

ATR28XXD SERIES

28V Input, Dual Output

HYBRID - HIGH RELIABILITY DC-DC CONVERTER

Description

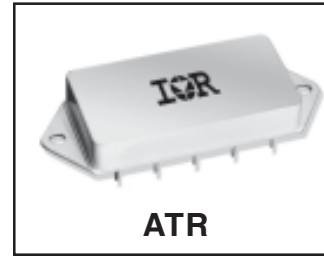
The ATR28XXD Series of DC-DC converters feature high power density and an extended temperature range for use in military and industrial applications. Designed to MIL-STD-704D input requirements, these devices have nominal 28VDC inputs with $\pm 12V$ and $\pm 15V$ dual outputs to satisfy a wide range of requirements. The circuit design incorporates a pulse width modulated single forward topology operating in the feed-forward mode at a nominal switching frequency of 550KHz. Input to output isolation is achieved through the use of transformers in the forward and feedback circuits.

The advanced feedback design provides fast loop response for superior line and load transient characteristics and offers greater reliability and radiation tolerance than devices incorporating optical feedback circuits.

Three standard temperature grades are offered with screening options. Refer to Part Number section. They can be provided in a standard plug-in package for PC mounting or in a flanged package for more severe environments.

Manufactured in a facility fully qualified to MIL-PRF-38534, these converters are fabricated utilizing DLA and Land Maritime qualified processes. For available screening options, refer to device screening table in the data sheet. Variations in electrical, mechanical and screening can be accommodated.

Extensive computer simulation using complex modeling enables rapid design modification to be provided. Contact IR San Jose with specific requirements.



Features

- 16V to 40VDC Input Range (28VDC Nominal)
- $\pm 12V$ and $\pm 15V$ Outputs Available
- Indefinite Short Circuit and Overload Protection
- 35W/in³ Power Density
- 30W Output Power
- Fast Loop Response for Superior Transient Characteristics
- Operating Temperature Range from -55°C to +125°C
- Popular Industry Standard Pin-Out
- Resistance Seam Welded Case for Superior Long Term Hermeticity
- Ceramic Feed-thru Pins
- External Synchronization
- High Efficiency
- Shutdown from External Signal
- Military Screening
- Standard Microcircuit Drawings Available

ATR28XXD Series

Specifications

$T_{CASE} = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = +28\text{V} \pm 5\%$ unless otherwise specified

| Absolute Maximum Ratings | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Input voltage | -0.5V to +50VDC | |
| Power Output | Internally limited, 36W typical | |
| Soldering temperature | 300°C for 10 seconds | |
| Temperature Range ¹ | Recommended Operating temperature | -55°C to +85°C |
| | Maximum Operating temperature | -55°C to +115°C |
| | Storage case temperature | -65°C to +135°C |

| PARAMETER | Condition -55°C ≤ TC ≤ +85°C, $V_{IN} = 28\text{V}_{DC}$ ±5%, CL=0, unless otherwise specified | ATR2812D | | | ATR2815D | | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|------|--------|----------|--------|--------|-----------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| STATIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| OUTPUT | $V_{IN} = 16$ to 40V_{DC} | | | | | | | |
| Voltage | $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | ±11.76 | ±12 | ±12.24 | ±14.70 | ±15 | ±15.30 | V_{DC} |
| Current ⁵ | | 0.0 | | ±1.25 | 0.0 | | ±1.0 | A_{DC} |
| Ripple | Full Load, 20KHz to 2MHz | | 40 | 85 | | 40 | 85 | mV p-p |
| Accuracy | $T_{CASE} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Full Load | ±11.88 | ±12 | ±12.12 | ±14.85 | ±15.00 | ±15.15 | V_{DC} |
| Power ⁷ | | 30 | | | 30 | | | W |
| REGULATION | | | | | | | | |
| Line | $V_{IN} = 16$ to 40V_{DC} | | | 75 | | | 75 | mV |
| Load | $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV |
| CROSS REGULATION ⁶ | $V_{IN} = 16, 28,$ and 40V_{DC} | | | ±5 | | | ±5 | % |
| INPUT | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage Range | | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | V_{DC} |
| Current | No Load, pin 2 = open | | | 75 | | | 75 | mA_{DC} |
| | Inhibited, pin 2 tied to pin 10 | | | 18 | | | 18 | mA_{DC} |
| Ripple Current | Full Load | | 25 | 50 | | 25 | 50 | $mA\text{ p-p}$ |
| EFFICIENCY | Full Load $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 82 | | | 82 | | % |
| ISOLATION | Input to output @ 500V_{DC} | 100 | | | 100 | | | $M\Omega$ |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD | No effect on performance | | | 100 | | | 100 | μF |
| | $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (total for both outputs) | | | | | | | |
| Load Fault Power Dissipation | Short Circuit | | | 9.0 | | | 9.0 | W |
| | Overload, $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | 14 | | | 14 | W |
| Switching Frequency | $I_{OUT} = \text{Full Load}$ | 500 | | 600 | 500 | | 600 | KHz |
| SYNC Frequency Range ⁷ | | 500 | | 700 | 500 | | 700 | KHz |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| Step Load Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output | 50% Load to 100% Load | | ±100 | | | ±100 | | mVpk |
| Transient | No Load to 50% Load | | ±250 | | | ±250 | | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | | | | | | | | |
| | 50% Load to 100% Load | | 25 | | | 25 | | μs |
| | No Load to 50% Load | | 500 | | | 500 | | μs |
| | 50% Load to No Load | | 3.0 | | | 3.0 | | ms |
| Step Line Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output | Input step 16 to 40V_{DC} | | ±180 | | | ±180 | | mVpk |
| Transient | Input step 40 to 16V_{DC} | | -600 | | | -600 | | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | Input step 16 to 40V_{DC} | | 5.0 | | | 5.0 | | ms |
| | Input step 40 to 16V_{DC} | | 5.0 | | | 5.0 | | ms |
| TURN-ON | | | | | | | | |
| Overshoot | $V_{IN} = 16$ to 40V_{DC} | | 0.0 | 600 | | 0.0 | 600 | mVpk |
| Delay ³ | $I_{OUT} = 0$ and Full Load | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |
| Load Fault Recovery | $V_{IN} = 16$ to 40V_{DC} | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |

Notes to Specifications

- Above $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ case temperature, derate output power linearly to 0 at $+115^{\circ}\text{C}$ case.
- Recovery time is measured from the initiation of the input transient to where V_{OUT} has returned to within $\pm 1\%$ of V_{OUT} at 50% load.
- Turn-on delay time measurement is for either an application of power at the input or a signal at the inhibit pin.
- Load current split equally between $+V_{OUT}$ and $-V_{OUT}$.
- Up to 90% of Full Power is available from either output provided. The total power output does not exceed 30W.
- 3W load on output under test, 3W to 27W on other output.
- Sync. Input signal: $V_{IL} = -0.5\text{V}$ Min, 0.8V Max and $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$ Min, 11.5V Max for 10% to 90% duty cycle.

Specifications

$T_{CASE} = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = +28\text{V} \pm 5\%$ unless otherwise specified

| Absolute Maximum Ratings | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Input voltage | -0.5V to +50VDC | |
| Power Output | Internally limited, 36W typical | |
| Soldering temperature | 300°C for 10 seconds | |
| Temperature Range ¹ | Recommended Operating temperature | -55°C to +125°C |
| | Maximum Operating temperature | -55°C to +135°C |
| | Storage case temperature | -65°C to +135°C |

| PARAMETER | Condition $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_C \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 28$ $V_{DC} \pm 5\%$, $CL=0$, unless otherwise specified | ATR2812D/ES | | | ATR2815D/ES | | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| STATIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| OUTPUT | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ | | | | | | | |
| Voltage | $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | ± 11.76 | ± 12 | ± 12.24 | ± 14.70 | ± 15 | ± 15 | V_{DC} |
| Current ⁵ | | 0.0 | | ± 1.25 | 0.0 | | ± 1.0 | A_{DC} |
| Ripple | Full Load, 20KHz to 2MHz | | 40 | 85 | | 40 | 85 | mV p-p |
| Accuracy | $T_{CASE} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Full Load | ± 11.88 | ± 12.00 | ± 12.12 | ± 14.85 | ± 15.00 | ± 15.15 | V_{DC} |
| Power ¹ | | 30 | | | 30 | | | W |
| REGULATION | | | | | | | | |
| Line | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ | | | 75 | | | 75 | mV |
| Load | $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV |
| CROSS REGULATION ⁶ | $V_{IN} = 16, 28, \text{ and } 40 V_{DC}$ | | | ± 5 | | | ± 5 | % |
| INPUT | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage Range | No Load, pin 2 = open | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | V_{DC} |
| Current | Inhibited, pin 2 tied to pin 10 | | | 75 | | | 75 | mA_{DC} |
| Ripple Current | Full Load | | 25 | 18 | | 25 | 18 | mA_{DC} |
| EFFICIENCY | Full Load $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 80 | 82 | | 79 | 82 | | % |
| ISOLATION | Input to output @ $500 V_{DC}$ | 100 | | | 100 | | | MΩ |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD | No effect on performance $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (total for both outputs) | | | 100 | | | 100 | μF |
| Load Fault Power Dissipation | Short Circuit Overload, $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | 9.0 14 | | | 9.0 14 | W W |
| Switching Frequency | $I_{OUT} = \text{Full Load}$ | 500 | | 600 | 500 | | 600 | KHz |
| SYNC Frequency Range ⁷ | | 500 | | 700 | 500 | | 700 | KHz |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| Step Load Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output | 50% Load to 100% Load | | ± 100 | | | ± 100 | | mVpk |
| Transient | No Load to 50% Load | | ± 250 | | | ± 250 | | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | 50% Load to 100% Load | | 25 | | | 25 | | μs |
| | No Load to 50% Load | | 500 | | | 500 | | μs |
| | 50% Load to No Load | | 3.0 | | | 3.0 | | ms |
| Step Line Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output | Input step 16 to $40 V_{DC}$ | | ± 180 | | | ± 180 | | mVpk |
| Transient | Input step 40 to $16 V_{DC}$ | | -600 | | | -600 | | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | Input step 16 to $40 V_{DC}$ | | 5.0 | | | 5.0 | | ms |
| | Input step 40 to $16 V_{DC}$ | | 5.0 | | | 5.0 | | ms |
| TURN-ON | | | | | | | | |
| Overshoot | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ | | 0.0 | 600 | | 0.0 | 600 | mVpk |
| Delay ³ | $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |
| Load Fault Recovery | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |

Notes to Specifications

- Above $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ case temperature, derate output power linearly to 0 at $+135^{\circ}\text{C}$ case.
- Recovery time is measured from the initiation of the input transient to where V_{OUT} has returned to within $\pm 1\%$ of V_{OUT} at 50% load.
- Turn-on delay time measurement is for either an application of power at the input or a signal at the inhibit pin.
- Load current split equally between $+V_{OUT}$ and $-V_{OUT}$.
- Up to 90% of Full Power is available from either output provided. The total power output does not exceed 30W.
- 3W load on output under test, 3W to 27W on other output.
- Sync. Input signal: $V_{IL} = -0.5\text{V}$ Min, 0.8V Max and $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$ Min, 11.5V Max for 10% to 90% duty cycle.

Specifications

$T_{CASE} = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = +28\text{V} \pm 5\%$ unless otherwise specified

| Absolute Maximum Ratings | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Input voltage | -0.5V to +50VDC | |
| Power Output | Internally limited, 36W typical | |
| Soldering temperature | 300°C for 10 seconds | |
| Temperature Range ¹ | Recommended Operating temperature | -55°C to +125°C |
| | Maximum Operating temperature | -55°C to +135°C |
| | Storage case temperature | -65°C to +135°C |

| PARAMETER | Condition -55°C ≤ TC ≤ +125°C, $V_{IN} = 28 V_{DC}$ ±5%, CL=0, unless otherwise specified | ATR2812D/HB | | | ATR2815D/HB | | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|--------|-----------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| STATIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| OUTPUT Voltage | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | ±11.76 | ±12.00 | ±12.24 | ±14.70 | ±15 | ±15.30 | V_{DC} |
| Current ⁵ | | 0.0 | | ±1.25 | 0.0 | | ±1.0 | A_{DC} |
| Ripple | Full Load, 20KHz to 2MHz | | 40 | 85 | | 40 | 85 | mV p-p |
| Accuracy | $T_{CASE} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Full Load | ±11.88 | ±12.00 | ±12.12 | ±14.85 | ±15.00 | ±15.15 | V_{DC} |
| Power ¹ | | 30 | | | 30 | | | W |
| REGULATION Line ⁴ | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | | | 75 | | | 75 | mV |
| Load ⁴ | | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV |
| CROSS REGULATION ⁶ | $V_{IN} = 16, 28,$ and $40 V_{DC}$ | | | ±5 | | | ±5 | % |
| INPUT Voltage Range | | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | V_{DC} |
| Current | No Load, pin 2 = open Inhibited, pin 2 tied to pin 10 | | | 75 | | 18 | 75 | mA_{DC} |
| Ripple Current | Full Load | | 25 | 50 | | 25 | 50 | mA_{DC} |
| EFFICIENCY | Full Load $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 80 | 82 | | 79 | 82 | | % |
| ISOLATION | Input to output @ 500 V_{DC} | 100 | | | 100 | | | MΩ |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD | No effect on performance $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (total for both outputs) | | | 100 | | | 100 | μF |
| Load Fault Power Dissipation | Short Circuit Overload, $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | 9.0 | | | 9.0 | W |
| Switching Frequency | $I_{OUT} = \text{Full Load}$ | 500 | | 600 | 500 | | 600 | KHz |
| SYNC Frequency Range ⁷ | | 500 | | 700 | 500 | | 700 | KHz |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| Step Load Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output ⁴ | 50% Load to 100% Load | | ±100 | ±450 | | ±100 | ±450 | mVpk |
| Transient | No Load to 50% Load | | ±250 | ±760 | | ±250 | ±750 | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | 50% Load to 100% Load | | 25 | 70 | | 25 | 70 | μs |
| | No Load to 50% Load | | 500 | 1500 | | 500 | 1500 | μs |
| | 50% Load to No Load | | 3.0 | 5.0 | | 3.0 | 5.0 | ms |
| Step Line Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output | Input step 16 to 40 V_{DC} | | ±180 | 1200 | | ±180 | 1500 | mVpk |
| Transient | Input step 40 to 16 V_{DC} | | -600 | -1500 | | -600 | -1500 | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | Input step 16 to 40 V_{DC} | | 5.0 | 10 | | 5.0 | 10 | ms |
| | Input step 40 to 16 V_{DC} | | 5.0 | 10 | | 5.0 | 10 | ms |
| TURN-ON | | | | | | | | |
| Overshoot | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ to Full Load | | 0.0 | 600 | | 0.0 | 600 | mVpk |
| Delay ³ | | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |
| Load Fault Recovery | $V_{IN} = 16$ to $40 V_{DC}$ | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |

Notes to Specifications

- Above $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ case temperature, derate output power linearly to 0 at $+135^{\circ}\text{C}$ case.
- Recovery time is measured from the initiation of the input transient to where V_{OUT} has returned to within $\pm 1\%$ of V_{OUT} at 50% load.
- Turn-on delay time measurement is for either an application of power at the input or a signal at the inhibit pin.
- Load current split equally between $+V_{OUT}$ and $-V_{OUT}$.
- Up to 90% of Full Power is available from either output provided. The total power output does not exceed 30W.
- 3W load on output under test, 3W to 27W on other output.
- Sync. Input signal: $V_{IL} = -0.5\text{V}$ Min, 0.8V Max and $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$ Min, 11.5V Max for 10% to 90% duty cycle.

Specifications

$T_{CASE} = -55^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = +28\text{V} \pm 5\%$ unless otherwise specified

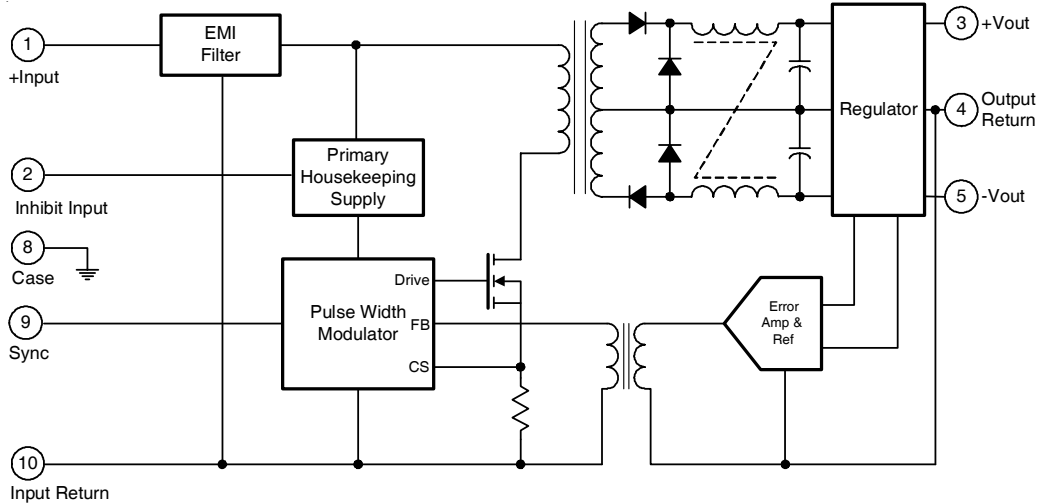
| Absolute Maximum Ratings | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Input voltage | -0.5V to +50VDC | |
| Power Output | Internally limited, 36W typical | |
| Soldering temperature | 300°C for 10 seconds | |
| Temperature Range ¹ | Recommended Operating temperature | -55°C to +125°C |
| | Maximum Operating temperature | -55°C to +135°C |
| | Storage case temperature | -65°C to +135°C |

| PARAMETER | Condition -55°C ≤ TC ≤ +125°C, VIN = 28 VDC ±5%, CL=0, unless otherwise specified | ATR2812D/CH | | | ATR2815D/CH | | | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|--------|------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| STATIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| OUTPUT | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage | VIN = 16 to 40 VDC | ±11.76 | ±12.00 | ±12.24 | ±14.70 | ±15 | ±15.30 | VDC |
| Current ⁵ | IOUT = 0 to Full Load | 0.0 | 40 | ±1.25 | 0.0 | 40 | ±1.0 | A _{DC} |
| Ripple | Full Load, 20KHz to 2MHz | | | 85 | | | 85 | mV p-p |
| Accuracy | T _{CASE} = 25°C, Full Load | ±11.88 | ±12.00 | ±12.12 | ±14.85 | ±15.00 | ±15.15 | VDC |
| Power ¹ | | 30 | | | 30 | | | W |
| REGULATION | | | | | | | | |
| Line ⁴ | VIN = 16 to 40 VDC | | | 75 | | | 75 | mV |
| Load ⁴ | IOUT = 0 to Full Load | | | 120 | | | 150 | mV |
| CROSS REGULATION ⁶ | VIN = 16, 28, and 40 VDC | | | ±5 | | | ±5 | % |
| INPUT | | | | | | | | |
| Voltage Range | | 16 | 28 | 40 | 16 | 28 | 40 | VDC |
| Current | No Load, pin 2 = open | | | 75 | | | 75 | mA _{DC} |
| | Inhibited, pin 2 tied to pin 10 | | | 18 | | | 18 | mA _{DC} |
| | Full Load | | 25 | 50 | | 25 | 50 | mA p-p |
| Ripple Current | | | | | | | | mA p-p |
| EFFICIENCY | Full Load T _C = +25°C | 80 | 82 | | 79 | 82 | | % |
| ISOLATION | Input to output @500 VDC | 100 | | | 100 | | | MΩ |
| CAPACITIVE LOAD | No effect on performance T _C = +25°C (total for both outputs) | | | 100 | | | 100 | μF |
| Load Fault Power Dissipation | Short Circuit Overload, T _C = +25°C | | | 9.0 | | | 9.0 | W |
| | | | | 14 | | | 14 | W |
| Switching Frequency | IOUT = Full Load | 500 | | 600 | 500 | | 600 | KHz |
| SYNC Frequency Range ⁷ | | 500 | | 700 | 500 | | 700 | KHz |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| Step Load Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output ⁴ | 50% Load to 100% Load | | ±100 | ±450 | | ±100 | ±450 | mVpk |
| Transient | No Load to 50% Load | | ±250 | ±760 | | ±250 | ±750 | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | 50% Load to 100% Load | | 25 | 70 | | 25 | 70 | μs |
| | No Load to 50% Load | | 500 | 1500 | | 500 | 1500 | μs |
| | 50% Load to No Load | | 3.0 | 5.0 | | 3.0 | 5.0 | ms |
| Step Line Changes | | | | | | | | |
| Output | Input step 16 to 40 VDC | | ±180 | 1200 | | ±180 | 1500 | mVpk |
| Transient | Input step 40 to 16 VDC | | -600 | -1500 | | -600 | -1500 | mVpk |
| Recovery ² | Input step 16 to 40 VDC | | 5.0 | 10 | | 5.0 | 10 | ms |
| | Input step 40 to 16 VDC | | 5.0 | 10 | | 5.0 | 10 | ms |
| TURN-ON | | | | | | | | |
| Overshoot | VIN = 16 to 40 VDC | | 0.0 | 600 | | 0.0 | 600 | mVpk |
| Delay ³ | IOUT = 0 to Full Load | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |
| Load Fault Recovery | VIN = 16 to 40 VDC | | 14 | 25 | | 14 | 25 | ms |

Notes to Specifications

- Above +125°C case temperature, derate output power linearly to 0 at +135°C case.
- Recovery time is measured from the initiation of the input transient to where V_{OUT} has returned to within ±1% of V_{OUT} at 50% load.
- Turn-on delay time measurement is for either an application of power at the input or a signal at the inhibit pin.
- Load current split equally between +V_{OUT} and -V_{OUT}.
- Up to 90% of Full Power is available from either output provided. The total power output does not exceed 30W.
- 3W load on output under test, 3W to 27W on other output.
- Sync. Input signal: V_L = -0.5V Min, 0.8V Max and V_{IN} = 2.5V Min, 11.5V Max for 10% to 90% duty cycle.

Block Diagram



Application Information

Inhibit Function

Connecting the inhibit input (Pin 2) to input common (Pin 10) will cause the converter to shut down. It is recommended that the inhibit pin be driven by an open collector device capable of sinking at least 400µA of current. The open circuit voltage of the inhibit input is 11.5 ±1.0VDC.

EMI Filter

An EMI filter (AFC461), available as an option, will reduce the input ripple current to levels below the limits imposed by MIL-STD-461B CEO3.

Device Synchronization

Whenever multiple DC/DC converters are utilized in a single system, significant low frequency noise may be generated due to slight difference in the switching frequencies of the converters (beat frequency noise). Because of the low frequency nature of this noise (typically less than 10KHz), it is difficult to filter out and may interfere with proper operation of sensitive systems (communications, radar or telemetry). The International Rectifier ATR28XX converters provide a synchronizing input permitting synchronization of multiple converters to the frequency of the users system clock, thereby minimizing this type of noise.

Thermal Management

Assuming that there is no forced air flow, the package temperature rise above ambient (ΔT) may be calculated using the following expression:

$$\Delta T = 80 A^{-0.7} P_d^{0.85} \text{ (}^\circ\text{C)} \quad (1)$$

where A = the effective surface area in square inches (including heat sink if used), P_d = power dissipation in watts.

The total surface area of the ATR standard package is 7.34 square inches. If a worst case full load efficiency of 78% is assumed, then the case temperature rise can be calculated as follows:

$$P_d = P_{OUT} \left[\frac{1}{Eff} - 1 \right] = 30 \left[\frac{1}{0.78} - 1 \right] = 8.5W$$

and $\Delta T = 80 (7.34)^{-0.7} (8.5)^{0.85} = 122^\circ\text{C}$

Hence, if $T_{AMBIENT} = +25^\circ\text{C}$, the DC/DC converter case temperature will be approximately 147°C if no heat sink or air flow is provided.

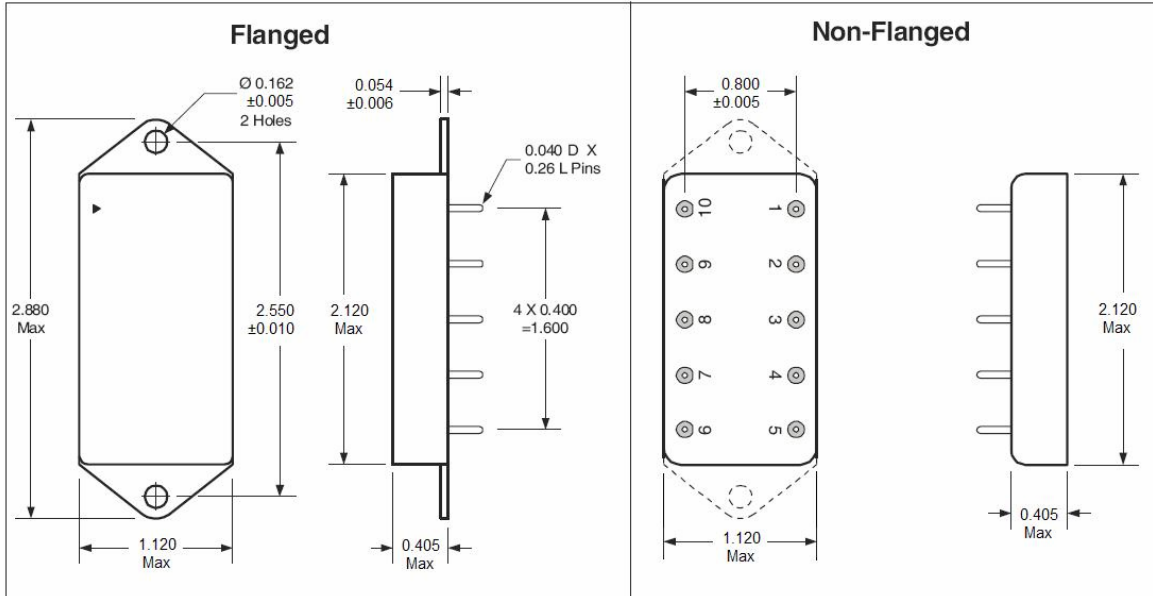
To calculate the heat sink area required to maintain a specific case temperature rise, equation (1) may be manipulated as follows:

$$A_{HEATSINK} = \left[\frac{\Delta T}{80 P_d^{0.85}} \right]^{-1.43} - A_{PKG}$$

As an example, if it is desired to limit the case temperature rise to a maximum of 50°C above ambient, the required effective heat sink area is:

$$A_{HEATSINK} = \left[\frac{50}{80(8.5)^{0.85}} \right]^{-1.43} - 7.34 = 19.1in^2$$

Mechanical Outlines



Pin Designation

| Pin # | Designation |
|-------|---------------|
| 1 | + Input |
| 2 | Inhibit Input |
| 3 | + Output |
| 4 | Output Return |
| 5 | - Output |
| 6 | NC |
| 7 | NC |
| 8 | Case Ground |
| 9 | Sync. |
| 10 | Input Return |

Standard Microcircuit Drawing Equivalence Table

| Standard Microcircuit Drawing Number | Vendor Cage Code | IR Standard Part Number |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 5962-94627 | 52467 | ATR2812D |
| 5962-94628 | 52467 | ATR2815D |

Device Screening

| Requirement | MIL-STD-883 Method | No Suffix | ES ② | HB | CH |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Temperature Range | — | -20°C to +85°C | -55°C to +125°C ③ | -55°C to +125°C | -55°C to +125°C |
| Element Evaluation | MIL-PRF-38534 | N/A | N/A | N/A | Class H |
| Non-Destructive Bond Pull | 2023 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Internal Visual | 2017 | ① | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Temperature Cycle | 1010 | N/A | Cond B | Cond C | Cond C |
| Constant Acceleration | 2001, Y1 Axis | N/A | 500 Gs | 3000 Gs | 3000 Gs |
| PIND | 2020 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Burn-In | 1015 | N/A | 48 hrs@hi temp | 160 hrs@125°C | 160 hrs@125°C |
| Final Electrical (Group A) | MIL-PRF-38534 & Specification | 25°C | 25°C ② | -55°C, +25°C, +125°C | -55°C, +25°C, +125°C |
| PDA | MIL-PRF-38534 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 10% |
| Seal, Fine and Gross | 1014 | Cond A | Cond A, C | Cond A, C | Cond A, C |
| Radiographic | 2012 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| External Visual | 2009 | ① | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Notes:

- ① Best commercial practice
- ② Sample tests at low and high temperatures
- ③ -55°C to +105°C for AHE, ATO, ATW

Part Numbering

