



FPF1107 / FPF1108

Advance Load Management Switch

Features

- 1.2V to 4V Input Voltage Operating Range
- Typical $R_{DS(ON)}$:
 - 35m Ω at $V_{IN}=3.3V$
 - 55m Ω at $V_{IN}=1.8V$
 - 85m Ω at $V_{IN}=1.2V$
- Slew Rate Control with t_R : 130 μs
- Output Discharge Function on FPF1108
- Low <1 μA Quiescent Current at $V_{ON}=V_{IN}$
- ESD Protected: Above 4000V HBM, 2000V CDM
- GPIO/CMOS-Compatible Enable Circuitry

Applications

- Mobile Devices and Smart Phones
- Portable Media Devices
- Digital Cameras
 - Advanced Notebook, UMPC, MID
- Portable Medical Devices
- GPS and Navigation Equipment

Description

The FPF1107/08 are low R_{DS} P-channel MOSFET load switches of the IntelliMAX™ family. Integrated slew-rate control prevents inrush current from glitch supply rails with capacitive loads common in power applications.

The input voltage range operates from 1.2V to 4V to fulfill today's lowest ultra-portable device supply requirements. Switch control is by a logic input (ON-pin) capable of interfacing directly with low-voltage CMOS control signals and GPIOs in embedded processors.

Ordering Information

| Part Number | Part Marking | Switch (Typical) At 1.8V _{IN} | Input Buffer | Output Discharge | ON Pin Activity | t _R | Eco Status | Package |
|-------------|--------------|--|--------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|--|
| FPF1107 | QC | 55m Ω | CMOS | NA | Active HIGH | 130 μs | Green | 4-Ball, Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WLCSP), 1.0 x 1.0mm, 0.5mm Pitch |
| FPF1108 | QD | 55m Ω | CMOS | 65 Ω | Active HIGH | 130 μs | Green | |

 For Fairchild's definition of Eco Status, please visit: http://www.fairchildsemi.com/company/green/rohs_green.html.

Application Diagram

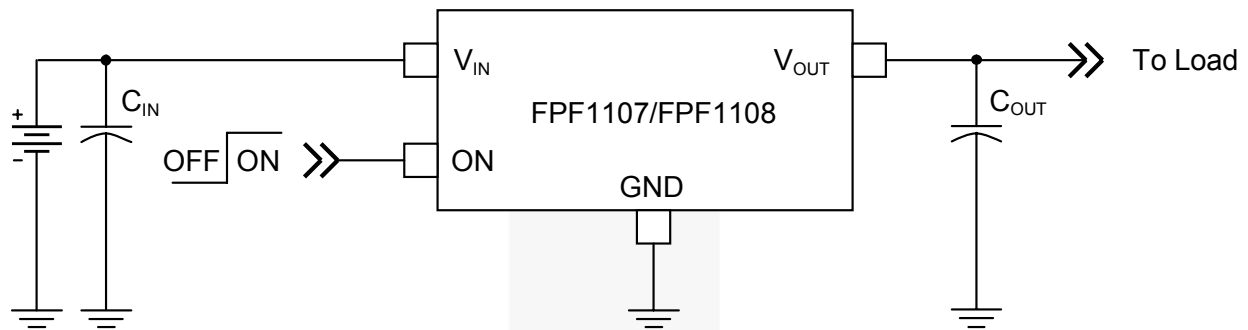


Figure 1. Typical Application

Notes:

1. $C_{IN}=1\mu\text{F}$, X5R, 0603, for example Murata GRM185R60J105KE26
2. $C_{OUT}=1\mu\text{F}$, X5R, 0805, for example Murata GRM216R61A105KA01

Block Diagram

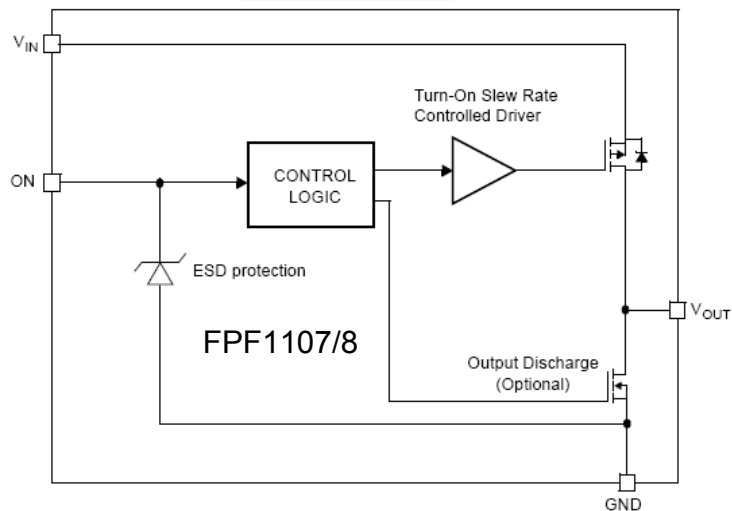


Figure 2. Block Diagram (Output Discharge for FPF1108 Only)

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Pin Configurations

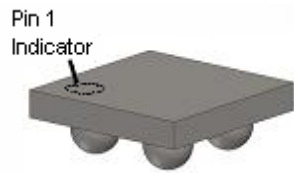


Figure 3. 1 x 1mm WLCSP Bumps Facing Down

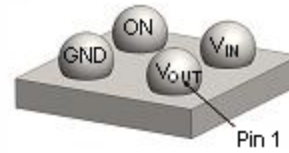


Figure 4. 1 x 1mm WLCSP Bumps Facing Up

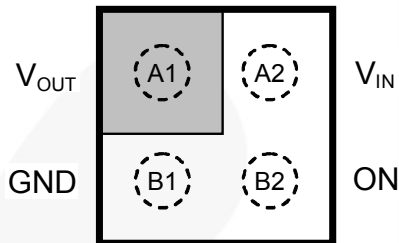


Figure 5. Pin Assignments (Top View)

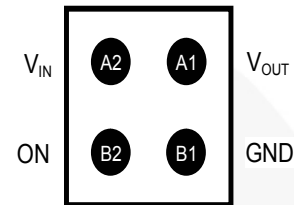


Figure 6. Pin Assignments (Bottom View)

Pin Definitions

| Pin # | Name | Description |
|-------|-----------|--|
| A1 | V_{OUT} | Switch Output |
| A2 | V_{IN} | Supply Input: Input to the Power Switch. |
| B1 | GND | Ground |
| B2 | ON | ON/OFF Control, Active HIGH |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------|---|-----------------------------------|------|--------------------|
| V_{IN} | V_{IN} , V_{OUT} , V_{ON} to GND | -0.3 | 4.2 | V |
| I_{SW} | Maximum Continuous Switch Current | | 1.2 | A |
| P_D | Power Dissipation at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1.0 | W |
| T_{STG} | Storage Junction Temperature | -65 | +150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_A | Operating Temperature Range | -40 | +85 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Θ_{JA} | Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient | 1S2P with 1 Thermal Via | 95 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| | | 1S2P without Thermal Via | 187 | |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge Capability | Human Body Model, JESD22-A114 | 4 | kV |
| | | Charged Device Model, JESD22-C101 | 2 | |

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|-------------------------------|------|------|------------------|
| V_{IN} | Supply Voltage | 1.2 | 4.0 | V |
| T_A | Ambient Operating Temperature | -40 | +85 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Electrical Characteristics

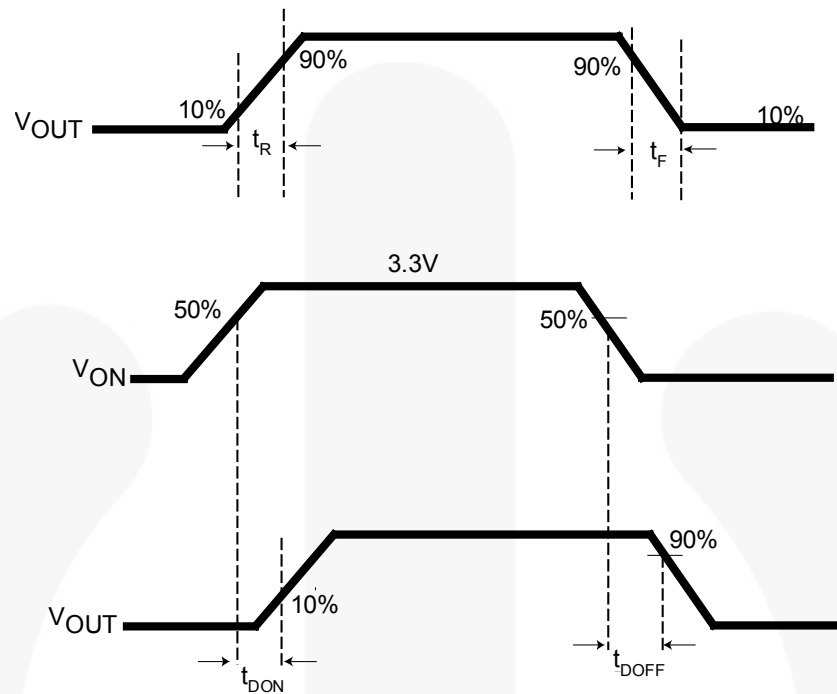
Unless otherwise noted, $V_{IN}=1.2$ to $4.0V$, $T_A=-40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, typical values are at $V_{IN}=3.3V$ and $T_A=25^{\circ}C$.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------------|
| Basic Operation | | | | | | |
| V_{IN} | Supply Voltage | | 1.2 | | 4.0 | V |
| $I_{Q(OFF)}$ | Off Supply Current | $V_{ON}=GND$ $V_{OUT}=Open$, $V_{IN}=4V$ | | | 1 | μA |
| $I_{SD(OFF)}$ | Off Switch Current | $V_{ON}=GND$ $V_{OUT}=GND$ | | | 1 | μA |
| I_Q | Quiescent Current | $I_{OUT}=0mA$, $V_{ON}=V_{IN}$ | | | 1 | μA |
| | | $I_{OUT}=0mA$, $V_{ON} < V_{IN}$ | | | 3 | |
| R_{ON} | On Resistance | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 35 | 50 | m Ω |
| | | $V_{IN}=1.8V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 55 | 70 | |
| | | $V_{IN}=1.5V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 70 | | |
| | | $V_{IN}=1.2V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 85 | 150 | |
| | | $V_{IN}=1.8V$, $I_{OUT}=200mA$, $T_A=85^{\circ}C^{(3)}$ | | 65 | 100 | |
| R_{PD} | Output Discharge $R_{PULL\ DOWN}$ | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $V_{ON}=0V$, $I_{FORCE}=20mA$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1108 | | 65 | 110 | Ω |
| V_{IH} | On Input Logic High Voltage | $V_{IN}=1.2V$ to $4.0V$ | 1.1 | | | V |
| V_{IL} | On Input Logic Low Voltage | $V_{IN}=1.2V$ to $4.0V$ | | | 0.35 | V |
| I_{ON} | On Input Leakage | $V_{ON}=V_{IN}$ or GND | -1 | | 1 | μA |
| Dynamic Characteristics | | | | | | |
| t_{DON} | Turn-On Delay ⁽⁴⁾ | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=10\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1107/8 | | 80 | | μs |
| t_R | V_{OUT} Rise Time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 130 | | μs |
| t_{ON} | Turn-On Time ^(4,6) | | | 210 | | μs |
| t_{DON} | Turn-On Delay ⁽⁴⁾ | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=500\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, FPF1107/8 | | 70 | 95 | μs |
| t_R | V_{OUT} Rise Time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 95 | 120 | μs |
| t_{ON} | Turn-On Time ^(4,6) | | | 165 | 215 | μs |
| FPF1107 | | | | | | |
| t_{DOFF} | Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾ | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=10\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 2.0 | 2.5 | μs |
| t_F | V_{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 2.2 | | μs |
| t_{OFF} | Turn-Off ^(4,7) | | | 4.2 | | μs |
| t_{DOFF} | Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾ | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=500\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 7.0 | | μs |
| t_F | V_{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 110 | | μs |
| t_{OFF} | Turn-Off ^(4,7) | | | 117 | | μs |
| FPF1108⁽⁵⁾ | | | | | | |
| t_{DOFF} | Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾ | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=10\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $R_{PD}=65\Omega$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 2.0 | 2.5 | μs |
| t_F | V_{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 1.9 | | μs |
| t_{OFF} | Turn-Off ^(4,7) | | | 3.9 | | μs |
| t_{DOFF} | Turn-Off Delay ⁽⁴⁾ | $V_{IN}=3.3V$, $R_L=500\Omega$, $C_L=0.1\mu F$, $R_{PD}=65\Omega$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ | | 2.5 | | μs |
| t_F | V_{OUT} Fall Time ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 10.6 | | μs |
| t_{OFF} | Turn-Off ^(4,7) | | | 13.1 | | μs |

Notes:

- This parameter is guaranteed by design and characterization; not production tested.
- $t_{DON}/t_{DOFF}/t_R/t_F$ are defined in Figure 7.
- Output discharge path is enabled during off.

Timing Diagram



Notes:

6. $t_{ON} = t_R + t_{DON}$.
7. $t_{OFF} = t_F + t_{DOFF}$.

Figure 7. Timing Diagram

Typical Performance Characteristics

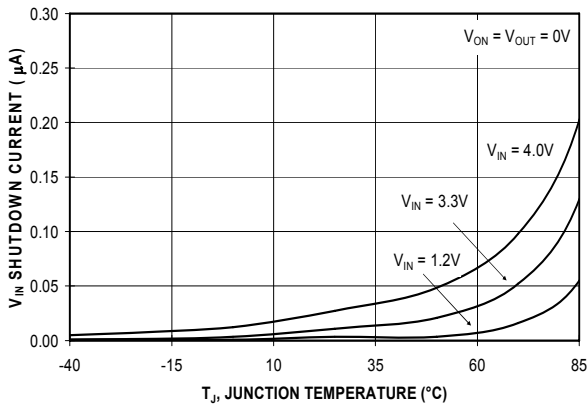


Figure 8. Shutdown Current vs. Temperature

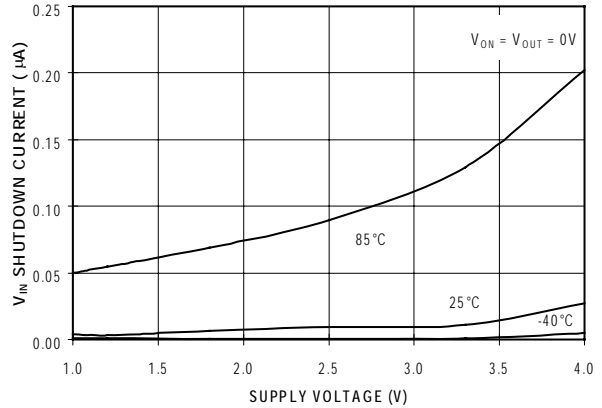


Figure 9. Shutdown Current vs. Supply Voltage

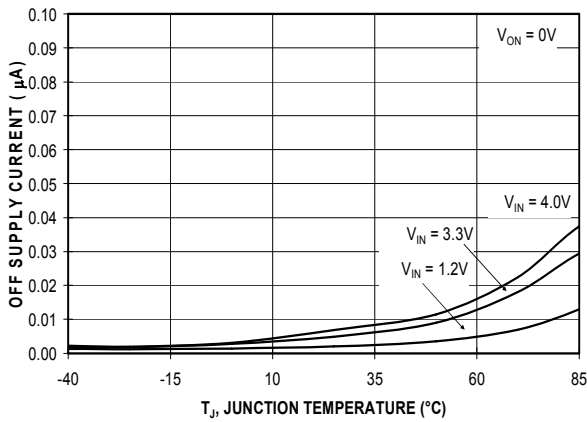


Figure 10. Off Supply Current vs. Temperature (FPF1107, VOUT is Floating)

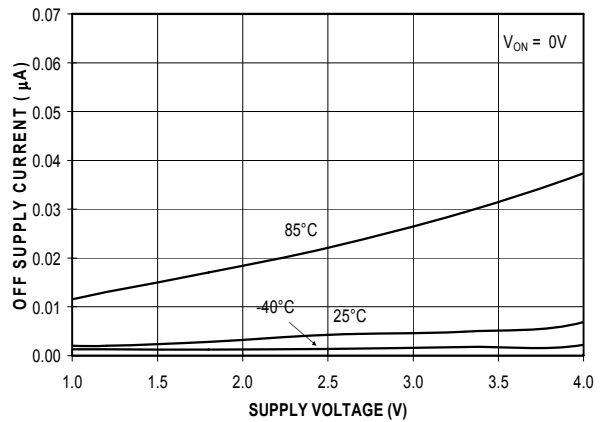


Figure 11. Off Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (FPF1107, VOUT is Floating)

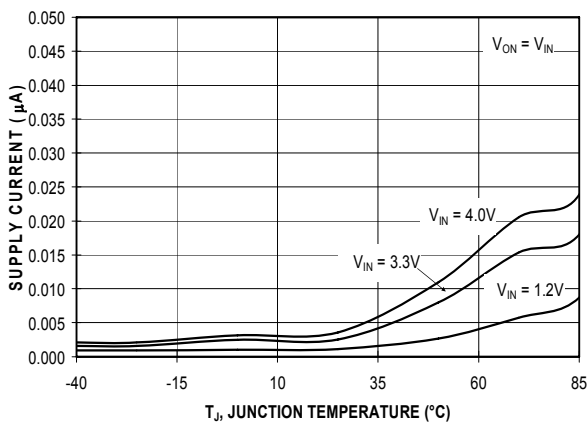


Figure 12. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature (V_ON=V_IN)

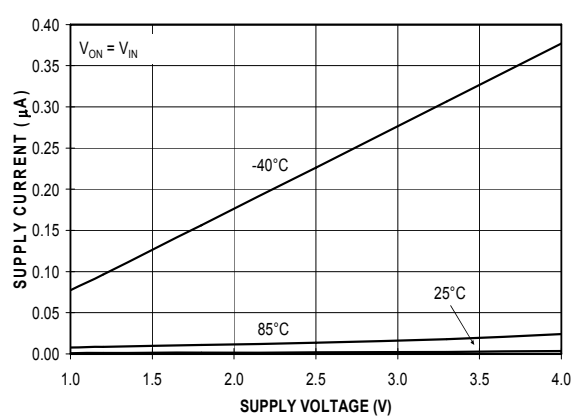


Figure 13. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage

Typical Performance Characteristics

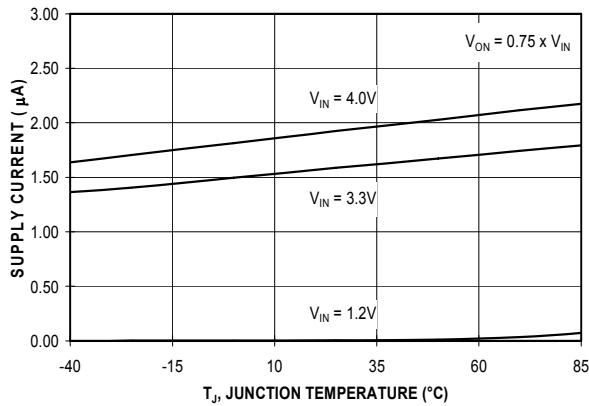


Figure 14. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature ($V_{ON}=0.75 \times V_{IN}$)

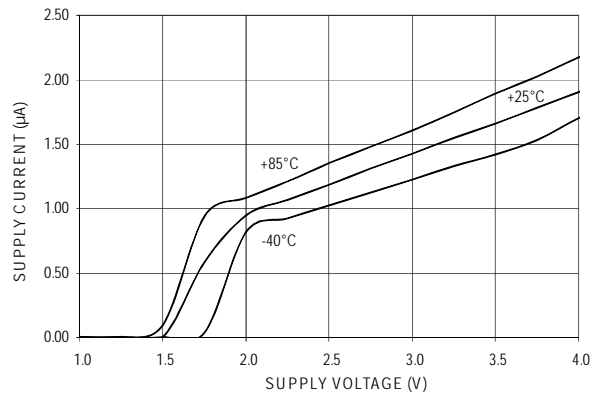


Figure 15. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage at $V_{ON}=1.2V$

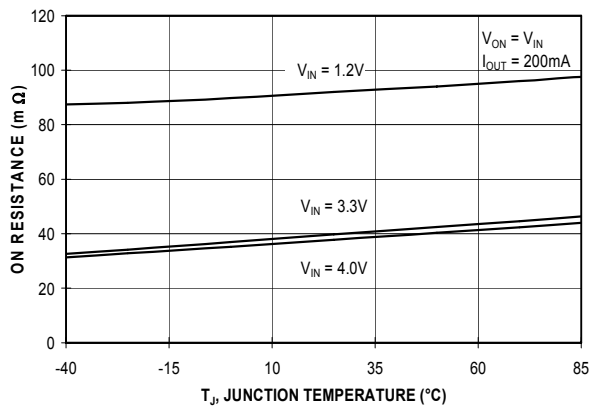


Figure 16. R_{ON} vs. Temperature

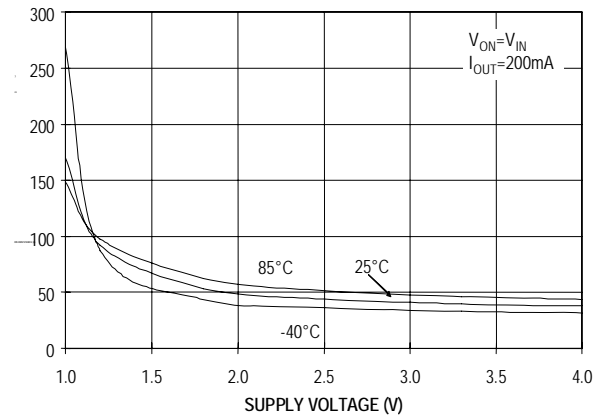


Figure 17. R_{ON} vs. Supply Voltage

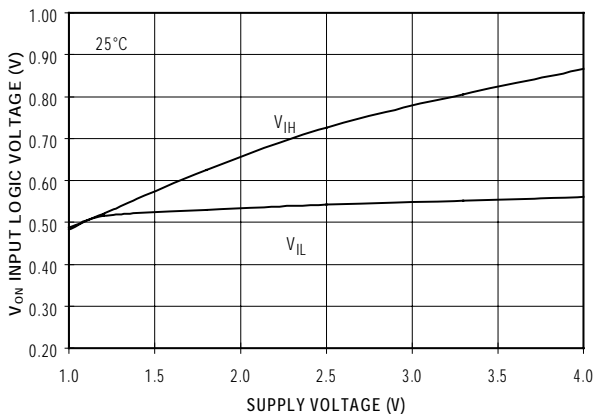


Figure 18. ON-Pin Threshold vs. V_{IN}

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Typical Performance Characteristics

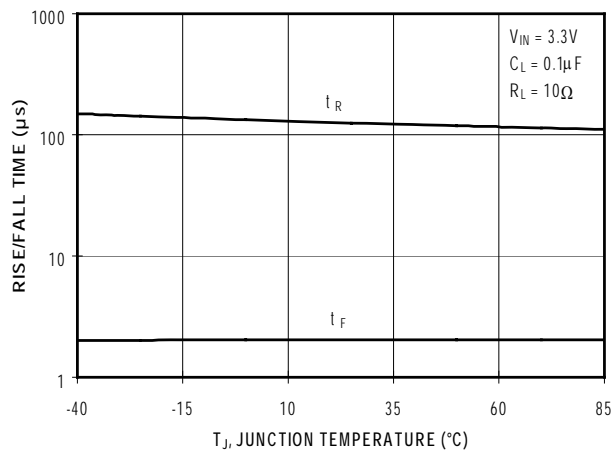


Figure 19. V_{OUT} Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature at $R_L=10\Omega$

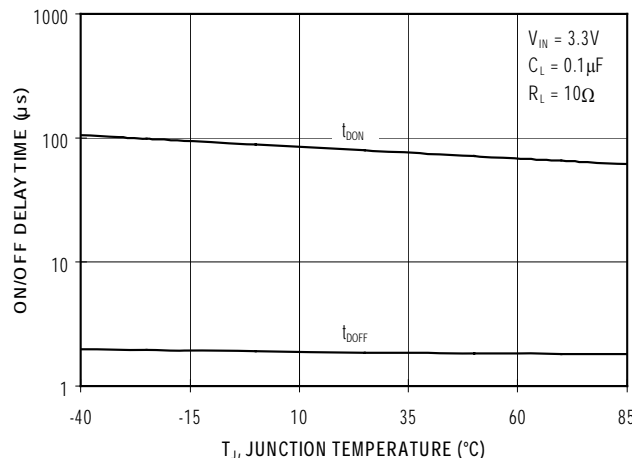


Figure 20. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at $R_L=10\Omega$

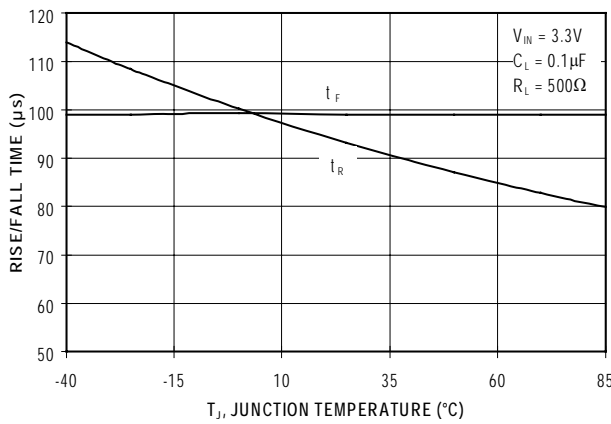


Figure 21. V_{OUT} Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature at $R_L=500\Omega$

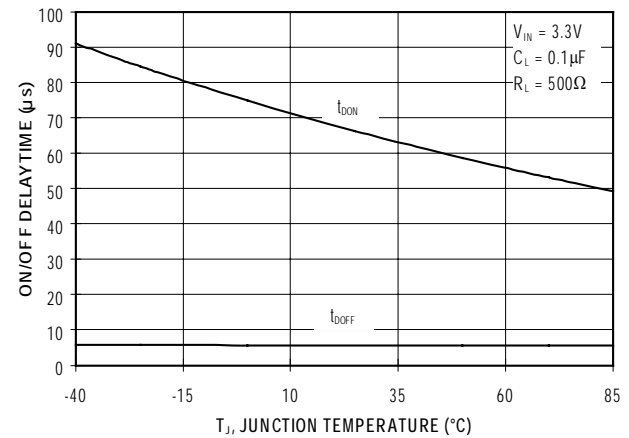


Figure 22. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Temperature at $R_L=500\Omega$

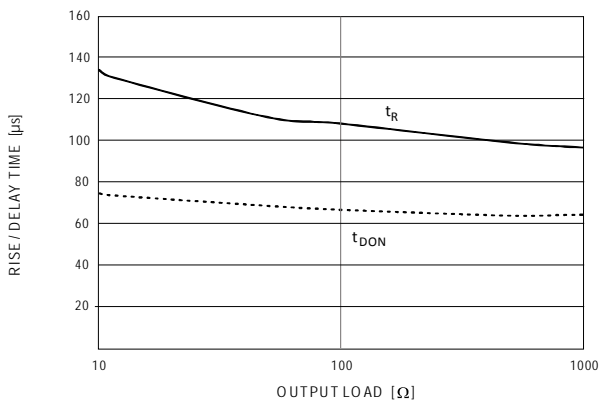


Figure 23. V_{OUT} Turn-On and Turn-Off Delay vs. Output Load at $V_{IN}=3.3V$

Typical Performance Characteristics

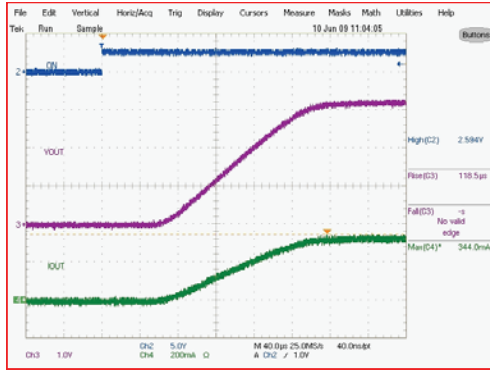


Figure 24. Turn-On Response
 $(V_{IN}=3.3V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F, R_L=10\Omega)$

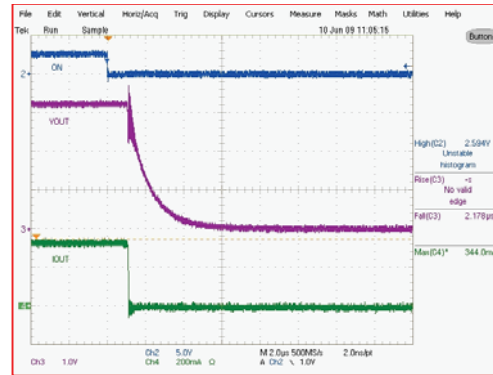


Figure 25. Turn-Off Response
 $(V_{IN}=3.3V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F, R_L=10\Omega)$



Figure 26. Turn-On Response
 $(V_{IN}=3.3V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F, R_L=500\Omega)$

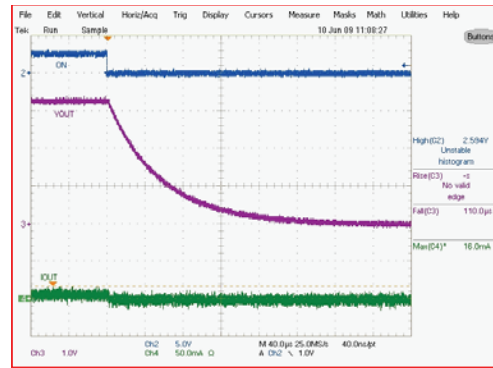


Figure 27. Turn-Off Response
(FPF1107 – No Output Pull-Down Resistor)
 $(V_{IN}=3.3V, C_{IN}=1\mu F, C_{OUT}=0.1\mu F, R_L=500\Omega)$

Application Information

Input Capacitor

The IntelliMAX™ switch doesn't require input capacitor. To reduce device inrush current effect, a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor, C_{IN}, is recommended close to the VIN pin. A higher value of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop experienced as the switch is turned on into a large capacitive load.

Output Capacitor

The IntelliMAX™ switch works without an output capacitor. However, if parasitic board inductance forces V_{OUT} below GND when switching off, a 0.1μF capacitor, C_{OUT}, should be placed between V_{OUT} and GND.

Fall Time

Device output fall time can be calculated based on RC constant of external components as follows:

$$t_F = R_L \times C_L \times 2.2 \quad (1)$$

where t_F is 90% to 10% fall time, R_L is output load and C_L is output capacitor.

The same equation works for a device with a pull-down output resistor, then R_L is replaced by a parallel connected pull-down and external output resistor combination, as follows:

$$t_F = \frac{R_L \times R_{PD}}{R_L + R_{PD}} \times C_L \times 2.2 \quad (2)$$

where t_F is 90% to 10% fall time, R_L is output load, R_{PD}=65Ω is output pull-down resistor, and C_L is the output capacitor.

Resistive Output Load

If resistive output load is missing, the IntelliMAX™ switch without pull-down output resistor is not discharging output voltage. Output voltage drop depends, in that case, mainly on external device leaks.

Recommended Land Pattern and Layout

For best thermal performance and minimal inductance and parasitic effects, it is recommended to keep input and output traces short and capacitors as close to the

device as possible. Below is a recommended layout for this device to achieve optimum performance.

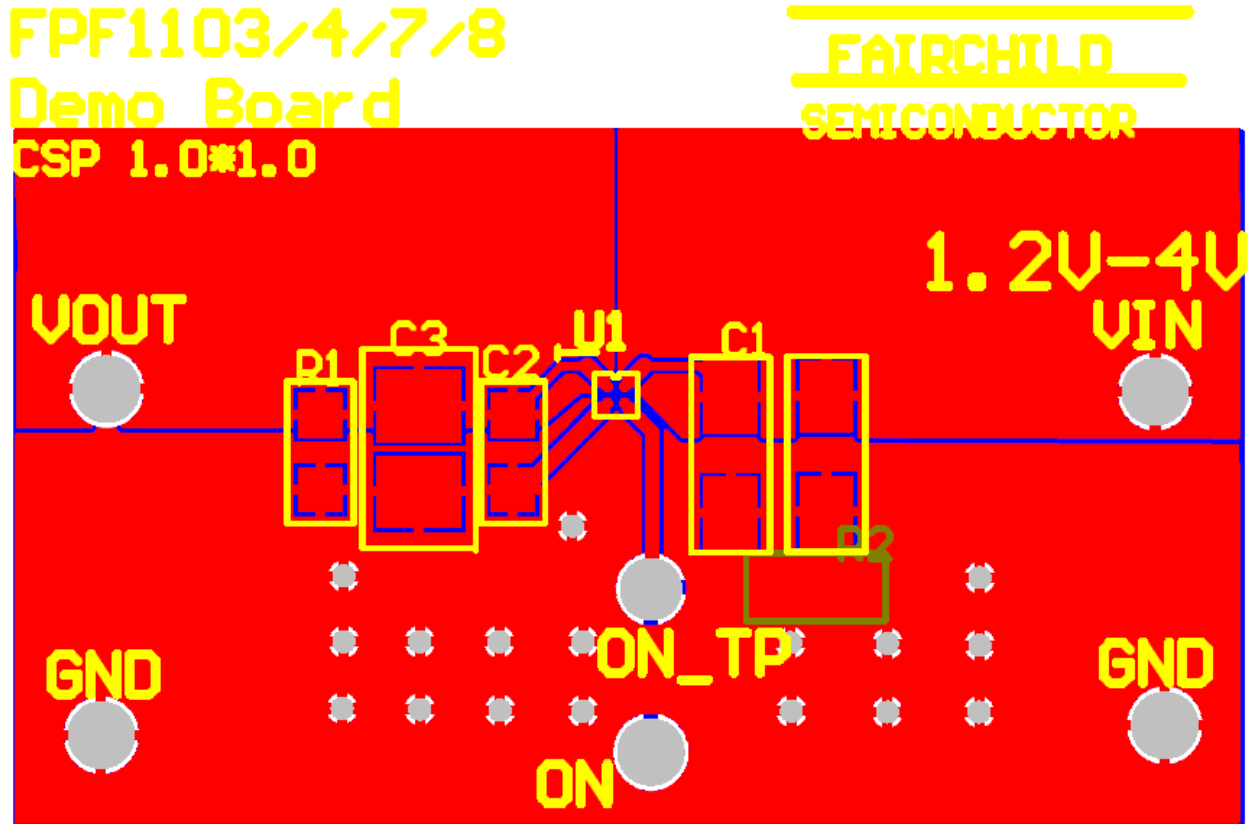
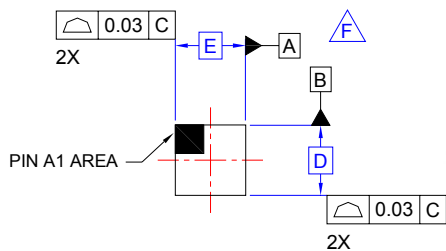


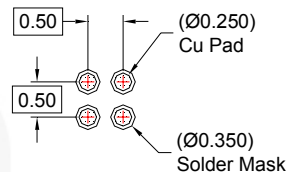
Figure 28. Recommended Land Pattern and Layout

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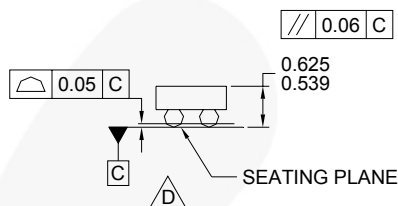
Physical Dimensions



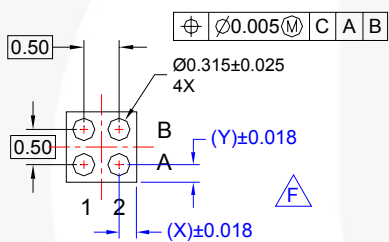
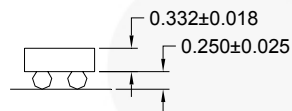
TOP VIEW



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (NSMD PAD TYPE)



SIDE VIEWS



BOTTOM VIEW

NOTES:

- A. NO JEDEC REGISTRATION APPLIES.
- B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
- D. DATUM C IS DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE BALLS.
- E. PACKAGE NOMINAL HEIGHT IS 582 MICRONS ±43 MICRONS (539-625 MICRONS).
- F. FOR DIMENSIONS D, E, X, AND Y SEE PRODUCT DATASHEET.
- G. DRAWING FILENAME: MKT-UC004ABrev2.

Figure 29. 4 Ball, 1.0 x 1.0mm Wafer Level Chip Scale WLCSP Packaging

Product-Specific Dimensions

| Product | D | E | X | Y |
|---------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------|
| FPF1107 | 960µm ± 30µm | 960µm ± 30µm | 0.230mm | 0.230mm |
| FPF1108 | 960µm ± 30µm | 960µm ± 30µm | 0.230mm | 0.230mm |

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| CROSSVOL™ | Green FPS™ | QST™ | TinyCalc™ |
| CTL™ | Green FPS™ e-Series™ | Quiet Series™ | TinyLogic® |
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| FAST® | OPTOLOGIC® | SuperSOT™-8 | VCM™ |
| FastvCore™ | OPTOPLANAR® | SupreMOS™ | VisualMax™ |
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| | PDP SPM™ | Sync-Lock™ | |

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- A critical component in any component of a life support, device, or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy. Fairchild's Anti-Counterfeiting Policy is also stated on our external website, www.fairchildsemi.com, under Sales Support.

Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufacturers of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed applications, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address any warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

| Datasheet Identification | Product Status | Definition |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Advance Information | Formative / In Design | Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. |
| Preliminary | First Production | Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design. |
| No Identification Needed | Full Production | Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design. |
| Obsolete | Not In Production | Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only. |

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