

FDMS3622S

PowerTrench® Power Stage

25V Asymmetric Dual N-Channel MOSFET

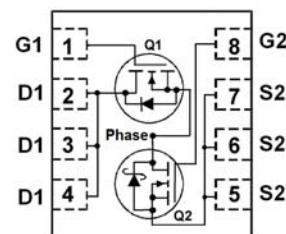
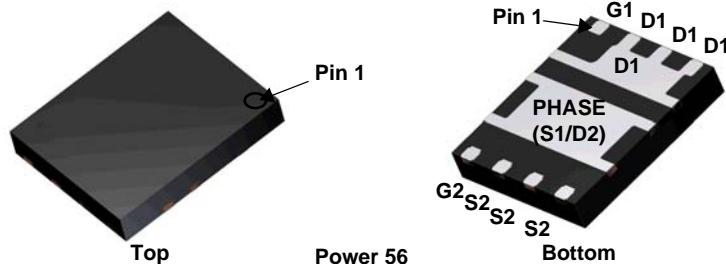
Features

Q1: N-Channel

- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 5.0 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 17.5 \text{ A}$
- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 5.7 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 16 \text{ A}$

Q2: N-Channel

- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 1.4 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 34 \text{ A}$
- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 1.6 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 32 \text{ A}$
- Low inductance packaging shortens rise/fall times, resulting in lower switching losses
- MOSFET integration enables optimum layout for lower circuit inductance and reduced switch node ringing
- RoHS Compliant



MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Q1	Q2	Units
V_{DS}	Drain to Source Voltage	25	25	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	(Note 4)	± 12	± 12
I_D	Drain Current -Continuous (Package limited)	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	30	70
	-Continuous	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	17.5^{1a}	34^{1b}
	-Pulsed		70	140
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	(Note 3)	29	145
P_D	Power Dissipation for Single Operation	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.2^{1a}	2.5^{1b}
	Power Dissipation for Single Operation	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.0^{1c}	1.0^{1d}
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150		°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	57^{1a}	50^{1b}	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	125^{1c}	120^{1d}	
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	3.0	1.9	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
08OD	FDMS3622S	Power 56	13 "	12 mm	3000 units
09OD					

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Typ	Max	Units
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Off Characteristics

BV_{DSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	Q1 Q2	25 25			V
$\frac{\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}, \text{referenced to } 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}, \text{referenced to } 25^\circ\text{C}$	Q1 Q2		12 24		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$	Q1 Q2			1 500	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = 12 \text{ V}/-8 \text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$	Q1 Q2			± 100 ± 100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$	Q1 Q2	0.8 1.1	1.2 1.4	2.0 2.2	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(\text{th})}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}, \text{referenced to } 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}, \text{referenced to } 25^\circ\text{C}$	Q1 Q2		-4 -4		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$r_{DS(\text{on})}$	Drain to Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 17.5 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 16 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 17.5 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	Q1		3.8 4.4 5.4	5.0 5.7 7.0	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 34 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 32 \text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 34 \text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$	Q2		1.1 1.3 1.5	1.4 1.6 2.0	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_D = 17.5 \text{ A}$ $V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_D = 34 \text{ A}$	Q1 Q2		100 272		s

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	Q1: $V_{DS} = 13 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHZ}$	Q1 Q2		1570 5565		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	Q2: $V_{DS} = 13 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHZ}$	Q1 Q2		448 1405		pF
			Q1 Q2		61 182		pF
R_g	Gate Resistance		Q1 Q2		0.4 0.8		Ω

Switching Characteristics

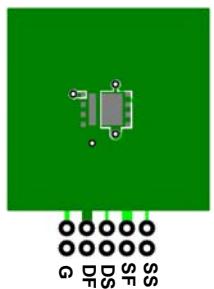
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	Q1: $V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}, I_D = 17.5 \text{ A}, R_{\text{GEN}} = 6 \Omega$	Q1 Q2		7 14		ns
t_r	Rise Time		Q1 Q2		2 7		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	Q2: $V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}, I_D = 34 \text{ A}, R_{\text{GEN}} = 6 \Omega$	Q1 Q2		23 48		ns
			Q1 Q2		2 6		ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 10 \text{ V}$	Q1		26 86		nC
	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 4.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}, I_D = 17.5 \text{ A}$	Q1 Q2	12 40		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge		Q2		3.3 12		nC
	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge		$V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}, I_D = 34 \text{ A}$	Q1 Q2	2.7 10		nC

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

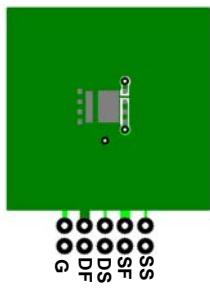
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Drain-Source Diode Characteristics							
V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = 17.5 \text{ A}$ (Note 2) $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = 34 \text{ A}$ (Note 2)	Q1 Q2		0.8 0.8	1.2 1.2	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	Q1 $I_F = 17.5 \text{ A}, dI/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	Q1 Q2		23 35		ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	Q2 $I_F = 34 \text{ A}, dI/dt = 300 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	Q1 Q2		9 43		nC

Notes:

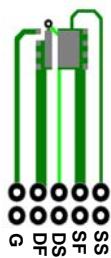
1. $R_{IJ,A}$ is determined with the device mounted on a 1 in² pad 2 oz copper pad on a 1.5 x 1.5 in. board of FR-4 material. $R_{IJ,C}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{IJ,A}$ is determined by the user's board design.



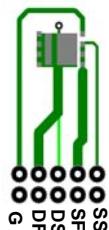
a. 57 °C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper



b. 50 °C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper



c. 125 °C/W when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper



d. 120 °C/W when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper

2 Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 μs, Duty cycle < 2.0%.

3. Q1 : E_{AS} of 29 mJ is based on starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; N-ch: L = 1.2 mH, $I_{AS} = 7 \text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 23 \text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$. 100% test at L = 0.1 mH, $I_{AS} = 16 \text{ A}$.

Q2: E_{AS} of 145 mJ is based on starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$; N-ch: L = 0.9 mH, $I_{AS} = 18 \text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 23 \text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$. 100% test at L = 0.1 mH, $I_{AS} = 39 \text{ A}$.

4. As an N-ch device, the negative V_{GS} rating is for low duty cycle pulse occurrence only. No continuous rating is implied.

Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

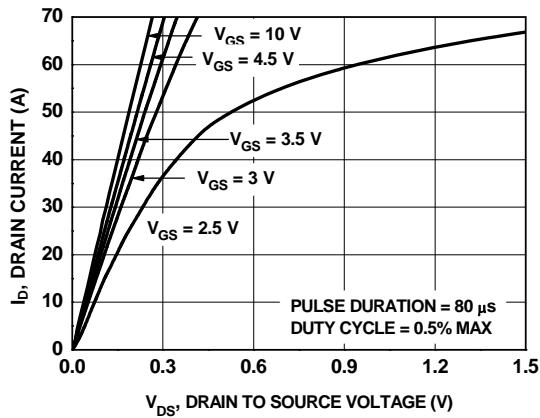


Figure 1. On Region Characteristics

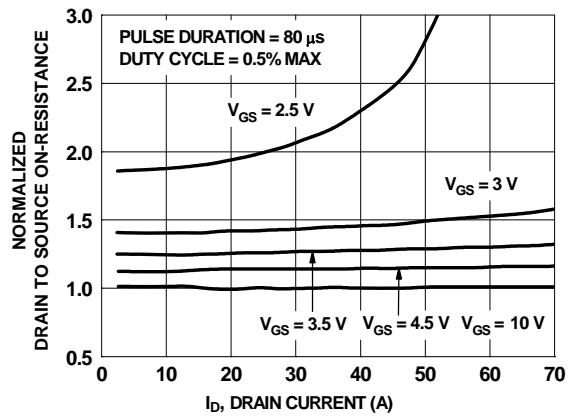


Figure 2. Normalized On-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

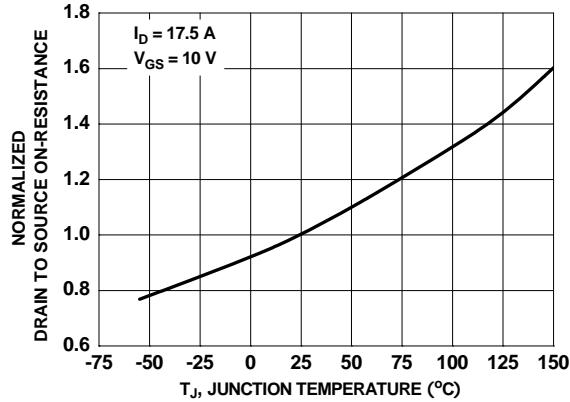


Figure 3. Normalized On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

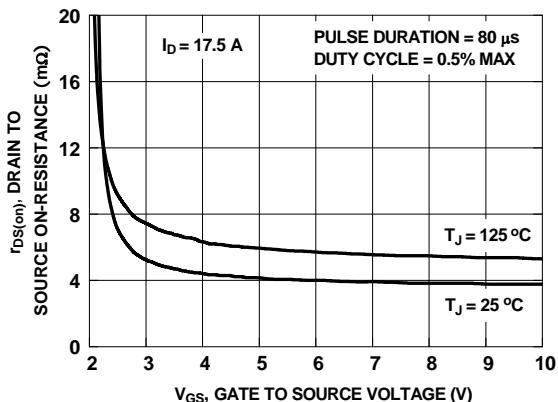


Figure 4. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

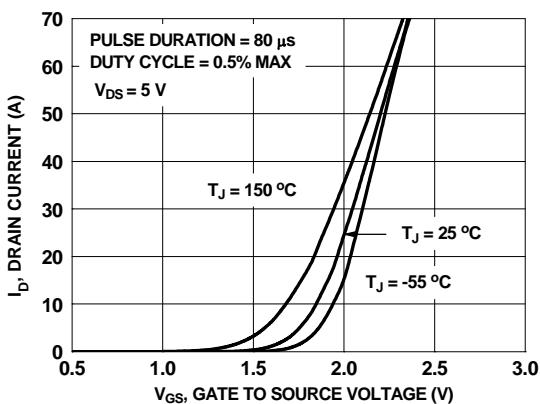


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

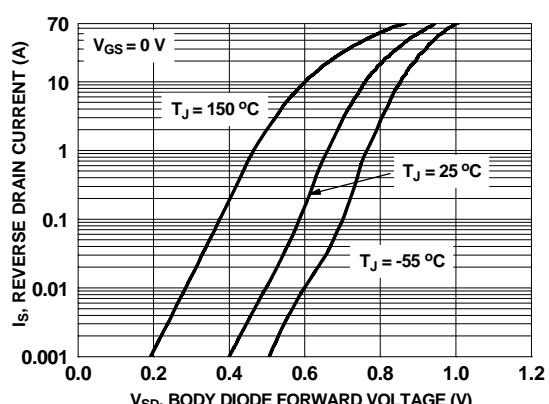


Figure 6. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel)

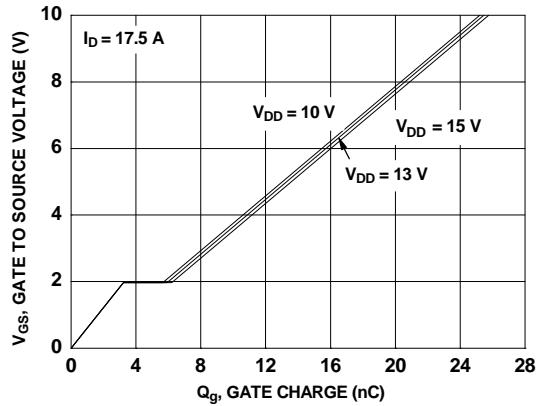


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

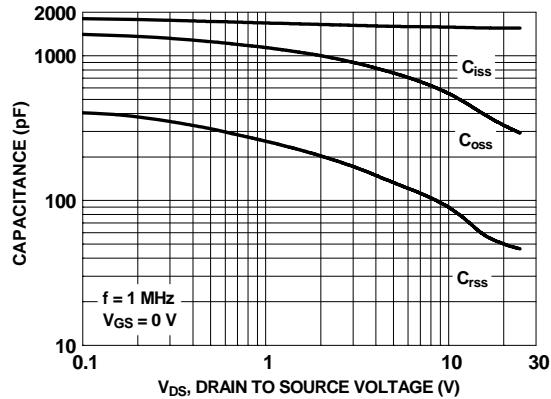


Figure 8. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

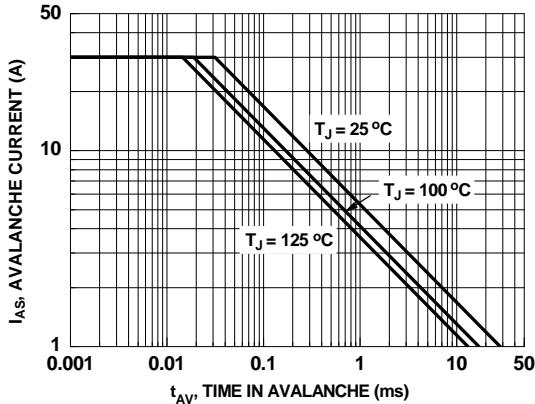


Figure 9. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

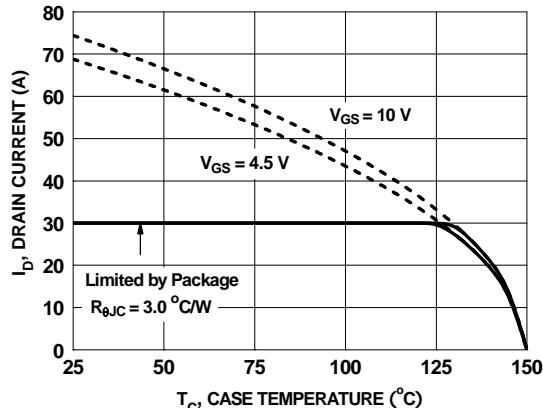


Figure 10. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

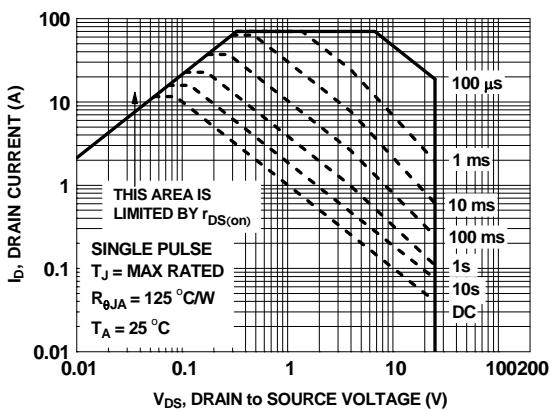


Figure 11. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

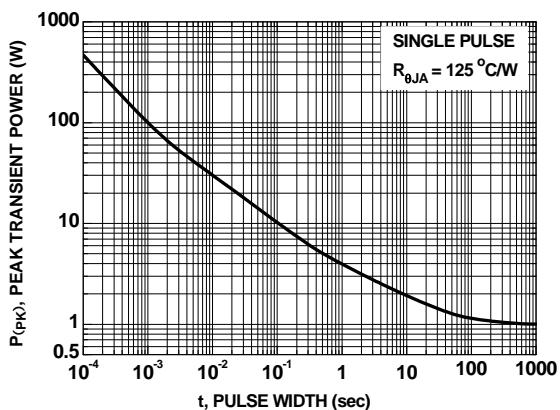


Figure 12. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

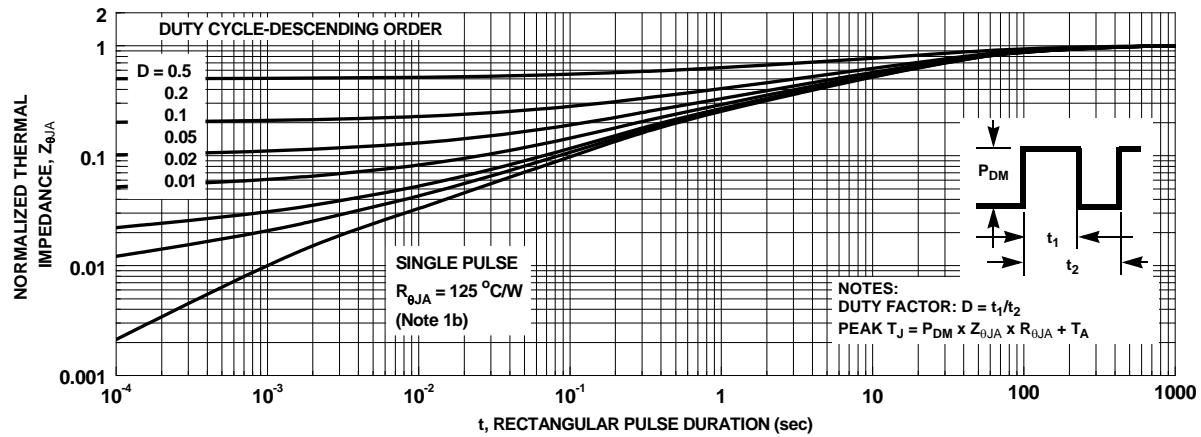
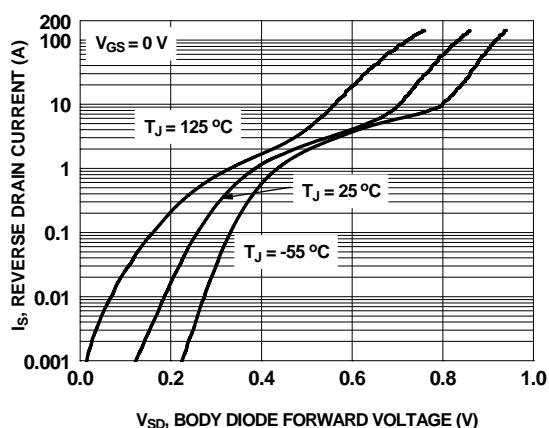
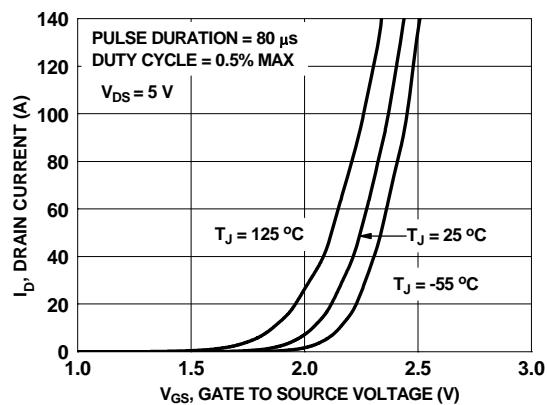
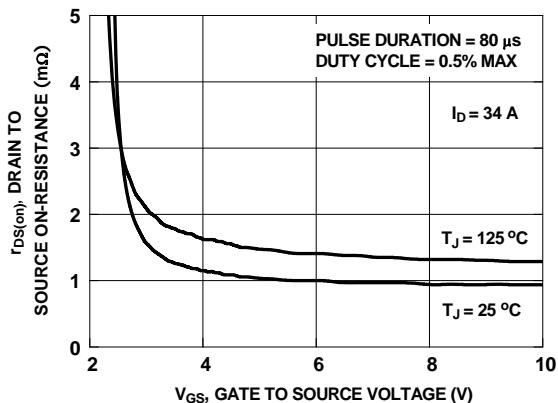
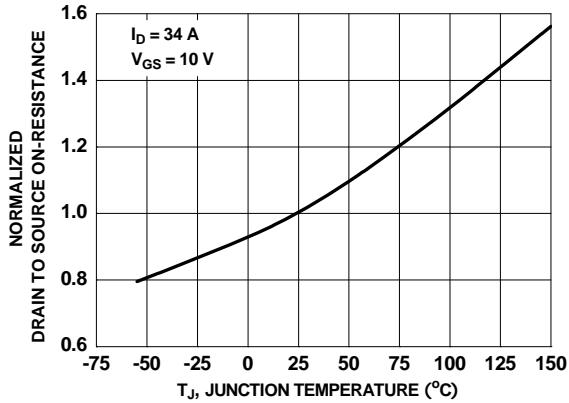
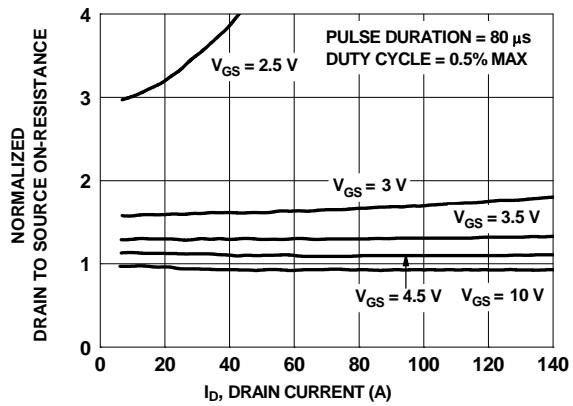
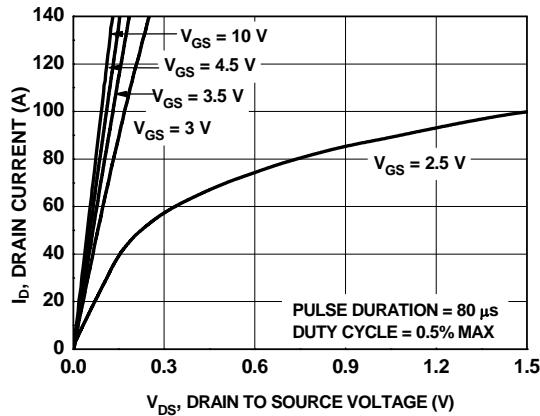
Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Figure 13. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted



Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

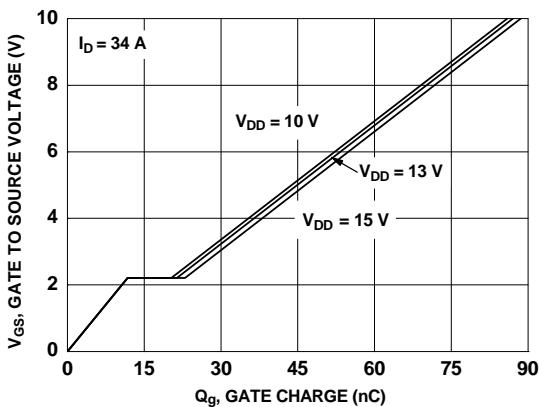


Figure 20. Gate Charge Characteristics

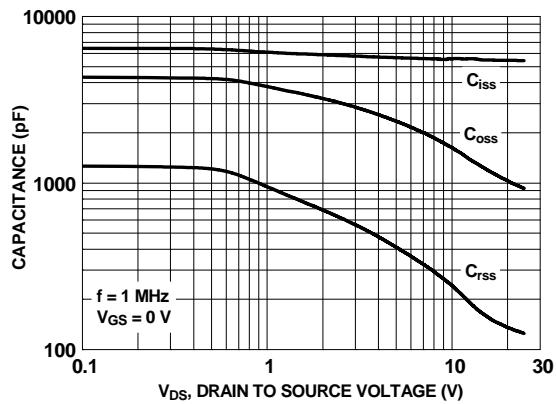


Figure 21. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

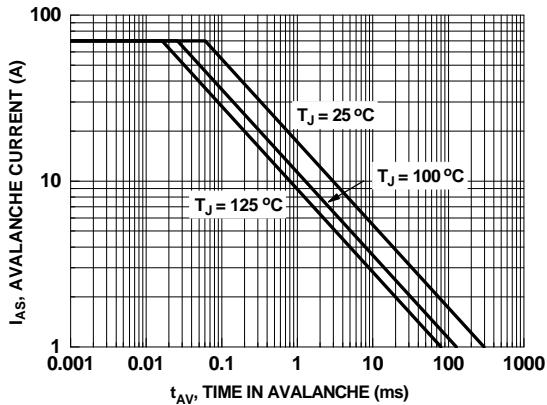


Figure 22. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

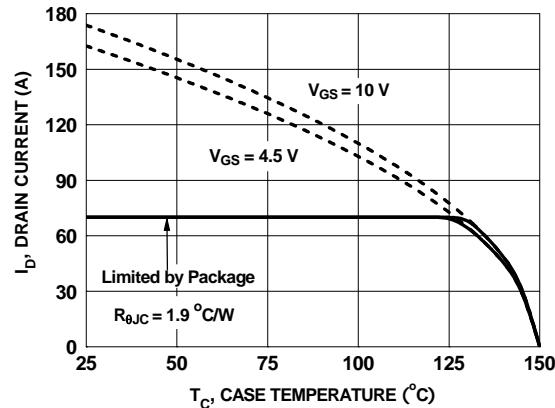


Figure 23. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

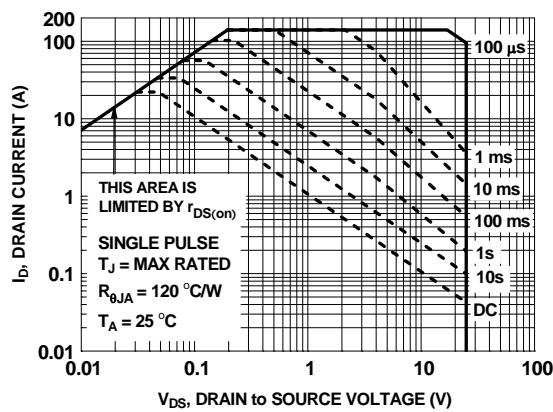


Figure 24. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

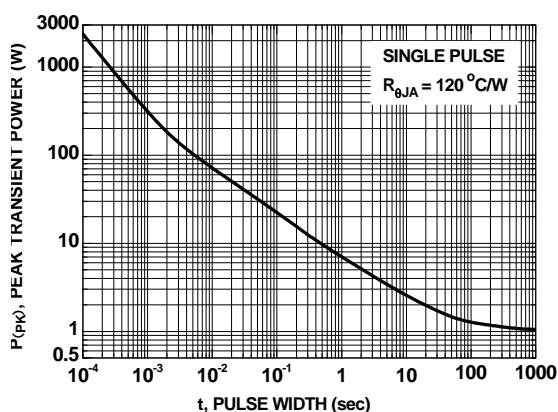


Figure 25. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

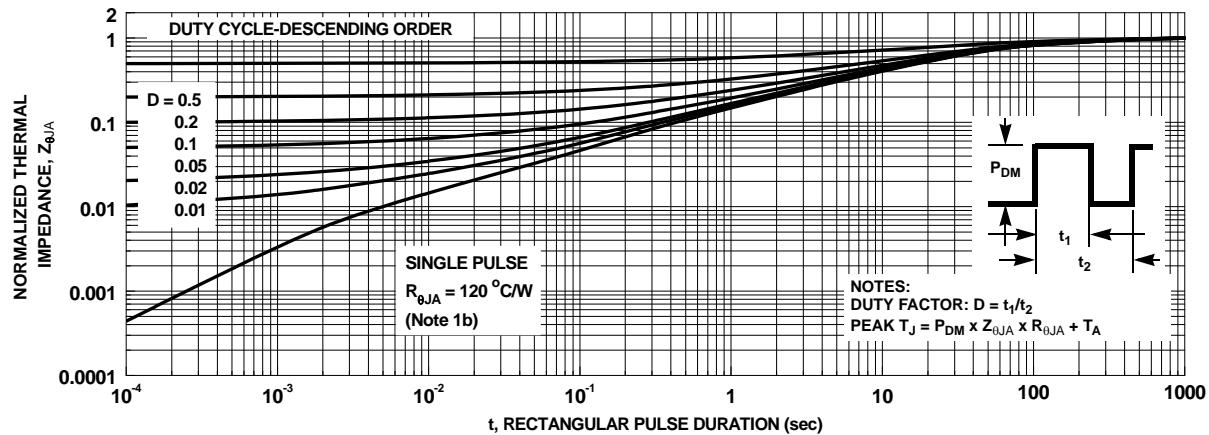
Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Figure 26. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (continued)

SyncFET Schottky body diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MOSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 27 shows the reverse recovery characteristic of the FDMS3622S.

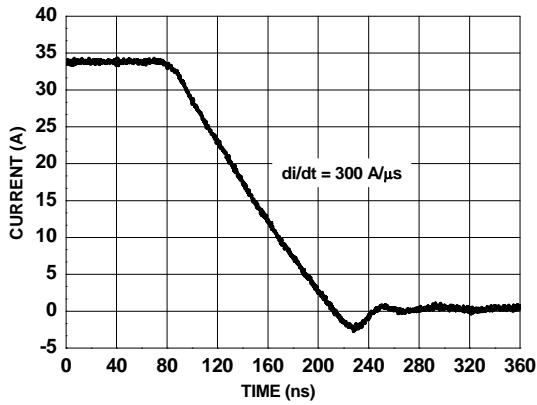


Figure 27. FDMS3622S SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

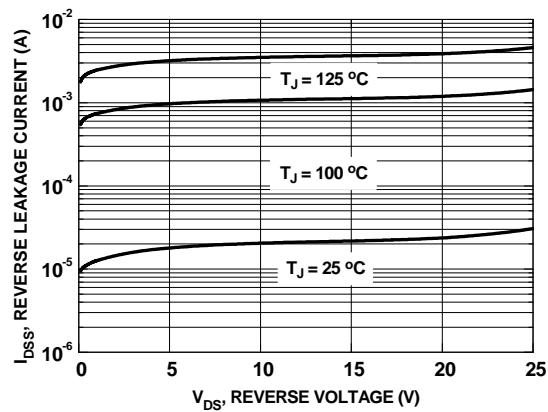
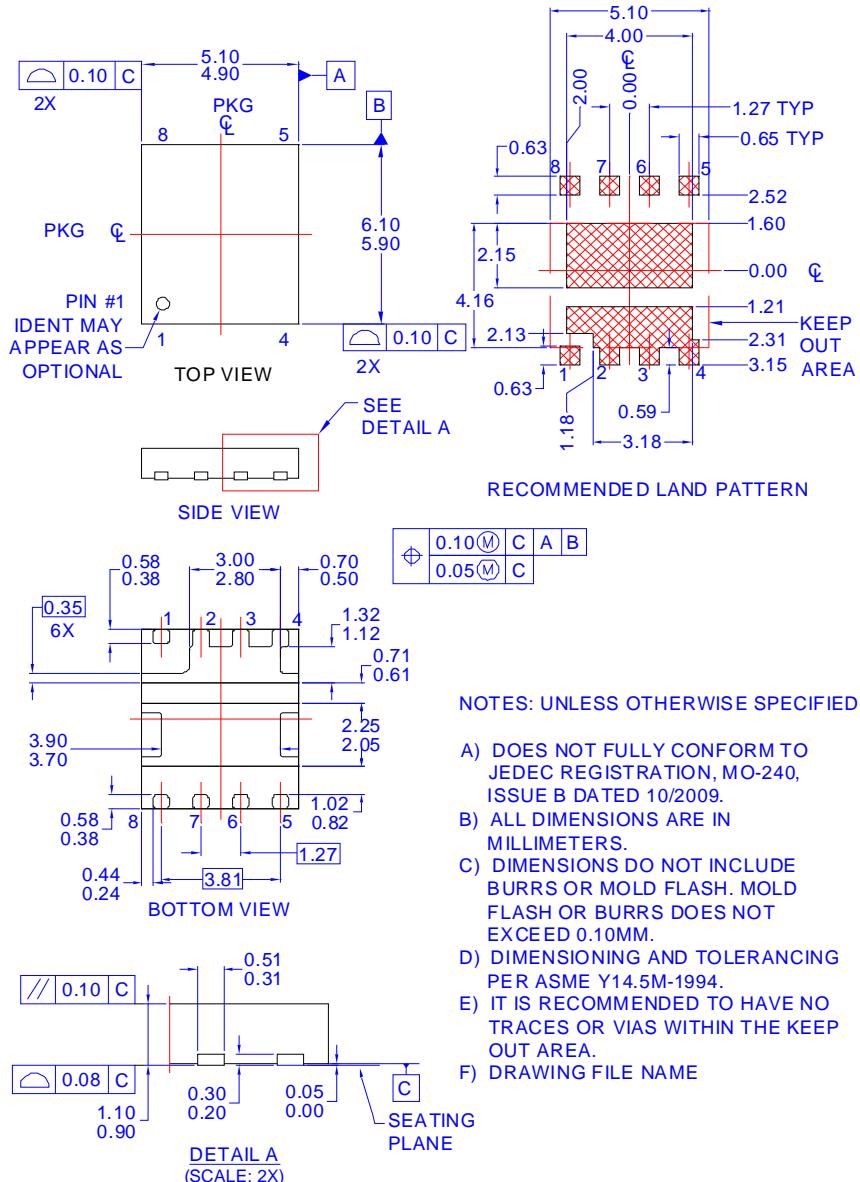


Figure 28. SyncFET body diode reverse leakage versus drain-source voltage

Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout





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Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.

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