

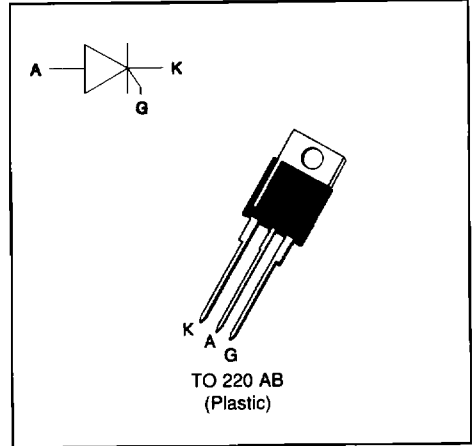
**FEATURES**

- HIGH SURGE CAPABILITY
- HIGH ON-STATE CURRENT
- HIGH STABILITY AND RELIABILITY

**DESCRIPTION**

The TYN 0510 ---> TYN 1010 Family of Silicon Controlled Rectifiers uses a high performance glass passivated technology.

This general purpose Family of Silicon Controlled Rectifiers is designed for power supplies up to 400Hz on resistive or inductive load.


**ABSOLUTE RATINGS** (limiting values)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
$I_T(\text{RMS})$	RMS on-state current (180° conduction angle)	$T_c = 85^\circ\text{C}$ 10	A	
$I_T(\text{AV})$	Average on-state current (180° conduction angle, single phase circuit)	$T_c = 85^\circ\text{C}$ 6.4	A	
$I_{\text{TSM}}$	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current ( $T_j$ initial = $25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$t_p = 8.3$ ms	105	
		$t_p = 10$ ms	100	
$ i_2t $	$ i_2t $ value	$t_p = 10$ ms	50	A <sup>2</sup> s
$di/dt$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current Gate supply : $I_G = 150$ mA $di_G/dt = 1$ A/ $\mu$ s	50	A/ $\mu$ s	
$T_{\text{stg}}$ $T_j$	Storage and operating junction temperature range	- 40 to + 150 - 40 to + 125	$^\circ\text{C}$ $^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_l$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering during 10 s at 4.5 mm from case	230	$^\circ\text{C}$	

Symbol	Parameter	TYN							Unit
		0510	110	210	410	610	810	1010	
$V_{\text{DRM}}$ $V_{\text{RRM}}$	Repetitive peak off-state voltage $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V

**THERMAL RESISTANCES**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Rth (j-a)	Junction to ambient	60	°C/W
Rth (j-c) DC	Junction to case for DC	2.5	°C/W

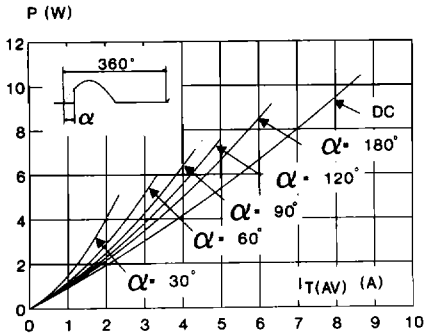
**GATE CHARACTERISTICS** (maximum values)

PG (AV) = 1W PGM = 40W (tp = 20 μs) I\_FGM = 4A (tp = 20 μs) V\_FGM = 16V (tp = 20 μs) V\_RGM = 5 V.

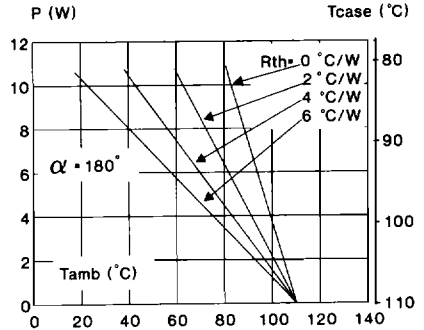
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Symbol	Test Conditions		Value	Unit	
I <sub>GT</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =12V (DC) R <sub>L</sub> =33Ω	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	MAX	15	mA
V <sub>GT</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =12V (DC) R <sub>L</sub> =33Ω	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	MAX	1.5	V
V <sub>GD</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =V <sub>DRM</sub> R <sub>L</sub> =3.3kΩ	T <sub>J</sub> = 110°C	MIN	0.2	V
t <sub>gt</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =V <sub>DRM</sub> I <sub>G</sub> = 90mA dI <sub>G</sub> /dt = 0.8A/μs	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	TYP	2	μs
I <sub>L</sub>	I <sub>G</sub> = 1.2 I <sub>GT</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	TYP	50	mA
I <sub>H</sub>	I <sub>T</sub> = 100mA gate open	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	MAX	30	mA
V <sub>TM</sub>	I <sub>TM</sub> = 20A tp= 380μs	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	MAX	1.6	V
I <sub>DRM</sub> I <sub>RRM</sub>	V <sub>DRM</sub> Rated V <sub>RRM</sub> Rated	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	MAX	0.01	mA
		T <sub>J</sub> = 110°C		2	
dV/dt	Linear slope up to V <sub>D</sub> =67%V <sub>DRM</sub> gate open	T <sub>J</sub> = 110°C	MIN	200	V/μs
T <sub>q</sub>	V <sub>D</sub> =67%V <sub>DRM</sub> I <sub>TM</sub> = 20A V <sub>R</sub> = 25V dI <sub>TM</sub> /dt=30 A/μs dV <sub>D</sub> /dt= 50V/μs	T <sub>J</sub> = 110°C	TYP	70	μs

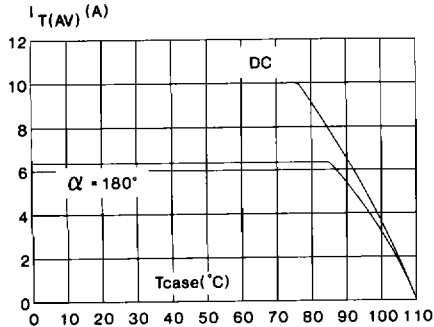
**Fig.1 :** Maximum average power dissipation versus average on-state current.



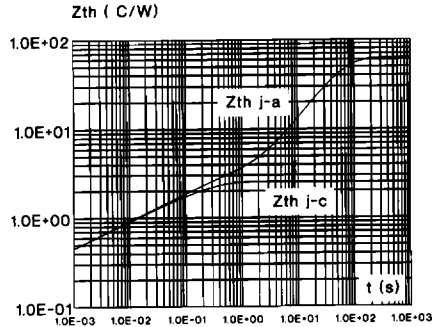
**Fig.2 :** Correlation between maximum average power dissipation and maximum allowable temperatures ( $T_{amb}$  and  $T_{case}$ ) for different thermal resistances heatsink + contact.



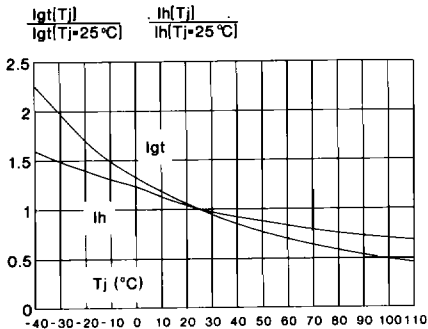
**Fig.3 :** Average on-state current versus case temperature.



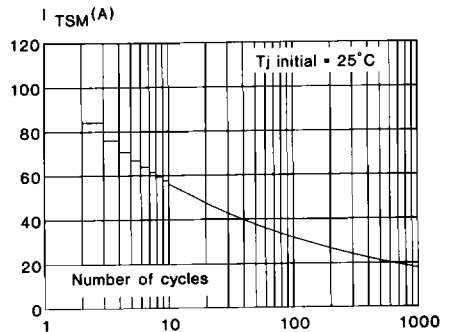
**Fig.4 :** Thermal transient impedance junction to ambient versus pulse duration.



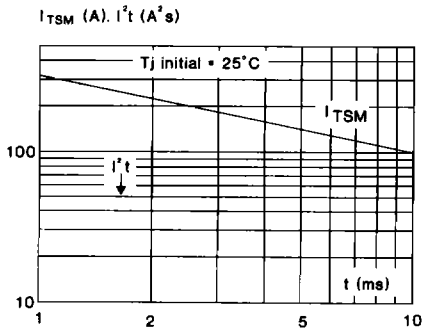
**Fig.5 :** Relative variation of gate trigger current versus junction temperature.



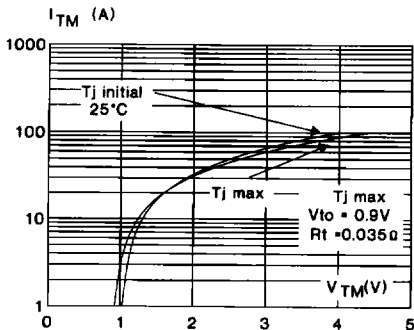
**Fig.6 :** Non repetitive surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles.



**Fig.7** : Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width :  $t \leq 10$  ms, and corresponding value of  $I^2t$ .

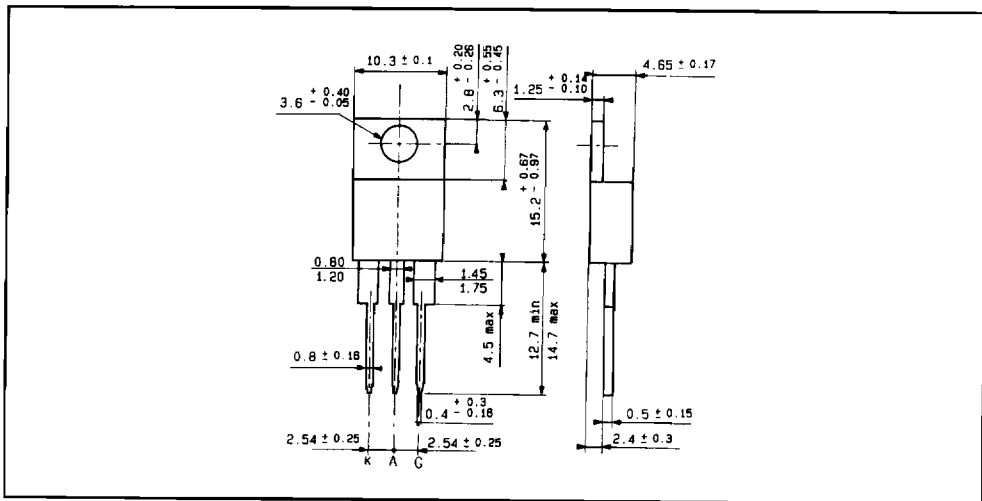


**Fig.8** : On-state characteristics (maximum values).



**PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA (in millimeters)**

TO 220 AB Plastic



Cooling method : by conduction (method C)

Marking : type number

Weight : 2 g

Polarity : N A

Stud torque : N A