7 O/P 1.8V PCIe Gen1-2-3 Fan-out Buffer w/Zo=100ohms

9DBV0741

DATASHEET

Description

The 9DBV0741 is a member of IDT's 1.8V Very-Low-Power (VLP) PCIe family. It has integrated terminations for direct connection to 100ohm transmission lines. The device has 7 output enables for clock management, and 3 selectable SMBus addresses.

Recommended Application

1.8V PCIe Gen1-2-3 Fan-out Buffer (FOB)

Output Features

- 7 – 1-200MHz Low-Power (LP) HCSL DIF pairs w/Z_O=100Ω

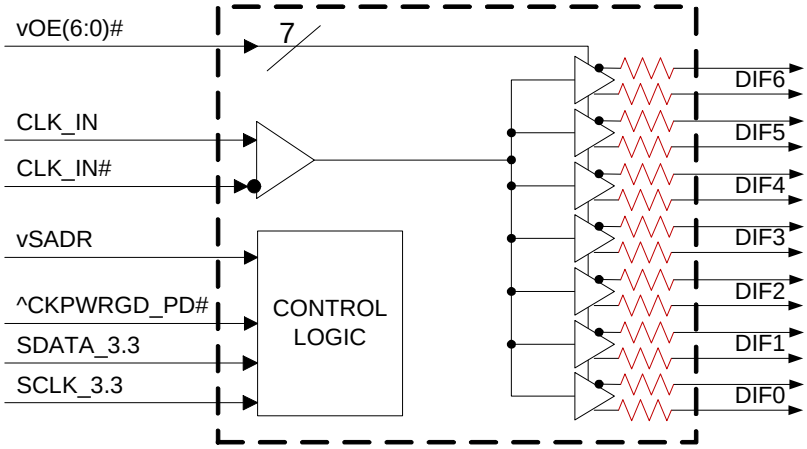
Key Specifications

- DIF *additive* cycle-to-cycle jitter <5ps
- DIF output-to-output skew < 60ps
- DIF *additive* phase jitter is <100fs rms for PCIe Gen3
- DIF *additive* phase jitter <300fs rms for SGMII

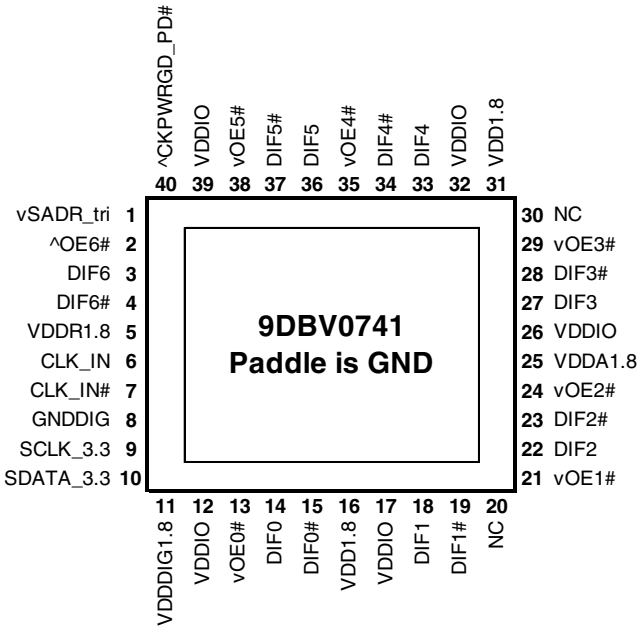
Features/Benefits

- Integrated terminations; save 28 resistors compared to standard HCSL outputs
- 41mW typical power consumption; minimal power consumption
- OE# pins; support DIF power management
- HCSL compatible differential input; can be driven by common clock sources
- Programmable Slew rate for each output; allows tuning for various line lengths
- Programmable output amplitude; allows tuning for various application environments
- 1MHz to 200MHz operating frequency
- 3.3V tolerant SMBus interface works with legacy controllers
- Selectable SMBus addresses; multiple devices can easily share an SMBus segment
- Device contains default configuration; SMBus interface not required for device operation
- Space saving 40-pin 5x5mm VFQFPN; minimal board space

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration



40-VFQFPN

^ prefix indicates internal Pull-Up Resistor

v prefix indicates Internal Pull-Down Resistor

5mm x 5mm 0.4mm pin pitch

SMBus Address Selection Table

	SADR	Address	+ Read/Write bit
State of SADR on first application of CKPWRGD_PD#	0	1101011	x
	M	1101100	x
	1	1101101	x

Power Management Table

CKPWRGD_PD#	CLK_IN	SMBus OEx bit	OEx# Pin	DIFx	
				True O/P	Comp. O/P
0	X	X	X	Low	Low
1	Running	0	X	Low	Low
1	Running	1	0	Running	Running
1	Running	1	1	Low	Low

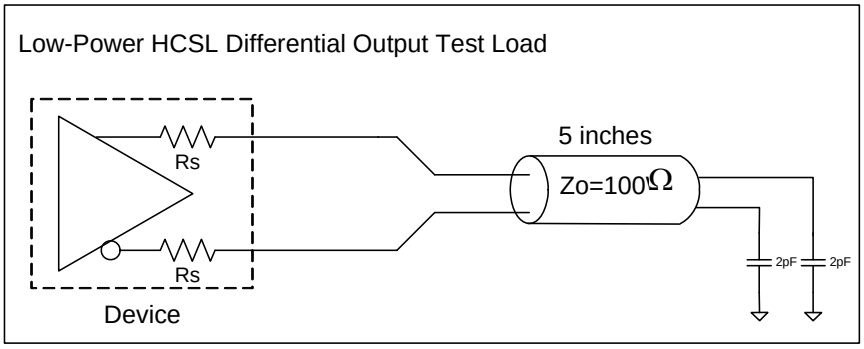
Power Connections

Pin Number			Description
VDD	VDDIO	GND	
5		41	Input receiver analog
11		8	Digital Power
16, 31	12,17,26,32, 39	41	DIF outputs, Logic
25		41	Analog

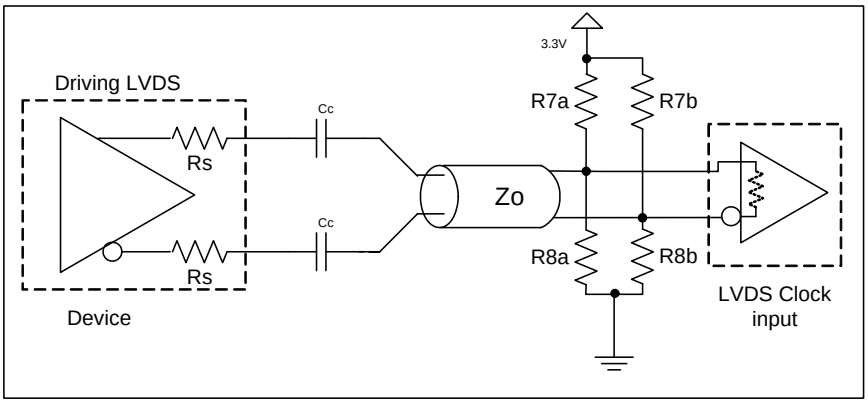
Pin Descriptions

PIN #	PIN NAME	PIN TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	vSADR_tri	LATCHED IN	Tri-level latch to select SMBus Address. See SMBus Address Selection Table.
2	^OE6#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 6. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
3	DIF6	OUT	Differential true clock output
4	DIF6#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
5	VDDR1.8	PWR	1.8V power for differential input clock (receiver). This VDD should be treated as an Analog power rail and filtered appropriately.
6	CLK_IN	IN	True Input for differential reference clock.
7	CLK_IN#	IN	Complementary Input for differential reference clock.
8	GNDDIG	GND	Ground pin for digital circuitry
9	SCLK_3.3	IN	Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
10	SDATA_3.3	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 3.3V tolerant.
11	VDDDIG1.8	PWR	1.8V digital power (dirty power)
12	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
13	vOE0#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 0. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
14	DIF0	OUT	Differential true clock output
15	DIF0#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
16	VDD1.8	PWR	Power supply, nominal 1.8V
17	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
18	DIF1	OUT	Differential true clock output
19	DIF1#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
20	NC	N/A	No Connection.
21	vOE1#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 1. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
22	DIF2	OUT	Differential true clock output
23	DIF2#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
24	vOE2#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 2. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
25	VDDA1.8	PWR	1.8V power for the PLL core.
26	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
27	DIF3	OUT	Differential true clock output
28	DIF3#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
29	vOE3#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 3. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
30	NC	N/A	No Connection.
31	VDD1.8	PWR	Power supply, nominal 1.8V
32	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
33	DIF4	OUT	Differential true clock output
34	DIF4#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
35	vOE4#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 4. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
36	DIF5	OUT	Differential true clock output
37	DIF5#	OUT	Differential Complementary clock output
38	vOE5#	IN	Active low input for enabling DIF pair 5. This pin has an internal pull-down. 1 =disable outputs, 0 = enable outputs
39	VDDIO	PWR	Power supply for differential outputs
40	^CKPWRGD_PD#	IN	Input notifies device to sample latched inputs and start up on first high assertion. Low enters Power Down Mode, subsequent high assertions exit Power Down Mode. This pin has internal pull-up resistor.
41	ePAD	GND	Connect paddle to ground.

Test Loads



Driving LVDS



Driving LVDS inputs

Component	Value		Note
	Receiver has termination	Receiver does not have termination	
R7a, R7b	10K ohm	140 ohm	
R8a, R8b	5.6K ohm	75 ohm	
Cc	0.1 uF	0.1 uF	
Vcm	1.2 volts	1.2 volts	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above the ratings listed below can cause permanent damage to the 9DBV0741. These ratings, which are standard values for IDT commercially rated parts, are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect product reliability. Electrical parameters are guaranteed only over the recommended operating temperature range.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx	Applies to VDD, VDDA and VDDIO	-0.5		2.5	V	1,2
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		-0.5		V_{DD}+0.5	V	1,3
Input High Voltage, SMBus	V_{IHSMB}	SMBus clock and data pins			3.6	V	1
Storage Temperature	Ts		-65		150	°C	1
Junction Temperature	Tj				125	°C	1
Input ESD protection	ESD prot	Human Body Model	2000			V	1

[1]Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Operation under these conditions is neither implied nor guaranteed.

[3] Not to exceed 2.5V.

Electrical Characteristics–Clock Input Parameters

TA = T_{COM} or T_{IND}; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input High Voltage - DIF_IN	V_{IHDIF}	Differential inputs (single-ended measurement)	300	750	1150	mV	1
Input Low Voltage - DIF_IN	V_{ILDIF}	Differential inputs (single-ended measurement)	V_{SS} - 300	0	300	mV	1
Input Common Mode Voltage - DIF_IN	V_{COM}	Common Mode Input Voltage	200		725	mV	1
Input Amplitude - DIF_IN	V_{SWING}	Peak to Peak value (V_{IHDIF} - V_{ILDIF})	300		1450	mV	1
Input Slew Rate - DIF_IN	dv/dt	Measured differentially	0.35		8	V/ns	1,2
Input Leakage Current	I_{IN}	V_{IN} = V_{DD} , V_{IN} = GND	-5		5	uA	
Input Duty Cycle	d_{tin}	Measurement from differential wavefrom	45		55	%	1
Input Jitter - Cycle to Cycle	J_{DIFIn}	Differential Measurement	0		150	ps	1

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Slew rate measured through +/-75mV window centered around differential zero

Electrical Characteristics–Input/Supply/Common Parameters–Normal Operating Conditions

TA = T_{COM} or T_{IND}; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	VDDx	Supply voltage for core and analog	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Output Supply Voltage	VDDIO	Low Voltage Supply LP-HCSL Outputs	0.9975	1.05-1.8	1.9	V	
Ambient Operating Temperature	T_{COM}	Commmercial range	0	25	70	°C	1
	T_{IND}	Industrial range	-40	25	85	°C	1
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	0.75 V_{DD}		V_{DD} + 0.3	V	
Input Mid Voltage	V_{IM}	Single-ended tri-level inputs ('_tri' suffix)	0.4 V_{DD}		0.6 V_{DD}	V	
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	Single-ended inputs, except SMBus	-0.3		0.25 V_{DD}	V	
Input Current	I_{IN}	Single-ended inputs, V_{IN} = GND, V_{IN} = VDD	-5		5	uA	
	I_{INP}	Single-ended inputs V_{IN} = 0 V; Inputs with internal pull-up resistors V_{IN} = VDD; Inputs with internal pull-down resistors	-200		200	uA	
Input Frequency	F_{in}		1		200	MHz	2
Pin Inductance	L_{pin}				7	nH	1
Capacitance	C_{IN}	Logic Inputs, except DIF_IN	1.5		5	pF	1
	C_{INDIF_IN}	DIF_IN differential clock inputs	1.5		2.7	pF	1,6
	C_{OUT}	Output pin capacitance			6	pF	1
Clk Stabilization	T_{STAB}	From V_{DD} Power-Up and after input clock stabilization or de-assertion of PD# to 1st clock			1	ms	1,2
Input SS Modulation Frequency PCIe	$f_{MODINPCIe}$	Allowable Frequency for PCIe Applications (Triangular Modulation)	30		33	kHz	
Input SS Modulation Frequency non-PCIe	f_{MODIN}	Allowable Frequency for non-PCIe Applications (Triangular Modulation)	0		66	kHz	
OE# Latency	$t_{LATOE\#}$	DIF start after OE# assertion DIF stop after OE# deassertion	1		3	clocks	1,3
Tdrive_PD#	t_{DRVPD}	DIF output enable after PD# de-assertion			300	us	1,3
Tfall	t_F	Fall time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2
Trise	t_R	Rise time of single-ended control inputs			5	ns	2
SMBus Input Low Voltage	V_{ILSMB}	V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V, see note 4 for V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V			0.8	V	4
SMBus Input High Voltage	V_{IHSMB}	V_{DDSMB} = 3.3V, see note 5 for V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V	2.1		3.3	V	5
SMBus Output Low Voltage	V_{OLSMB}	@ I_{PULLUP}			0.4	V	
SMBus Sink Current	I_{PULLUP}	@ V_{OL}	4			mA	
Nominal Bus Voltage	V_{DDSMB}	Bus Voltage	1.7		3.6	V	
SCLK/SDATA Rise Time	t_{RSMB}	(Max VIL - 0.15) to (Min VIH + 0.15)			1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Fall Time	t_{FSMB}	(Min VIH + 0.15) to (Max VIL - 0.15)			300	ns	1
SMBus Operating Frequency	f_{MAXSMB}	Maximum SMBus operating frequency			400	kHz	7

[1]Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2]Control input must be monotonic from 20% to 80% of input swing.

[3]Time from deassertion until outputs are >200 mV

[4] For V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V, V_{ILSMB} <= 0.35V_{DDSMB}

[5] For V_{DDSMB} < 3.3V, V_{IHSMB} >= 0.65V_{DDSMB}

[6]DIF_IN input

[7]The differential input clock must be running for the SMBus to be active

Electrical Characteristics–DIF Low Power HCSL Outputs

TA = T_{COM} or T_{IND}; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Slew rate	Trf	Scope averaging on, fast slew rate setting	1.6	2.6	4.3	V/ns	1,2,3
		Scope averaging on, slow slew rate setting	1.2	2.0	3.2	V/ns	1,2,3
Slew rate matching	ΔTrf	Slew rate matching, Scope averaging on		6	20	%	1,2,4
Voltage High	V_{HIGH}	Statistical measurement on single-ended signal using oscilloscope math function. (Scope	660	758	850	mV	7
Voltage Low	V_{LOW}		-150	43	150		7
Max Voltage	Vmax	Measurement on single ended signal using absolute value. (Scope averaging off)		775	1150	mV	7
Min Voltage	Vmin		-300	12			7
Vswing	Vswing	Scope averaging off	300	1428		mV	1,2
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross_abs	Scope averaging off	250	391	550	mV	1,5
Crossing Voltage (var)	Δ-Vcross	Scope averaging off		14	140	mV	1,6

[1]Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production. C_L = 2pF.

[2] Measured from differential waveform

[3] Slew rate is measured through the Vswing voltage range centered around differential 0V. This results in a +/-150mV window around differential 0V.

[4] Matching applies to rising edge rate for Clock and falling edge rate for Clock#. It is measured using a +/-75mV window centered on the average cross point where Clock rising meets Clock# falling. The median cross point is used to calculate the voltage thresholds the oscilloscope is to use for the edge rate calculations.

[5] Vcross is defined as voltage where Clock = Clock# measured on a component test board and only applies to the differential rising edge (i.e. Clock rising and Clock# falling).

[6] The total variation of all Vcross measurements in any particular system. Note that this is a subset of Vcross_min/max (Vcross absolute) allowed. The intent is to limit Vcross induced modulation by setting Δ-Vcross to be smaller than Vcross absolute.

[7] 660mV Vhigh is the minimum when VDDIO is >= 1.05V +/-5%. If VDDIO is < 1.05V +/-5%, the minimum Vhigh will be VDDIOmin - 250mV. For example for VDDIO = 0.9V +/-5%, VHIGHmin will be 860mV - 250mV = 610mV.

Electrical Characteristics–Current Consumption

TA = T_{COM} or T_{IND}; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Operating Supply Current	I_{DDAOP}	VDDA+VDDR @100MHz		3	5	mA	1
	I_{DDOP}	VDD1.8, All outputs active @100MHz		5	8	mA	1
	I_{DDIOOP}	VDDIO, All outputs active @100MHz		26	32	mA	1
Powerdown Current	I_{DDAPD}	VDDA+VDDR @100MHz		0.4	1	mA	1,2
	I_{DDPD}	VDD1.8, Outputs Low/Low		0.5	1	mA	1, 2
	I_{DDIODZ}	VDDIO,Outputs Low/Low		0.001	0.1	mA	1, 2

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Input clock stopped.

Electrical Characteristics–Output Duty Cycle, Jitter, Skew and PLL Characteristics

TA = T_{COM} or T_{IND}; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Duty Cycle Distortion	t_{DCD}	Measured differentially @100MHz	-1	-0.1	1	%	1,3
Skew, Input to Output	t_{pdBYP}	V_T = 50%	1800	2342	3000	ps	1
Skew, Output to Output	t_{sk3}	V_T = 50%		37	60	ps	1,4
Jitter, Cycle to cycle	$t_{jcyc-cyc}$	*Additive* Jitter		0.1	5	ps	1,2

[1] Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] Measured from differential waveform

[3] Duty cycle distortion is the difference in duty cycle between the output and the input clock when the device is operated in bypass mode.

[4] All outputs at default slew rate

Electrical Characteristics–Phase Jitter Parameters

TA = T_{COM} or T_{IND}; Supply Voltages per normal operation conditions, See Test Loads for Loading Conditions

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	INDUSTRY LIMIT	UNITS	Notes
Additive Phase Jitter	$t_{jphPCIeG1}$	PCIe Gen 1		0.1	5	N/A	ps (p-p)	1,2,3
	$t_{jphPCIeG2}$	PCIe Gen 2 Lo Band 10kHz < f < 1.5MHz		0.1	0.4	N/A	ps (rms)	1,2,5
		PCIe Gen 2 High Band 1.5MHz < f < Nyquist (50MHz)		0.01	0.4	N/A	ps (rms)	1,2,5
	$t_{jphPCIeG3}$	PCIe Gen 3 (PLL BW of 2-4MHz, CDR = 10MHz)		0.00	0.1	N/A	ps (rms)	1,2,4, 5
	$t_{jphSGMIIM0}$	125MHz, 1.5MHz to 10MHz, -20dB/decade rollover < 1.5MHz, -40db/decade rolloff > 10MHz		165	200	N/A	fs (rms)	1,6
	$t_{jphSGMIIM1}$	125MHz, 12kHz to 20MHz, -20dB/decade rollover < 1.5MHz, -40db/decade rolloff > 10MHz		251	300	N/A	fs (rms)	1,6

[1]Guaranteed by design and characterization, not 100% tested in production.

[2] See http://www.pcisig.com for complete specs

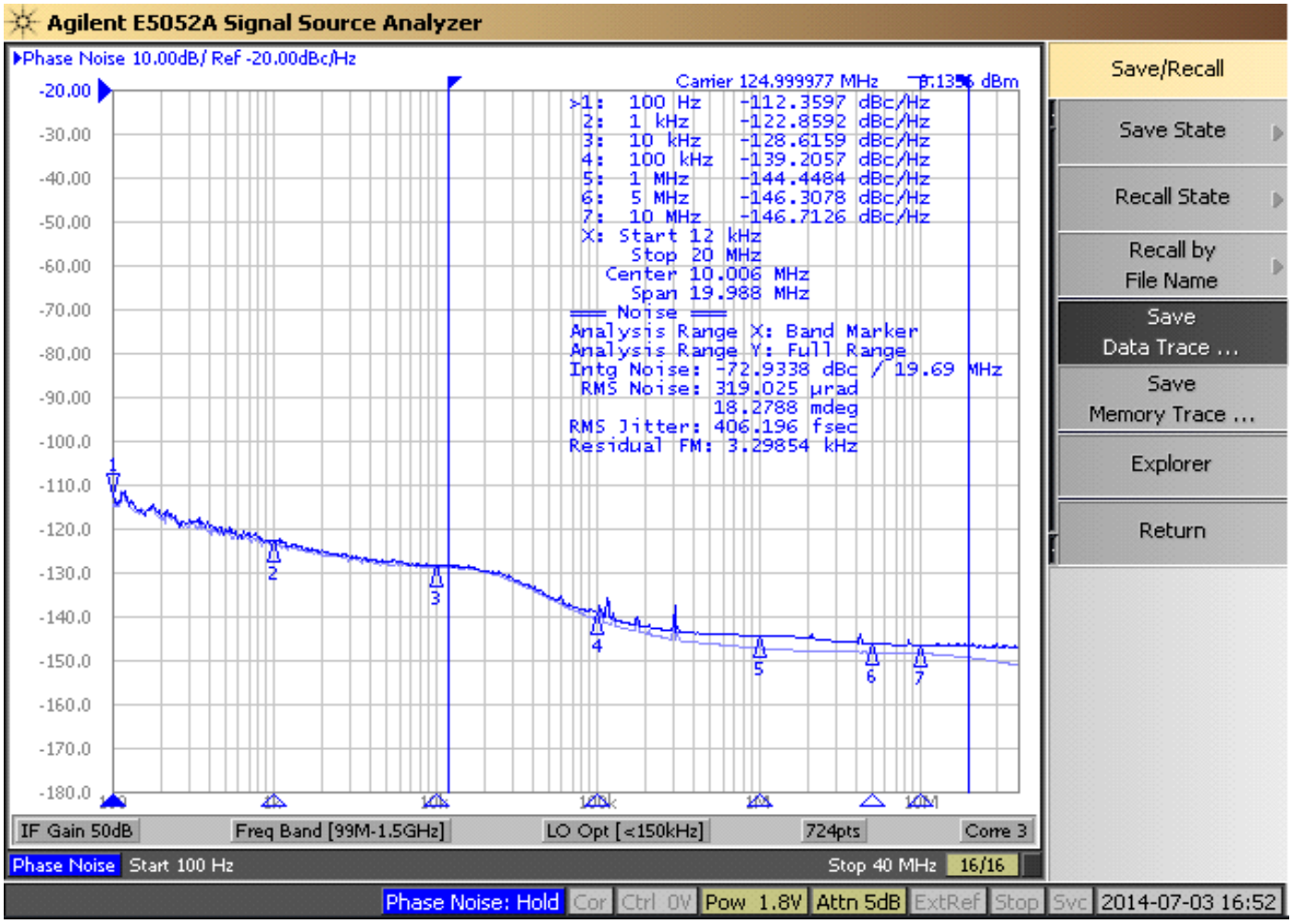
[3] Sample size of at least 100K cycles. This figures extrapolates to 108ps pk-pk @ 1M cycles for a BER of 1-12.

[4] For RMS figures, additive jitter is calculated by solving the following equation: Additive jitter = SQRT[(total jitter)^2 - (input jitter)^2]

[5] Driven by 9FGV0831 or equivalent

[6] Driven by Rohde&Schwarz SMA100

Additive Phase Jitter Plot: 125M (12kHz to 20MHz)



General SMBus Serial Interface Information

How to Write

- Controller (host) sends a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the byte count = X
- IDT clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte **N through Byte N+X-1**
- IDT clock will **acknowledg**e each byte **one at a time**
- Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

Index Block Write Operation			
Controller (Host)			**IDT (Slave/Receiver)**
T	starT bit		
Slave Address			
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning Byte = N			
			ACK
Data Byte Count = X			
			ACK
Beginning Byte N		X Byte	
			ACK
O			
O			O
O			O
			O
Byte N + X - 1			
			ACK
P	stoP bit		

Note: Read/Write address is latched on SADR pin.

How to Read

- Controller (host) will send a start bit
- Controller (host) sends the write address
- IDT clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) sends the beginning byte location = N
- IDT clock will **acknowledge**
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit
- Controller (host) sends the read address
- IDT clock will **acknowledge**
- IDT clock will send the data byte count = X
- IDT clock sends Byte **N+X-1**
- IDT clock sends **Byte 0 through Byte X (if $X_{(H)}$ was written to Byte 8)**
- Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- Controller (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- Controller (host) will send a stop bit

Index Block Read Operation			
Controller (Host)			**IDT (Slave/Receiver)**
T	starT bit		
Slave Address			
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beginning Byte = N			
			ACK
RT	Repeat starT		
Slave Address			
RD	ReaD		
			ACK
			Data Byte Count=X
ACK			
		X Byte	Beginning Byte N
ACK			
			O
O			O
O			O
O			
			Byte N + X - 1
N	Not acknowledge		
P	stoP bit		

SMBus Table: Output Enable Register [1]

Byte 0	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	DIF OE5	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 6	DIF OE4	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 5	Reserved					1
Bit 4	DIF OE3	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 3	DIF OE2	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 2	DIF OE1	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 1	Reserved					1
Bit 0	DIF OE0	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1

1. A low on these bits will overide the OE# pin and force the differential output Low/Low

SMBus Table: PLL Operating Mode and Output Amplitude Control Register

Byte 1	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					0
Bit 6	Reserved					1
Bit 5	DIF OE6	Output Enable	RW	Low/Low	Enabled	1
Bit 4	Reserved					0
Bit 3	Reserved					1
Bit 2	Reserved					1
Bit 1	AMPLITUDE 1	Controls Output Amplitude	RW	00 = 0.6V	01 = 0.7V	1
Bit 0	AMPLITUDE 0		RW	10= 0.8V	11 = 0.9V	0

1. A low on the DIF OE bit will overide the OE# pin and force the differential output Low/Low

SMBus Table: DIF Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 2	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	SLEWRATESEL DIF5	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF5	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1
Bit 6	SLEWRATESEL DIF4	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF4	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1
Bit 5	Reserved					1
Bit 4	SLEWRATESEL DIF3	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF3	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1
Bit 3	SLEWRATESEL DIF2	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF2	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1
Bit 2	SLEWRATESEL DIF1	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF1	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1
Bit 1	Reserved					1
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL DIF0	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF0	RW	Slow setting	Fast setting	1

SMBus Table: DIF Slew Rate Control Register

Byte 3	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					1
Bit 6	Reserved					1
Bit 5	Reserved					0
Bit 4	Reserved					0
Bit 3	Reserved					0
Bit 2	Reserved					1
Bit 1	Reserved					1
Bit 0	SLEWRATESEL DIF6	Adjust Slew Rate of DIF6	RW	2.0V/ns	3.0V/ns	1

Byte 4 is Reserved and reads back 'hFF

SMBus Table: Revision and Vendor ID Register

Byte 5	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	RID3	Revision ID	**R**	A rev = 0000		0
Bit 6	RID2		**R**			0
Bit 5	RID1		**R**			0
Bit 4	RID0		**R**			0
Bit 3	VID3	VENDOR ID	**R**	0001 = IDT		0
Bit 2	VID2		**R**			0
Bit 1	VID1		**R**			0
Bit 0	VID0		**R**			1

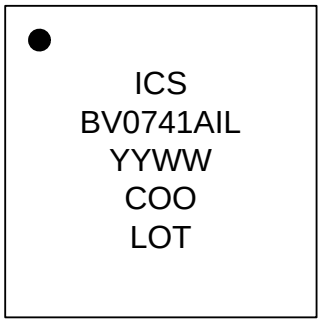
SMBus Table: Device Type/Device ID

Byte 6	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Device Type1	Device Type	**R**	00 = FG, 01 = DB		1
Bit 6	Device Type0		**R**	10 = DM, 11= DB fanout only		1
Bit 5	Device ID5	Device ID	**R**	000111 binary or 07 hex		0
Bit 4	Device ID4		**R**			0
Bit 3	Device ID3		**R**			0
Bit 2	Device ID2		**R**			1
Bit 1	Device ID1		**R**			1
Bit 0	Device ID0		**R**			1

SMBus Table: Byte Count Register

Byte 7	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	Default
Bit 7	Reserved					0
Bit 6	Reserved					0
Bit 5	Reserved					0
Bit 4	BC4	Byte Count Programming	RW	Writing to this register will configure how many bytes will be read back, default is = 8 bytes.		0
Bit 3	BC3		RW			1
Bit 2	BC2		RW			0
Bit 1	BC1		RW			0
Bit 0	BC0		RW			0

Marking Diagrams



Notes:

1. “LOT” is the lot sequence number.
2. “COO” denotes country of origin.
3. YYWW is the last two digits of the year and week that the part was assembled.
4. Line 2: truncated part number
5. “L” denotes RoHS compliant package.
6. “I” denotes industrial temperature range device.

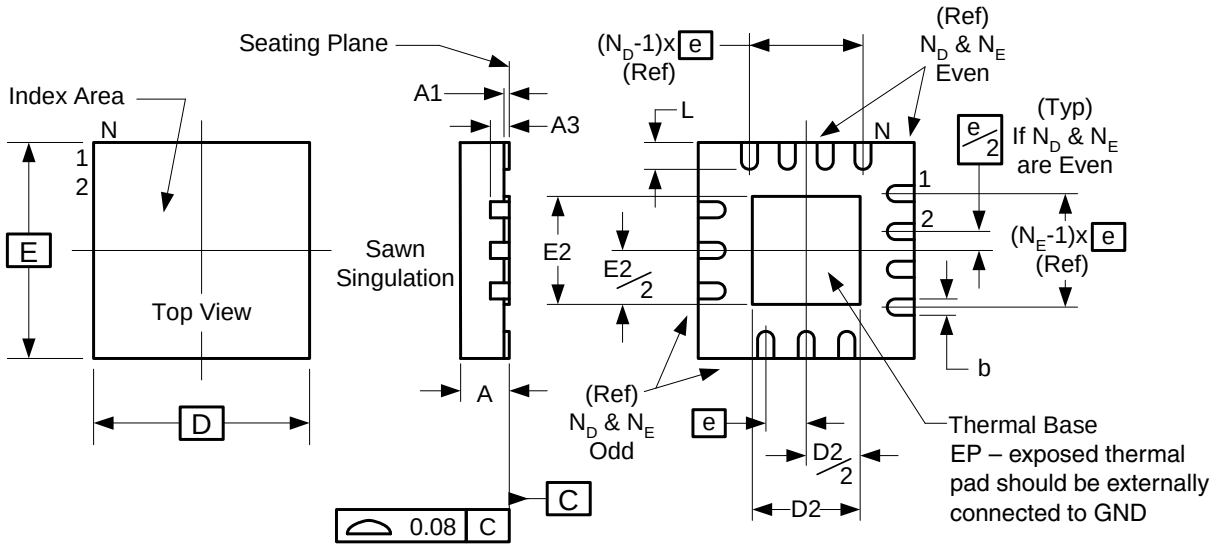
Thermal Characteristics

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	PKG	TYP VALUE	UNITS	NOTES
Thermal Resistance	θ_{JC}	Junction to Case	NDG40	42	°C/W	1
	θ_{Jb}	Junction to Base		2.4	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA0}	Junction to Air, still air		39	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA1}	Junction to Air, 1 m/s air flow		33	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA3}	Junction to Air, 3 m/s air flow		28	°C/W	1
	θ_{JA5}	Junction to Air, 5 m/s air flow		27	°C/W	1

[1]ePad soldered to board

Package Outline and Package Dimensions (NDG40)

Package dimensions are kept current with JEDEC Publication No. 95



	Millimeters	
Symbol	**Min**	**Max**
A	0.80	1.00
A1	0	0.05
A3	0.20 Reference	
b	0.18	0.30
e	0.40 BASIC	
N	40	
N_D	10	
N_E	10	
D x E BASIC	5.00 x 5.00	
D2	3.55	3.80
E2	3.55	3.80
L	0.30	0.50

Ordering Information

Part / Order Number	Shipping Packaging	Package	Temperature
9DBV0741AKLF	Trays	40-pin VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0741AKLFT	Tape and Reel	40-pin VFQFPN	0 to +70° C
9DBV0741AKILF	Trays	40-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C
9DBV0741AKILFT	Tape and Reel	40-pin VFQFPN	-40 to +85° C

"LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.
"A" is the device revision designator (will not correlate with the datasheet revision).

Revision History

Rev.	Initiator	Issue Date	Description	Page #
A	RDW	8/28/2014	1. Updated front page text. 2. Updated block diagram. 3. Updated electrical tables. 4. Updated test loads diagrams. 5. Updated Smbus byte 2, 3 and 6 labeling. Functionality did not change. 6. Updated min Vhigh on DIF outputs from 630mV to 660mV, correcting a typo. 7. Corrected Conditions for Slew Rate in DIF Low-Power HCSL Outputs. 8. Added additive phase jitter image. 9. Move to final.	Various

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