

ACST2

Overvoltage protected AC switch

Features

- Triac with overvoltage crowbar technology
- High noise immunity: static dV/dt > 500 V/µs
- ACST210-8FP, in the TO-220FPAB package, provides insulation voltage rated at 1500 V rms

Benefits

- Enables equipment to meet IEC 61000-4-5
- High off-state reliability with planar technology
- Needs no external overvoltage protection
- Reduces component count
- Interfaces directly with the micro-controller
- High immunity against fast transients described in IEC 61000-4-4 standards

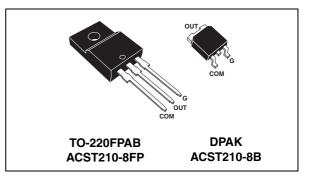
Applications

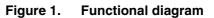
- AC on/off static switching in appliances and industrial control systems
- Driving low power highly inductive loads like solenoid, pump, fan, and micro-motor

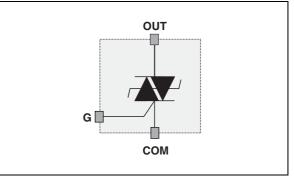
Description

The ACST2 series belongs to the ACS™/ACST power switch family built with A.S.D.[®] (application specific discrete) technology. This high performance device is suited to home appliances or industrial systems and drives loads up to 2 A.

This ACST2 switch embeds a Triac structure with a high voltage clamping device to absorb the inductive turn-off energy and withstand line transients such as those described in the IEC 61000-4-5 standards. The component needs a low gate current to be activated ($I_{GT} < 10$ mA) and still shows a high electrical noise immunity complying with IEC standards such as IEC 61000-4-4 (fast transient burst test).









Symbol	Value	Unit
I _{T(RMS)}	2	А
V _{DRM} /V _{RRM}	800	V
I _{GT}	10	mA

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1 Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
1	On state rms surrent (full sine wave)	TO-220FPAB	T _c = 105 °C	2	Α
I _{T(RMS)}	On-state rms current (full sine wave)	DPAK	T _c = 110 °C	2	
1	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current	F = 60 Hz	t = 16.7 ms	8.4	А
I _{TSM}	(full cycle sine wave, T_J initial = 25 °C)	F = 50 Hz	t = 20 ms	8.0	
l ^² t	I ² t Value for fusing	t _p = 10 ms	•	0.5	A ² s
dl/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current $I_G = 2 \times I_{GT}$, $t_r = 100 \text{ ns}$	F = 120 Hz	Tj = 125 °C	50	A/µs
V _{PP} ⁽¹⁾	Non repetitive line peak mains voltage $^{(1)}$ Tj = 25 °C			2	kV
P _{G(AV)}	Average gate power dissipation $Tj = 125 \text{ °C}$		0.1	W	
P _{GM}	Peak gate power dissipation ($t_p = 20 \ \mu s$) Tj = 125 °C			10	W
I _{GM}	Peak gate current ($t_p = 20 \ \mu s$) Tj = 125 °C			1.6	Α
T _{stg} T _j	Storage junction temperature range Operating junction temperature range			-40 to +150 -40 to +125	°C
Τ _Ι	Maximum lead soldering temperature during 10 s (at 3 mm from plastic case)			260	°C
V _{INS(RMS)}	Insulation rms voltage		T0-220FPAB	1500	V

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings (limiting values)

1. According to test described in IEC 61000-4-5 standard and Figure 18

Table 3.Electrical characteristics ($T_j = 25 \degree C$, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test conditions	Quadrant		Value	Unit
I _{GT} ⁽¹⁾	V_{OUT} = 12 V, R _L = 33 Ω	- -	MAX	10	mA
V _{GT}	V_{OUT} = 12 V, R _L = 33 Ω	- -	MAX	1.1	V
V _{GD}	$V_{OUT} = V_{DRM}, R_L = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega, T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$ I - II - III		MIN	0.2	V
I _H ⁽²⁾	I _{OUT} = 100 mA			10	mA
	$1 - 12 \times 1$	1 - 111	MAX	25	- mA
۱ <u>L</u>	I_L $I_G = 1.2 \times I_{GT}$	II	MAX	35	
dV/dt ⁽²⁾	$V_{OUT} = 67\% V_{DRM}$ gate open, $T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$			500	V/µs
(dl/dt)c (2)	$(dV/dt)c = 15 V/\mu s, T_j = 125 °C$		MIN	0.5	A/ms
V _{CL}	$I_{CL} = 0.1 \text{ mA}, t_p = 1 \text{ ms}, T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$			850	V

1. Minimum I_{GT} is guaranteed at 5% of I_{GT} max

2. For both polarities of OUT pin referenced to COM pin



Symbol	Test co	nditions		Value	Unit
V _{TM} ⁽¹⁾	I _{TM} = 2.8 A, t _p = 500 μs	T _j = 25 °C	MAX	2	V
V _{TO} ⁽¹⁾	Threshold voltage	T _j = 125 °C	MAX	0.9	V
R _D ⁽¹⁾	Dynamic resistance	T _j = 125 °C	MAX	250	mΩ
I _{DRM}		T _j = 25 °C	MAX	10	μA
I _{RRM}	$V_{OUT} = V_{DRM} / V_{RRM}$	T _j = 125 °C		0.5	mA

Table 4. Static electrical characteristics

1. For both polarities of OUT pin referenced to COM pin

Table 5.Thermal resistances

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
Р	lunction to cope (AC)		DPAK	4.5	
R _{th(j-c)}	Junction to case (AC)		TO-220FPAB	7	°C/W
D	lunction to ambient		TO-220FPAB	60	0/10
R _{th(j-a)} Junction to ambient	$S_{CU}^{(1)} = 0.5 \text{ cm}^2$	DPAK	70		

1. S_{CU} = copper surface under tab

Figure 2. Maximum power dissipation versus Figure 3. on-state rms current (full cycle)

On-state rms current versus case temperature

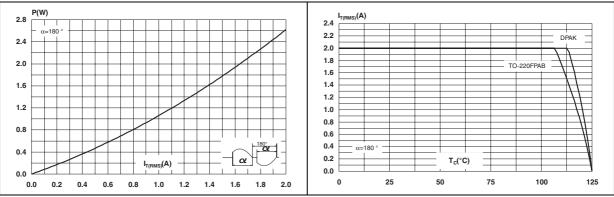
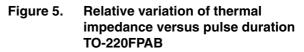




Figure 4. On-state rms current versus ambient temperature



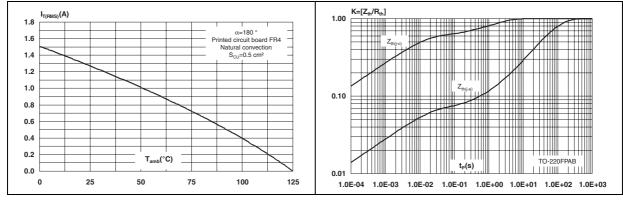


Figure 6. Relative variation of thermal impedance versus pulse duration DPAK

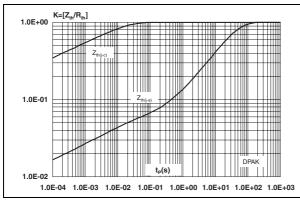
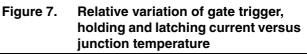


Figure 8. Relative variation of static dV/dt versus junction temperature



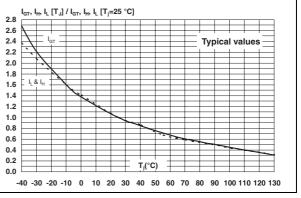


Figure 9. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current versus reapplied dV/dt (typical values)

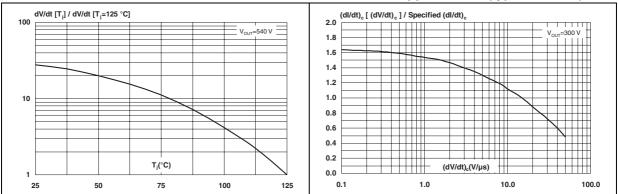
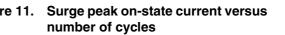
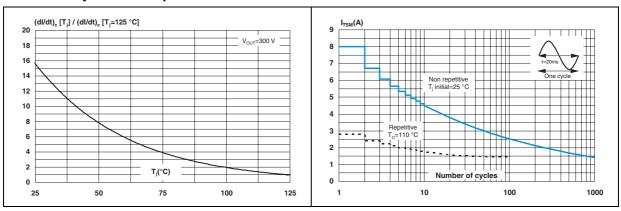


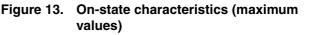


Figure 10. Relative variation of critical rate of Figure 11. Surge peak on-state current versus decrease of main current versus junction temperature





Non repetitive surge peak on-state Figure 13. Figure 12. current and corresponding value of l²t



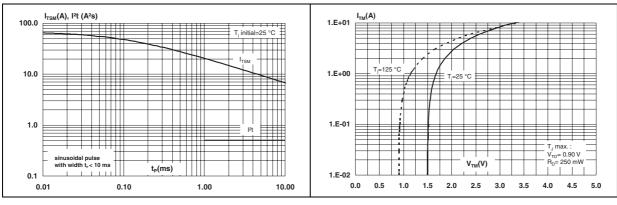
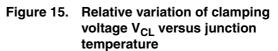
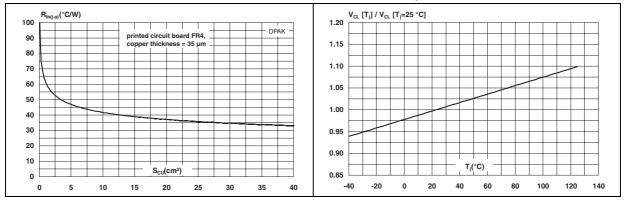


Figure 14. Thermal resistance junction to ambient versus copper surface under tab DPAK





Application information 2

Typical application description 2.1

The ACST2 device has been designed to switch on and off highly inductive or resistive loads such as pump, valve, fan, or bulb lamp. Thanks to its high sensitivity (I_{GT} max = 10 mA), the ACST2 can be driven directly by logic level circuits through a resistor as shown on the typical application diagram. Thanks to its thermal and turn-off commutation performances, the ACST2 switch can drive, without any additional snubber, an inductive load up to 2 A.

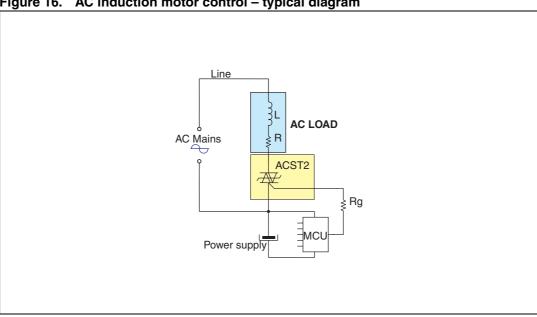


Figure 16. AC induction motor control – typical diagram

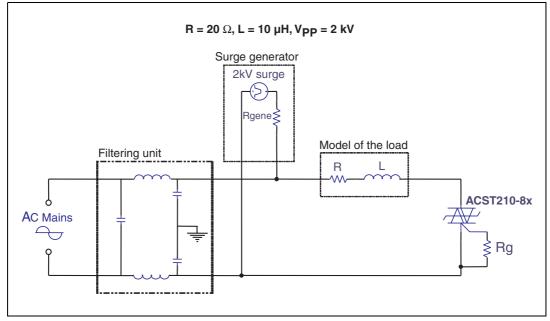


2.2 AC line transient voltage ruggedness

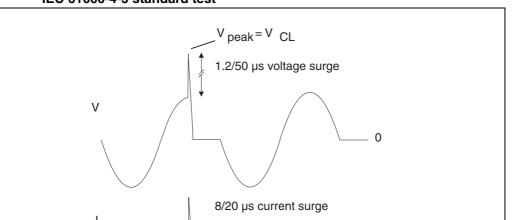
In comparison with standard Triacs, which are not robust against surge voltage, the ACST2 is self-protected against over-voltage, specified by the new parameter V_{CL} . In addition, the ACST2 is a sensitive device ($I_{GT} = 10$ ma), but provides a high noise immunity level againast fast transients. The ACST2 switch can safely withstand AC line transient voltages either by clamping the low energy spikes, such as inductive spikes at switch off, or by switching to the on state (for less than 10 ms) to dissipate higher energy shocks through the load. This safety feature works even with high turn-on current ramp up.

The test circuit of *Figure 17* represents the ACST2 application, and is used to stress the ACST switch according to the IEC 61000-4-5 standard conditions. With the additional effect of the load which is limiting the current, the ACST switch withstands the voltage spikes up to 2 kV on top of the peak line voltage. The protection is based on an overvoltage crowbar technology. The ACST2 folds back safely to the on state as shown in *Figure 18*. The ACST2 recovers its blocking voltage capability after the surge and the next zero current crossing. Such a non repetitive test can be done at least 10 times on each AC line voltage polarity.

Figure 17. Overvoltage ruggedness test circuit for resistive and inductive loads for IEC 61000-4-5 standards







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Figure 18. Typical current and voltage waveforms across the ACST2 during IEC 61000-4-5 standard test

2.3 Electrical noise immunity

The ACST2 is a sensitive device ($I_{GT} = 10 \text{ mA}$) and can be controlled directly though a simple resistor by a logic level circuit, and still provides a high electrical noise immunity. The intrinsic immunity of the ACST2 is shown by the specified dV/dt equal to 500 V/µs @ 125 °C. This immunity level is 5 to 10 times higher than the immunity provided by an equivalent standard technology Triac with the same sensitivity. In other words, the ACST2 is sensitive, but has an immunity usually available only for non-sensitive device (I_{GT} higher than 35 mA).

3 Ordering information scheme

Figure 19	Ordering	information	scheme
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AC switch Topology T = Triac	
$\frac{\text{On-state rms current}}{2 = 2 \text{ A}}$	
Sensitivity 10 = 10 mA	
<u>Voltage</u> 8 = 800 V	
Package FP = TO-220FPAB B = DPAK	
Delivery mode TR = Tape and reel (DPAK) Blank = Tube (TO-220FPAB, DPAK)	



4 Package information

- Epoxy meets UL94, V0
- Recommended torque (TO-220FPAB): 0.4 to 0.6 N·m

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: <u>www.st.com</u>. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

Table 6. TO-220FPAB dimensions

			Dimer	nsions	
	Ref.	Millin	neters	Inches	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
	А	4.4	4.6	0.173	0.181
	В	2.5	2.7	0.098	0.106
	D	2.5	2.75	0.098	0.108
	E	0.45	0.70	0.018	0.027
Dia	F	0.75	1	0.030	0.039
	F1	1.15	1.70	0.045	0.067
L2 L7	F2	1.15	1.70	0.045	0.067
	G	4.95	5.20	0.195	0.205
	G1	2.4	2.7	0.094	0.106
	Н	10	10.4	0.393	0.409
L4 →	L2	16	Тур.	0.63	Тур.
	L3	28.6	30.6	1.126	1.205
G1 ↔	L4	9.8	10.6	0.386	0.417
l←G→l	L5	2.9	3.6	0.114	0.142
	L6	15.9	16.4	0.626	0.646
	L7	9.00	9.30	0.354	0.366
	Dia.	3.00	3.20	0.118	0.126



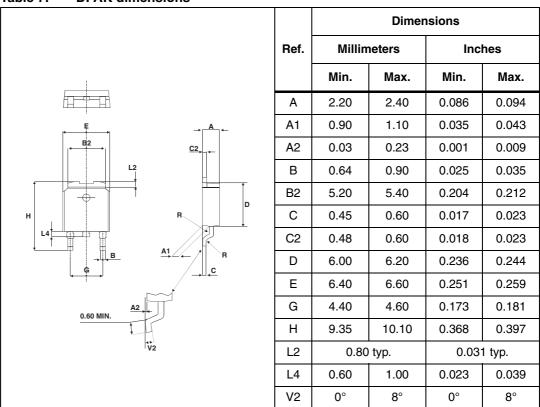
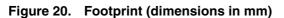
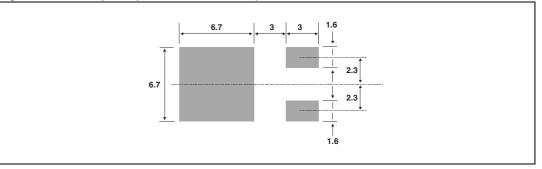


Table 7.DPAK dimensions







5 Ordering information

Table 8. Ordering information

Order code	Marking	Package	Weight	Base Qty	Packing mode
ACST210-8FP		TO-220FPAB	2.4g	50	Tube
ACST210-8B	ACST2108	DPAK	0.3g	50	Tube
ACST210-8B-TR	r	DPAK	0.3g	2500	Tape and Reel

6 Revision history

Table 9. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
01-Mar-2007	1	Initial release.
13-Apr-2010	2	Updated ECOPACK statement. Reformatted for consistency with other datasheets in this product class.
01-Jul-2010	3	Updated Figure 19.



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