

PROGRAMMABLE PRECISION REFERENCES

The TL431 Series integrated circuits are three-terminal programmable shunt regulator diodes. These monolithic IC voltage reference operate as a low temperature coefficient zener which is programmable from V_{ref} to 36 volts with two external resistors. These devices exhibit a wide operating current range of 1.0 to 100mA with a typical dynamic impedance of 0.22Ω . The characteristics of these references make them excellent replacements for zener diodes in many applications such as digital voltmeters, power supplies, and op amp circuitry. The 2.5 volt reference makes it convenient to obtain a stable reference from 5.0 volt logic supplies, and since the TL431 Series operates as a shunt regulator, it can be used as either a positive or negative voltage reference.

FEATURES

- Device Code Name : TL431 + V_{ref} Code + Package Code

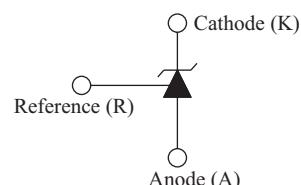
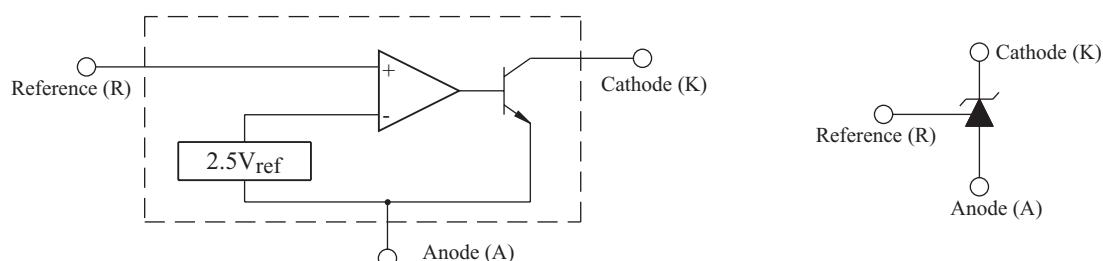
| ITEM | V_{ref} Code | | Package Code | |
|-------|----------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| | Code | Tolerance (%) | Code | Package |
| TL431 | | ± 2.2 | | TO-92 |
| | A | ± 1.0 | F | SOT-89 |
| | B | ± 0.5 | | |

- Low Dynamic Output Impedance : 0.22Ω (Typ.).
- Sink Current Capability of 1.0 to 100mA.
- Equivalent Full-Range Temperature Coefficient of 50ppm/ °C (Typ.).
- Temperature Compensated for Operation Over Full Rated Operating Temperature Range.
- Low Output Noise Voltage.

LINE UP

| Type No. | Operating Voltage(V) | Package | Marking |
|----------|----------------------|---------|---------|
| TL431 | | | |
| TL431A | | TO-92 | |
| TL431B | | | |
| TL431F | | | 3D |
| TL431AF | | SOT-89 | 3E |
| TL431BF | | | 3F |

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TL431 Series

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

(Full operating ambient temperature range applies unless otherwise noted.)

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | RATING | UNIT | |
|---|------------------|----------------|------|----|
| Cathode To Anode Voltage | V _{KA} | 37 | V | |
| Cathode Current Range, Continuous | I _K | -100~150 | mA | |
| Reference Input Current Range, Continuous | I _{ref} | -0.05~10 | mA | |
| Operating Junction Temperature | T _j | 150 | °C | |
| Operating Temperature | T _{opr} | -40~85 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -65~150 | °C | |
| Total Power Dissipation | TL431 | P _D | 700 | mW |
| | TL431F | | 800 | |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C)

| CHARACTERISTICS | | SYMBOL | TEST CIRCUIT | TEST CONDITION | | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--|---------------------|---|----------------------|--|--|-------|--------|-------|------|
| Reference Input Voltage | | V _{ref} | Figure 1 | V _{KA} =V _{ref} , I _K =10mA | | 2.440 | 2.495 | 2.550 | V |
| TL431A | 2.470 | | | | | 2.495 | 2.520 | V | |
| TL431B | 2.4825 | | | | | 2.495 | 2.5075 | V | |
| Reference Input Voltage Deviation Over Temperature Range | | ΔV _{ref} | Figure 1 (Note 1) | V _{KA} =V _{ref} , I _K =10mA | | - | 7.0 | 30 | mV |
| Ratio of Change in Reference Input Voltage to Change in Cathode to Anode Voltage | | ΔV _{ref} / ΔV _{KA} | Figure 2 | I _K =10mA | ΔV _{KA} = 10V~V _{ref} | - | -1.4 | -2.7 | mV/V |
| | | | | | ΔV _{KA} = 36V~10V | - | -1.0 | -2.0 | |
| Reference Input Current | Ta=25 °C | I _{ref} | Figure 2 | I _K =10mA, R ₁ =10k Ω, R ₂ =∞ | | - | 1.8 | 4.0 | μA |
| | Ta=T _{opr} | | | | | - | - | 6.5 | |
| Reference Input Current Deviation Over Temperature Range | | ΔI _{ref} | Figure 2 | I _K =10mA, R ₁ =10k Ω, R ₂ =∞ | | - | 0.8 | 2.5 | μA |
| Minimum Cathode Current For Regulation | | I _{min} | Figure 1 | V _{KA} =V _{ref} | | - | 0.5 | 1.0 | mA |
| Off-State Cathode Current | | I _{off} | Figure 3 | V _{KA} =36V, V _{ref} =0V | | - | 2.6 | 1000 | nA |
| Dynamic Impedance | | Z _{ka} | Figure 1 (Note 2) | V _{KA} =V _{ref} , I _K =1.0~100mA, f≤1.0kHz | | - | 0.22 | - | Ω |

TL431 Series

FIGURE 1-TEST CIRCUIT FOR $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$

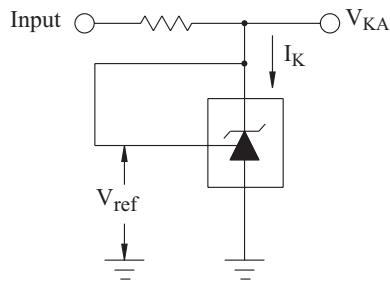
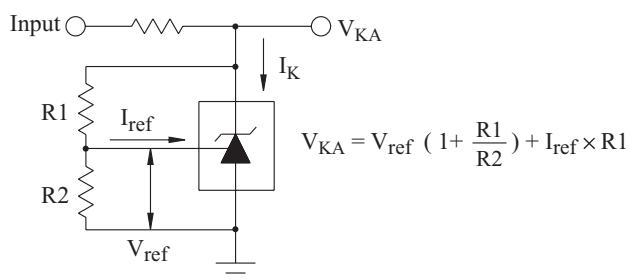


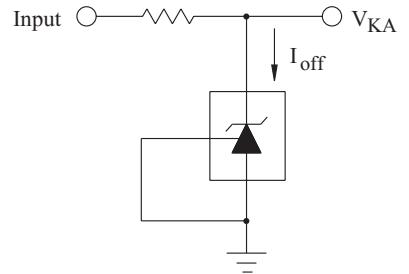
FIGURE 2-TEST CIRCUIT FOR $V_{KA} > V_{ref}$



Note 1:

The deviation parameter ΔV_{ref} is defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applies.

FIGURE 3-TEST CIRCUIT FOR I_{off}



Example : $\Delta V_{ref} = 8.0\text{mV}$ and slope is positive,
 V_{ref} at $25^\circ\text{C} = 2.495\text{V}$, $\Delta T_a = 70^\circ\text{C}$

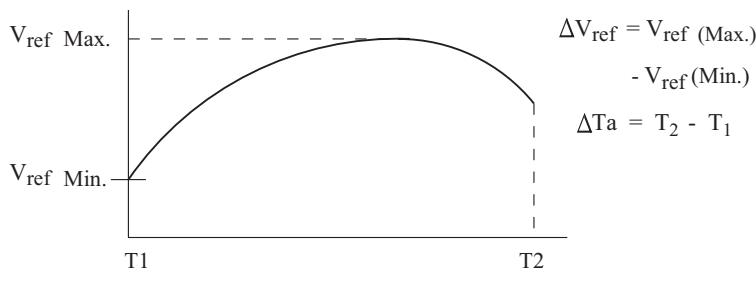
$$\alpha V_{ref} = \frac{0.008 \times 10^6}{70 \times (2.495)} = 45.8 \text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$$

Note 2: The dynamic impedance Z_{ka} is defined as:

$$|Z_{ka}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_K}$$

When the device is programmed with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is defined as:

$$|Z_{ka'}| = |Z_{ka}| \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

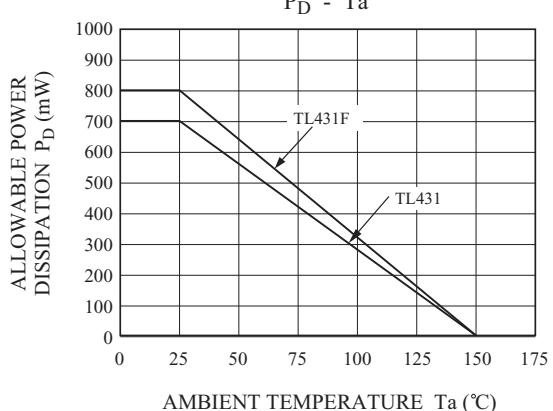
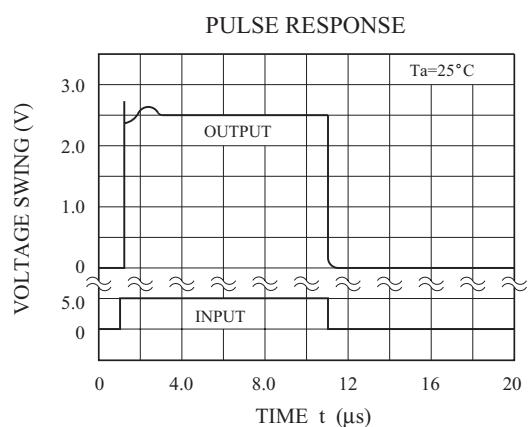
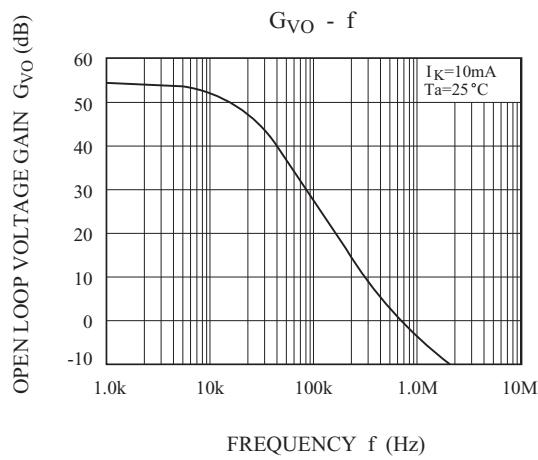
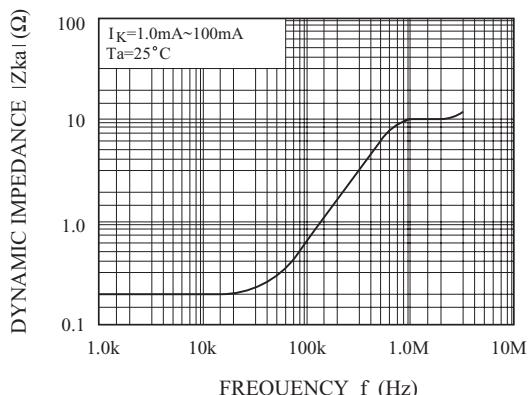
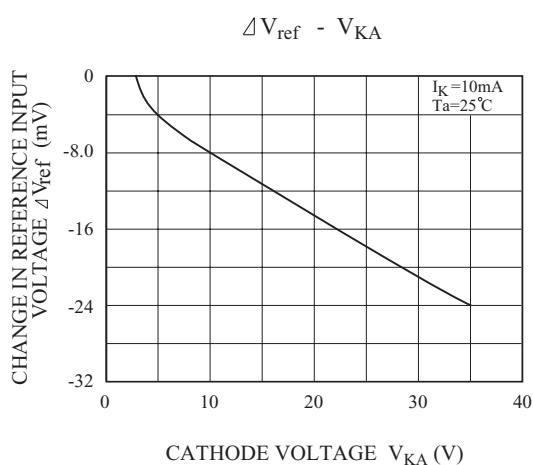
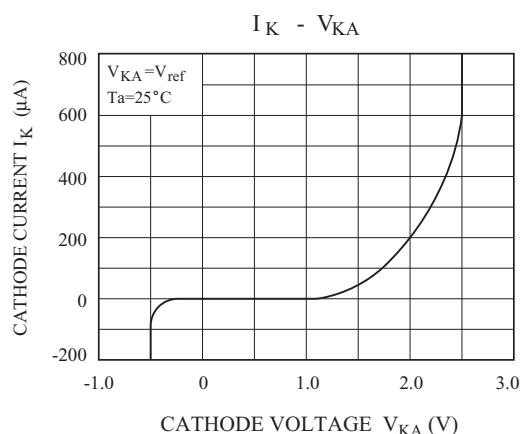
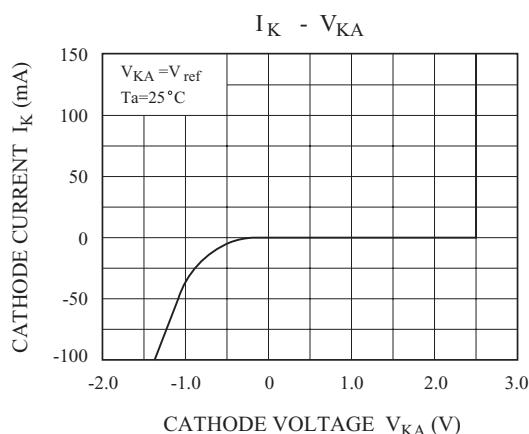


The average temperature coefficient of the Reference input voltage, ΔV_{ref} , is defined as:

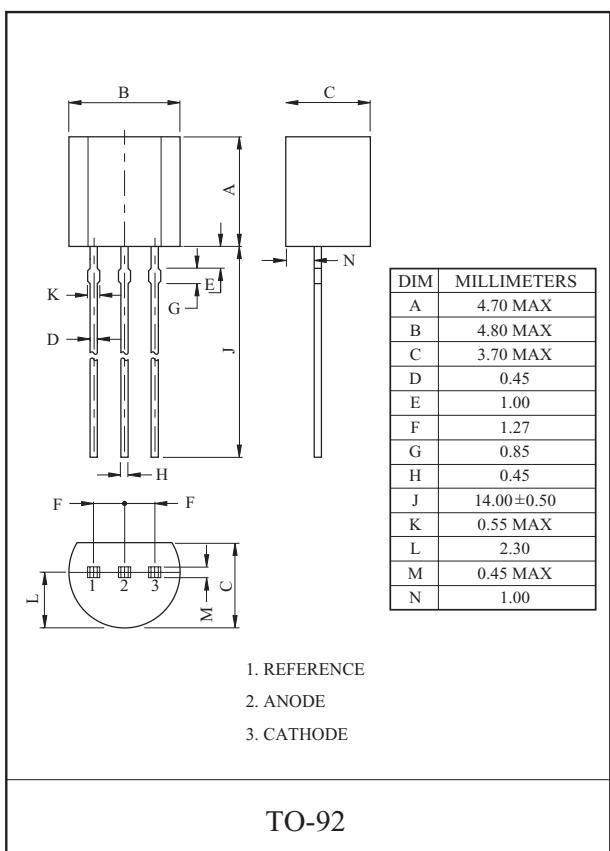
$$\begin{aligned} \alpha V_{ref} (\frac{\text{ppm}}{^\circ\text{C}}) &= \frac{\left(\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{V_{ref} \text{ at } 25^\circ\text{C}}\right) \times 10^6}{\Delta T_a} \\ &= \frac{\Delta V_{ref} \times 10^6}{\Delta T_a (V_{ref} \text{ at } 25^\circ\text{C})} \end{aligned}$$

αV_{ref} can be positive or negative depending on whether V_{ref} Min. or V_{ref} Max. occurs at the lower ambient temperature.

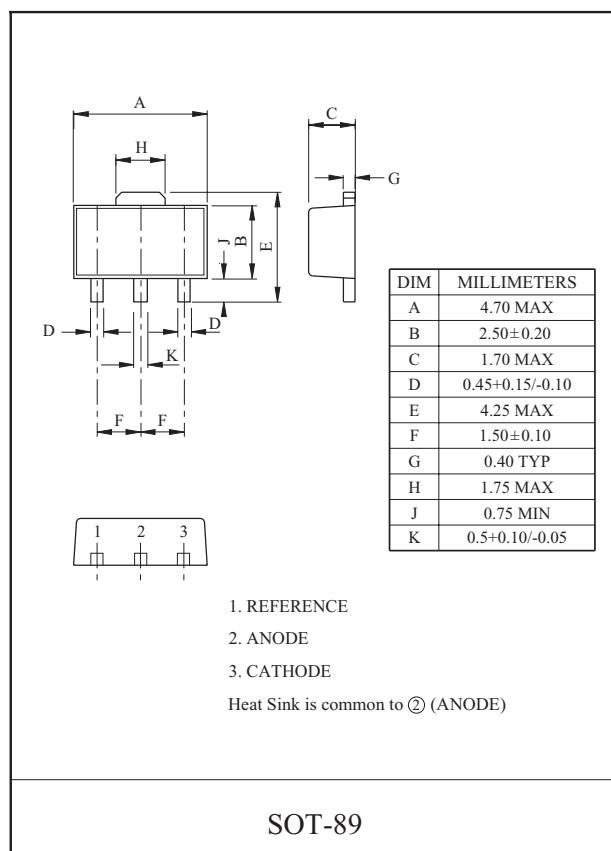
TL431 Series



TL431 Series



TO-92



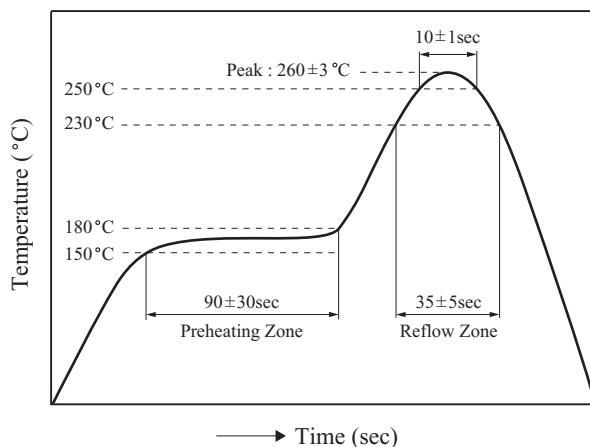
SOT-89

TL431 Series

PRECAUTION FOR USE

Lead-Free Soldering Condition.

Elements mounting styles of electronic devices are gaining in further diversification over recent years, and needs for components are all the more expanding in varieties. Especially, surface mounting is steadily penetrating into industrial segments as a world-wide popular technical trend. Although exposure to high temperature is inevitable during soldering we recommend limiting the soldering temperature to low levels as shown in figure for the sake of retaining inherent excellent reliability.



[Lead-Free Soldering Temperature Profile]

1. When employing solder reflow method

1) Soldering Condition

- (a) Standard Condition : 250 °C (Temperature), 10 ±1sec. (Time)
- (b) Peak Condition : 260 ±3 °C

2) Recommend temperature profile

3) Precautions on heating method

When resin is kept exposed to high temperature for a long time, device reliability may be marred.

Therefore, it is essential to complete soldering in the shortest time possible to prevent temperature of resin from rising.

2. When employing halogen lamps or infrared-ray heaters

When halogen lamps or infrared-ray heaters are used, avoid direct irradiation onto resin surfaces; such devices cause extensive localized temperature rise.

* Please keep a reflow solder operating when Surface Mount Package s Soldering.