



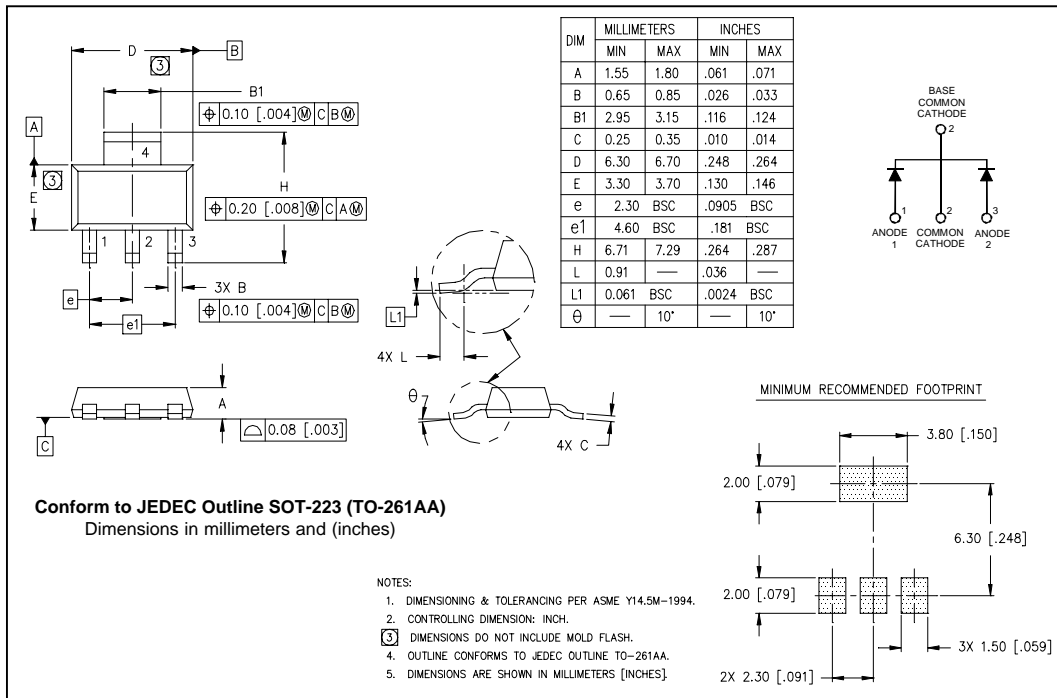
Major Ratings and Characteristics

| Characteristics | 20CJQ100 | Units |
|--|------------|------------|
| $I_{F(AV)}$ Rectangular waveform | 2.0 | A |
| V_{RRM} | 100 | V |
| I_{FSM} @ $t_p = 5 \mu s$ sine | 380 | A |
| V_F @ 1 Apk, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ (per leg) | 0.67 | V |
| T_J range | -55 to 175 | $^\circ C$ |

Description/Features

The 20CJQ100 surface mount Schottky rectifier series has been designed for applications requiring very low forward drop and very small foot prints. Typical applications are in portables, switching power supplies, converters, automotive system, free-wheeling diodes, battery charging, and reverse battery protection.

- Small footprint, surface mountable
- Low profile
- Very low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation
- Guard ring for enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability
- Common cathode



Voltage Ratings

| | |
|---|----------|
| Part number | 20CJQ100 |
| V_R Max. DC Reverse Voltage (V) | 100 |
| V_{RWM} Max. Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V) | |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameters | Values | Units | Conditions |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| $I_{F(AV)}$ Max. Average Forward Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 5 (Per Device) | 2 | A | 50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 126^\circ\text{C}$, rectangular wave form |
| | 4 | | 50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 102^\circ\text{C}$, rectangular wave form |
| I_{FSM} Max. Peak One Cycle Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 7 | 380 | A | 5 μs Sine or 3 μs Rect. pulse |
| | 22 | | 10ms Sine or 6ms Rect. pulse |
| E_{AS} Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Per Leg) | 1 | mJ | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{AS} = 1$ Amps, $L = 2$ mH |
| I_{AR} Repetitive Avalanche Current (Per Leg) | 1 | A | Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 μsec Frequency limited by T_J max. $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical |

Electrical Specifications

| Parameters | Values | Units | Conditions |
|--|--------|------------------|---|
| V_{FM} Max. Forward Voltage Drop (Per Leg) * See Fig. 1 (1) | 0.79 | V | @ 1A |
| | 0.89 | V | @ 2A |
| | 0.67 | V | @ 1A |
| | 0.76 | V | @ 2A |
| I_{RM} Max. Reverse Leakage Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 2 (1) | 0.1 | mA | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | 10 | mA | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| C_T Typ. Junction Capacitance (Per Leg) | 45 | pF | $V_R = 5V_{DC}$ (test signal range 100Khz to 1Mhz) 25°C |
| L_S Typical Series Inductance (Per Leg) | 6 | nH | Measured lead to lead 5mm from package body |
| dv/dt Max. Voltage Rate of Change | 10000 | V/ μs | (Rated V_R) |

(1) Pulse Width < 300 μs , Duty Cycle <2%

Thermal-Mechanical Specifications

| Parameters | Values | Units | Conditions |
|--|-------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| T_J Max. Junction Temperature Range (*) | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| T_{stg} Max. Storage Temperature Range | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| R_{thJA} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient | 65 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | DC operation |
| R_{thJL} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Lead | 25 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | DC operation |
| wt Approximate Weight | 0.13(.0045) | g(oz.) | |
| Case Style | SOT-223 | | |
| Device Marking | 2CJQJ | | |

(*) $\frac{dP_{tot}}{dT_J} < \frac{1}{R_{th(j-a)}}$ thermal runaway condition for a diode on its own heatsink

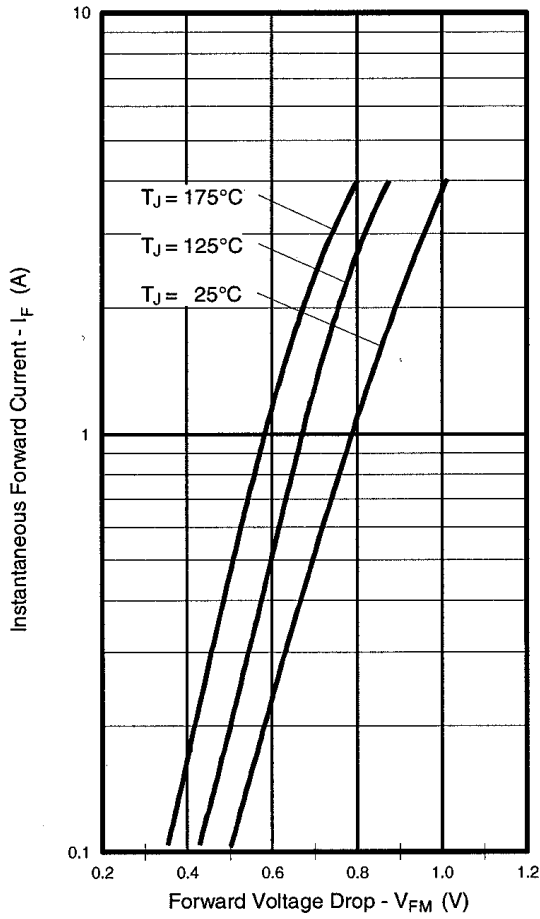


Fig. 1 - Max. Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics (Per Leg)

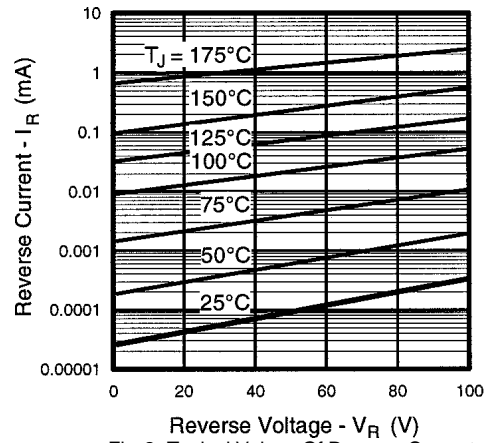


Fig. 2 - Typical Values Of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

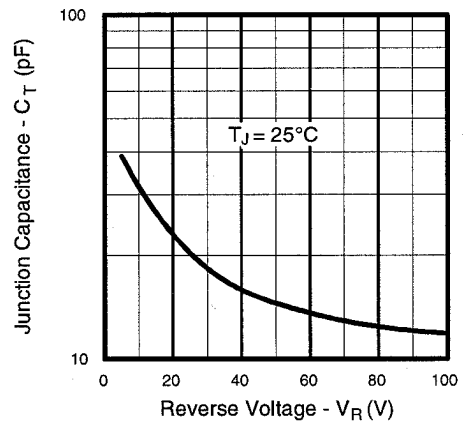


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

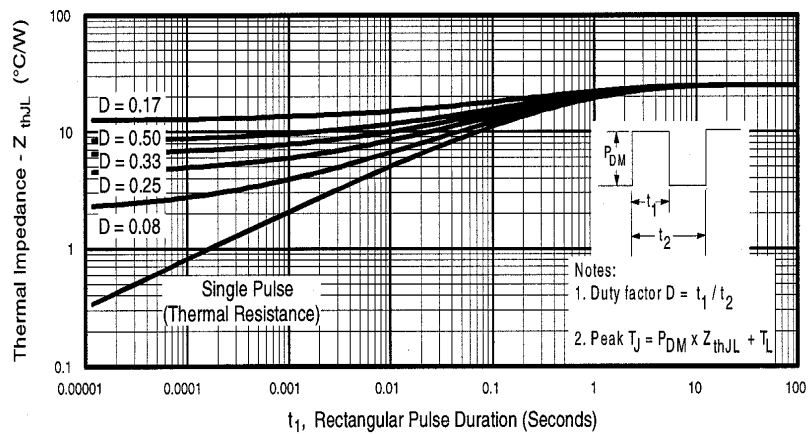


Fig. 4 - Max. Thermal Impedance Z_{thJC} Characteristics (Per Leg)

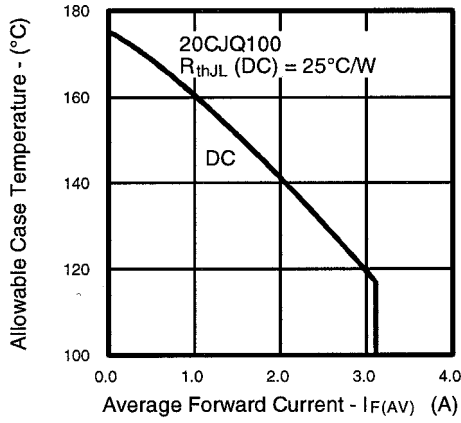


Fig. 5 - Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current (Per Leg)

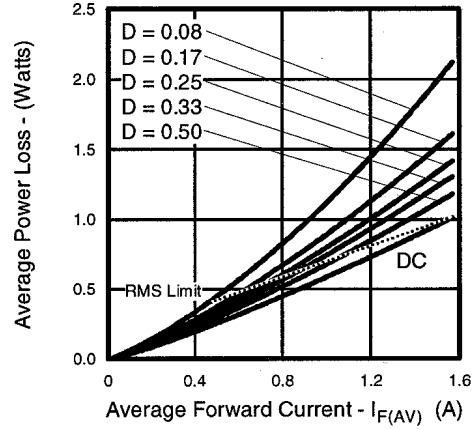


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics (Per Leg)

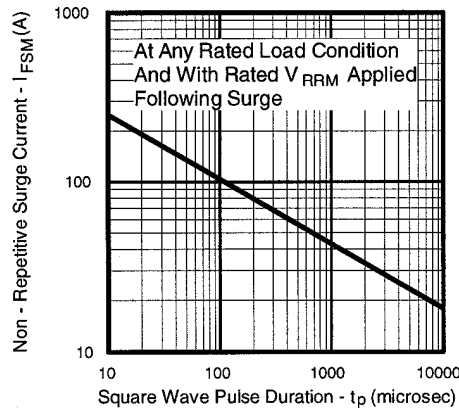


Fig. 7 - Max. Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg)

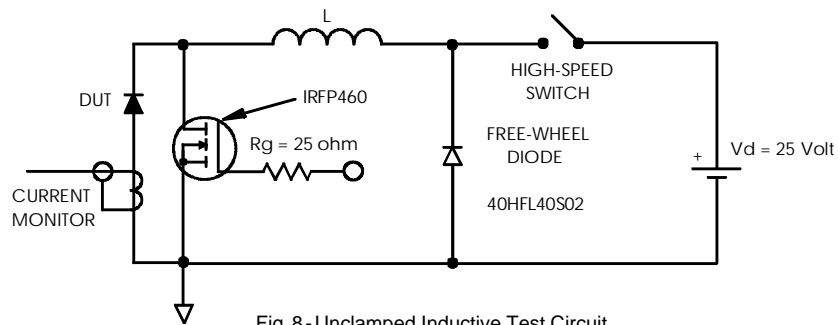


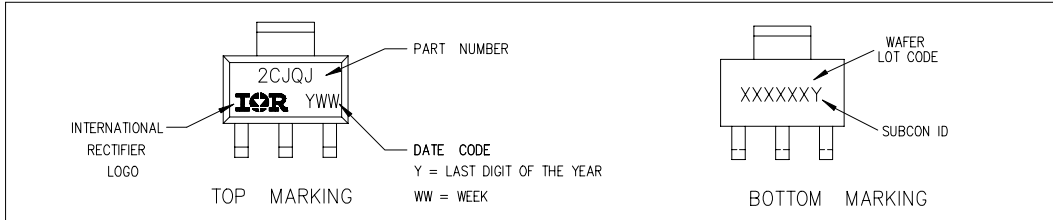
Fig. 8 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

(2) Formula used: $T_c = T_j - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$;

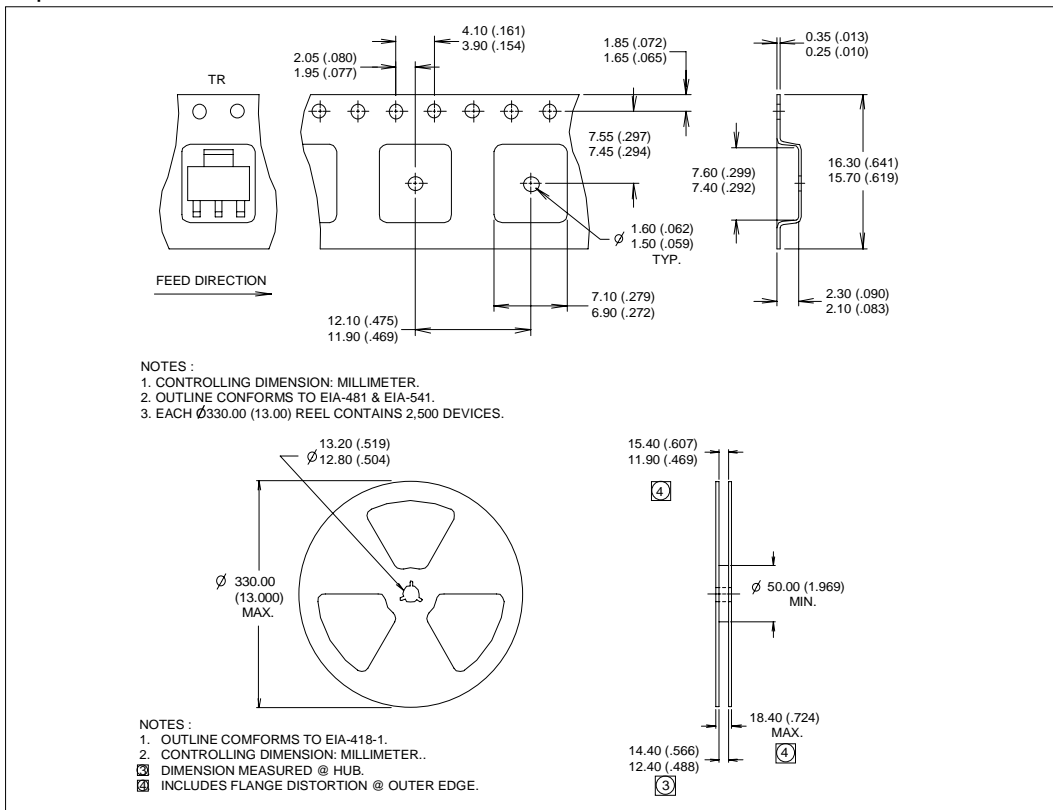
P_d = Forward Power Loss = $I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM} @ (I_{F(AV)} / D)$ (see Fig. 6);

$P_{d_{REV}}$ = Inverse Power Loss = $V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$; $I_R @ V_{R1} = 80\%$ rated V_R

Marking Information



Tape and Reel Information



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial Level.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.