0.1

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT363			SC-88			-04-11-08- 06-03-16

Fig 15. Package outline SOT363 (SC-88)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body $1 \times 1.45 \times 0.5$ mm

SOT886

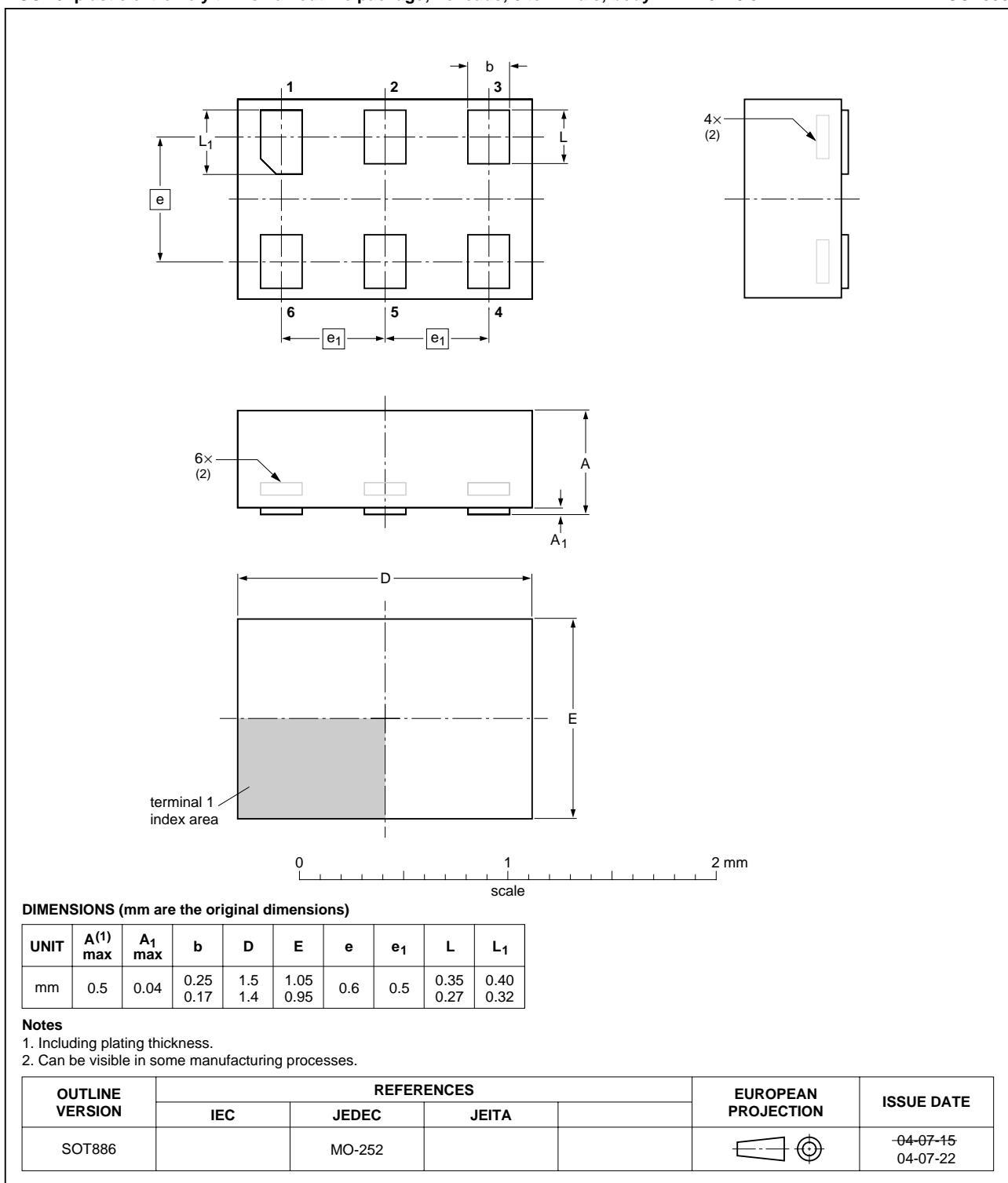
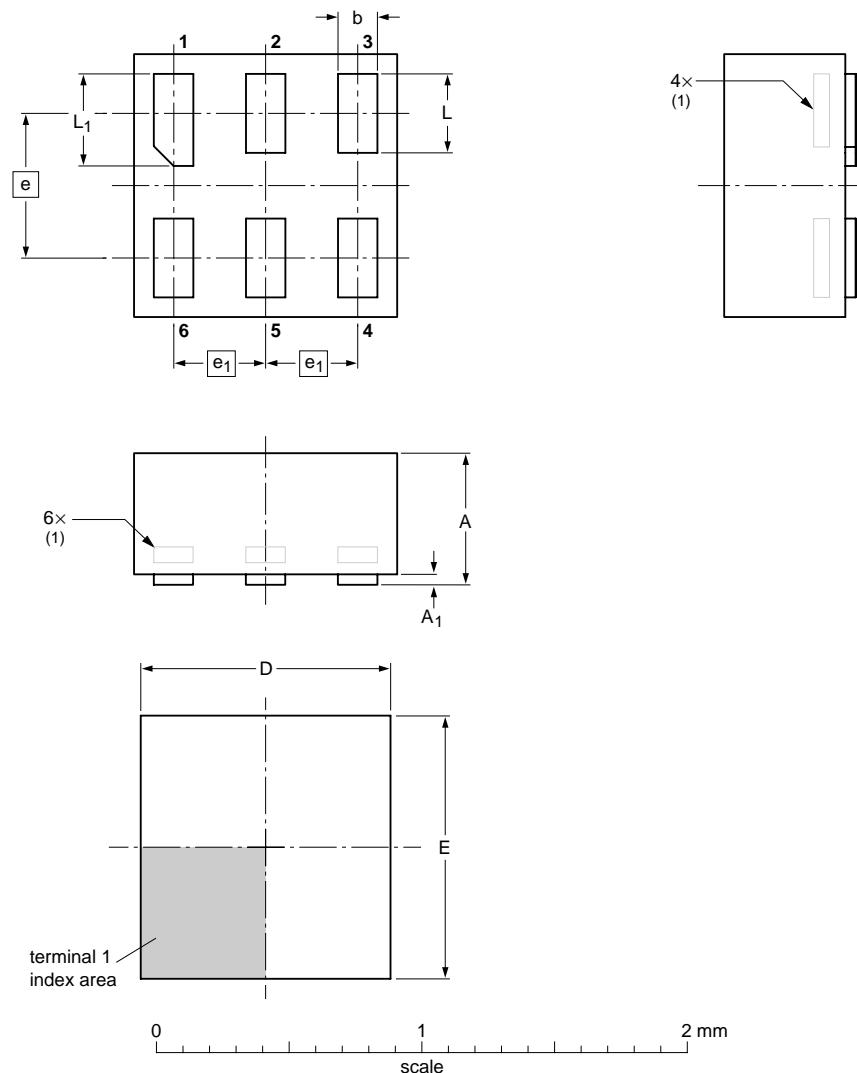


Fig 16. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

XSON6: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 x 1 x 0.5 mm

SOT891



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A max	A ₁ max	b	D	E	e	e ₁	L	L ₁
mm	0.5	0.04	0.20 0.12	1.05 0.95	1.05 0.95	0.55	0.35	0.35 0.27	0.40 0.32

Note

1. Can be visible in some manufacturing processes.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA			
SOT891						-05-04-06 07-05-15

Fig 17. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

18. Abbreviations

Table 13. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

19. Revision history

Table 14. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP2G14_2	20090703	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G14_1
Modifications:			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Section 9 "Limiting values": Changed: Derating factor XSON6 packages.• Section 11 "Static characteristics": Changed: conditions for HIGH-level output voltage and LOW-level output voltage.• Section 12 "Dynamic characteristics": Changed: typical power dissipation capacitance.	
74AUP2G14_1	20061219	Product data sheet	-	-

20. Legal information

20.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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