Features

- Utilizes the AVR® RISC Architecture
- AVR High-performance and Low-power RISC Architecture
 - 120 Powerful Instructions Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
- Data and Non-volatile Program and Data Memories
 - 2K Bytes of In-System Self Programmable Flash
 - **Endurance 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles**
 - 128 Bytes In-System Programmable EEPROM
 - Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
 - 128 Bytes Internal SRAM
 - Programming Lock for Flash Program and EEPROM Data Security
- Peripheral Features
 - One 8-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode
 - One 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare and Capture Modes
 - Four PWM Channels
 - On-chip Analog Comparator
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with On-chip Oscillator
 - USI Universal Serial Interface
 - Full Duplex USART
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - debugWIRE On-chip Debugging
 - In-System Programmable via SPI Port
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Low-power Idle, Power-down, and Standby Modes
 - Enhanced Power-on Reset Circuit
 - Programmable Brown-out Detection Circuit
 - Internal Calibrated Oscillator
- I/O and Packages
 - 18 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 20-pin PDIP, 20-pin SOIC, and 32-pin MLF
- Operating Voltages
 - 1.8 5.5V (ATtiny2313)
- Speed Grades
 - ATtiny2313V: 0 2 MHz @ 1.8 5.5V, 0 8 MHz @ 2.4 5.5V
 - ATtiny2313: 0 8 MHz @ 2.7 5.5V, 0 16 MHz @ 4.5 5.5V
- Power Consumption Estimates
 - Active Mode
 - 1 MHz, 1.8V: 300 µA
 - 32 kHz, 1.8V: 20 µA (including oscillator)
 - Power-down Mode
 - < 0.2 µA at 1.8V



8-bit **AVR**® Microcontroller with 2K Bytes In-System Programmable Flash

ATtiny2313/V

Preliminary Summary

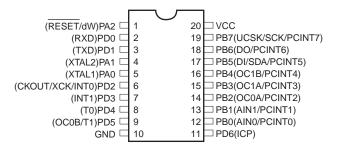




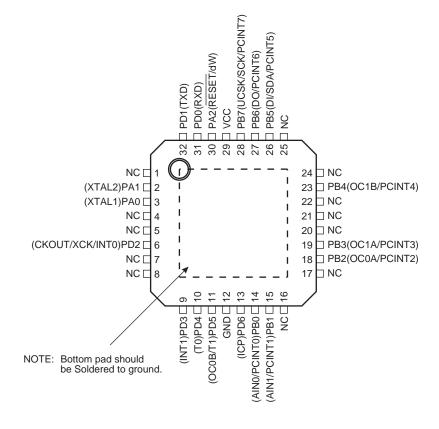
Pin Configurations

Figure 1. Pinout ATtiny2313

PDIP/SOIC



MLF Top View

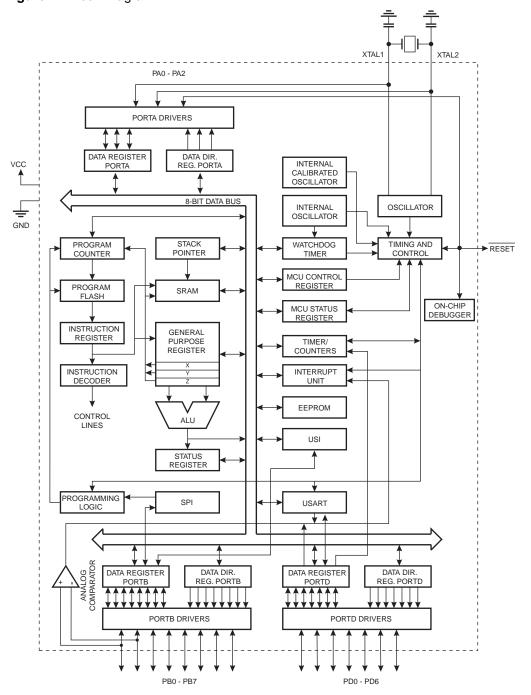


Overview

The ATtiny2313 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATtiny2313 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

Block Diagram

Figure 2. Block Diagram







The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATtiny2313 provides the following features: 2K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash, 128 bytes EEPROM, 128 bytes SRAM, 18 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, a single-wire Interface for On-chip Debugging, two flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes, internal and external interrupts, a serial programmable USART, Universal Serial Interface with Start Condition Detector, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal Oscillator, and three software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or hardware reset. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low-power consumption.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, or by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATtiny2313 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATtiny2313 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro Assemblers, Program Debugger/Simulators, In-Circuit Emulators, and Evaluation kits.

Pin Descriptions

VCC Digital supply voltage.

GND Ground.

Port A (PA2..PA0)

Port A is a 3-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source

condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny2313 as listed

current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset

on page 53.

Port B (PB7..PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source

current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny2313 as listed

condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

on page 53.

Port D (PD6..PD0) Port D is a 7-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each

bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset

condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATtiny2313 as listed

on page 56.

RESET Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will gener-

ate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 15 on page 34. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset. The Reset Input

is an alternate function for PA2 and dW.

XTAL1 Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

XTAL1 is an alternate function for PA0.

XTAL2 Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier. XTAL2 is an alternate function for PA1.





Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	ı	Т	Н	S	V	N	Z	С	8
0x3E (0x5E)	Reserved	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	10
0x3C (0x5C)	OCR0B			7	Γimer/Counter0 –	Compare Registe	er B			78
0x3B (0x5B)	GIMSK	INT1	INT0	PCIE	-	-	-	-	-	61
0x3A (0x5A)	EIFR	INTF1	INTF0	PCIF	-	-	-	-	-	62
0x39 (0x59)	TIMSK	TOIE1	OCIE1A	OCIE1B	-	ICIE1	OCIE0B	TOIE0	OCIE0A	79, 110
0x38 (0x58)	TIFR	TOV1	OCF1A	OCF1B	-	ICF1	OCF0B	TOV0	OCF0A	79
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	-	_	_	СТРВ	RFLB	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	156
0x36 (0x56)	OCR0A				Fimer/Counter0 –					78
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	PUD	SM1	SE	SM0	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	53
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	FOC0A	FOC0B	_	_	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	37
0x33 (0x53) 0x32 (0x52)	TCCR0B TCNT0	FOCUA	FOCUB	_		WGM02 unter0 (8-bit)	CS02	CS01	CS00	77 78
0x31 (0x51)	OSCCAL	_	CAL6	CAL5	CAL4	CAL3	CAL2	CAL1	CAL0	26
0x30 (0x50)	TCCR0A	COM0A1	COM0A0	COM0B1	COM0B0	-	-	WGM01	WGM00	74
0x2F (0x4F)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1BO	_	_	WGM11	WGM10	105
0x2E (0x4E)	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1	-	WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	108
0x2D (0x4D)	TCNT1H	-			er/Counter1 – Co					109
0x2C (0x4C)	TCNT1L				er/Counter1 – Co					109
0x2B (0x4B)	OCR1AH				/Counter1 – Com					109
0x2A (0x4A)	OCR1AL			Timer	/Counter1 – Com	pare Register A L	ow Byte			109
0x29 (0x49)	OCR1BH			Timer	/Counter1 – Com	pare Register B F	ligh Byte			110
0x28 (0x48)	OCR1BL			Timer	/Counter1 – Com	pare Register B L	ow Byte			110
0x27 (0x47)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x26 (0x46)	CLKPR	CLKPCE	-	-	-	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	28
0x25 (0x45)	ICR1H			Timer/	Counter1 - Input (Capture Register	High Byte			110
0x24 (0x44)	ICR1L		1	Timer/	Counter1 - Input	Capture Register	Low Byte	1		110
0x23 (0x43)	GTCCR	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	PSR10	82
0x22 (ox42)	TCCR1C	FOC1A	FOC1B	-	-	-	_	_	-	109
0x21 (0x41)	WDTCR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	39
0x20 (0x40)	PCMSK	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	62
0x1F (0x3F) 0x1E (0x3E)	Reserved EEAR	_	-	_		ROM Address R		-	_	17
0x1D (0x3D)	EEDR					Data Register	egistei			17
0x1C (0x3C)	EECR	_	_	EEPM1	EEPM0	EERIE	EEMPE	EEPE	EERE	17
0x1B (0x3B)	PORTA	_	_	_	-	-	PORTR2	PORTA1	PORTA0	59
0x1A (0x3A)	DDRA	_	_	_	_	_	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	59
0x19 (0x39)	PINA	-	_	-	_	-	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	59
0x18 (0x38)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	59
0x17 (0x37)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	59
0x16 (0x36)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	59
0x15 (0x35)	GPIOR2				General Purpo	se I/O Register 2				21
0x14 (0x34)	GPIOR1				General Purpo	se I/O Register 1				21
0x13 (0x33)	GPIOR0		ı	1		se I/O Register 0	1	T		21
0x12 (0x32)	PORTD	-	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	59
0x11 (0x31)	DDRD	-	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	59
0x10 (0x30)	PIND	-	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	59
0x0F (0x2F)	USIDR	HOISE	1101015	Heibe		a Register	HOICHTO	LIGIONET!	LIQUONITO	145
0x0E (0x2E)	USISR	USISIF	USIOIF	USIPF	USIDC	USICNT3	USICNT2	USICNT1	USICNT0	146
0x0D (0x2D) 0x0C (0x2C)	USICR	USISIE	USIOIE	USIWM1	USIWM0	USICS1 Register (8-bit)	USICS0	USICLK	USITC	147 130
0x0C (0x2C) 0x0B (0x2B)	UCSRA	RXC	TXC	UDRE	FE UART Data	DOR	UPE	U2X	MPCM	130
0x0B (0x2B) 0x0A (0x2A)	UCSRA	RXCIE	TXCIE	UDRIE	RXEN	TXEN	UCSZ2	RXB8	TXB8	132
0x0A (0x2A) 0x09 (0x29)	UBRRL	TAOIL	INOIL	JUNE		RH[7:0]	30022	KADO	1700	134
0x08 (0x28)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	150
0x07 (0x27)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x06 (0x26)	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
0x05 (0x25)	Reserved	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
0x04 (0x24)	Reserved	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
0x03 (0x23)	UCSRC	_	UMSEL	UPM1	UPM0	USBS	UCSZ1	UCSZ0	UCPOL	133
0x02 (0x22)	UBRRH	-	_	_	_		UBRF	RH[11:8]	<u> </u>	134
, ,	DIDR	_	_	-	_	_	_	AIN1D	AIN0D	151
0x01 (0x21)	DIDIC									

Note:

- 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
- 2. I/O Registers within the address range 0x00 0x1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
- 3. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that, unlike most other AVRs, the CBI and SBI instructions will only operate on the specified bit, and can therefore be used on registers containing such status flags. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
- 4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses 0x00 0x3F must be used. When addressing I/O Registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, 0x20 must be added to these addresses.





Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND L	OGIC INSTRUCTIONS	S		•	
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl + K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl - K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	Rd ← Rd v Rr	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	Rd ← Rd ⊕ Rr	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	Rd ← 0xFF – Rd	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	Rd ← 0x00 – Rd	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	Rd ← Rd v K	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
DEC DEC	Rd Rd	Increment	Rd ← Rd + 1	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Decrement Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$ $Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
	ł			Z,N,V	
CLR SER	Rd Rd	Clear Register Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$ $Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	Z,N,V None	1
BRANCH INSTRUC		Set Register	Rd ← UXFF	None	I
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	2
IJMP	N.	Indirect Jump to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	2
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	3
ICALL	N.	Indirect Call to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	3
RET		Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	PC ← STACK	I	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	Rd – Rr	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=1)$ PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0)$ PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC←PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N \oplus V= 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N \oplus V= 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if (T = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if (T = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BIT AND BIT-TEST		T	1	1	1
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 0	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0)\leftarrow C,Rd(n+1)\leftarrow Rd(n),C\leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V	1

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	$Rd(7)\leftarrow C,Rd(n)\leftarrow Rd(n+1),C\leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), n=06	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(30)←Rd(74),Rd(74)←Rd(30)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$	Т	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	$Rd(b) \leftarrow T$	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	С	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	С	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	1	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	1 ← 0	1	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	Т	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	Т	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	Н	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	Н	1
DATA TRANSFER I	NSTRUCTIONS				
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	$Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow K$	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LDD	Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	$Rd \leftarrow (k)$	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	$(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
ST	- X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
ST	- Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Y+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Y + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	$(k) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
LPM	ļ	Load Program Memory	$R0 \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	3
SPM	1	Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	$Rd \leftarrow P$	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
MCU CONTROL INS	STRUCTIONS				
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A





Ordering Information

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operation Range
	1.8 - 5.5V	ATtiny2313V-8PI	20P3	
		ATtiny2313V-8SI	20S	
8(3)		ATtiny2313V-8MI	32M1-A	Industrial
0(-7		ATtiny2313V-8PJ ⁽²⁾	20P3	(-40°C to 85°C)
		ATtiny2313V-8SJ ⁽²⁾	20S	
		ATtiny2313V-8MJ ⁽²⁾	32M1-A	
	2.7 - 5.5V	ATtiny2313-16PI	20P3	
		ATtiny2313-16SI	20S	
16 ⁽³⁾		ATtiny2313-16MI	32M1-A	Industrial
10, ,		ATtiny2313-16PJ ⁽²⁾	20P3	(-40°C to 85°C)
		ATtiny2313-16SJ ⁽²⁾	20S	
		ATtiny2313-16MJ ⁽²⁾	32M1-A	

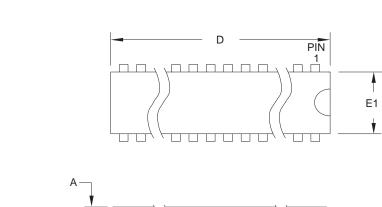
Note:

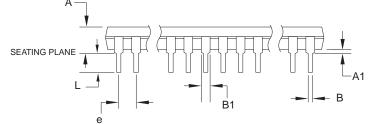
- 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
- 2. Pb-free packaging alternative.
- 3. See Figure 81 on page 179 and Figure 82 on page 179.

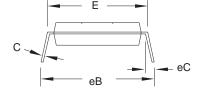
Package Type				
20P3	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)			
20S	20-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (SOIC)			
32M1-A	32-pad, 5 x 5 x 1.0 mm body, lead pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)			

Packaging Information

20P3







Notes:

- 1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-001, Variation AD.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold Flash or Protrusion. Mold Flash or Protrusion shall not exceed 0.25 mm (0.010").

COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

	,		,	
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	_	_	5.334	
A1	0.381	_	_	
D	25.984	_	25.493	Note 2
E	7.620	_	8.255	
E1	6.096	_	7.112	Note 2
В	0.356	_	0.559	
B1	1.270	_	1.551	
L	2.921	_	3.810	
С	0.203	_	0.356	
eB	_	_	10.922	
eC	0.000	_	1.524	
е		2.540 7	YP	

09/28/01

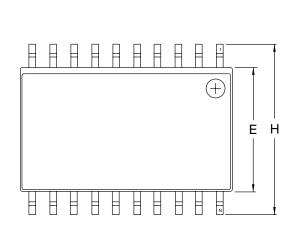


2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 **TITLE 20P3**, 20-lead (0.300"/7.62 mm Wide) Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)

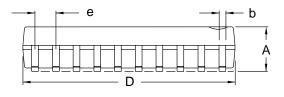
DRAWING NO. 20P3 REV.



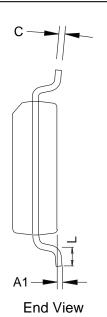








Side View



COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = inches)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
Α	0.0926		0.1043	
A1	0.0040		0.0118	
b	0.0130		0.0200	4
С	0.0091		0.0125	
D	0.4961		0.5118	1
E	0.2914		0.2992	2
Н	0.3940		0.4190	
L	0.0160		0.050	3
е	0.	050 BSC		

Notes: 1. This drawing is for general information only; refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-013, Variation AC for additional information.
2. Dimension "D" does not include mold Flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold Flash, protrusions and gate burrs shall not exceed

- 0.15 mm (0.006") per side.
- 3. Dimension "E" does not include inter-lead Flash or protrusion. Inter-lead Flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25 mm
- (0.010") per side.

 4. "L" is the length of the terminal for soldering to a substrate.

 5. The lead width "b", as measured 0.36 mm (0.014") or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61 mm (0.024") per side.

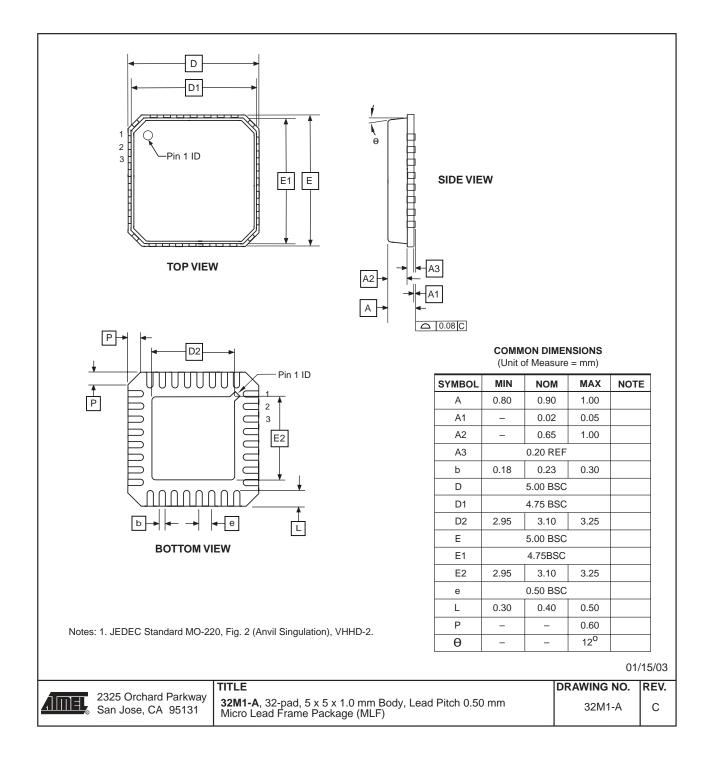
-	
	MEI
	®

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131

20S2, 20-lead, 0.300" Wide Body, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (SOIC)

DRAWING NO. REV. 20S2 Α

32M1-A





Errata

The revision in this section refers to the revision of the ATtiny2313 device.

ATtiny2313 Rev A

- Wrong values read after Erase Only operation
- Parallel Programming does not work

1. Wrong values read after Erase Only operation

At supply voltages below 2.7 V, an EEPROM location that is erased by the Erase Only operation may read as programmed (0x00).

Problem Fix/Workaround

If it is necessary to read an EEPROM location after Erase Only, use an Atomic Write operation with 0xFF as data in order to erase a location. In any case, the Write Only operation can be used as intended. Thus no special considerations are needed as long as the erased location is not read before it is programmed.

2. Parallel Programming does not work

Parallel Programming is not functioning correctly. Because of this, reprogramming of the device is impossible if one of the following modes are selected:

- In-System Programming disabled (SPIEN unprogrammed)
- Reset Disabled (RSTDISBL programmed)

Problem Fix/Workaround

Serial Programming is still working correctly. By avoiding the two modes above, the device can be reprogrammed.

Datasheet Change Log for ATtiny2313

Please note that the referring page numbers in this section are referred to this document. The referring revision in this section are referring to the document revision.

Changes from Rev. 2514B-09/03 to Rev. 2514C-12/03

1. Updated "Calibrated Internal RC Oscillator" on page 25.

Changes from Rev. 2514A-09/03 to Rev. 2514B-09/03

- 1. Fixed typo from UART to USART and updated Speed Grades and Power Consumption Estimates in "Features" on page 1.
- 2. Updated "Pin Configurations" on page 2.
- 3. Updated Table 15 on page 34 and Table 81 on page 178.
- 4. Updated item 5 in "Serial Programming Algorithm" on page 173.
- 5. Updated "Electrical Characteristics" on page 177.
- 6. Updated Figure 81 on page 179 and added Figure 82 on page 179.
- 7. Changed SFIOR to GTCCR in "Register Summary" on page 6.
- 8. Updated "Ordering Information" on page 10.
- 9. Added new errata in "Errata" on page 14.





Atmel Corporation

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 Tel: 1(408) 441-0311 Fax: 1(408) 487-2600

Regional Headquarters

Europe

Atmel Sarl Route des Arsenaux 41 Case Postale 80 CH-1705 Fribourg Switzerland

Tel: (41) 26-426-5555 Fax: (41) 26-426-5500

Asia

Room 1219 Chinachem Golden Plaza 77 Mody Road Tsimshatsui East Kowloon Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2721-9778 Fax: (852) 2722-1369

Japan

9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg. 1-24-8 Shinkawa Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033 Japan

Tel: (81) 3-3523-3551 Fax: (81) 3-3523-7581

Atmel Operations

Memory

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 Tel: 1(408) 441-0311 Fax: 1(408) 436-4314

Microcontrollers

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 Tel: 1(408) 441-0311 Fax: 1(408) 436-4314

La Chantrerie BP 70602 44306 Nantes Cedex 3, France Tel: (33) 2-40-18-18-18 Fax: (33) 2-40-18-19-60

ASIC/ASSP/Smart Cards

Zone Industrielle 13106 Rousset Cedex, France Tel: (33) 4-42-53-60-00

Fax: (33) 4-42-53-60-01

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80906

Tel: 1(719) 576-3300 Fax: 1(719) 540-1759

Scottish Enterprise Technology Park Maxwell Building East Kilbride G75 0QR, Scotland

Tel: (44) 1355-803-000 Fax: (44) 1355-242-743

RF/Automotive

Theresienstrasse 2 Postfach 3535 74025 Heilbronn, Germany Tel: (49) 71-31-67-0 Fax: (49) 71-31-67-2340

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80906

Tel: 1(719) 576-3300 Fax: 1(719) 540-1759

Biometrics/Imaging/Hi-Rel MPU/ High Speed Converters/RF Datacom

Avenue de Rochepleine BP 123

38521 Saint-Egreve Cedex, France

Tel: (33) 4-76-58-30-00 Fax: (33) 4-76-58-34-80

e-mail
literature@atmel.com

Web Site http://www.atmel.com

Disclaimer: Atmel Corporation makes no warranty for the use of its products, other than those expressly contained in the Company's standard warranty which is detailed in Atmel's Terms and Conditions located on the Company's web site. The Company assumes no responsibility for any errors which may appear in this document, reserves the right to change devices or specifications detailed herein at any time without notice, and does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. No licenses to patents or other intellectual property of Atmel are granted by the Company in connection with the sale of Atmel products, expressly or by implication. Atmel's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems.

© Atmel Corporation 2003. All rights reserved. Atmel[®] and combinations thereof, AVR[®], and AVR Studio[®] are the registered trademarks of Atmel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Microsoft[®], Windows NT[®], and Windows XP[®] are the registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. Other terms and product names may be the trademarks of others

