# 74AUP2G126

Low-power dual buffer/line driver; 3-state Rev. 06 — 21 June 2010

Product data sheet

### 1. General description

The 74AUP2G126 provides the dual non-inverting buffer/line driver with 3-state output. The 3-state output is controlled by the output enable input (nOE). A LOW level at pin nOE causes the output to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. This device has the input-disable feature, which allows floating input signals. The inputs are disabled when the output enable input nOE is LOW.

Schmitt-trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant to slower input rise and fall times across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V. This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using IOFF. The IOFF circuitry disables the output, preventing a damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

### 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption;  $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A$  (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- Input-disable feature allows floating input conditions
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C



### 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering	g information							
Type number	Package							
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version				
74AUP2G126DC	–40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1				
74AUP2G126GT	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 $\times$ 1.95 $\times$ 0.5 mm	SOT833-1				
74AUP2G126GF	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 $\times$ 1 $\times$ 0.5 mm	SOT1089				
74AUP2G126GD	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8U	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; UTLP based; body $3 \times 2 \times 0.5$ mm	SOT996-2				
74AUP2G126GM	–40 °C to +125 °C	XQFN8U	plastic extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 8 terminals; UTLP based; body $1.6 \times 1.6 \times 0.5$ mm	SOT902-1				
74AUP2G126GN	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body $1.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.35$ mm	SOT1116				
74AUP2G126GS	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 $\times$ 1.0 $\times$ 0.35 mm	SOT1203				

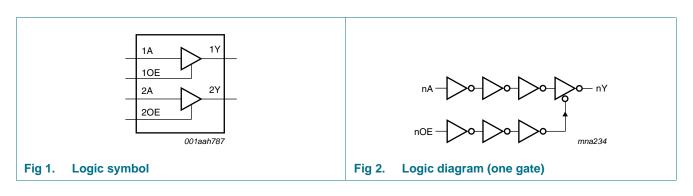
### 4. Marking

### Table 2.Marking codes

5	
Type number	Marking code <sup>[1]</sup>
74AUP2G126DC	p26
74AUP2G126GT	p26
74AUP2G126GF	pN
74AUP2G126GD	p26
74AUP2G126GM	p26
74AUP2G126GN	pN
74AUP2G126GS	pN

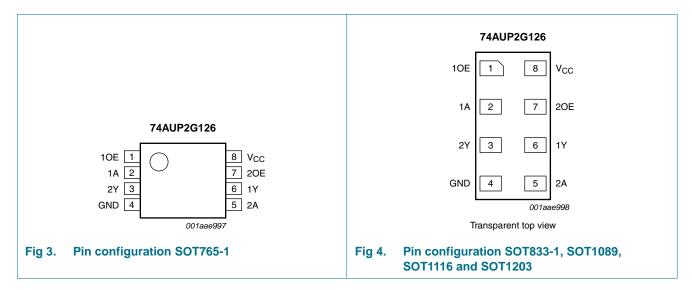
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

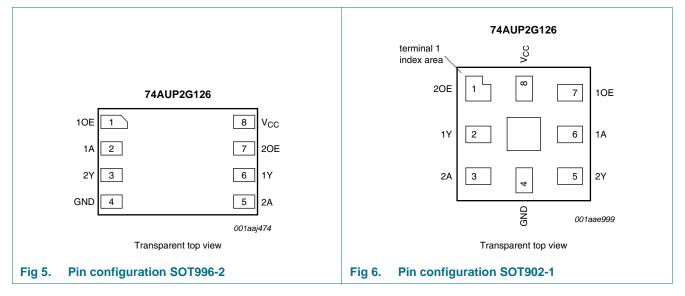
### 5. Functional diagram



#### 6. **Pinning information**

### 6.1 Pinning





### 6.2 Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	SOT765-1, SOT833-1, SOT1089, SOT996-2, SOT1116 and SOT1203	SOT902-1	
10E, 20E	1, 7	7, 1	output enable input (active HIGH)
1A, 2A	2, 5	6, 3	data input
1Y, 2Y	6, 3	2, 5	data output
GND	4	4	ground (0 V)
V <sub>CC</sub>	8	8	supply voltage

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### 7. Functional description

Table 4.	Function table <sup>[1]</sup>		
Input			Output
nOE		nA	nY
Н		L	L
Н		Н	Н
L		Х	Z

[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

### 8. Limiting values

#### Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

					,
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage		<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+4.6	V
lo	output current	$V_{O} = 0 V$ to $V_{CC}$	-	±20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current		-50	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 \ ^{\circ}C$ to +125 $^{\circ}C$	[2] _	250	mW

[1] The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

For VSSOP8 packages: above 110 °C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 8.0 mW/K.
 For XSON8, XSON8U and XQFN8U packages: above 118 °C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6.	Operating conditions				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
VI	input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		Power-down mode; $V_{CC} = 0 V$	0	3.6	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t / \Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$	0	200	ns/V

### **10. Static characteristics**

#### Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	5 °C					
VIH	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 V$ to 1.95 V	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
VIL	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 V$ to 1.95 V	-	-	$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.9	V
Vон	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = –20 $\mu\text{A};V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC}-0.1$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.11	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.32	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	2.05	-	-	V
		$I_0 = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.9	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.72	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.6	-	-	V
Vol	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu\text{A};V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1.1 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3\times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1.9 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_0 = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_0 = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
		$I_0 = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_{O}$ = 4.0 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.44	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	$V_{\text{I}}$ = GND to 3.6 V; $V_{\text{CC}}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
OZ	OFF-state output current	$      V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; V_{O} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}; \\       V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} $	-	-	±0.1	μA
OFF	power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
∆I <sub>OFF</sub>	additional power-off leakage current	$V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 0.2 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.2	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$\label{eq:VI} \begin{array}{l} V_{I} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; \ I_{O} = O \ A; \\ V_{CC} = 0.8 \ V \ to \ 3.6 \ V \end{array}$	-	-	0.5	μA

#### Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
∆l <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	data input; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	<u>[1]</u> _	-	40	μA
		nOE input; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	<u>[1]</u> -	-	110	μA
		all inputs; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; nOE = GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	<u>[2]</u> _	-	1	μA
CI	input capacitance	$V_{I} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	0.9	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	output enabled; $V_0 = GND$ ; $V_{CC} = 0 V$	-	1.7	-	pF
		output disabled; $V_0$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{CC}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	1.5	-	pF
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +85 °C					
VIH	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70	) $\times$ V_{CC} -	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 V$ to 1.95 V	0.65	$5 \times V_{CC}$ -	-	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
VIL	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	-	$0.30\times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 V$ to 1.95 V	-	-	$0.35\times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.9	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = –20 $\mu A;$ V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	Vcc	- 0.1 -	-	V
		$I_0 = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	0.7	×V <sub>CC</sub> -	-	V
		$I_0 = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.03	3 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.30	) -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.97	7 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.85	5 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.67	7 -	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.58	5 -	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$				
		$I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu A; V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3\times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_0 = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.37	V
		$I_{O}$ = 1.9 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V	-	-	0.35	V
		$I_{O}$ = 2.3 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_{O}$ = 3.1 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V	-	-	0.45	V
		$I_{O}$ = 2.7 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_{O}$ = 4.0 mA; $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V	-	-	0.45	V
li	input leakage current	$V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
l <sub>oz</sub>	OFF-state output current	$\label{eq:VI} \begin{array}{l} V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; \ V_{O} = 0 \ V \text{ to } 3.6 \ V; \\ V_{CC} = 0 \ V \text{ to } 3.6 \ V \end{array}$	-	-	±0.5	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{1}$ or $V_{0} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V			±0.5	μA

#### Table 7. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	±0.6 0.9 50	μA μA
$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ $\Delta I_{CC}$ additional supply current $\frac{data input; V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ A;}  [1] V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}}{10 \text{ Einput; } V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ A;}  [1] V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}}{10 \text{ Einput; } V_{I} = \text{GND to } 3.6 \text{ V;}  [2] 0.6 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ A;}  [2] 0.6 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ A;}  [2] 0.6 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ A;}  [2] 0.6 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ A;}  [2] 0.6 \text{ V; } I_{O} = 0 \text{ A;}  [2] 0.6 \text{ V;} I_{O} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C to } +125 \text{ °C}$ $V_{IH}$ HIGH-level input voltage $\frac{V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V} \text{ to } 0.75 \times V_{CC} 0.6 \text{ V;} I_{O} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \text{ to } 0.70 \times V_{CC} 0.6 \text{ V;} I_{O} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.0 \text{ to } 0.6 \text{ V;} I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ V to } 2.0 \text{ to } 0.6 \text{ V;} I_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.0 \text{ to } 0.6 \text{ V;} I_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.0 \text{ to } 0.6 \text{ V;} I_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V} \text{ to } 2.0 \text{ to } $		μΑ
$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ $III V_{CC} = 0.6 V; I_0 = 0 A;  [1] V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ $III input; V_I = GND to 3.6 V;  [2] OE = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C = 0 C $	50	
$V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ all inputs; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; nOE = GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V $I_{II} = HIGH-Ievel input voltage$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 V to 1.95 V$ $0.75 \times V_{CC} = 0.000 V to 1.95 V$ $0.70 \times V_{CC} = 0.000 V to 1.95 V$ $V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V$ $1.6 = -1000 V to 1.95 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 V = -1000 V to 1.95 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 V = -1000 V to 1.95 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 V to 1.00 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.0 V to 1.00 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.0 V to 1.00 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.0 V to 0.00 V$ $V_{CC} = 0.1 V V$		μA
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } $NOE = GND; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \ V \ to \ 3.6 \ V \\ \hline $T_{amb} = -40 \ ^\circ C \ to \ +125 \ ^\circ C \\ \hline $V_{IH}$ $ $ $ $HIGH-level input voltage $ $ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \ V $ $0.75 \times V_{CC}$ $ $-$ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $$	120	μA
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	μA
$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad 0.70 \times V_{CC} - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}} \qquad 1.6 - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}} \qquad 2.0 - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}} - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} = 0.11 \text{ V}} \qquad - \frac{1}{V_{CC} $		
$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} $ $2.0 - V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} $ $ V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} $ $ V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} = -20  \mu \text{A};  V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} $ $V_{CC} - 0.11 - I_{C} $ $I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA};  V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V} $ $I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA};  V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V} $ $I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA};  V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V} $ $1.17 - V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V} $	-	V
$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad 2.0 \qquad -$ $V_{IL} \qquad \text{LOW-level input voltage} \qquad V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{CC} = 0.11 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$ $I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA; } V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V} \qquad 0.6 \times V_{CC} \qquad - \qquad -$ $I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA; } V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V} \qquad 0.93 \qquad - \qquad -$ $I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA; } V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V} \qquad 1.17 \qquad - \qquad - \qquad -$	-	V
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	V
$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad \\ V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad \\ V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad \\ V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad \\ V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad \\ V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad \\ V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad - \qquad - \qquad \\ I_{O} = -20  \mu\text{A};        $	-	V
$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad $	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \qquad - \qquad -$ $V_{OH} \qquad \text{HIGH-level output voltage} \qquad V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL} \qquad \qquad$	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{HIGH-level output voltage} & V_{I} = V_{IH} \mbox{ or } V_{IL} \\ \hline I_{O} = -20 \ \mu A; \ V_{CC} = 0.8 \ V \ to \ 3.6 \ V & V_{CC} - 0.11 \ - 10 \\ \hline I_{O} = -1.1 \ mA; \ V_{CC} = 1.1 \ V & 0.6 \ \times \ V_{CC} \ - 10 \\ \hline I_{O} = -1.7 \ mA; \ V_{CC} = 1.4 \ V & 0.93 \ - 10 \\ \hline I_{O} = -1.9 \ mA; \ V_{CC} = 1.65 \ V & 1.17 \ - 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$	0.7	V
$\begin{split} I_{O} &= -20 \; \mu \text{A}; \; V_{CC} = 0.8 \; \text{V to } 3.6 \; \text{V} \qquad V_{CC} - 0.11  \text{-} \\ I_{O} &= -1.1 \; \text{mA}; \; V_{CC} = 1.1 \; \text{V} \qquad 0.6 \times V_{CC}  \text{-} \\ I_{O} &= -1.7 \; \text{mA}; \; V_{CC} = 1.4 \; \text{V} \qquad 0.93  \text{-} \\ I_{O} &= -1.9 \; \text{mA}; \; V_{CC} = 1.65 \; \text{V} \qquad 1.17  \text{-} \end{split}$	0.9	V
$\begin{split} I_{O} &= -1.1 \text{ mA}; \ V_{CC} &= 1.1 \text{ V} & 0.6 \times V_{CC} &- \\ I_{O} &= -1.7 \text{ mA}; \ V_{CC} &= 1.4 \text{ V} & 0.93 &- \\ I_{O} &= -1.9 \text{ mA}; \ V_{CC} &= 1.65 \text{ V} & 1.17 &- \\ \end{split}$		
$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}   0.93  - \\ I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}   1.17  - $	-	V
$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ 1.17 -	-	V
	-	V
$l_0 = -2.3 \text{ mA} \cdot V_{cc} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ 177 -	-	V
	-	V
$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ 1.67 -	-	V
$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ 2.40 -	-	V
$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ 2.30 -	-	V
$V_{OL}$ LOW-level output voltage $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		
$I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	0.11	V
I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	$0.33 \times V_{CC}$	V
$I_{O} = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	0.41	V
$I_{O} = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	0.39	V
$I_{O} = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	0.36	V
$I_{O} = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	0.50	V
$I_{O} = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.36	V
$I_{O} = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	0.50	V
input leakage current $V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	±0.75	μΑ
OZ OFF-state output current $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	±0.75	μA
oFF power-off leakage current $V_I$ or $V_O = 0 V$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0 V$	±0.75	μA

Table 7.	Static characteristics	continued
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At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.75	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$\label{eq:VI} \begin{array}{l} V_{I} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; \ I_{O} = O \ A; \\ V_{CC} = 0.8 \ V \ to \ 3.6 \ V \end{array}$	-	-	1.4	μA
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	data input; V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 V; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 3.3 V	[1] -	-	75	μA
		nOE input; V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 V; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 3.3 V	<u>[1]</u> -	-	180	μA
		all inputs; V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; nOE = GND; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	[2] _	-	1	μA

[1] One input at  $V_{CC}$  – 0.6 V, other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

[2] To show I<sub>CC</sub> remains very low when the input-disable feature is enabled.

### **11. Dynamic characteristics**

#### Table 8.Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 9.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		_4	40 °C to +′	125 °C	Unit
			Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Мах (85 °С)	Max (125 °C)	
C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pl	-								
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	2]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	20.6	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	2.8	5.5	10.5	2.5	11.7	12.9	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.2	3.9	6.1	2.0	7.3	8.1	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.9	3.2	4.1	1.7	6.1	6.7	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	2.6	3.6	1.4	4.3	4.9	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.4	2.4	3.1	1.2	3.9	4.4	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	3]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	71.6	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	2.8	6.2	12.4	2.6	13.6	13.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.3	4.2	6.9	2.2	7.4	7.7	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	1.9	3.3	5.3	1.7	5.9	6.2	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	2.4	3.6	1.4	3.8	4.1	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.3	2.0	2.9	1.2	3.2	3.4	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	[4]						
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	10.3	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	2.6	4.2	6.2	2.9	6.4	6.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.1	3.2	4.4	2.2	4.6	4.7	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.1	3.1	4.4	1.7	4.6	4.8	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7	2.4	3.2	1.4	3.4	3.6	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.1	2.8	3.6	1.2	3.7	3.8	ns

**Product data sheet** 

#### Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 9.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions			25 °C		_4	10 °C to +1	25 °C	Unit
				Min	Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C <sub>L</sub> = 10 p	ρF									
t <sub>pd</sub> propagation delay		nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		-	24.0	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$		3.2	6.4	12.3	3.0	13.8	15.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.6 \text{ V}$		2.1	4.5	7.3	1.9	8.5	9.4	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		1.9	3.8	5.5	1.7	6.8	7.6	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.1	3.2	4.2	1.6	5.3	5.9	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.8	3.0	3.8	1.6	4.6	5.2	ns
en	enable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	[3]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		-	75.3	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.2	7.1	14.1	3.0	15.4	15.4	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		2.2	4.8	8.0	2.1	8.3	8.6	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		1.8	3.9	5.9	1.7	6.5	6.8	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.5	2.9	4.2	1.4	4.5	4.8	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		1.4	2.6	3.6	1.3	3.8	4.0	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	[4]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		-	12.2	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.5	5.3	7.6	3.3	7.9	7.9	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.6 \text{ V}$		2.2	4.1	5.6	2.1	5.7	5.9	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.4	4.2	5.7	1.7	5.8	6.0	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		1.9	3.2	4.1	1.4	4.3	4.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.4	4.1	5.0	1.3	5.2	5.3	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 15 p	ρF									
t <sub>pd</sub> propagation delay		nA to nY; see Figure 7	[2]							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		-	27.4	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.6	7.2	14.1	3.3	15.8	17.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		3.0	5.1	8.1	2.5	9.8	10.9	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.2	4.3	6.3	2.0	7.9	8.8	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		2.0	3.7	4.9	1.8	6.0	6.7	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		2.0	3.5	4.4	1.8	5.4	6.1	ns
en	enable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	[3]							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V		-	79.2	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		3.6	7.8	15.8	3.3	17.1	17.1	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		3.0	5.4	8.8	2.9	9.4	9.7	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		2.1	4.3	6.7	2.0	7.3	7.7	ns
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		1.8	3.4	4.8	1.7	5.2	5.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.6	3.1	4.1	1.5	4.5	4.7	ns

#### Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 9.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		–40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
				Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	<u>+]</u>						
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	14.9	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.3	6.4	8.5	3.7	9.3	9.4	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.0	5.0	6.6	2.5	6.9	7.0	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.1	5.4	6.6	2.0	7.4	7.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.4	4.0	5.0	1.7	5.1	5.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.2	5.3	6.2	1.5	6.7	6.9	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 30 p	ρF								
t <sub>pd</sub> pr	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7	2]						
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	37.4	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.8	9.5	18.7	4.4	21.4	24.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	4.0	6.7	10.8	3.0	13.0	14.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.9	5.6	8.4	2.6	10.3	11.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7	4.8	6.3	2.5	7.8	8.7	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.7	4.6	5.8	2.5	7.0	8.3	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	3]						
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	90.6	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.7	10.0	20.4	4.3	22.0	22.0	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.0	6.9	11.3	3.7	12.0	12.5	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.6	5.6	8.6	3.2	9.5	10.1	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.3	4.5	6.3	2.9	6.8	7.3	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.2	4.2	5.8	2.7	6.4	6.7	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	nOE to nY; see Figure 8	<u>+]</u>						
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	51.6	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V} \text{ to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	6.0	9.8	13.6	4.7	14.3	14.4	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	4.5	7.7	10.5	3.0	10.7	11.0	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	5.2	8.8	11.4	2.6	11.5	11.6	ns
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.9	6.4	7.4	2.3	9.0	10.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	5.5	9.0	10.7	2.2	10.8	12.0	ns

#### Table 8. Dynamic characteristics ... continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 9.

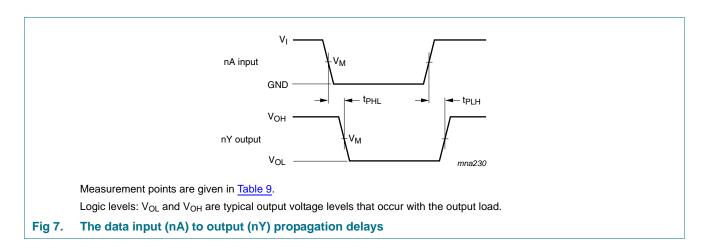
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C		–40 °C to +125 °C			Unit		
				Min	Typ <mark>[1]</mark>	Мах	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pl	F, 10 pF, 15 pF and	30 pF								
	power dissipation capacitance	output enabled; $f_i = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ; $V_i = \text{GND}$ to $V_{CC}$	<u>[5]</u>							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		-	2.7	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.1 V to 1.3 V		-	2.8	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		-	2.9	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC}$ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		-	3.0	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		-	3.6	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V		-	4.2	-	-	-	-	pF

[1] All typical values are measured at nominal  $V_{CC}$ .

- $\label{eq:tpd} [2] \quad t_{pd} \mbox{ is the same as } t_{PLH} \mbox{ and } t_{PHL}.$
- [3]  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$ .
- [4]  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PHZ}$  and  $t_{PLZ}$ .

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

### 12. Waveforms



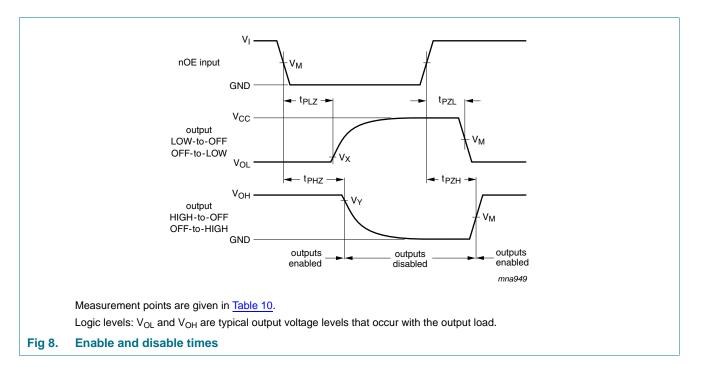
#### Table 9.Measurement points

Supply voltage	Output	Input		
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> = t <sub>f</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	$0.5  imes V_{CC}$	$0.5  imes V_{CC}$	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 3.0 ns

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### Low-power dual buffer/line driver; 3-state

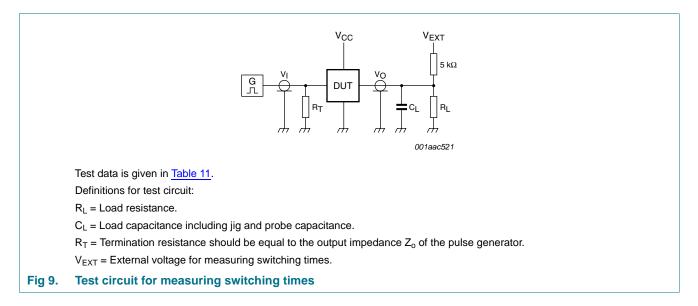


#### Table 10. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input	Output		
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>Y</sub>
0.8 V to 1.6 V	$0.5\times V_{CC}$	$0.5\times V_{CC}$	$V_{OL}$ + 0.1 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.1 V
1.65 V to 2.7 V	$0.5\times V_{CC}$	$0.5\times V_{CC}$	$V_{OL}$ + 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V
3.0 V to 3.6 V	$0.5\times V_{CC}$	$0.5\times V_{CC}$	$V_{OL}$ + 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V

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### Low-power dual buffer/line driver; 3-state



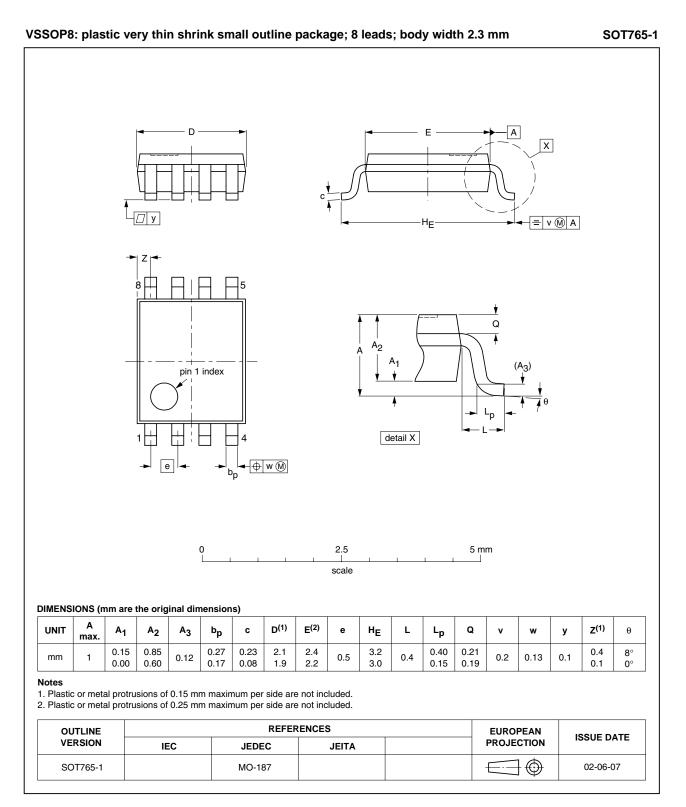
#### Table 11. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		d V <sub>EXT</sub>		
V <sub>cc</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub> [1]	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 k $\Omega$ or 1 M $\Omega$	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L = 5 k\Omega$ .

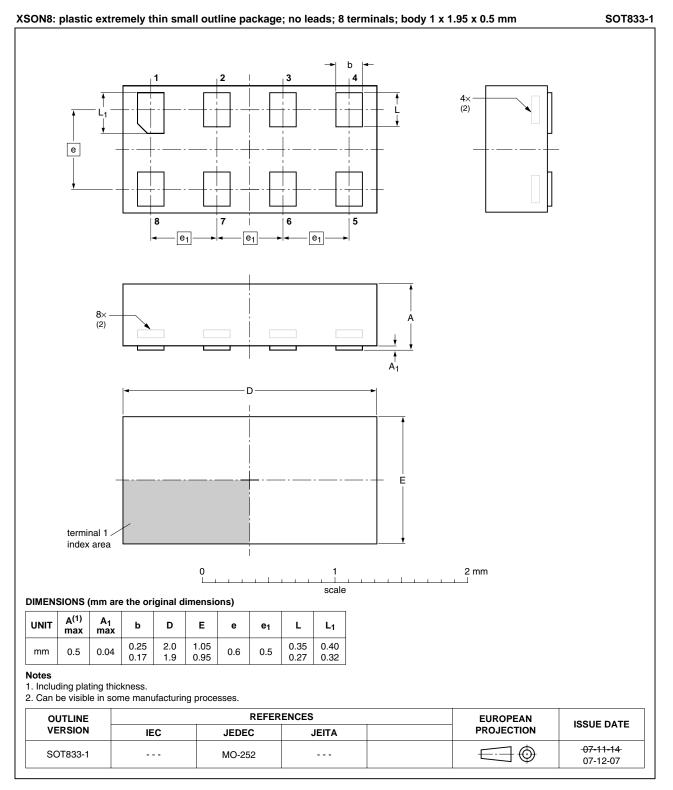
For measuring propagation delays, set-up and hold times and pulse width  $R_L = 1 M\Omega$ .

### 13. Package outline

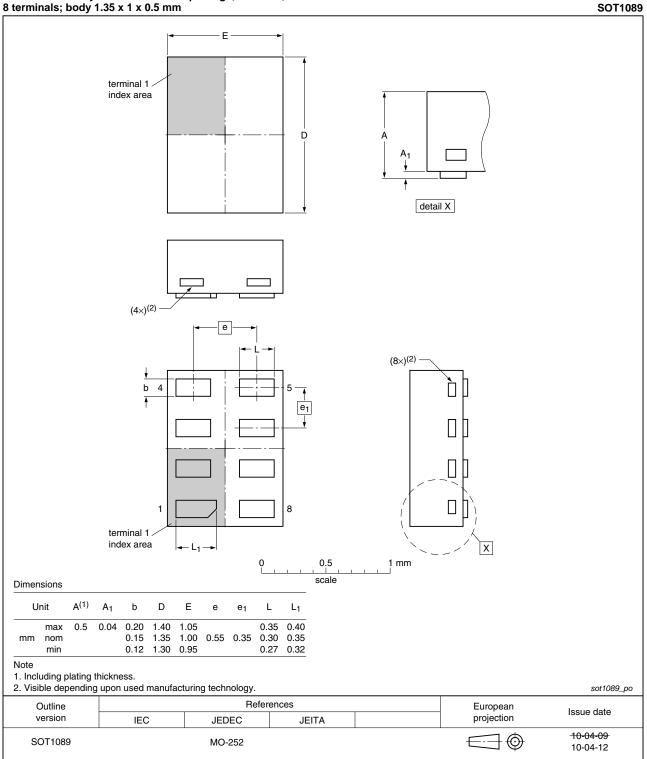


#### Fig 10. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

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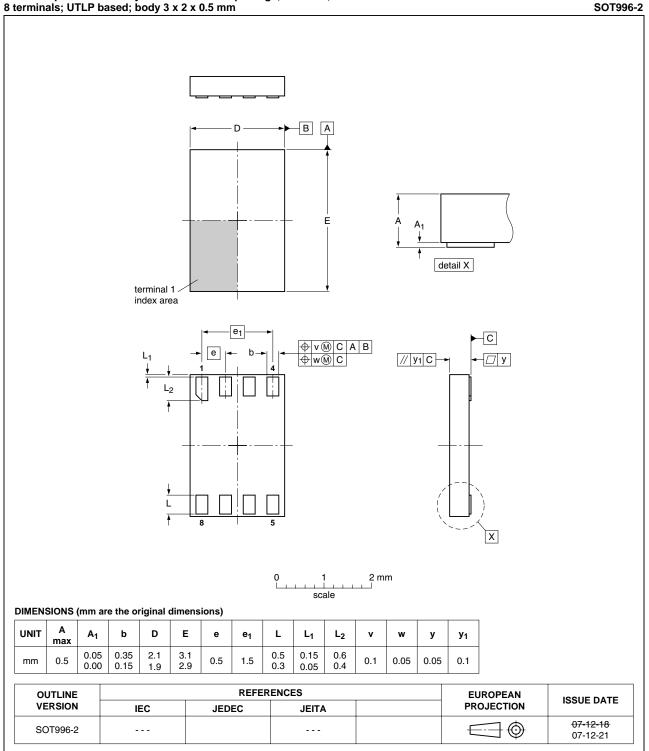


### Fig 11. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8)



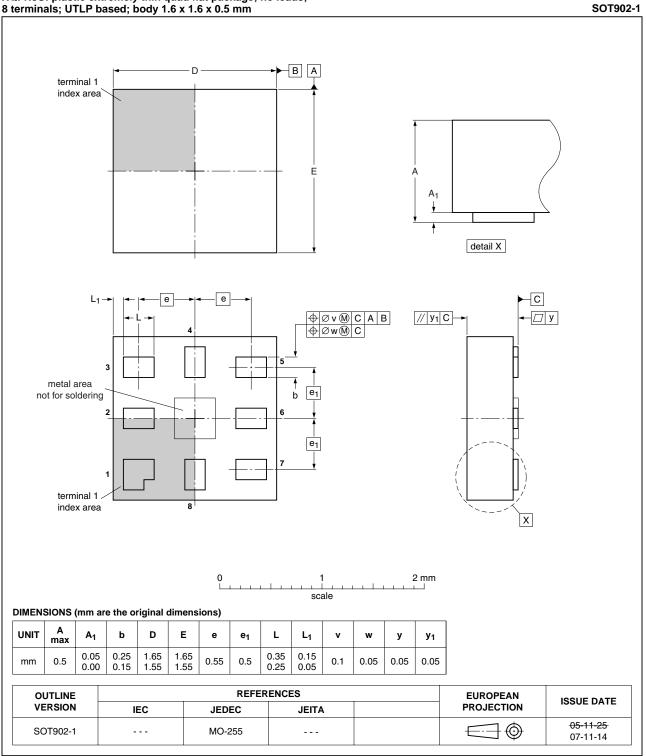
#### XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1 x 0.5 mm

#### Fig 12. Package outline SOT1089 (XSON8)



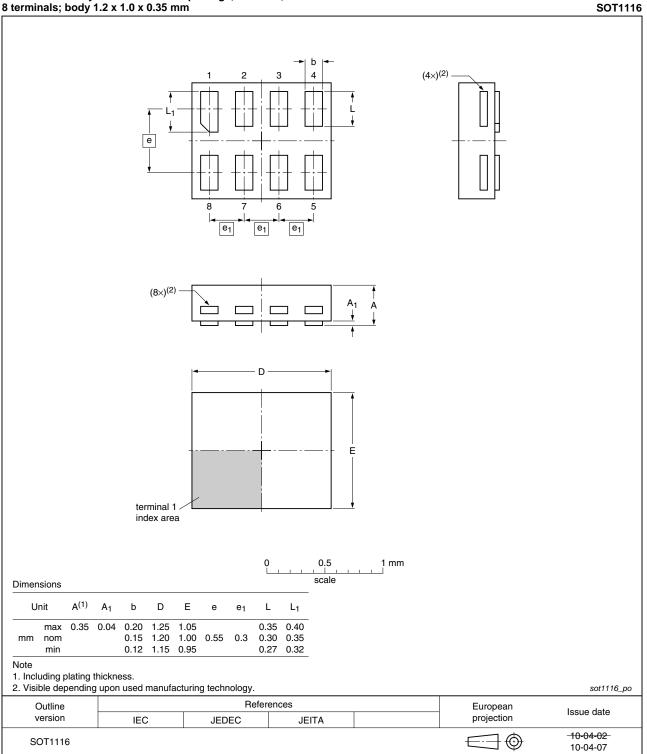
XSON8U: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; UTLP based; body 3 x 2 x 0.5 mm

#### Fig 13. Package outline SOT996-2 (XSON8U)



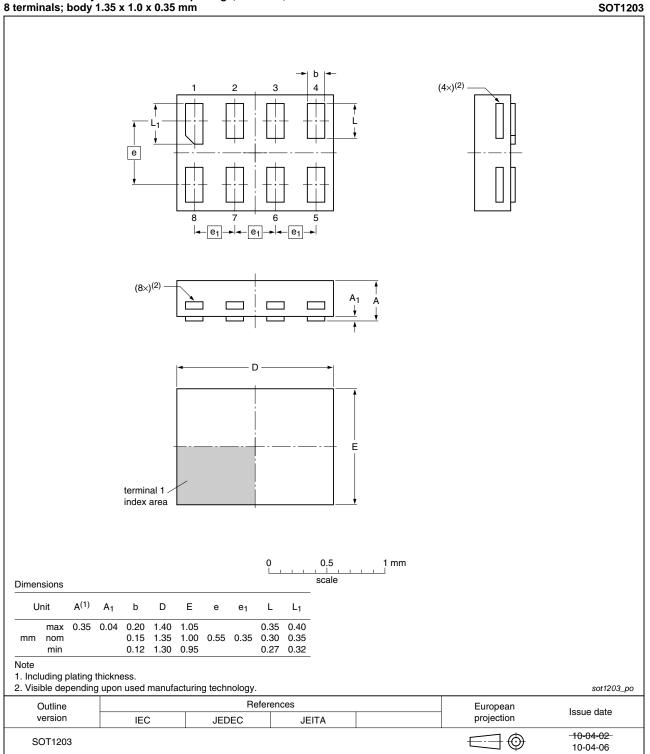
# XQFN8U: plastic extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 8 terminals; UTLP based; body 1.6 x 1.6 x 0.5 mm

Fig 14. Package outline SOT902-1 (XQFN8U)



XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.2 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm

### Fig 15. Package outline SOT1116 (XSON8)



## XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm

### Fig 16. Package outline SOT1203 (XSON8)

### 14. Abbreviations

Table 12. Abbreviations				
Acronym	Description			
CDM	Charged Device Model			
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor			
DUT	Device Under Test			
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge			
HBM	Human Body Model			
MM	Machine Model			
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic			

## **15. Revision history**

### Table 13. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP2G126 v6	20100621	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G126_5
Modifications:	<ul> <li>Added type r</li> </ul>	number 74AUP2G126GF (SOT	1089 / XSON8 package	e).
	<ul> <li>Added type r</li> </ul>	umber 74AUP2G126GN (SOT	1116 / XSON8 package	e).
	<ul> <li>Added type r</li> </ul>	umber 74AUP2G126GS (SOT	1203 / XSON8 package	e).
74AUP2G126_5	20090202	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G126_4
74AUP2G126_4	20090114	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G126_3
74AUP2G126_3	20080409	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G126_2
74AUP2G126_2	20070515	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G126_1
74AUP2G126_1	20061009	Product data sheet	-	-

### **16. Legal information**

### 16.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <a href="http://www.nxp.com">http://www.nxp.com</a>.

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### Low-power dual buffer/line driver; 3-state

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Date of release: 21 June 2010 Document identifier: 74AUP2G126