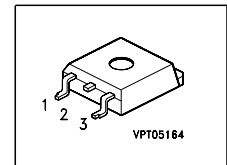


Cool MOS™ Power Transistor
Feature

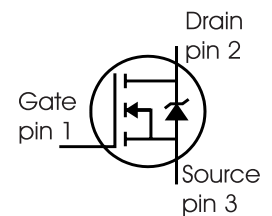
- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- Ultra low effective capacitances
- Improved transconductance
- Qualified according to JEDEC⁰⁾ for target applications

$V_{DS} @ T_{jmax}$	560	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	0.19	Ω
I_D	21	A

PG-TO263



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPB21N50C3	PG-TO263	Q67040-S4566	21N50C3


Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		SPB		
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25\text{ °C}$ $T_C = 100\text{ °C}$	I_D	21 13.1		A
Pulsed drain current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	$I_D \text{ puls}$	63		A
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=10A, V_{DD}=50V$	E_{AS}	690		mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax} ²⁾ $I_D=21A, V_{DD}=50V$	E_{AR}	1		
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax}	I_{AR}	21		A
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	± 20		V
Gate source voltage AC ($f > 1\text{Hz}$)	V_{GS}	± 30		
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25\text{ °C}$	P_{tot}	208		W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150		°C
Reverse diode dv/dt ⁷⁾	dv/dt	15		V/ns

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope $V_{DS} = 400\text{ V}$, $I_D = 21\text{ A}$, $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$	dv/dt	50	V/ns

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	0.6	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	$R_{thJC\text{ FP}}$	-	-	3.6	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	$R_{thJA\text{ FP}}$	-	-	80	
SMD version, device on PCB: @ min. footprint @ 6 cm ² cooling area ³⁾	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
		-	35	-	
Soldering temperature, reflow soldering, MSL1 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s ⁴⁾	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=0.25mA$	500	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=21A$	-	600	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D=1000\mu A$, $V_{GS}=V_D$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=500V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	0.1	1	μA
			-	-	100	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=13.1A$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	0.16	0.19	Ω
			-	0.54	-	
Gate input resistance	R_G	$f=1MHz$, open drain	-	0.53	-	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D = 13.1A$	-	18	-	S
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 25V$,	-	2400	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f = 1MHz$	-	1200	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	30	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁵⁾ energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 400V$	-	87	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁶⁾ time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	181	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 380V$, $V_{GS} = 0/10V$,	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	t_r	$I_D = 21A$,	-	5	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_G = 3.6\Omega$	-	67	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	4.5	-	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD} = 380V$, $I_D = 21A$	-	10	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	50	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g	$V_{DD} = 380V$, $I_D = 21A$, $V_{GS} = 0$ to $10V$	-	95	-	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 380V$, $I_D = 21A$	-	5	-	V

⁰J-STD20 and JESD22

¹Limited only by maximum temperature

²Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV} = E_{AR} \cdot f$.

³Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

⁴Soldering temperature for TO-263: 220°C, reflow

⁵ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⁶ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⁷ $I_{SD} \leq I_D$, $di/dt \leq 200A/\mu s$, $V_{DClink} = 400V$, $V_{peak} < V_{BR, DSS}$, $T_j < T_{j,max}$.

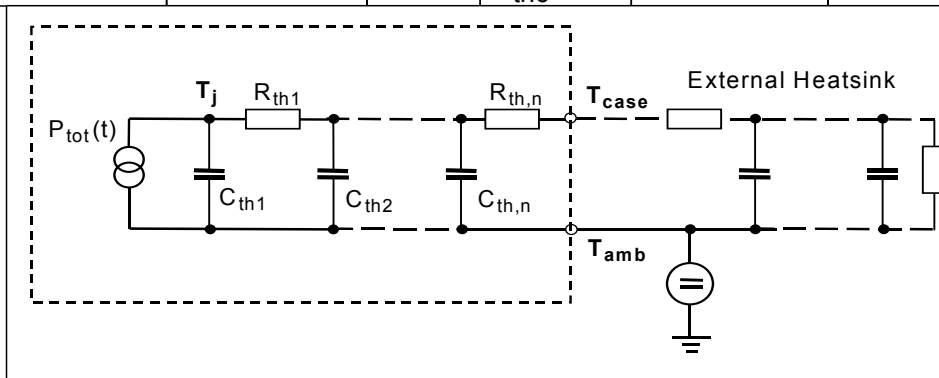
Identical low-side and high-side switch.

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	21	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	I_{SM}		-	-	63	
Inverse diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=380\text{V}, I_F=I_S,$	-	450	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$di_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	9	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	60	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	1200	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

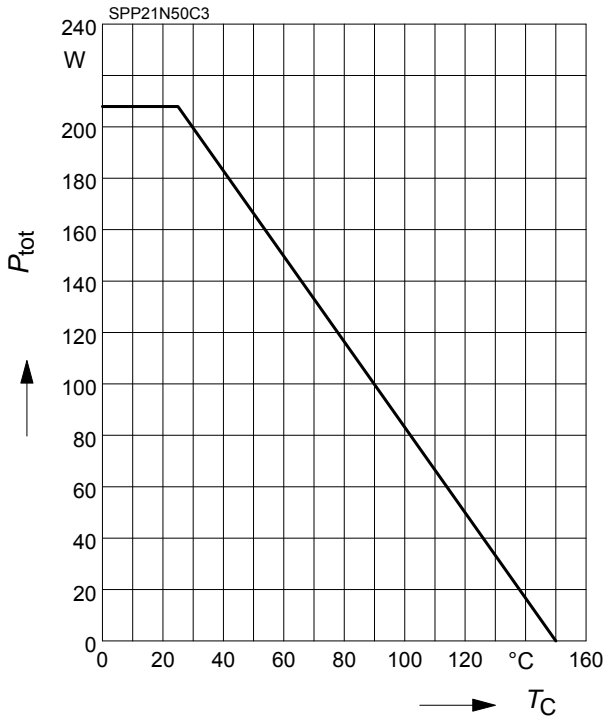
Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Value		Unit	Symbol	Value		Unit
	SPB				SPB		
R_{th1}	0.00769		K/W	C_{th1}	0.0003763		Ws/K
R_{th2}	0.015			C_{th2}	0.001411		
R_{th3}	0.029			C_{th3}	0.001931		
R_{th4}	0.114			C_{th4}	0.005297		
R_{th5}	0.136			C_{th5}	0.012		
R_{th6}	0.059			C_{th6}	0.091		



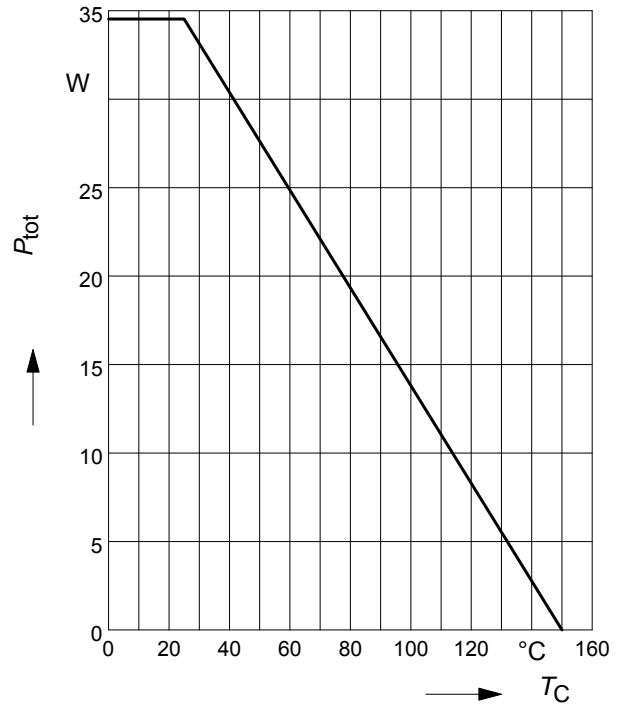
1 Power dissipation

$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$



2 Power dissipation FullPAK

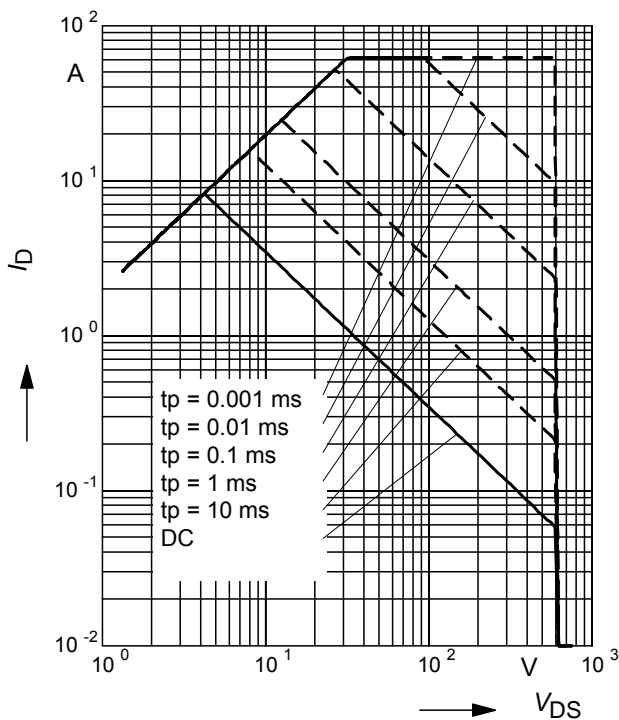
$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$



3 Safe operating area

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

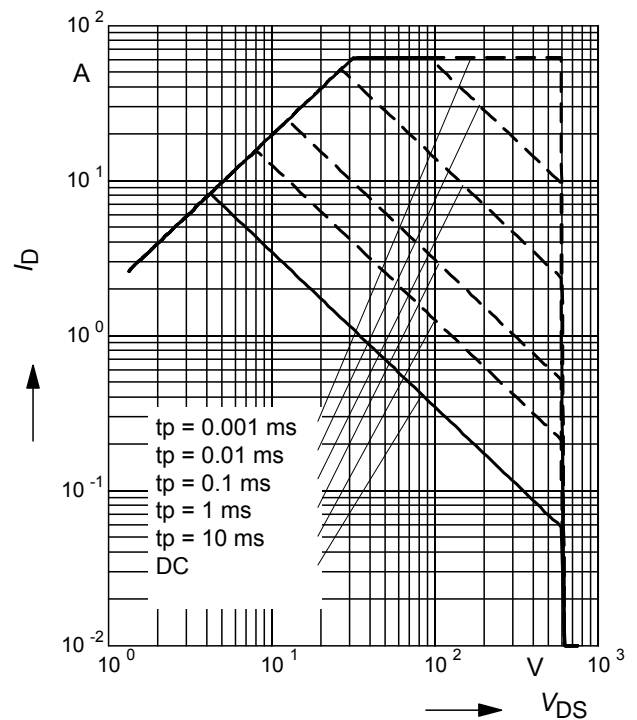
parameter : $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



4 Safe operating area FullPAK

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

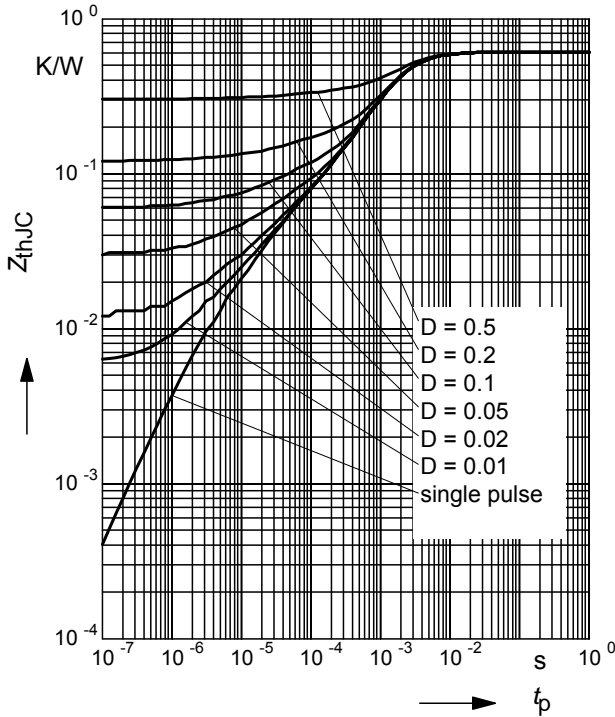
parameter: $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



5 Transient thermal impedance

$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$

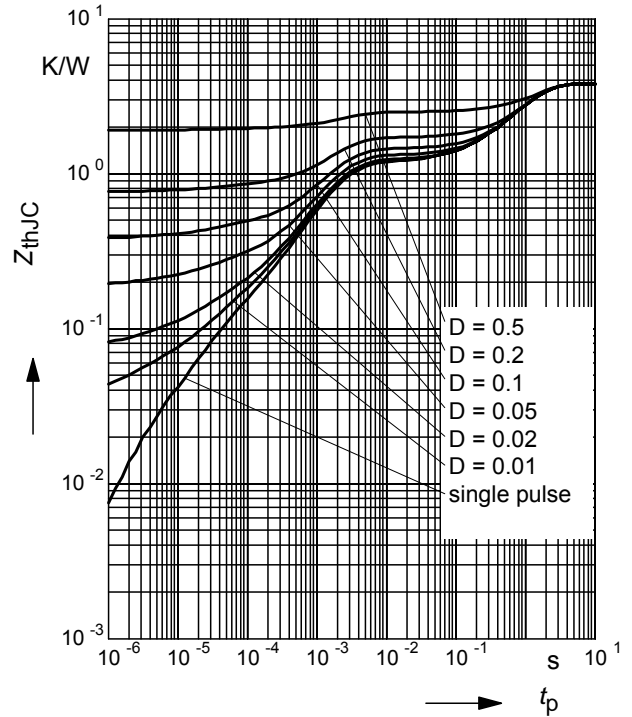
parameter: $D = t_p/T$



6 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$

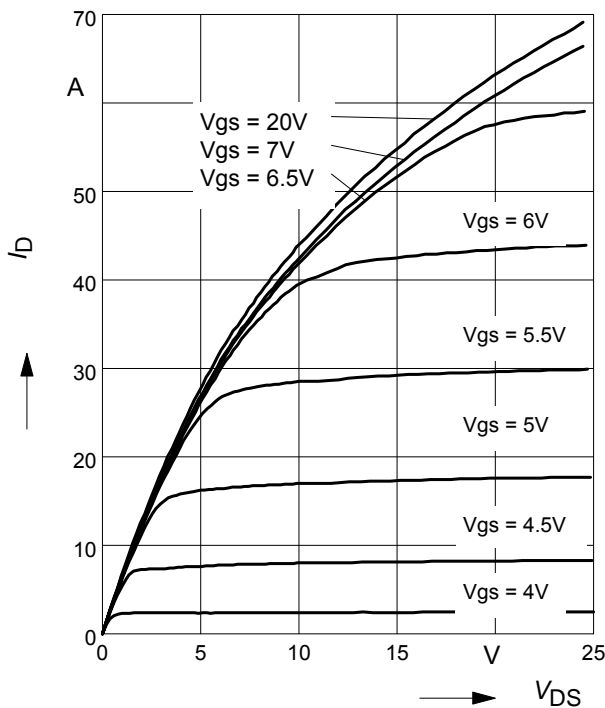
parameter: $D = t_p/t$



7 Typ. output characteristic

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ C$

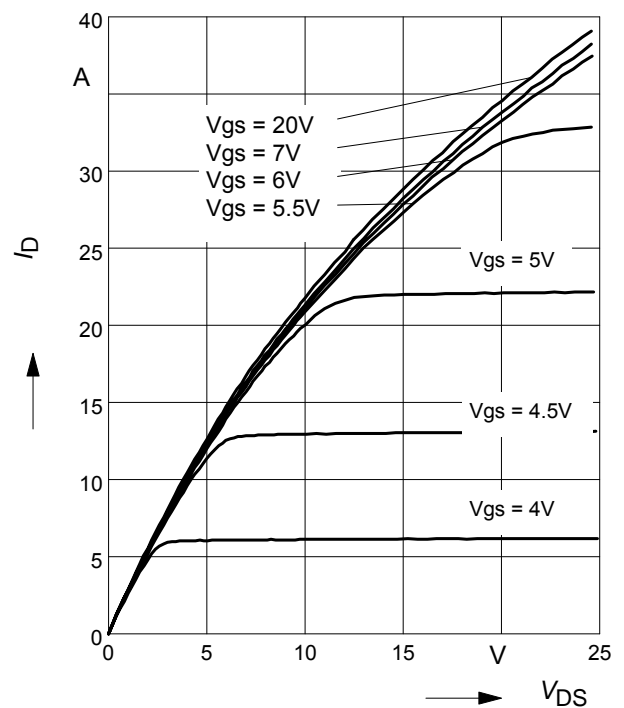
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu s, V_{GS}$



8 Typ. output characteristic

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ C$

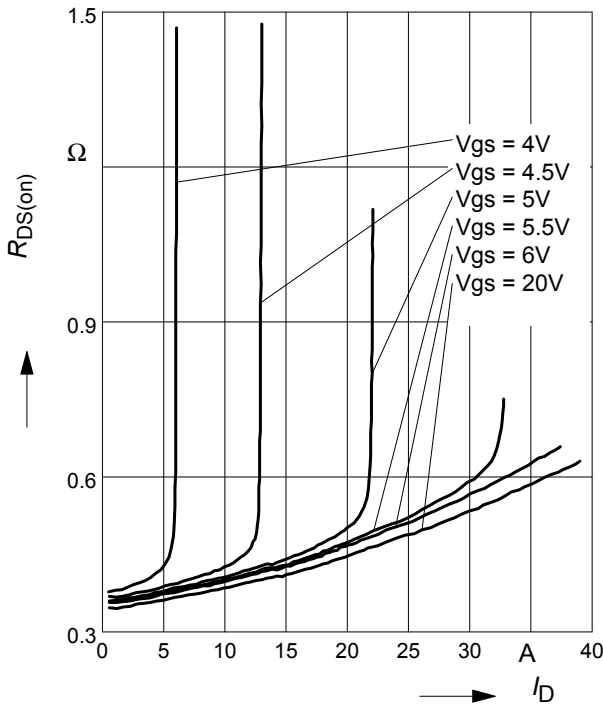
parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu s, V_{GS}$



9 Typ. drain-source on resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

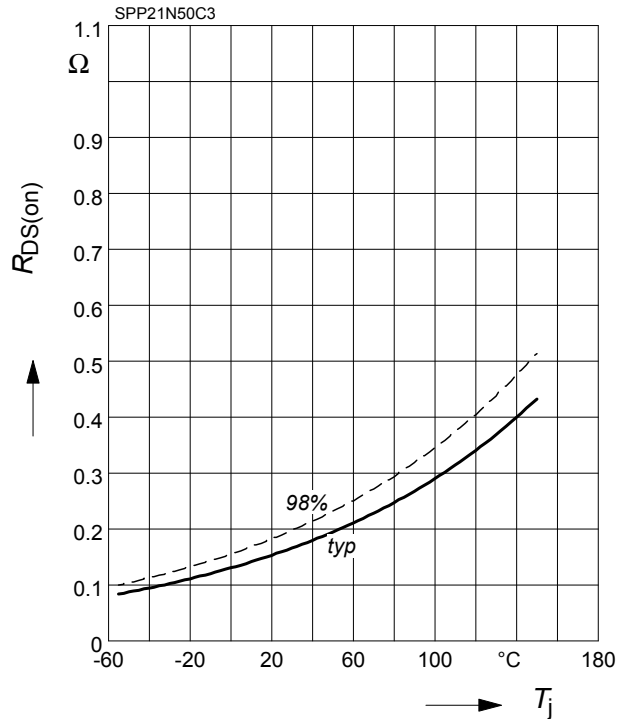
parameter: $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, V_{GS}



10 Drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

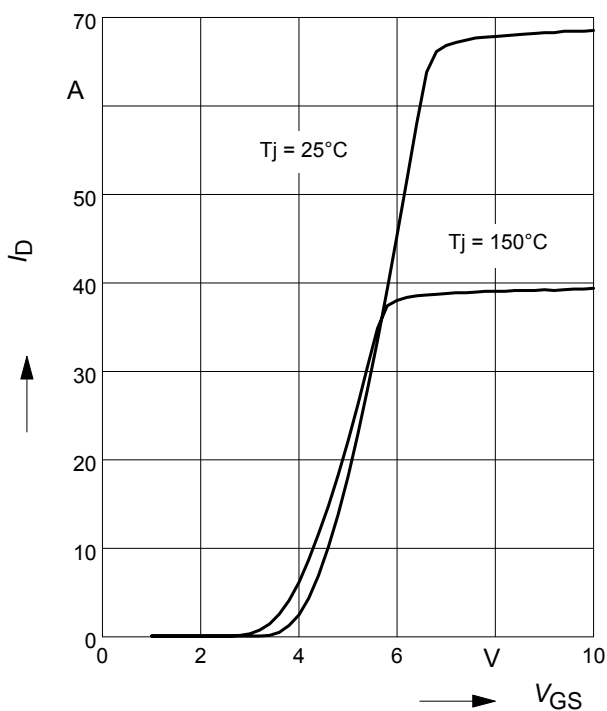
parameter: $I_D = 13.1\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



11 Typ. transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$$

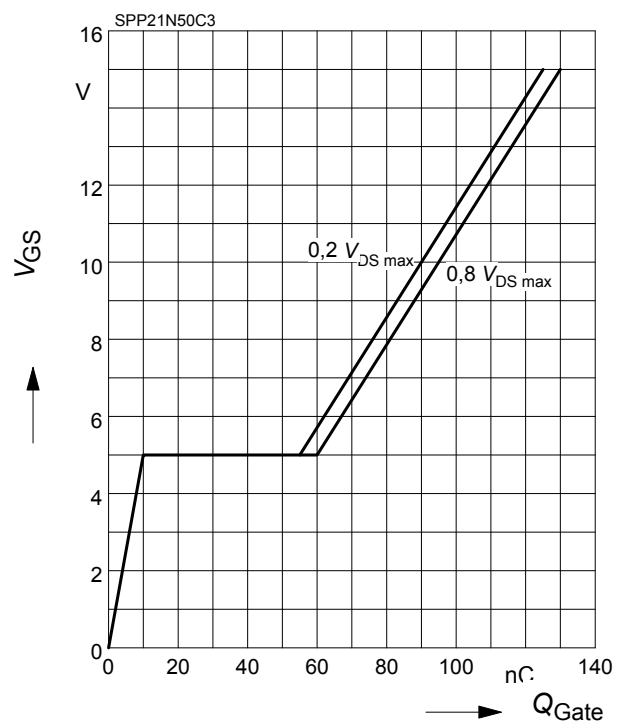
parameter: $t_p = 10\ \mu\text{s}$



12 Typ. gate charge

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

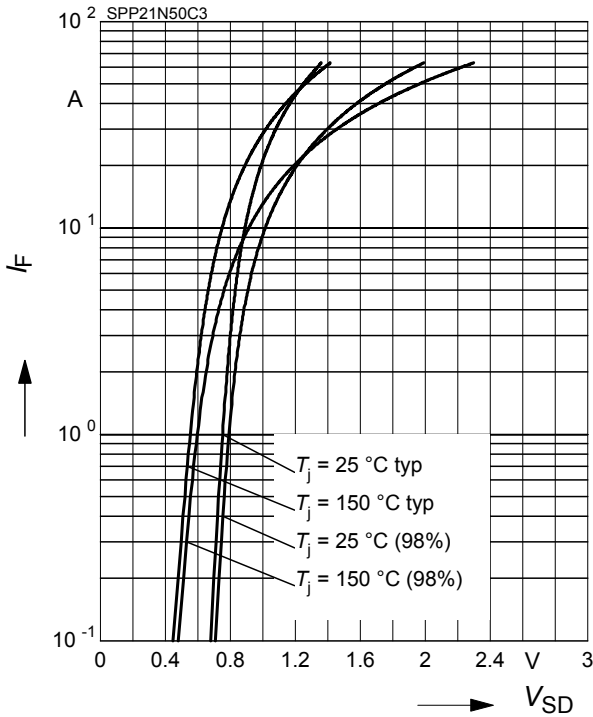
parameter: $I_D = 21\text{ A pulsed}$



13 Forward characteristics of body diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

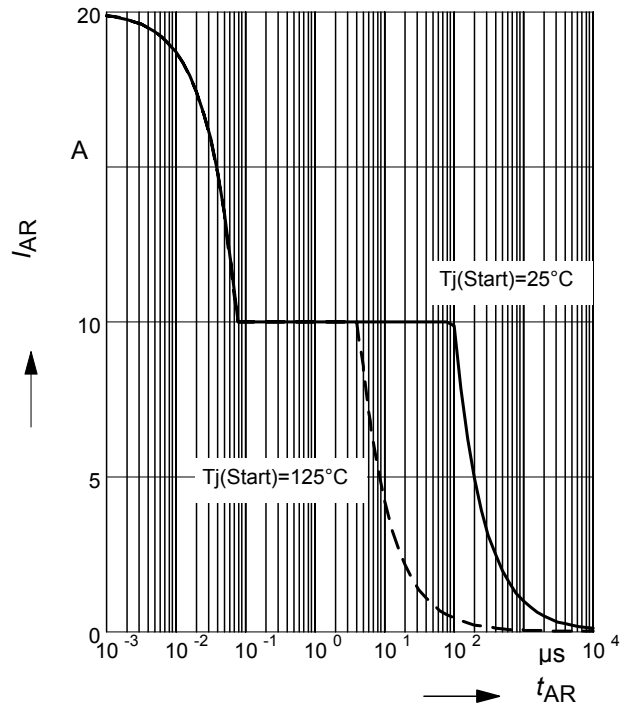
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 10 \mu s$



14 Avalanche SOA

$$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$$

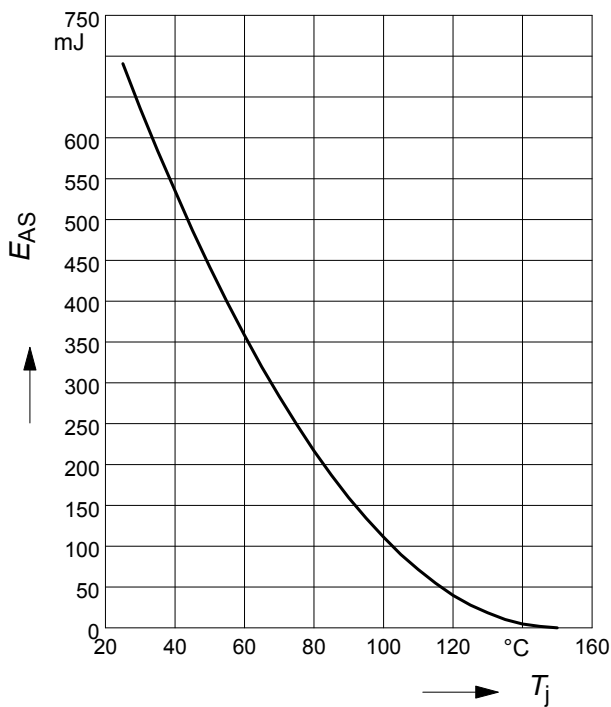
par.: $T_j \leq 150 \text{ °C}$



15 Avalanche energy

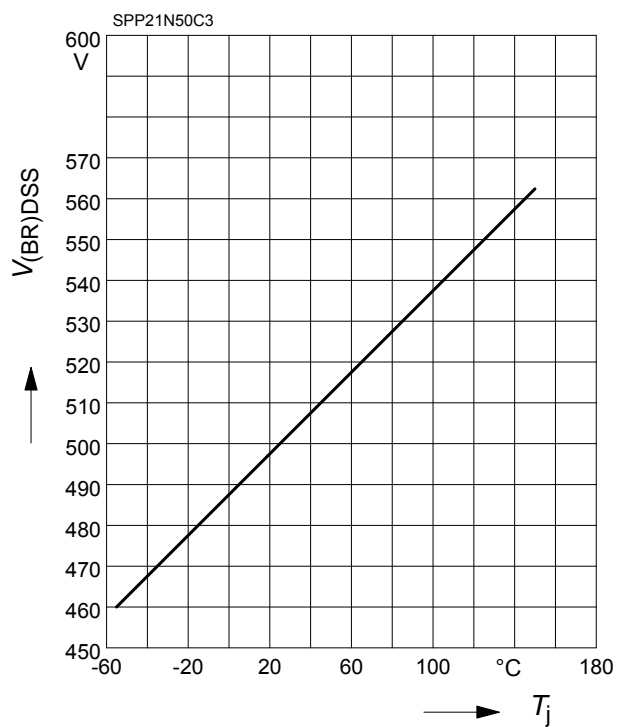
$$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$$

par.: $I_D = 10 \text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$



16 Drain-source breakdown voltage

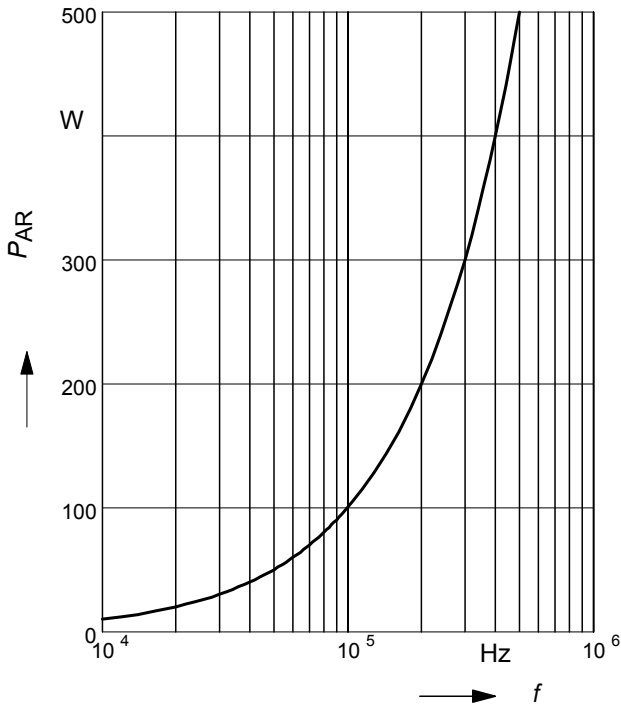
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



17 Avalanche power losses

$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

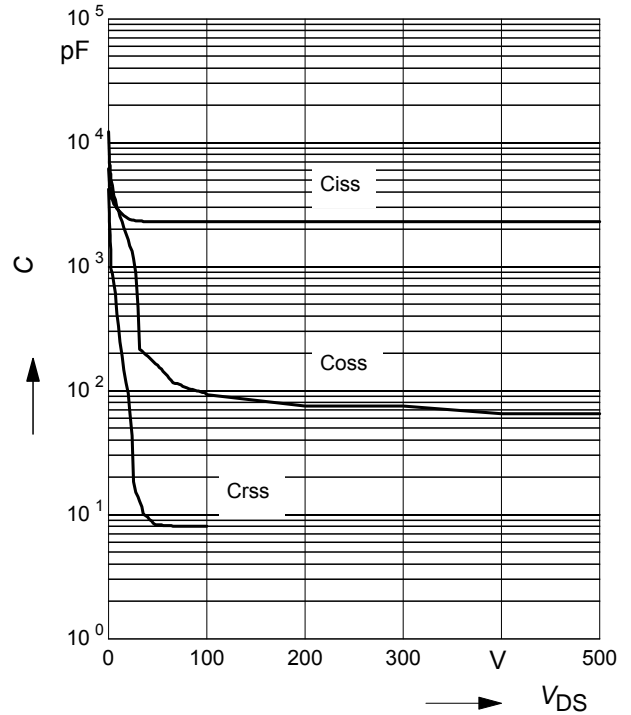
parameter: $E_{AR}=1\text{mJ}$



18 Typ. capacitances

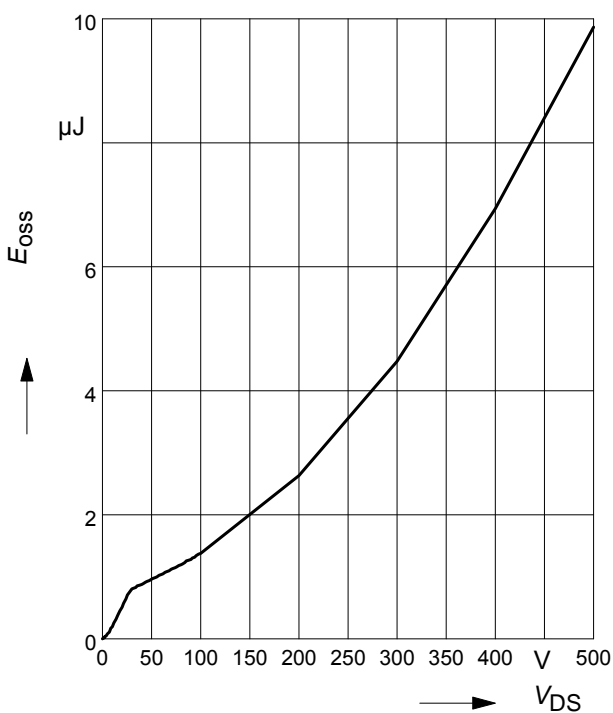
$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter: $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{ MHz}$



19 Typ. C_{OSS} stored energy

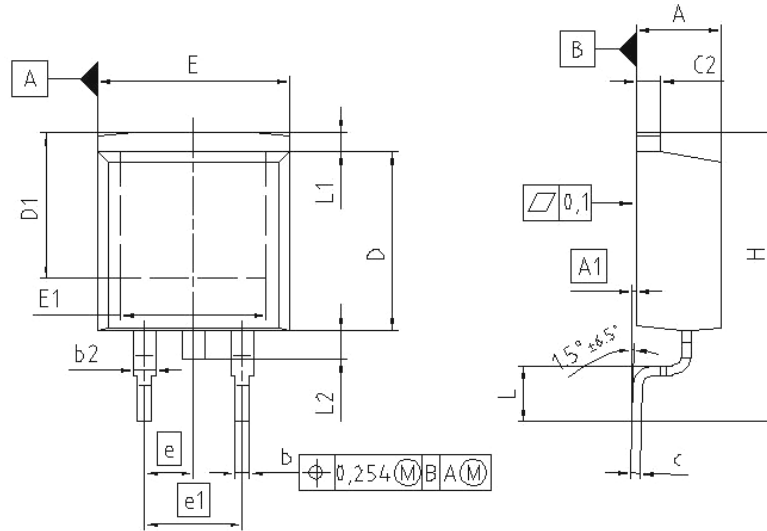
$$E_{OSS} = f(V_{DS})$$



Definition of diodes switching characteristics



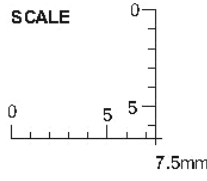
PG-TO263-3-2, PG-TO263-3-5, PG-TO263-3-22



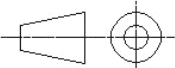
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.300	4.572	0.169	0.180
A1	0.000	0.254	0.000	0.010
b	0.650	0.850	0.026	0.033
b2	0.950	1.321	0.037	0.052
c	0.330	0.650	0.013	0.026
c2	0.170	1.400	0.046	0.055
D	8.509	9.450	0.335	0.372
D1	7.100	-	0.280	-
E	9.800	10.312	0.386	0.406
E1	6.500	-	0.256	-
e	2.540		0.100	
e1	5.080		0.200	
N	2		2	
H	14.605	15.875	0.575	0.625
L	2.200	3.000	0.087	0.118
L1	-	1.600	-	0.063
L2	1.000	1.778	0.039	0.070
F1	16.050	16.250	0.632	0.640
F2	9.300	9.500	0.366	0.374
F3	4.500	4.700	0.177	0.185
F4	10.700	10.900	0.421	0.429
F5	3.630	3.830	0.143	0.151
F6	1.100	1.300	0.043	0.051

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SCALE



EUROPEAN PROJECTION



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