

FEATURES

- ➤ 2"x 1"x 0.4" Metal Package
- ► Wide 2:1 Input Range
- ► Very High Efficiency up to 88%
- ► Adjustable Output Voltage
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range –40°C to +85°C
- ► Short Circuit Protection
- ► I/O-isolation 1500VDC
- ► Remote on/off (Option)
- ► Heatsink (Option)
- ► Cost optimized Design
- ► CSA/UL/IEC/EN 60950-1 Safety Approval
- ► 3 Years Product Warranty











PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MKW5000 series is a range of isolated 30W DC/DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and wide 2:1 input voltage ranges. The product comes in a 2"x 1"x 0.4" metal package with industry standard pinout. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

These DC/DC converters offer an economical solution for many cost critical applications in battery-powered equipment and instrumentation.

Model Selection	n Guide								
Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage		tput rent	Input C	Input Current		Max. capacitive	Efficiency (typ.)
	(Range)	3 11 3 1	Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load	Ripple Current		@Max. Load
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	μF	%
MKW5030		2.5	6000	0	744			6800	84
MKW5031		3.3	6000	0	959				86
MKW5032	24	5	5000	0	1185	70	100		88
MKW5039	(18 ~ 36)	5.1	5000	0	1207	70	100		88
MKW5033		12	2500	166	1420				88
MKW5034		15	2000	133	1420				88
MKW5040		2.5	6000	0	372				84
MKW5041		3.3	6000	0	480			6800	86
MKW5042	48	5	5000	0	604	50	50	0000	88
MKW5049	(36 ~ 75)	5.1	5000	0	604	50	50		88
MKW5043		12	2500	166	710			600	88
MKW5044		15	2000	133	710			680	88

Input Specifications						
Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Innut Curre Veltage (1 and may)	24V Input Models	-0.7		50		
nput Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	48V Input Models	-0.7		100		
Start I in Threehold Valtage	24V Input Models	17	17.8	18	VDC	
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	48V Input Models	34	35	36	VDC	
Index Veltage Chattlean	24V Input Models	16	16.5	17		
Jnder Voltage Shutdown	48V Input Models	32	33	34		
Reverse Polarity Input Current				2	Α	
Short Circuit Input Power	All Models			4500	mW	
nternal Power Dissipation	All Models			4500	mW	
Conducted EMI (with suffix A only)		Compliance to EN 55022, class A and FCC part 15, class A				



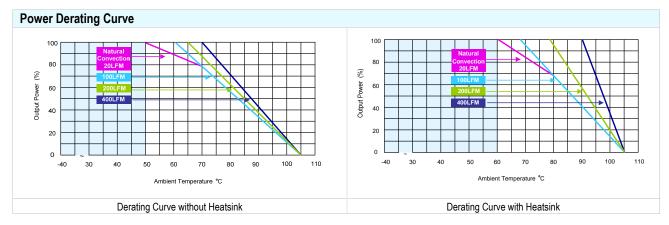
Output Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy	At 50% Load and Nominal Vin			±1.0	%Vnom.
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.		±0.1	±0.3	%
Load Regulation (2.5/3.3/5/5.1Vout)	lo=0% to 100%		±0.5	±1.0	%
Load Regulation (12/15Vout)	lo=10% to 100%		±0.5	±1.0	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)			75	100	mV _{P-P}
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Stan Change		200	500	µsec
Transient Response Deviation	25% Load Step Change		±2	±4	%
Temperature Coefficient			±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection	Foldback	110	155		%
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous				

General Specifications						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500			VDC	
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000			ΜΩ	
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V		1200	1500	pF	
Switching Frequency		280	350	400	KHz	
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	600,000			Hours	
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-scheme)					

Input Fuse	
24V Input Models	48V Input Models
3000mA Slow-Blow Type	1500mA Slow-Blow Type

Remote On/Off Control					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Converter On	onverter On 2.5 to 100VDC or Open Circuit				
Converter Off	-1V ~ 1V or Short Circuit				
Control Input Current (on)	Vctrl = 5.0V			5	μA
Control Input Current (off)	Vctrl = 0V			-100	μA
Control Common	Referenced to Negative Input				
Standby Input Current	Nominal Vin		2	5	mA

Environmental Specifications				
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	Natural Convection	-40	+85	°C
Case Temperature			+105	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)			95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)			260	°C



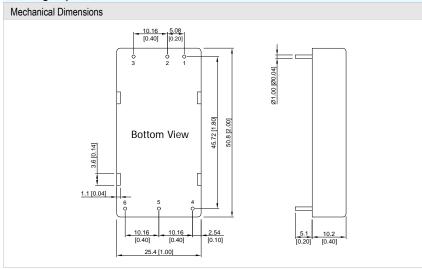
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Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%
- 3 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- 4 These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 5 All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- 6 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- 7 To order the converter with Remote On/Off function, please add **suffix RC** (e.g. MKW5030-RC) to order code.
- 8 To order the converter with EN55022 Class A, please add suffix A (e.g. MKW5030A) to order code.
- 9 To order the converter with heatsink, please add **suffix H** (e.g. MKW5030H) to order code.
- 10 That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- 11 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications



Pin Connections				
Pin	Function			
1	+Vin			
2	-Vin			
3	Remote On/Off			
4	+Vout			
5	-Vout			
6	Trim			

- ► All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ► Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)

X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)

► Pin diameter Ø 1.0 ±0.05 (0.04±0.002)

Physical Characteristics

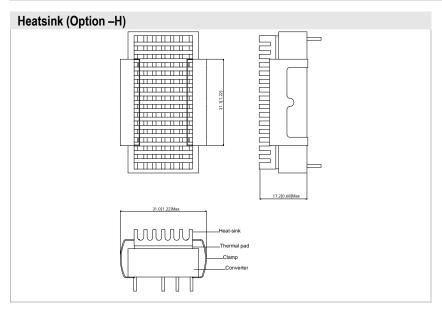
 Case Size
 : 50.8x25.4x10.2mm (2.0x1.0x0.40 inches)

 Case Material
 : Aluminum Anodizing Treatment in Black

 Base Material
 : FR4 PCB (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)

 Pin Material
 : Copper Alloy with Gold Plate Over Nickel Subplate

Weight : 32g



Physical Characteristics

Heatsink Material : Aluminum

Finish : Black Anodized Coating

Weight : 9g

- ► The advantages of adding a heatsink are:
- To help heat dissipation and increase the stability and reliability of DC/DC converters at high operating temperature atmosphere.
- 2. To upgrade the operating temperature of DC/DC converters, please refer to Derating Curve.

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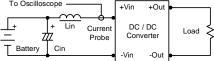
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Test Setup

Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

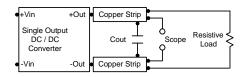
Input reflected-ripple current is measured with a inductor Lin (4.7μH) and Cin (220μF, ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 KHz) to simulate source impedance.

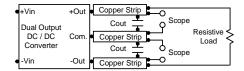
Capacitor Cin, offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 KHz.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a Cout 1.0µF ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.





Technical Notes

Remote On/Off

Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and off during a logic low. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the -Vin terminal. The switch can be an open collector or equivalent.

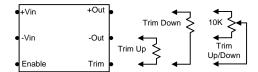
A logic low is -1V to 1.0V. A logic high is 2.5V to 100V. The maximum sink current at the on/off terminal (Pin 3) during a logic low is -100µA.

The maximum allowable leakage current of a switch connected to the on/off terminal (Pin 3) at logic high (2.5V to 100V) is 5μA.

Output Voltage Trim

Output voltage trim allows the user to increase or decrease the output voltage set point of a module.

The output voltage can be adjusted by placing an external resistor (Radj) between the Trim and +Vout or -Vout terminals. By adjusting Radj, the output voltage can be change by ±10% of the nominal output voltage.



A 10K, 1 or 10 Turn trimpot is usually specified for continuous trimming. Trim pin may be safely left floating if it is not used.

Connecting the external resistor (Radj-up) between the Trim and -Vout pins increases the output voltage to set the point as defined in the following equation:

Radj - up =
$$\frac{(33 \times \text{Vout}) - (30 \times \text{Vadj})}{\text{Vadi - Vout}}$$

Connecting the external resistor (Radj-down) between the Trim and +Vout pins decreases the output voltage set point as defined in the following equation:

Radj - down =
$$\frac{(36.667 \times \text{Vadj}) - (33 \times \text{Vout})}{\text{Vout} - \text{Vadj}}$$

Vout: Nominal Output Voltage Vadj: Adjusted Output Voltage Units: VDC/ KΩ

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

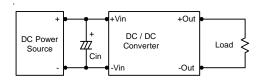
Overvoltage Protection

The output overvoltage clamp consists of control circuitry, which is independent of the primary regulation loop, that monitors the voltage on the output terminals. The control loop of the clamp has a higher voltage set point than the primary loop. This provides a redundant voltage control that reduces the risk of output overvoltage. The OVP level can be found in the output data.

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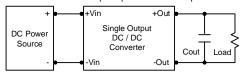
Input Source Impedance

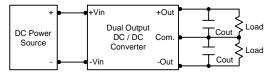
The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 KHz) capacitor of a $33\mu\text{F}$ for the 12V input devices and a $10\mu\text{F}$ for the 24V and 48V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 4.7µF capacitors at the output.





Maximum Capacitive Load

The MKW5000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 680µF maximum capacitive load for 12V & 15V outputs and 6800µF capacitive load for the other outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 105°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

