

I. Power section 4 * SKiiP613GB121CT per phase

Absolute maximum ratings		Values	Units
Symbol	Conditions ¹⁾		
IGBT and inverse diode			
V_{CES}		1200	V
V_{CC}	Operating DC link voltage	900	V
V_{GES}		± 20	V
I_c	IGBT, $T_{heat\ sink} = 25 / 70\ ^\circ C$	2400 / 1800	A
I_{CM}	IGBT, $t_p < 1\ ms, T_{heat\ sink} = 25^\circ C$	4800	A
I_F	Diode, $T_{heat\ sink} = 25 / 70\ ^\circ C$	1800 / 1350	A
I_{FM}	Diode, $t_p < 1\ ms$	3600	A
I_{FSM}	Diode, $T_j = 150\ ^\circ C, 10ms$; sin	17280	A
I^2t (Diode)	Diode, $T_j = 150\ ^\circ C, 10ms$	1493	kA ² s
$T_j, (T_{stg})$		-40...+150 (125)	°C
V_{isol}	AC, 1min.	3000	V
$I_{C-package}$ ⁴⁾	$T_{heat\ sink} = 70^\circ C, T_{term} = 115^\circ C$	4 * 500	A

Characteristics		min.	typ.	max.	Units
Symbol	Conditions ¹⁾				
IGBT					
$V_{(BR)CES}$	gate driver without supply	$\geq V_{CES}$	—	—	V
I_{CES}	$V_{GE} = 0, T_j = 25\ ^\circ C$	—	4,8	—	mA
V_{CE} ⁷⁾	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}, T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	144	—	mA
V_{CEO} ⁷⁾	$T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	0,9	—	V
r_T ⁷⁾	$T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	0,68	—	mΩ
V_{CESat} ⁷⁾	$I_C = 1960A, T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	2,3	—	V
V_{CESat} ⁷⁾	$I_C = 1960A, T_j = 25\ ^\circ C$	—	—	2	V
$E_{on} + E_{off}$ ⁵⁾	$I_C=1960A, V_{CC}=600V$ $T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	686	—	mJ
C	per SKiiP, AC side	—	6	—	nF
L_{CE}	top, bottom	—	3	—	nH
$R_{CC'-EE'}$	resistance, terminal-chip	—	0,10	—	mΩ
Inverse diode ²⁾					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 1800A; T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	1,8	—	V
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 1800A; T_j = 25\ ^\circ C$	—	—	2,5	V
$E_{on} + E_{off}$ ⁵⁾	$I_F = 1800A; T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	72	—	mJ
V_{TO}	$T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	1,0	—	V
r_T	$T_j = 125\ ^\circ C$	—	0,46	—	mΩ
Thermal characteristics					
R_{thjs}	per IGBT	—	—	0,018	°C/W
R_{thjs}	per diode	—	—	0,031	°C/W
R_{thsa} ³⁾	L: P16 heat sink; 280 m ³ /h W: WK 40; 8l/min; 50% glycol	—	—	0,030	°C/W
—	—	—	—	0,008	°C/W
Current sensor					
I_p RMS	$T_a=100\ ^\circ C, V_{supply} = \pm 15V$	4 * 400	—	—	A
I_{pmax} RMS	$t \leq 2\ s$	4 * 500	—	—	A
Linearity	$V_{supply} \geq \pm 14,25V, 0 \leq I \leq \pm 700A$, per sensor	—	0,1	—	%
I_{peak}	$t \leq 10\ \mu s$, per sensor	—	± 3000	—	A
Mechanical data					
M1	DC terminals, SI Units	4	—	6	Nm
M2	AC terminals, SI Units	8	—	10	Nm
M3	to heat sink ⁶⁾	—	3	—	Nm

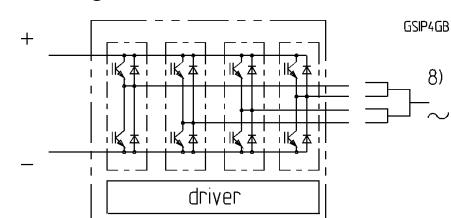
SKiiPPACK®

SK integrated intelligent Power PACK

3rd Generation
2-packSKiiP 2413GB121-4DL ³⁾

Target data

housing S43



Features

- SKiiP technology inside
 - pressure contact of ceramic to heat sink; low thermal impedance
 - pressure contact of main electric terminals
 - pressure contact of auxiliary electric terminals
 - increased thermal cycling capability
 - low stray inductance
 - homogenous current distribution
- integrated current sensor
- integrated temperature sensor
- high power density

¹⁾ $T_{heatsink} = 25\ ^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified²⁾ CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology (soft and fast)³⁾ D integrated gate driver

U with DC-bus voltage measurement (option for GB)

L mounted on standard P16 for forced air cooling

W mounted on standard water cooler

⁴⁾ $T_{term} =$ temperature of terminal with SKiiPPACK 3rd generation gate driver⁵⁾ with SKiiPPACK 3rd generation gate driver⁶⁾ assembly instruction must be followed⁷⁾ measured at chip level⁸⁾ external paralleling necessary

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