

# NC7SZ125

## TinyLogic™ UHS Buffer with 3-STATE Output

### General Description

The NC7SZ125 is a single buffer with 3-STATE output from Fairchild's Ultra High Speed Series of TinyLogic™. The device is fabricated with advanced CMOS technology to achieve ultra high speed with high output drive while maintaining low static power dissipation over a very broad  $V_{CC}$  operating range. The device is specified to operate over the 1.8V to 5.5V range.

The inputs and output are high impedance above ground when  $V_{CC}$  is 0V. Inputs tolerate voltages up to 6V independent of  $V_{CC}$  operating voltage. The output tolerates voltages above  $V_{CC}$  when in the 3-STATE condition.

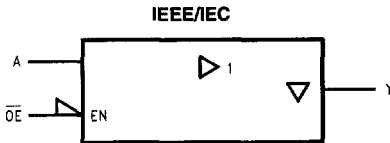
### Features

- Space saving SOT23 or SC70 5-lead package
- Ultra High Speed;  $t_{PD}$  2.6 ns Typ into 50 pF at 5V  $V_{CC}$
- High Output Drive;  $\pm 24$  mA at 3V  $V_{CC}$
- Broad  $V_{CC}$  Operating Range; 1.8V to 5.5V
- Matches the performance of LCX when operated at 3.3V  $V_{CC}$
- Power down high impedance inputs/output
- Overvoltage Tolerant inputs facilitate 5V to 3V translation
- Patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry implemented

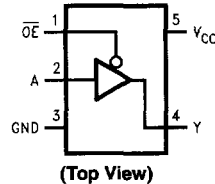
### Ordering Code:

Product Number	Package Drawing	Package Top Mark	Package Description	Supplied As
NC7SZ125M5	MA05B	7Z25	5-Lead SOT23, JEDEC MO-178, 1.6mm	250 Units on Tape and Reel
NC7SZ125M5X	MA05B	7Z25	5-Lead SOT23, JEDEC MO-178, 1.6mm	3k Units on Tape and Reel
NC7SZ125P5	MAA05A	Z25	5-Lead SC70, EIAJ SC-88a, 1.25mm Wide	250 Units on Tape and Reel
NC7SZ125P5X	MAA05A	Z25	5-Lead SC70, EIAJ SC-88a, 1.25mm Wide	3k Units on Tape and Reel

### Logic Symbol



### Connection Diagram



### Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
A, $\overline{OE}$	Inputs
Y	Output

### Function Table

Inputs		Output
$\overline{OE}$	In A	Out Y
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

H = HIGH Logic Level  
L = LOW Logic Level  
X = HIGH or LOW Logic Level  
Z = HIGH Impedance State

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	-0.5V to +6V
DC Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	-0.5V to +6V
DC Output Voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ )	-0.5V to +6V
DC Input Diode Current ( $I_{IK}$ )	
@ $V_{IN} < -0.5V$	-50 mA
@ $V_{IN} > 6V$	+20 mA
DC Output Diode Current ( $I_{OK}$ )	
@ $V_{OUT} < -0.5V$	-50 mA
@ $V_{OUT} > 6V, V_{CC} = GND$	+20 mA
DC Output Current ( $I_{OUT}$ )	$\pm 50$ mA
DC $V_{CC}/GND$ Current ( $I_{CC}/I_{GND}$ )	$\pm 50$ mA
Storage Temperature ( $T_{STG}$ )	-65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature under Bias ( $T_J$ )	150°C
Junction Lead Temperature ( $T_L$ ); (Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C
Power Dissipation ( $P_D$ ) @ +85°C	
SOT23-5	200 mW
SC70-5	150 mW

### Recommended Operating Conditions

Supply Voltage Operating ( $V_{CC}$ )	1.8V to 5.5V
Supply Voltage Data Retention ( $V_{CC}$ )	1.5V to 5.5V
Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	0V to 5.5V
Output Voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ )	
Active State	0V to $V_{CC}$
3-STATE	0V to 5.5V
Operating Temperature ( $T_A$ )	-40°C to +85°C
Input Rise and Fall Time ( $t_r, t_f$ )	
$V_{CC} = 1.8V, 2.5V \pm 0.2V$	0 ns/V to 20 ns/V
$V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$	0 ns/V to 10 ns/V
$V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 0.5V$	0 ns/V to 5 ns/V
Thermal Resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$ )	
SOT23-5	300°C/W
SC70-5	425°C/W

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are DC values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. The datasheet specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. Fairchild does not recommend operation outside datasheet specifications.

### DC Electrical Characteristics

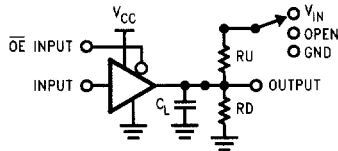
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}$ (V)	$T_A = +25^\circ C$			$T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$		Units	Conditions	
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max			
$V_{IH}$	HIGH Level Input Voltage	1.8 2.3-5.5	0.75 $V_{CC}$ 0.7 $V_{CC}$			0.75 $V_{CC}$ 0.7 $V_{CC}$		V		
$V_{IL}$	LOW Level Input Voltage	1.8 2.3-5.5	0.25 $V_{CC}$ 0.3 $V_{CC}$			0.25 $V_{CC}$ 0.3 $V_{CC}$		V		
$V_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Voltage	1.8	1.7	1.8		1.7		V	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$
		2.3	2.2	2.3		2.2				
		3.0	2.9	3.0		2.9				
		4.5	4.4	4.5		4.4				
		2.3	1.9	2.15		1.9		V		$I_{OH} = -8$ mA $I_{OH} = -16$ mA $I_{OH} = -24$ mA $I_{OH} = -32$ mA
		3.0	2.4	2.80		2.4				
3.0	2.3	2.68		2.3						
4.5	3.8	4.20		3.8						
$V_{OL}$	LOW Level Output Voltage	1.8		0.0	0.1		0.1	V	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$
		2.3		0.0	0.1		0.1			
		3.0		0.0	0.1		0.1			
		4.5		0.0	0.1		0.1			
		2.3		0.10	0.3		0.3	V		$I_{OL} = 8$ mA $I_{OL} = 16$ mA $I_{OL} = 24$ mA $I_{OL} = 32$ mA
		3.0		0.15	0.4		0.4			
3.0		0.22	0.55		0.55					
4.5		0.22	0.55		0.55					
$I_{IN}$	Input Leakage Current	0-5.5			$\pm 1$		$\pm 10$	$\mu A$	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5V$	
$I_{OZ}$	3-STATE Output Leakage	1.8-5.5			$\pm 1$		$\pm 10$	$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $0 \leq V_{OZ} \leq 5.5V$	
$I_{OFF}$	Power Off Leakage Current	0.0			1		10	$\mu A$	$V_{IN}$ or $V_{OUT} = 5.5V$	
$I_{CC}$	Quiescent Supply Current	1.8-5.5			2.0		20	$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = 5.5V, GND$	

## AC Electrical Characteristics

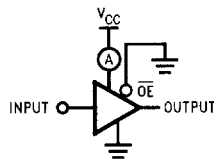
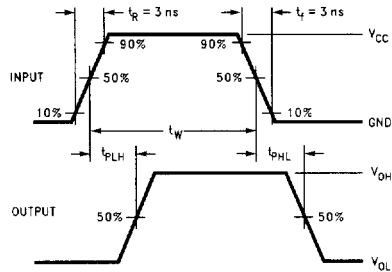
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C		Units	Conditions	Fig. No.
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay	1.8	2	5.3	11.0	2	11.5	ns	C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF, R <sub>D</sub> = 1 MΩ, S <sub>1</sub> = OPEN	Figure 1
t <sub>PHL</sub>		2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	3.4	7.5	0.8	8.0			Figure 3
		3.3 ± 0.3	0.5	2.5	5.2	0.5	5.5			
		5.0 ± 0.5	0.5	2.1	4.5	0.5	4.8			
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation Delay	3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	3.2	5.7	1.5	6.0	ns	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>D</sub> = 500Ω, S <sub>1</sub> = OPEN	Figure 1
t <sub>PHL</sub>		5.0 ± 0.5	0.8	2.6	5.0	0.8	5.3			Figure 3
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time	1.8	2	7.0	12.5	2	13	ns	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>D</sub> = 500Ω R <sub>U</sub> = 500Ω S <sub>1</sub> = GND for t <sub>PZH</sub> S <sub>1</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> for t <sub>PZL</sub> V <sub>IN</sub> = 2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	Figure 1
t <sub>PZH</sub>		2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	4.6	8.5	1.5	9			Figure 3
		3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	3.5	6.2	1.5	6.5			
		5.0 ± 0.5	0.8	2.8	5.5	0.8	5.8			
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time	1.8	2	5.4	11	2	12	ns	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, R <sub>D</sub> = 500Ω R <sub>U</sub> = 500Ω S <sub>1</sub> = GND for t <sub>PHZ</sub> S <sub>1</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> for t <sub>PLZ</sub> V <sub>IN</sub> = 2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	Figure 1
t <sub>PHZ</sub>		2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	3.5	8	1.5	8.5			Figure 3
		3.3 ± 0.3	1.0	2.8	5.7	1.0	6			
		5.0 ± 0.5	0.5	2.1	4.7	0.5	5.0			
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	0	4					pF		
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	0	8							
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation	3.3	17					pF	(Note 2)	Figure 2
	Capacitance	5.0	24							

**Note 2:** C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is derived from dynamic operating current consumption (I<sub>CCD</sub>) at no output loading and operating at 50% duty cycle. (See Figure 2.) C<sub>PD</sub> is related to I<sub>CCD</sub> dynamic operating current by the expression:  
 $I_{CCD} = (C_{PD})(V_{CC})(f_{IN}) + (I_{CC} \text{static})$ .

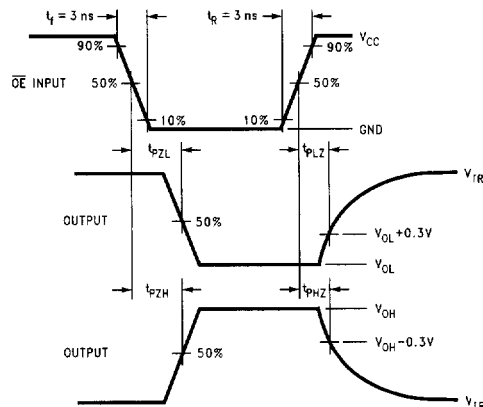
## AC Loading and Waveforms



C<sub>L</sub> includes load and stray capacitance  
 Input PRR = 1.0 MHz; t<sub>W</sub> = 500 ns  
**FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit**



Input = AC Waveform; t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 1.8 ns;  
 PRR = 10 MHz; Duty Cycle = 50%  
**FIGURE 2. I<sub>CCD</sub> Test Circuit**



**FIGURE 3. AC Waveforms**