



E²PROM CMOS PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC DEVICE

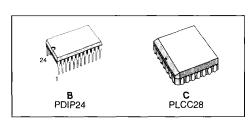
- HIGH PERFORMANCE SGS-THOMSON SINGLE-POLY E²PROM CMOS TECHNOLOGY
 - 20ns maximum propagation delay (GAL20V8S-20Exx)
 - $-\dot{F}_{max} = 41.6MHz$
 - 15ns max. from clock input to data output
 - TTL compatible 24mA outputs
 - SGS-THOMSON proprietary Single-Poly F3-G™ technology
- VERY LOW POWER
- 24mA typ. (27mA max.) Icc
- ELECTRICAL ERASABLÉ CELL TECHNOLOGY
 - Reconfigurable logic/reprogrammable cells
 - 100% tested: guaranteed 100% final programming yield
 - High speed electrical program & erase
- EIGHT OUTPUT MACROCELLS
 - Maximum flexibility for complex logic design
 - Programmable output polarity
 - Also emulates 21 types of 24 pin PAL® devices with full function/fuse map/parametric compatibility
- PRELOAD AND POWER-ON RESET OF ALL REGISTERS
 - 100% functional testability
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURÉ FOR USER'S IDENTIFICATION

DESCRIPTION

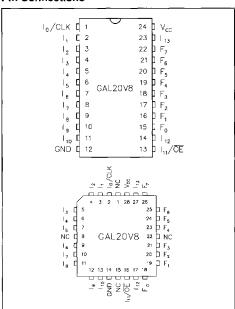
The GAL20V8S, at 20ns maximum propagation delay time, combines a high performance CMOS process with Electrical Erasable Single-Poly F3-G[™] technology — SGS-THOMSON proprietary — to provide one of the highest performance-cost products available in PLD market.

CMOS circuit allows GAL20V8S to consume just 24mA (typ.) I_{CC} which represents a 85% saving in power when compared to its bipolar counterparts. Its E²PROM CMOS technology offers high speed (50ms) erase time providing the ability to reprogram or reconfigure the device quickly and efficiently.

GAL20V8S features 8 programmable Output Logic Macro Cells (OLMCs) allowing each output to be configured by the user. Additionally, the GAL20V8S is capable of emulating, in a functional/fuse



Pin Connections



Pin Names

10-113	Input
CLK	Clock Input
Fo-F7	1/0
ŌE	Output Enable
Vcc	Power
GND	Ground

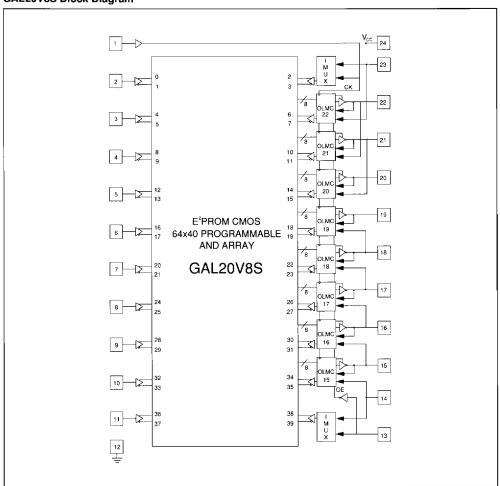
GAL® is a registered trademark of Lattice Semiconductor Corp.; PAL® is a registered trademark of Monolithic Memories Inc.

map/parametric compatible mode, 21 types of 24 pin PAL $^{\! \otimes}$ devices.

Unique test circuits and reprogrammable cells allow complete AC, DC and functional testing during manufacture.

Therefore, SGS-THOMSON guarantees 100% field programmability and functionality of GAL® devices. SGS-THOMSON also guarantees 100 erase/write cycles and data retention exceeding 20 years.

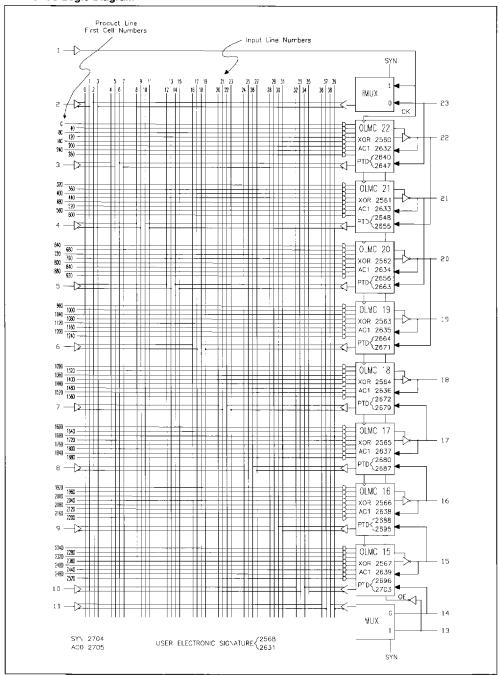
GAL20V8S Block Diagram



GAL20V8S PAL® Architecture Emulation

20L8	20R8	20RP6	20L2	18L4	16L6	14L8
20H8	20RP8	20R4	20H2	18H4	16H6	14H8
20P8	20R6	20RP4	20P2	18P4	16P6	14P8

GAL20V8S Logic Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7	V
VI	Input Voltage Applied	Input Voltage Applied -2.5 to V _{CC} +1	
VB	Off-State Output (Bidirectional) Voltage Applied	-2.5 to V _{CC} +1	٧
TSTG	Storage Temperature	-65 to +125	,C
TJ	Junction Temperature (Operating)	-40 to +125	°C
TL	Lead Temperature (Soldering)	260 (for 10s max.)	,C

Stresses above those listed under the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress only ratings and functional operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

ESD Immunity

Test Method: Human Body Model (HBM)

ESD Tolerance ≥ 2000V (See MIL-STD 883c).

Test Method: Charge Device Model (CDM)

ESD Tolerance ≥ 500V

Test Instrument: KeyTek ZapMaster

CDM is an additional test only for GAL®s not yet adopted as a company standard test.

Switching Test Conditions

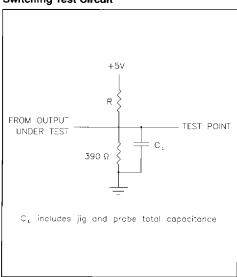
Input Pulse Levels	GND to 3.0V				
Input Rise and Fall Times	3ns 10%-90%				
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V				
Output Timing Reference Levels	1.5V				
Output Load	See figure				

3-state levels are measured 0.5V from steady-state active level.

Test Conditions

#	R [Ω]	C _L [pF]
1	200	50
2	Active High: ∞ Active Low: 200	50
3	Active High; ∞ Active Low; 200	5

Switching Test Circuit



Capacitance (T_A=25°C, f=1.0MHz, V_{CC}=5V)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Maximum [†]	Units
Cı	Input Capacitance	V _i =2V	8	pF
СВ	Bidirectional Pin Capacitance	V _B =2V	10	pF

^{*} Guarantied but not 100% tested.

DC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial Temperature Range		Indus Temperati	Units	
		Min.	Max.	. Min.	Max.	
Vcc	Supply Voltage	4.75	5.25	4.5	5.5	ν
TA	Ambient Temperature	0	70	-40	85	°C
VIL	Input Low Voltage	V _{SS} *-0.5	0.8	Vss*-0.5	0.8	٧
VIH	Input High Voltage	2.0	V _{CC} +1	2.0	Vcc+1	V
loL	Low Level Output Current	_	24	_	24	mA
Юн	High Level Output Current	-3.2	-	-3.2	_	mA

^{*} Vss is the voltage applied to the GND pin.

Electrical Characteristics Over Operating Conditions (Commercial Temperature Range)

	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	
Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
Input Leakage Current	GND≤V _I ≤V CC _{Max}	_	±10	μA
Bidirectional Pin Leakage Current	rectional Pin Leakage Current GND≤VI≤V CC Max		±10	μΑ
Operating Power Supply Current	f=15MHz VCC = V CC Max VIL=0.5V VIH=3.0V	_	27	mA
Output Short Circuit Current	V _{CC} =5.0V, V _B =0.5V	-150	-30	mA
Output Low Voltage		-	0.5	٧
Output High Voltage	_	2.4	-	٧
	Input Leakage Current Bidirectional Pin Leakage Current Operating Power Supply Current Output Short Circuit Current Output Low Voltage	Input Leakage Current GND≤V ≤V CC Max	Input Leakage Current GND≤V ≤V CC Max −	Input Leakage Current GND≤VI≤V CC Max − ±10

Electrical Characteristics Over Operating Conditions (Industrial Temperature Range)

Symbol	nbol Parameter Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Units
hн, hւ	Input Leakage Current	GND≤VI≤V CC _{Max}	-	±10	μΑ
IBH, IBL	Bidirectional Pin Leakage Current	Leakage Current GND≤VI≤V CC Max		±10	μА
lcc	Operating Power Supply Current	f=15MHz VCC = V CC _{Max} V _{IL} =0.5V V _{IH} =3.0V	-	36	mA
los*	Output Short Circuit Current	V _{CC} =5.0V, V _B =0.5V	-150	-30	mA
Vol	Output Low Voltage	~	_	0.5	٧
VoH	Output High Voltage	_	2.4	-	٧

^{*} One output at a time for a maximum duration of one second.

Switching Characteristics Over Operating Conditions

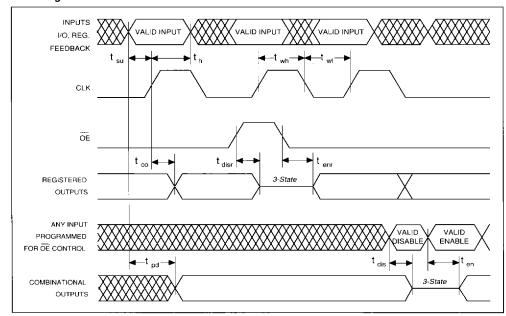
Symbol	Parameter	From	То	Max.	Units	Test Cond.*
tpd	Combinational Propagation Delay	Input	Output	20	ns	1
tco	Clock to Output Delay	Clock	Registered Output	15	ns	1
ten	Product Term Output Enable to Output	Input	Output	20	ns	2
tenr	Output Register Enable to Output	ŌE	Registered Output	18	ns	2
tdis	Product Term Output Disable to Output	Input	Output	20	ns	3
tdisr	Output Register Disable to Output	ŌE	Registered Output	18	ns	3

AC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Max.	Units	Test Cond.*
tsu	Input or Feedback Setup Time (Before Clock Rise)	-	15	ns	_
th	Input or Feedback Hold Time (After Clock Rise)	-	0	ns	_
twh	Minimum Clock Width High	_	12	ns	_
twi	Minimum Clock Width Low	_	12	ns	_
fclk	Clock Frequency Without Feedback	41.6	-	MHz	1
fclkf*	Clock Frequency With Feedback	33.3	_	MHz	1

^{*} Refer to "Switching Test Conditions".

Switching Waveforms



 $f_{clk} = \frac{1}{t_{wh} + t_{wl}} + f_{clkl} = \frac{1}{t_{su} + t_{cl}}$

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

GAL20V8S has a programmable AND array whose output terms feed a fixed (non programmable) OR array, as bipolar PAL®. The 2 × 10 input lines enter the AND array as true or complemented form. 64 product terms are available allowing standard Sum of Products Logic implementation. Each product term is obtained by appropriate connections between the input lines and the product term line. The connections can be made by programming the E²PROM memory cell at each intersection of the AND matrix (2560 memory cells). The 64 product terms are divided into eight groups of 8 terms each. One product term for each group can be used to provide Output Enable control for combinational output, the others are connected with an OR gate into the corresponding OLMC (Output Logic Macrocell). The output buffer is in 3-state when the corresponding output enable signal is low.

OUTPUT LOGIC MACROCELL (OLMC)

The following discussion pertains to configuring the output logic macrocells. It should be noted that

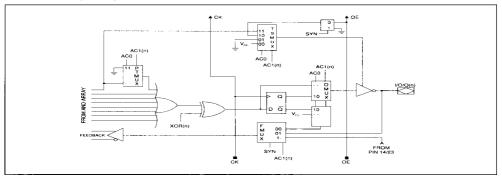
actual implementation is accomplished by development software/hardware and is completely transparent to the user.

The outputs of the AND array are fed into an OLMC, where each output can be individually set to active high or active low, with either combinational (asynchronous) or registered (synchronous) configurations. A common output enable is connected to all registered outputs; product terms can be used to provide individual output enable control for combinational outputs. All outputs have always programmable polarity.

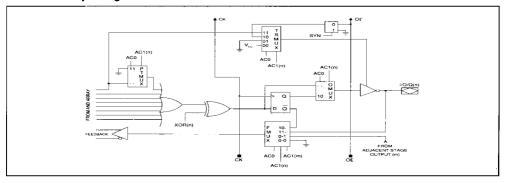
The output logic macrocell provides the designer with maximum output flexibility in matching signal requirements, thus providing more functions than existing 24 pin PAL® devices.

Three different configuration modes of the OLMCs are possible: registered, complex and simple. The output of an OLMC in registered mode can be either registered or combinational. Different modes cannot be mixed: i.e. all OLMCs of a device have to be configured in simple, complex or registered mode.

GAL20V8S Output Logic Macrocell Pin 15 and 22



GAL20V8S Output Logic Macrocell Pin 16 to 21

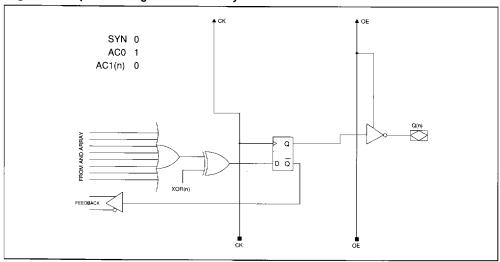


REGISTERED MODE

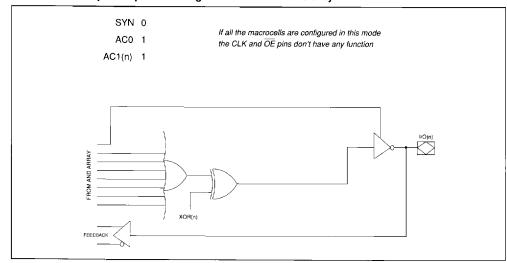
In registered mode macrocells are configured as registered outputs or combinational inputs/outputs. Any macrocell can be configured as registered output or combinational input/output. Up to 8 registered outputs or up to 8 inputs/outputs are possible in this mode.

All registered macrocells share common clock and output enable control. Registered outputs have 8 data product terms per output, while combinational inputs/outputs have only 7 data product terms per output: in the latter case the eighth product term serves as individual output enable control for each macrocell.

Registered Output with Programmable Polarity



Combinational Input/Output with Programmable OE and Polarity

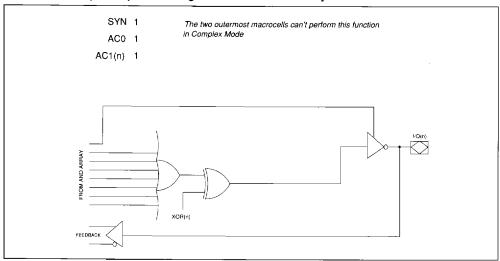


COMPLEX MODE

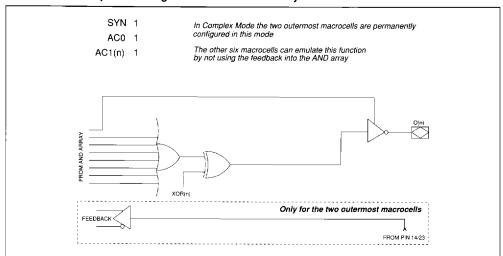
In complex mode macrocells are configured as combinational inputs/outputs or outputs only. The two outermost macrocells (15 and 22) do not have input capability: so only up to 6 inputs/outputs are possible in this mode. Applications requiring 8 inputs/outputs must be implemented in registered mode.

All macrocells have 7 data product terms per output; the eighth product term is used as individual output enable control for each macrocell. The clock and output enable pins (pins 1 and 13 respectively) are always available as inputs.

Combinational Input/Output with Programmable OE and Polarity



Combinational Output with Programmable OE and Polarity

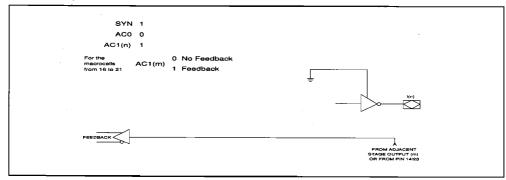


SIMPLE MODE

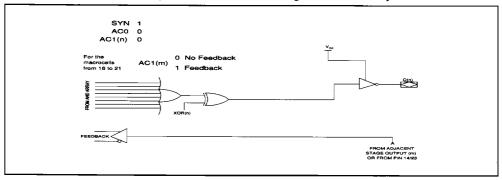
In simple mode macrocells are configured as dedicated inputs or as dedicated, always active, combinational outputs. The two central macrocells (18 and 19) cannot be used in the input configuration.

All macrocells have 8 data product terms per output. The clock and output enable pins (pins 1 and 13 respectively) are always available as inputs.

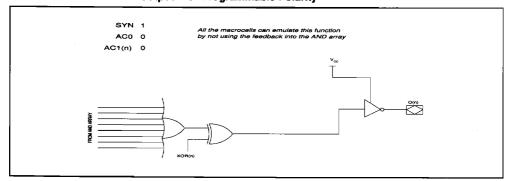
Dedicated Input Mode



Dedicated Combinational Output with Feedback and Programmable Polarity



Dedicated Combinational Output with Programmable Polarity

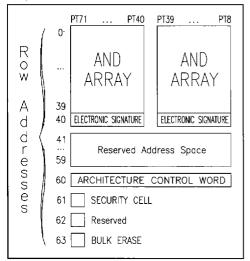


ROW ADDRESS MAP DESCRIPTION

There are a total of 44 unique row addresses available to the user when programming the GAL20V8S device. Row addresses 0-39 each contain 64 bits of input term data. This is the AND array where the custom logic pattern is programmed. Row 40 is the Electronic Signature Word. It has 64 bits available for any user defined purpose. Row 41-59 are reserved by the manufacturer and are not available to users.

Row 60 contains the architecture and output polarity information. The 82 bits within this word are programmed to configure the device for a specific application. Row 61 contains a one bit security cell that when programmed prevents further pattern verification of the array. Row 63 is the row that is addressed to perform a bulk erase of the device, resetting it back to a virgin state. Each of these functions is described in the following sections.

GAL20V8S Row Addresses Map Block Diagram



ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE WORD DESCRIPTION

An electronic signature word is provided with every GAL20V8S device. It resides at row address 40 and contains 64 bits of reprogrammable memory that can contain user-defined data. Some uses include user ID codes, revision numbers, or inventory control. This signature data is always available to the user independent of the state of the security cell.

ARCHITECTURE CONTROL WORD

All the various output configurations of the GAL20V8S devices are controlled by programming cells within the 82 bit Architecture Control Word that resides at row 60. The location of specific bits within the Architecture Control Word is shown in the control word diagram in figure below. The function of the SYN, AC0 and AC1(n) bits have been explained in the OUTPUT LOGIC MACROCELL description. The eight polarity bits determine each output's polarity individually. The numbers below the XOR(n) and AC1(n) bits in the architecture control word diagram shows the output device pin number that the polarity bits control.

SECURITY CELL

Row address 61 contains the Security Cell (one bit). The Security Cell is provided on all GAL20V8S devices as a deterrent to unauthorized copying of the array configuration patterns. Once programmed, the circuitry enabling array access is disabled, preventing further verification of the array (rows 0-39). The cell can be erased only in conjunction with the array during a bulk erase cycle, so the original configuration can never be examined once this cell is programmed. Signature data is always available to the user.

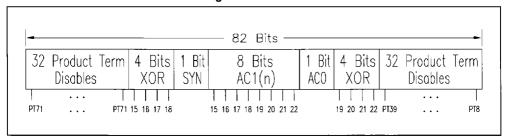
BULK ERASE MODE

By addressing row 63 during a programming cycle, a clear function performs a bulk erase of the array and the Architecture Control Word. In addition, the Electronic Signature Word and the Security Cell are erased. This mode resets a previously configured device back to its virgin state.

OUTPUT REGISTER PRELOAD

When testing state machine designs, all possible states and state transitions must be verified in the

GAL20V8S Architecture Control Word Diagram



design, not just those required in the normal machine operations. This is because in system operation, certain events occur that may throw the logic into an illegal state (power-up, line voltage glitches, brown-outs, etc.). To test a design for proper management of these conditions, a method must be provided to break the feedback paths, and force any desired (e.g. illegal) state into a register. Then the machine can be sequenced and the outputs tested for the correct next state condition. The GAL20V8S device includes circuitry that allows each registered output to be synchronously set either high or low. Thus, any present state condition can be forced for test sequencing. If necessary, approved GAL programmers capable of executing test vectors can perform output register preload automatically.

The figure on the right shows the pin functions necessary to preload the register. This test mode is entered by raising PRLD to $V_{\rm IES}$ (register preload input voltage, typically 15V), which enables the serial data in (SDIN) buffer and the serial data out (SDOUT) buffer. Data is then serially shifted into the registers on each rising edge of the clock, DCLK. Only the macrocells with registered output configurations are loaded. If only 3 outputs have registers, then only 3 bits need be shifted in. The registers are loaded from the bottom up as shown in the figure on the right.

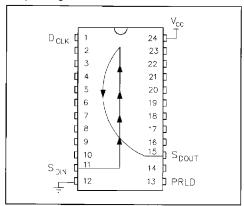
LATCH-UP PROTECTION

GAL® devices are designed with an on board charge pump to negatively bias the substrate. The negative bias is of sufficient magnitude to prevent input undershoots from causing the circuitry to latch. Additionally, outputs are designed with n-channel pullups instead of the traditional p-channel pullups to eliminate any possibility of SCR induced latching.

POWER-UP RESET

Circuitry within the GAL20V8S provides a reset signal to all registers during power-up. All internal registers will have their Q outputs set low after a specified time (t_{reset} =10 μ s). As a result, the state on

Output Register Preload Pinout



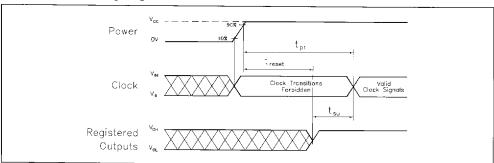
the registered output pins (if they are enabled through \overline{OE}) will always be high on power-up, regardless of the programmed polarity of the output pins. This features can greatly simplify state machine design by providing a known state on power-up.

The timing diagram for power-up is shown below. Because of the asynchronous nature of system power-up, the V_{CC} rise must be monotonic to guarantee a valid power-up reset of the GAL20V8S. The registers will reset within a maximum of t_{reset} time: before this time any clock transition from low to high is forbidden to avoid undesired commutations. As in normal system operation, avoid clocking the device until all input and feedback path setup times have been met (i.e. avoid clocking before the t_{pr}=t_{reset}+t_{su} time interval).

DEVICES PROGRAMMING

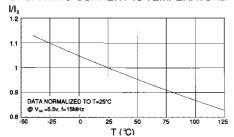
SGS-THOMSON strongly recommends the use of qualified programming hardware. Programming on unapproved equipment will invalidate all guarantees.

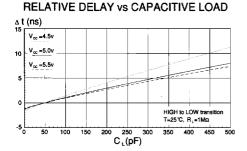
Power-Up Reset Timing Diagram



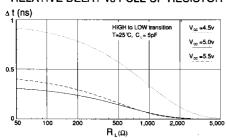
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

OPERATING CURRENT VS TEMPERATURE

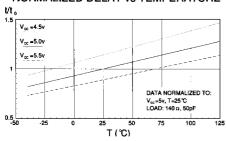




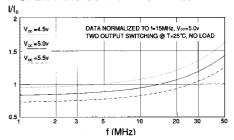
RELATIVE DELAY vs PULL-UP RESISTOR



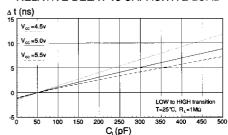
NORMALIZED DELAY vs TEMPERATURE



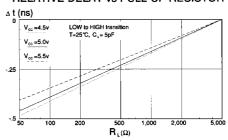
OPERATING CURRENT vs FREQUENCY



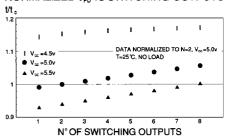
RELATIVE DELAY vs CAPACITIVE LOAD



RELATIVE DELAY vs PULL-UP RESISTOR

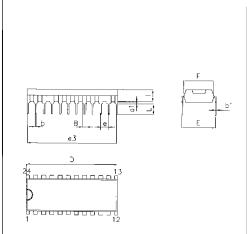


NORMALIZED t pp vs SWITCHING OUTPUTS



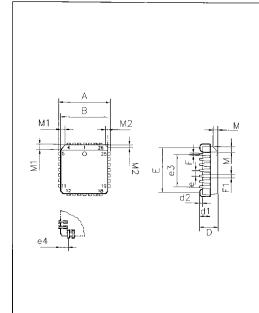
PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

PDIP 24 Pins



Dim.	mm			inches			
Dilli.	Min	Min Typ Max		Min	Тур	Max	
a1	0.38			0.015			
В	1.27		1.65	0.050		0.065	
b		0.46			0.018		
b1		0.25			0.010		
D			31.88			1.255	
Ε		7.62			0.300		
e		2.54			0.100		
e3		27.94			1.100		
F			6.86			0.27	
			4.32			0.170	
L		3.30			0.130		

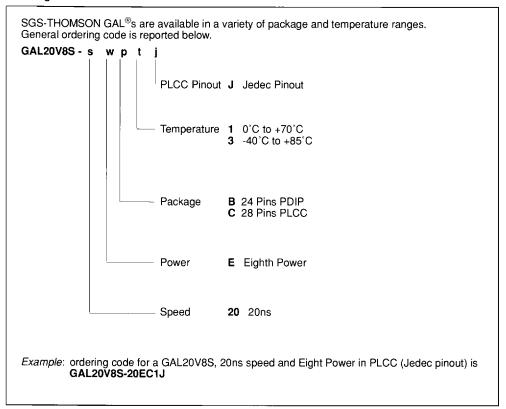
PLCC 28 Pins



Dim.	mm			inches		
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
Α	12.32		12.57	0.485		0.495
В	11.43		11.58	0.450		0.456
D	4.20		4.57	0.165		0.180
d1	2.29		3.04	0.090		0.120
d2	0.51			0.020		
E	9.91		10.92	0.390		0.430
е		1.27			0.050	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4			1.99			0.078
F		0.46			0.018	
F1		0.71			0.028	
М		1.24			0.049	
M1		1.143			0.045	
M2			0.51			0.020

Seating Plane: 0.101 mm/0.004 inches

Ordering Informations*



^{*} Please contact local Product Marketing for latest update on package / temperature range availability.